



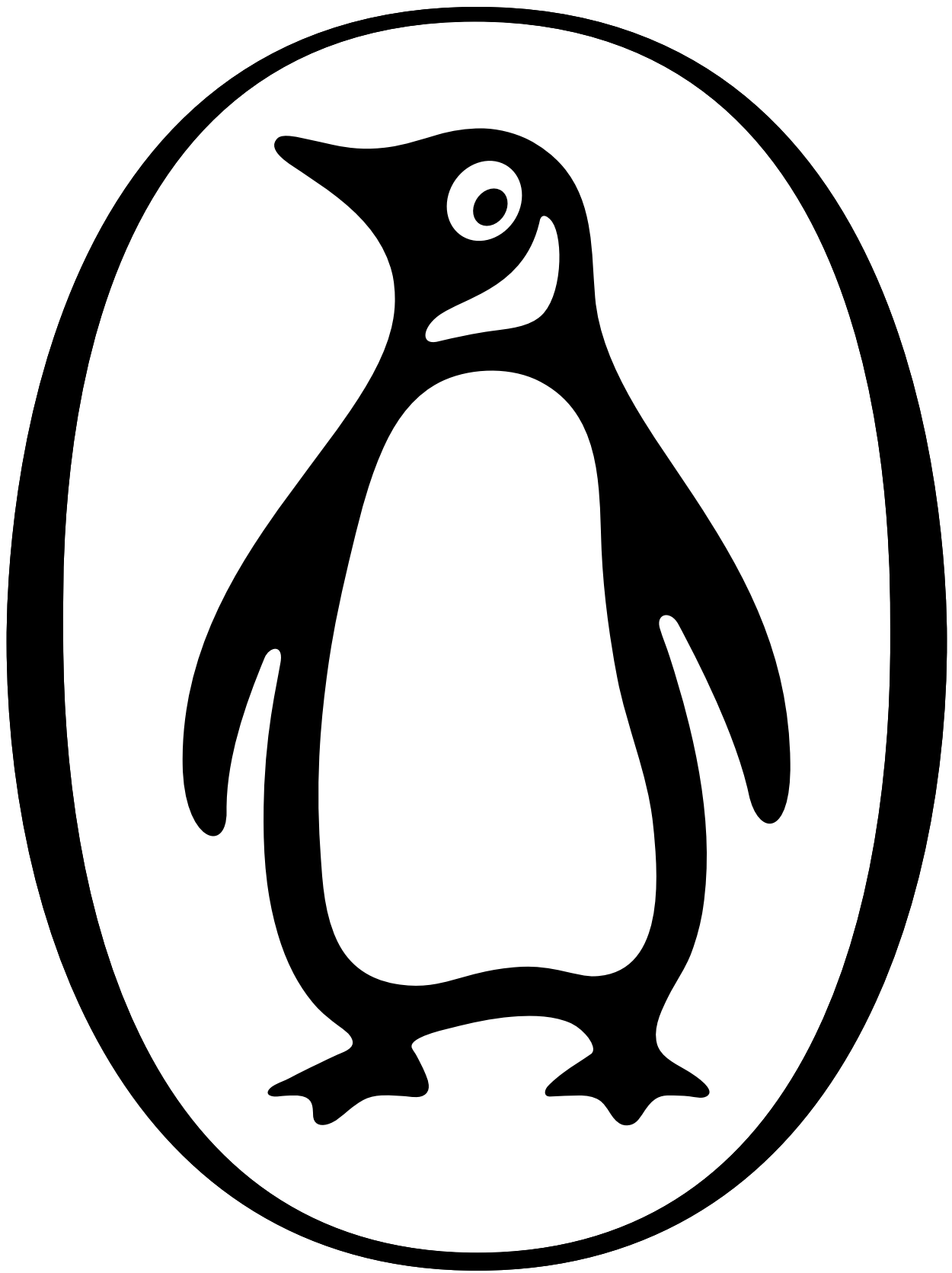
P E N G U I N



C L A S S I C S

WALT WHITMAN

The Complete Poems



WALT WHITMAN: THE COMPLETE POEMS

WALT WHITMAN, once referred to by D. H. Lawrence as the 'greatest modern poet', and 'the greatest of the Americans', was born on 31 May 1819 in West Hills, Long Island, New York, and was brought up in Brooklyn, the son of a farmer turned carpenter. At the age of fifteen he was independent of his family and working as a journalist and journeyman printer. He taught for a short time and in 1838 founded his own newspaper. He became editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Eagle* in 1846.

Herman Melville once said that a whaling ship served as his Harvard College; Whitman's college was the city of Brooklyn and the island of Manhattan. He loved the opera, was a frequent visitor to galleries, and an avid reader. By the time he was thirty-five he thought of himself more and more as a poet and early in July 1855 he published *Leaves of Grass*, probably setting some of the type himself. It contained twelve untitled poems, a preface and a now famous portrait of the unnamed author in a workman's shirt. Although some critics treated the volume as a joke and others were outraged by its bold language and themes, the book attracted the attention of some of the finest literary intelligences. Ralph Waldo Emerson greeted him 'at the beginning of a great career', and told him that he found 'incomparable things said incomparably well'.

Whitman added to, reshuffled and dropped poems in *Leaves of Grass*

all his life. The great odes *Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking* and *As I Ebb'd with the Ocean of Life* appeared in 1860; the great poems of the Civil War – the collection called *Drum-Taps* and *When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloom'd* – were published as annexes in 1867. The tenth edition, including posthumous poems, was published in Boston in 1897, five years after Whitman's death in Camden, New Jersey, on 26 March 1892. Whitman had purchased a house on Mickle Street eight years before, and it was here that he received the world's visitors.

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WALT WHITMAN

The Complete Poems

Edited with an Introduction and Notes by

FRANCIS MURPHY

PENGUIN BOOKS

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Acknowledgements

I would be remiss if I did not thank Christopher Ricks once again for all his original editorial advice and Laura Barber of Penguin Classics for her continuing interest in this volume.

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1819 Born on 31 May at West Hills, Long Island.

1823 Whitman family moves to Brooklyn.

1825- Attends the public schools.

30

1830- Learns the printing trade.

34

1835 Works as a printer in New York.

1836- In the summer of 1836 Whitman begins teaching at East Norwich,

8 Long Island; by the year 1838 he had taught at Hempstead,
Babylon, Long Swamp and Smithtown.

1838- Edits the weekly *Long-Islander* in Huntington.

9

1840- Works for Van Buren in his presidential campaign; then returns to
41 teaching.

1841 In May, returns to New York to work as a printer.

1842- Edits a daily newspaper, the *Aurora*; edits the *Evening Tatler*.
4

1845- Returns to Brooklyn and writes for the *Long Island Star*.

6

1846- Edits the *Brooklyn Daily Eagle*.

8

1848 In February, Whitman goes with his brother Jeff to New Orleans where he works on the *Crescent*; he leaves New Orleans on 27 May and returns via the Mississippi and the Great Lakes.

1848- Edits the *Brooklyn Freeman*.

9

1850- Operates a printing office and stationery store and speculates in
54 the building trade.

1855 Early in July publishes the first edition of *Leaves of Grass*, printed by Rome Brothers in Brooklyn. No publisher's name, no author's name. It includes a portrait of Whitman in workman's shirt. There are twelve untitled poems and a preface. The typography is the most unorthodox of all the editions. Whitman's father dies 11 July.

1856 In the summer Whitman publishes the second edition of *Leaves of Grass*. Fowler and Wells served as agents for the book but soon renounced all responsibility for it. The author's name is acknowledged on the cover. On the back Whitman printed a statement from Emerson's letter: 'I greet you at the beginning of a great career.' Whitman included the letter and a reply as an appendix. There are thirty-two poems, titled and numbered. The

poem which was eventually to be called *Song of Myself* (1881) appears here as *Poem of Walt Whitman, an American*. In a section entitled 'Leaves-Droppings' Whitman appended a selection of reviews of the 1855 edition.

1857- From the spring of 1857 to the summer of 1859 Whitman edited
9 the *Brooklyn Times*. Enters what he liked to think of as his Bohemian period.

1860 Whitman goes to Boston in March to see the third edition of *Leaves of Grass*, published by Thayer and Eldridge, through the press. This is the first edition which Whitman did not publish himself. The firm went bankrupt in 1861 and the edition was pirated. This volume contained 154 poems. As in 1855, Whitman identified himself by including a portrait. Most of the new poems are to be found in *Chants Democratic, Enfants d'Adam* (later called *Children Of Adam*) , *Calamus, Messenger Leaves and Thoughts*. This volume prints for the first time *A Word Out of the Sea* (later called *Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking*) and *As I Ebb'd with the Ocean of Life*.

1861 The Civil War begins; Whitman's brother George enlists.

1862 Goes to Fredericksburg, Virginia, to see his wounded brother.

1863- Whitman remains in Washington, D.C., and works part-time in
4 the Army Paymaster's office; he serves as a volunteer nurse in army hospitals, returning to Brooklyn ill.

1865 Employed as a clerk in the Department of the Interior; meets Peter Doyle; witnesses Lincoln's second inauguration. In April, Lincoln is assassinated. In May, *Drum-Taps* is published. Fired by

Secretary James Harlan who thought *Leaves of Grass* indecent; re-employed in the Attorney General's office. In the autumn *Sequel to Drum-Taps* is published, including *When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloom'd*. These were added to the 1867 edition as annexes but in 1870-71 were incorporated in the main body of *Leaves of Grass*. *Drum-Taps* contains fifty-three new poems, dealing with the outbreak of the Civil War and Whitman's experiences in the army hospitals.

1866 William D. O'Connor's *The Good Gray Poet* appears.

1867 The fourth edition of *Leaves of Grass* is published. Exclusive of the annexes described above, this edition contains eight new poems. The edition is important primarily for its extensive revisions, deletions and rearrangements.

1868 William Michael Rossetti's selection of *Poems by Walt Whitman* is published in London.

1870- The fifth edition of *Leaves of Grass* appears. A second issue
71 includes *Passage to India* and seventy-one other poems, some new. *Democratic Vistas* published.

1872 Travels to Hanover, New Hampshire, for the Dartmouth commencement. Reads *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free (Thou Mother with Thy Equal Brood)* , later published with a Preface.

1873 Partially paralysed on 23 January; Whitman's mother dies on 23 May; stays with his brother George in Camden, New Jersey.

1876 The sixth edition of *Leaves of Grass* appears, a two-volume centennial edition, one volume a reprint of the fifth edition, the other a collection (entitled *Two Rivulets*) of prose and poetry. *Two*

- Rivulets* contains a Preface Whitman said was for 'all my writings'.
- 1879 Gives the first of his annual Lincoln lectures. In September travels west; remains in St Louis with his brother Jeff from October to January because of illness.
- 1880 Visits Dr R. M. Bucke in London, Ontario.
- 1881 Gives his Lincoln lecture in Boston; returns in August to read proofs of the seventh edition of *Leaves of Grass*, published by James R. Osgood. Osgood ceases to distribute *Leaves of Grass* because of threatened prosecution by the District Attorney. Publication resumed in 1882 by Rees Welsh in Philadelphia, and later in the same year by David McKay. In this edition the poems receive their final revisions and their last titles; the order of the poems is now complete. There are twenty new poems but none of major significance.
- 1882 *Specimen Days and Collect* published.
- 1883 Dr Bucke publishes a critical study of the poet.
- 1884 Suffers sun-stroke in July.
- 1888 Another paralytic stroke; Horace Traubel raises funds to aid the poet. *November Boughs*, containing sixty-two new poems and a Preface entitled 'A Backward Glance O'er Travel'd Roads', is published. *Complete Poems and Prose of Walt Whitman* is published.
- 1889 *Leaves of Grass*, the eighth separate edition of the poems, appears, with the poems in *November Boughs* included under the section *Sands at Seventy*. In 1891 Whitman began the preparation of the so-called 'death-bed' edition of *Leaves of Grass*, published in 1892.

This is a reprint of the text of 1881 with the addition of *Sands at Seventy* and *Good-Bye My Fancy*. The final, authorized text of all later editions of *Leaves of Grass*. Whitman wrote in 1891: 'I place upon you the injunction that whatever may be added to the *Leaves* shall be supplementary, avowed as such, leaving the book complete as I left it, consecutive to the point I left off, marking always an unmistakable, deep down, unobliteratable division line. In the long run the world will do as it pleases with the book. I am determined to have the world know what I was pleased to do.' Whitman dies on 26 March 1892 and is buried in Harleigh Cemetery, Camden, New Jersey. *Complete Prose Works* published.

1897 The tenth edition of *Leaves of Grass* is published in Boston with the addition of *Old Age Echoes*, posthumous poems.

Introduction

When it came to his poetry, the author of *Spontaneous Me* rarely did anything without forethought. And so it was that close to 4 July 1855 this most American of American poets published his *Leaves of Grass*. Charles Eliot Norton, one of Harvard's most distinguished figures, bought a copy for himself and one for the poet James Russell Lowell, mostly, Norton said, as a literary curiosity, because, as he told Lowell in a letter dated 23 September 1855, the 'external appearance of it, the covers, the portrait, the print [i.e. the typography]' are 'as odd as the inside'.¹ The cover was green and gold. Each letter in the title looked like a small growing thing, sending its roots into the ground. No author's name appeared either on the cover or the title page, but a notice of copyright appeared inside. Opposite the title page there was a handsome engraving based on a portrait of Whitman. The costume is as familiar to us as a Ralph Lauren ad, but this is no weekend carpenter, this man looks as if he could actually build something. His bearded, thirty-something face is haloed by a wide-brimmed hat placed at a rakish angle; his right hand is on his hip, his left in his pocket. He wears a cotton work shirt open at the throat and his flannel undershirt is plain to see. The look on his face is hard to define, he seems relaxed and worldly-wise, not easily fooled. In this first edition Whitman included twelve poems, all untitled. Whitman set some of the type himself and he let his lines breathe with generous ellipses (we reprint in Appendix 4 the 1855 version of the poem which came to be called *Song of Myself*) . Whitman

was fully aware of the boldness of his volume. He wanted to dramatize the arrival of a new voice in American poetry. His 'Preface' (reprinted here in Appendix 5) assured his reader that the old forms were dead and a vital poetry was emerging. He could confidently declare that 'the proof of a poet is that his country absorbs him as affectionately as he has absorbed it'. Whitman added to, subtracted and reshuffled the poems in his *Leaves* all his working days. When he died the poems numbered more than four hundred and his name was a household word, even if he was not read in the best households. 'There are some superbly graphic descriptions,' Norton told Lowell, 'great stretches of imagination – and then passages of intolerable coarseness.' Norton hoped that no woman would read the book, and added that it was not a volume one could leave around the house for 'chance readers'.² Whitman clearly had his work cut out for him before he would receive the affection of all his countrymen.

Before Whitman found his true vocation he had spent a great part of his life in the world of newspapers and he was quite savvy about ways to promote a book. He did two bold things: he published reviews of his own book anonymously, and he sent copies of his *Leaves* to some of America's most notable writers. It is part of the Whitman mythology that the Quaker poet John Greenleaf Whittier threw his copy into the fire, but the letter of appreciation he received from Ralph Waldo Emerson is a remarkably generous fact: ...I greet you at the beginning of a great career, which yet must have had a long foreground somewhere, for such a start... I did not know until I, last night, saw the book advertised in a newspaper, that I could trust the name as real and available for a post-office, and have felt much like striking my tasks and visiting New York

to pay you my respects.³

In inquiring about Whitman's past and wondering if 'Walt Whitman' was real or a fiction, Emerson raised two questions which have engaged generations of Whitman's readers. Whitman is one of those rare figures whose historical self and fictive self became inseparable. Although Whitman suffered considerable abuse from his critics, he exaggerated in later years the negative response to the first edition. Emerson did indeed come to Brooklyn, and so did Henry David Thoreau and the Concord educator Bronson Alcott. Rather heady visitors to knock on the door of a carpenter whose formal education ended when he was eleven years old.

Whitman said that two things served as a catalyst for his *Leaves*.

The first was hearing and reading Emerson – Whitman was present in Manhattan for the essayist and poet's debut – and the second was Italian opera. Whitman instructed his biographer John Burroughs to be certain to include these words: 'It has already been told how, during the gestation of the poems, the author was saturated for years with the rendering, by the best vocalists and performers, of the best operas and oratorios.'⁴ The difference between Whitman as a mere maker of verses and a true performer is dramatically apparent if we look at an early poem like *Our Future Lot* (all of Whitman's early poems are included in Appendix 3) and the opening few lines of *Song of Myself*. Everything about *Our Future Lot* is thoroughly predictable, from the shape and content of the poem's argument, to its hymn metre and rhyme scheme. The language is so traditional that it is hard to identify the century in which it was written.

Mortal! And can thy swelling soul

Live with the thought that all its life
Is centered in this earthy cage
Of care, and tears, and strife?
Not so; that sorrowing heart of thine
Ere long will find a house of rest; Thy form, re-purified, shall rise,
In robes of beauty drest.

In his 1855 *Leaves* Whitman does more than abandon rhyme and conventional verse forms. We hear immediately a confident voice speaking to us as an equal, not as a preacher:

I celebrate myself,
And what I assume you shall assume,
For every atom belonging to me as good belongs to you.
I loafe and invite my soul,
I lean and loafe at my ease... observing a spear of summer grass.

The mark of true genius in the arts is an immediately recognizable style. No one could mistake these lines for any poet other than Whitman. This is a poetry which takes its pleasure in sentence shapes, in balance and repetition rather than repeated metrical units. It is a music at once new and very old, familiar to us from the Psalms. In one sense *Song of Myself* is a conventional version of pastoral ('I will go to the bank by the wood and become undisguised and naked'), but its argument is highly unorthodox as it sets out to revise the traditional Christian hierarchy of the body and the soul (the subject of *Our Future Lot*) and deny the doctrine of original sin:

Clear and sweet is my soul....and clear and sweet is all that is not my soul.

Lack one lacks both....and the unseen is proved by the seen, Till that becomes unseen and receives proof in its turn.

Readers of Emerson will find themselves on familiar ground in reading *Song of Myself*. The notion that we derive our abstractions from the observation of concrete particulars is central to Emerson's thought, and pastoral – 'In the wilderness, I find something more dear and connate [i.e. related] than in streets or villages'⁵ – is basic to Emerson's design. No reader of Emerson, however, would ever confuse one of his lectures with a Whitman poem. Whitman's poetry is deeply sensual and erotic; human sexuality made Emerson uncomfortable. In the 1855 edition Emerson would have come across this famous passage in which the soul and the body are engaged in love-making:

I mind how we lay in June, such a transparent summer
morning;

You settled your head athwart my hips and gently turned over
upon me,

And parted the shirt from my bosom-bone, and plunged your
tongue to my barestript heart,

And reached till you felt my beard, and reached till you held my
feet.

Swiftly arose and spread around me the peace and joy and knowledge
that pass all the art and argument of the earth;

I suspect that like most of his generation Emerson either didn't look too closely at what he was reading or preferred to idealize this passage. It wasn't until Whitman's gay critics began to write about him that the act

of fellatio which these lines portray was named. We have come a long way from *Our Future Lot*, watching Whitman subvert traditional religious language ('The peace of God which passeth all understanding'⁶) and the conversion experience for a personal and political vision.

When Henry Thoreau visited Whitman in 1856 he told Harrison Blake that he 'did not get far in conversation with him' because he told Whitman that, personally, he 'did not think much of America, or of politics', and that this confession 'may well have been somewhat of a damper to him'.⁷ Whitman was high on the ideals of the republic, and he inherited his enthusiasm from his father, who named three of his eight children for his American heroes: George Washington, Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson. At the heart of Whitman's egalitarian vision was a world in which men and women were equal and, more daringly, where men would share and, fearlessly accept, an affectional bond between them. When Whitman met Emerson in 1860 the older writer tried to dissuade him from publishing his poems about procreation, but Whitman dug his heels in and refused. In the third edition of *Leaves* in 1860 he included the poems now called *Children of Adam* and the *Calamus* poems. Professor Betsy Erkkila tells us that Whitman 'was the first poet to provoke among his unsympathetic readers the deepest fear of democracy in America; namely, that in its purest form democracy would lead to a blurring of sexual bounds and thus to the breakdown of a social and bourgeois economy grounded in the management of the body and the polarization of the male and female spheres'.⁸ Although Whitman argues that he was not undermining the republic, he was certainly rocking the foundations of power, because power fades when repression retires. In 'I Hear It Was Charged against Me' he writes:

I hear it was charged against me that I sought to
destroy institutions,

But really, I am neither for nor against institutions...

Only I will establish in Manhattan and in every city of
these States inland and seaboard...

Without edifices or rules or trustees or any argument,
The institution of the dear love of comrades.

No more celebratory letters from Concord followed.

The ideal way to study Whitman might be in an edition which laid out the poems in their order of composition, but Whitman ruled that out and made private moments in his *Leaves* difficult to connect. (Poems Whitman excluded from his *Leaves* are here reprinted in Appendix 2 and our notes track the history of each poem as it takes its place in the final 1891-1892 edition). Emerson was right to ask if the Walt Whitman of 1855 was a fiction – most of us have never met a ‘kosmos’ – but it is hard not to believe that some of the poems of the third edition of 1860 are partly autobiographical. The prophetic note is gone, along with the psalm-like music; the ‘you’ is not some ardently pursued reader, and the ‘me’ is no longer a figure floating free in space, but Whitman’s inner self. There were earlier moments in Whitman -I’m thinking of *Crossing Brooklyn Ferry* – where the poet confesses that he, too, has ‘knitted the old knot of contrariety, /Blabb’d, blush’d, resented, lied, stole, grudg’d’, but the poet too easily absolves both the reader and himself, moving on to what cannot be examined. What are we to make of the extraordinary poem *A Hand-Mirror*, with Emerson’s ‘I greet you at the beginning of a great career’ ringing in our ears:

Hold it up sternlv – see this it sends back. (who is it? Is it vou?)

Outside fair costume, within ashes and filth, No more a flashing eye, no more a sonorous voice or springy step...

Such from one look in this looking-glass ere you go hence,

Such a result so soon – and from such a beginning!

In the years between 1856 and 1860 Whitman seems to have learned that poetry can emerge from what Yeats, in *The Circus Animals' Desertion*, called 'the foul rag-and-bone shop of the heart'.⁹ *A Hand-Mirror* appears late in the 1860 edition, oddly following *Kosmos*, a poem which envisions the 'most majestic lover', a man 'Who having consider'd the body finds all its organs and parts good'. *A Hand-Mirror* would not be out of place among the *Calamus* poems, love poems which strangely temper moments of happiness with unblinking realism.

Do you suppose yourself advancing on real ground toward a real heroic man?

Have you no thought O dreamer that it may be all maya, illusion?

A strange way to begin a love affair, as Whitman asks *Are You the New Person Drawn toward Me?* What one remembers most about *Calamus* is melancholy, not joy: the live-oak without a companion; the passing stranger a possible lover but never spoken to. One poem Whitman excluded from *Calamus* might provide a clue to the cause behind these poems of self-examination, [*Hours Continuing Long*]. Whitman may have excluded it not because it is erotic, far from it, but perhaps Whitman did not want to include a permanent reminder of rejection. This poem, too, is about looking in a mirror: Does he see himself reflected in me? In these hours, does he see the face of his hours reflected?

It is as if Whitman in 1844 read Emerson's essay on 'Experience' and in

1860 was living it: It is very unhappy, but too late to be helped, the discovery we have made that we exist. That discovery is called the Fall of Man. Ever afterwards we suspect our instruments. We have learned that we do not see directly, but mediately, and that we have no means of correcting these colored and distorting lenses which we are, or of computing the amount of their errors....The great and crescive self, rooted in absolute nature, supplants all relative existence and ruins the kingdom of mortal friendship and love.¹⁰

Out of the dark night of Whitman's soul two of his finest poems emerged: *Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking* and *As I Ebb'd with the Ocean of Life*. *Out of the Cradle* is Whitman's second famous poem of childhood; the first, of course, is the 1855 poem later called *There Was a Child Went Forth*. The contrast is striking. In the earlier poem the setting is pastoral and inviting. The whole aim of the poem seems to be to create a child painter, one who delights in all sights and sounds, the lilacs, the piglets, the March lambs, the noisy hens and the blossoming apple trees. The child's response to the world is entirely an aesthetic one:

The village on the highland seen from afar at sunset, the river between,

Shadows, aureola and mist, the light falling on roofs and gables of white or brown two miles off...

The horizon's edge, the flying sea-crow, the fragrance of salt marsh and shore mud,

These became part of the child who went forth every day, and who now goes and always will go forth every day.

The setting of *Out of the Cradle* is the same Long Island shore, but the month is September and the time is midnight, the sands and fields 'sterile' and the shadows cast by the moonlight are frightening, snake-

like, 'twining and twisting as if they were alive'. The time suggests both birth ('the Ninth month') and death. Instead of joy there are tears aplenty. This poem, too, defines an aesthetic lesson, a realization that along with the loss of innocence the artist is given a compensatory power. 'Death', as Wallace Stevens famously put it in *Sunday Morning* 'is the mother of beauty'.¹¹ The older poet looks back at a mythic moment when he understood who he was ('The sea whisper'd me') and discovered his subject:

I, chanter of pains and joys, uniter of here and hereafter,
Taking all hints to use them, but swiftly leaping beyond them,
A reminiscence sing.

As I Ebb'd with the Ocean of Life (originally entitled *Bardic Symbols*) is a poem which has interested many late twentieth-century readers, probably because here the prophetic mode is abandoned and a hard look at the nineteenth-century poets' way of knowing – that Emersonian response to Nature Whitman described in *Out of the Cradle*: 'Taking all hints to use them, but swiftly leaping beyond them' – is scrutinized. In his essay 'The Poet' Emerson said that Nature offers all her creatures to the poet 'as a picture language. Being used as a type [i.e. an emblem], a second wonderful value appears in the object, far better than its old values.'¹² Emerson distinguished, however, between a true poet's intuited, untranslatable meanings and the allegorist's learned and fixed symbols, the icons of Christian art, for example, which depict the lamb, the pelican, or a bunch of grapes, and whose meanings never change. Whitman had always expressed full confidence in his symbol-making powers and in the worth of his symbols. *Song of Myself* began with the poet 'observing a spear of summer grass', and his promise that death is

not the end grew from there; while the poet in *Crossing Brooklyn Ferry* promises his readers, present and future, that every object in the universe, those 'dumb, beautiful ministers', 'furnish your parts toward eternity, /Great or small, you furnish your parts toward the soul'. The poet in *As I Ebb'd* has none of this assurance. The contrast in the first two sections of this poem is between the past and the present. Once, he tells us, he walked the shoreline seeking the 'old thought of likenesses', that is, he looked about him and he was filled with the power of his 'electric', his creative self, and he succeeded in finding metaphors for his poetry:

Miles walking, the sound of breaking waves the other side of me, Paumanok there and then
as I thought the old thought of likenesses,

These you presented to me you fish-shaped island,

As I wended the shores I know,

As I walk'd with that electric self seeking types.

In listing these objects the poet ignores a darker meaning inherent in the 'Scum, scales from shining rocks, leaves of salt-lettuce, left by the tide'. These are the things which so overwhelm the poet in the second section that he despairs of all his effort, all his earlier blabbing, his electric self mocking him with peals of 'distant ironical laughter at every word I have written':

I perceive that I have not understood anything, not a single object, and that no man ever
can,

Nature here in sight of the sea taking advantage of me to dart upon me and sting me,

Because I have dared to open my mouth to sing at all.

With the knowledge that revelation was never truly at hand, now he has

moved, Hamlet-like, to total despair. There must be a middle ground somewhere between ignorant bliss and annihilating doubt, and Whitman comes to something like a middle ground in the difficult fourth section. Before that happens, however, he is reduced, in the third section, to becoming a child, calling out to his father (the earth) for some authoritative resolution, falling on his father's breast, clinging to him, holding him 'firm till you answer me something', demanding affectionate response, a kiss, an embrace, if he is not to be granted intellectual understanding. No answer, no response is forthcoming, but in the space between the third and fourth sections (this poem, like so much of Whitman, is associative in form) something has happened. The fourth section is one of Whitman's most beautiful passages, inseparable in its meaning from its rhythmic structure and its sentence shape. All the negatives Whitman once found so devastating are repeated: we are burdened with contradictory moods, we are capricious and unsteady; we lack total understanding and we know neither whence we came, nor where we are going. Yet the world seems partly made for us, and to deny the blossoms and sunsets, to see only waste is, for Whitman, as it was for Emerson, too negative a view.

Just as much for us that sobbing dirge of Nature,
Just as much whence we come that blare of the cloud-trumpets,
We, capricious, brought hither we know not whence, spread out
before you,
You up there walking or sitting,
Whoever you are, we too lie in drifts at your feet.

Reviewing himself anonymously, Whitman assumed, in one instance, the role of an admiring and somewhat puzzled critic. Whitman differs, his critic observes, in not being content with old forms: 'He never

presents for perusal a poem ready-made on the old models, and ending when you come to the end of it; but every sentence and every passage tells us of an interior not always seen...'¹³ In 1855 Whitman as critic is describing a world of endless possibility, but his observation fits uncannily well *As I Ebb'd*, a poem of dissolution. 'In his finding aesthetic images and rhetorical gestures for dispersion', the critic Helen Vendler observed on the occasion of the poet's centennial, 'Whitman is at his most original and most instructive. He is the originator of the modern poem with an inconclusive ending, at odds with the teleological poem deriving from classical and Christian metaphysics.'¹⁴ Had Whitman continued in this vein he would have explored the modern poem of experience, a poetry content with what Robert Frost has called a 'momentary stay against confusion'.¹⁵ It is our loss that he did not. The Civil War (1861-5) changed Whitman's life and art for ever.

Whitman had great hopes for the financial and literary success of *Drum-Taps* when it appeared as a separate volume in May 1865. (It was included in *Leaves of Grass* in 1867.) Sales of the 1860 edition of his *Leaves* were encouraging, but *Drum-Taps* was hardly noticed and when it was – by a generation of younger critics like Henry James and William Dean Howells – it was treated shabbily. James thought the world should be protected from this fraud called Whitman.

To sing aright our battles and our glories it is not enough to have served in a hospital... to be aggressively careless, inelegant, and ignorant and to be constantly preoccupied with yourself... You must also be serious. You must forget yourself in your ideas.¹⁶

One has the feeling that James isn't responding to Whitman's little book, but to some past Whitman literary horror, some distasteful Whitman advertisement for himself. It wasn't until the translator

William Michael Rossetti published in England in 1868 a selected Whitman (expurgated) that he began to receive the audience he deserved. Algernon Charles Swinburne, John Addington Symonds, Gerard Manley Hopkins and Robert Louis Stevenson were among Whitman's enthusiastic English admirers. James seems not to have recognized that the Walt Whitman speaking in *Drum-Taps* is as much a fiction as the speaker of *Song of Myself*; the 'old man' bending over the wounded was only forty-six years old in 1865. If anything, it could be argued that *Drum-Taps* is too removed from its subject matter. Whitman's letters home attest that he could describe the hospital wards he visited every afternoon and evening for years with the eye of a fine French naturalist. But Whitman always thought of his *Leaves* as above the fray of either battle or politics. He told his biographer William O'Connor that he thought *Drum-Taps* a more 'perfect work of art' than anything he had written previously: 'I have only [now] succeeded to my satisfaction in removing all superfluity from it, verbal superfluity, I mean. I delight to make a poem where I feel clear that not a word but is indispensable part thereof and of my meaning.'¹⁷ With the exception of *Beat! Beat! Drums!* the cry to battle is quickly hushed and neither side is seen as more valorous than the other. The most memorable of the poems are word pictures and take a long, impersonal view of the battlefield, seeing it as if it were a kind of medieval tournament:

A line in long array where they wind betwixt green islands,

They take a serpentine course, their arms flash in the sun...

Like *Cavalry Crossing a Ford*, *Bivouac on a Mountain Side* and *An Army Corps on the March* also present a painter's view of the war. How could James have read *Come up from the Fields Father* as the work of a writer with a tin ear? Not even good prose was James's final judgement. This is a poem that D. H. Lawrence, one of Whitman's most astute critics, might have treasured: the contrasting sumptuous landscape, the lives of ordinary people changed for ever, the daring presence of the all-knowing, all-sympathetic poet who reveals everything in simple words of feeling like 'Ah' and 'O' and 'Lo'. James said that Whitman's 'primary purpose' in writing *Drum-Taps* was to 'celebrate the greatness of our armies'.¹⁸ It is not the army celebrated here; what is celebrated is that fraternal love which Whitman longed for so ardently when younger. The poet who has celebrated the present in *Song of My self* is now becoming the poet of the past; for in the midst of writing *Drum-Taps* Whitman also seems to have become aware that this great defining national and personal moment is passing. It is the poet's task to become a vessel of memory, most famously in his pastoral elegy *When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloom'd*, but also in *The Wound-Dresser*, where Whitman imagines himself in future years answering the questions of children about the war, reminding himself that what stayed with him were not 'curious panics' or 'hard-fought engagements'; it was the dying young, who return to him in 'dreams' projections':

I sit by the restless all the dark night, some are so young,
Some suffer so much, I recall the experience sweet and sad,
(Many a soldier's loving arms about this neck have cross'd and
rested,
Many a soldier's kiss dwells on these bearded lips.)

Whitman's later revisions of his *Leaves* made a greater place for the war in his book. He liked to think of himself as a 'veteran' and could declare in *To Thee Old Cause*: 'My book and the war are one'.

Partly to rebut the criticism of adversaries like James and Howells,¹⁹ and to direct attention away from persistent charges of obscenity (the district attorney of Boston threatened to prosecute Whitman's publisher James R. Osgood in 1881, and, so that we may have some perspective on these charges, put *The Dalliance of the Eagles* on an obscene literature list in 1882), Whitman supporters like William O'Connor rallied to his cause, and with Whitman's active involvement created a new image of the poet. Henceforth Whitman would no longer be one of the 'roughs', but *The Good Gray Poet*, the title of O'Connor's 1866 hagiography. Whitman wanted to be loved. There would be no more poems of self-examination, explorations of guilt, or the dark side of American life. As a newspaper reporter Whitman was fully aware of the difference between his vision of America and the actual world around him. In *Democratic Vistas* (1871) he lashed out at a greedy nation whose enemy was itself: Society in these States is canker'd, crude, superstitious, and rotten. Political, or law-made society is, and private, or voluntary society, is also. In any vigor [i.e. exercise of power], the element of the moral conscience, the most important, the verteber to State or man seems to me either entirely lacking, or seriously enfeebled or ungrown.²⁰

Whitman reserved his invective, however, for his prose. He always wanted his *Leaves* to be affirmative. When he addressed the Dartmouth College graduates of the class of 1872 he shared none of this outrage. Instead, in the poem we know as *Thou Mother with Thy Equal Brood* he

took as his subject neither the sordid present nor the fading past, but a vision of a future America with which no one could argue, 'tolerating all, accepting all'. Whitman saw no irony in envisioning a 'Land in the realms of God to be a realm unto thyself, /Under the rule of God to be a rule unto thyself'. It is his *Leaves* which became Whitman's final subject, and, as the critic M. Wynn Thomas puts it, there is something madly audacious about Whitman's declaration in *Thou Mother* that his book will become the centre of an American mythology, replacing both the War of Independence and the Civil War:²¹

(Thy soaring course thee formulating, not in thy two great wars,
nor in thy century's visible growth,
But far more in these leaves and chants, thy chants, great Mother!)

What this separation between the America Whitman knew and the America he envisioned suggests is that after *Drum-Taps* Whitman's best poems are shorter poems like *Give Me the Splendid Silent Sun* (included in *Drum-Taps* but not about the war), *When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer*, *A Farm Picture*, *Warble for Lilac-Time*, *Sparkles from the Wheel*, *As Consequent, Etc.*, *The Dalliance of the Eagles*, and *Good-bye My Fancy!*, the concluding poem and one of the most moving poems in all of *Leaves of Grass*.

Just as biographers like O'Connor responded to critics like James and Howells with a saint-like caricature of their subject, modern biographers have made certain that we see Whitman warts and all, a bundle of contradictions: part Bohemian, part working man; a poet of the city who longs for old agrarian values; a Northerner who sentimentalized the South; a man who called for honesty in all things but who created

outrageous fictions about himself; a man who was not above taking charity but built himself a tomb fit for a prince. Whitman had his weaknesses. Nevertheless, there is something heroic in his lifelong dedication to his *Leaves* and something miraculous in its success. It seems fitting that the last poem in Whitman's book should address his imagination, his 'Fancy', and that he should attempt to say farewell to the great love affair of his life. The poem, however, takes a wonderful turn as he realizes that the human imagination conceived of the idea of heaven and no farewell may be needed after all: Yet let me not be too hasty,

Long indeed have we lived, slept, filter'd, become really blended
into one;

Then if we die we die together, (yes, we'll remain one,)

If we go anywhere we'll go together to meet what happens,

May-be we'll be better off and blither, and learn something,

May-be it is yourself now really ushering me to the true songs, (who knows?)

May-be it is you the mortal knob really undoing, turning – so now finally,

Good-bye – and hail! My Fancy.

As the 1992 centennial of Whitman's death proved, his poetry still exerts an enormous appeal worldwide. Thousands attended readings and lectures, museum and library exhibitions and concerts to celebrate his art. If, in our more tolerant age, his work does not change lives as dramatically as it did for novelists and poets like D. H. Lawrence and Hart Crane, or dancers like Isadora Duncan and Ted Shawn, or architects and painters like Frank Lloyd Wright and Marsden Hartley, Whitman

remains for all his readers, as Emerson said a true poet will, a liberating god.

Notes

1. *The Letters of Charles Eliot Norton*, eds. Sara Norton and M. A. DeWolfe Howe (Houghton, 1913), p. 135.
2. Ibid., p. 135.
3. Emerson's letter, dated 21 July 1855, is reprinted in *Walt Whitman: A Critical Anthology*, ed. Francis Murphy (Penguin Books, 1969), p. 29.
4. From a manuscript page in the New York Public Library, reproduced in Gary Schmidgall's *Walt Whitman: A Gay Life* (E. P. Dutton, 1997), p. 27.
5. 'Nature, Part I', *The Selected Writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson*, ed. Stephen E. Whicher (Houghton Mifflin, 1957), p. 24.
6. Phillipians 4:7.
7. *The Correspondence of Henry David Thoreau*, eds. Walter Harding and Carl Bode (New York University Press, 1958), p. 445.
Thoreau's letter is dated 7 December 1856.
8. 'The Political Whitman', *Democracy's Poet* (The Museum of the City of New York, 1992), p. 5.
9. *Last Poems* (Macmillan, 1939) .
10. *The Selected Writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson*, p. 269.
11. *Harmonium* (Alfred A. Knopf, 1923) .

12. *The Selected Writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson*, p. 227.
‘An English and an American Poet’, *Walt Whitman: A Critical*
13. *Anthology*, p. 41. Whitman’s review first appeared in the
American Phrenological Journal in October 1855.
14. ‘Whitman and the Aesthetic Life’, *Democracy’s Poet*, p. 19.
‘The Figure a Poem Makes’, *Selected Prose of Robert Frost*, eds.
15. Hyde Cox and Edward Connery Latham (Holt, Rinehart &
Winston, 1966), p. 18.
‘Mr Walt Whitman’, *Walt Whitman: A Critical Anthology*, pp. 84–
16. 5. James’s review originally appeared in *The Nation*, November
1865.
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17. Miller (New York University Press, 1961), p. 246. Whitman’s
letter is dated 6 January 1865.
18. ‘Mr. Walt Whitman’, *Walt Whitman: A Critical Anthology*, p. 82.
‘Mr. Walt Whitman’, *Walt Whitman: A Critical Anthology*, pp. 85–
19. 8. Howell’s review originally appeared in *The Round Table* for
November 1865.
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20. (Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1969), p. 214.
21. *The Lunar Light of Whitman’s Poetry* (Harvard University Press,
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Paul Zweig, *Walt Whitman: The Making of a Poet* (Basic Books, 1984) .

A Note on the Text

The text used in this edition of *Leaves of Grass* is that published by David McKay in Philadelphia in 1891-2, and now popularly referred to as the 'death-bed' edition, although the actual copy of *Leaves of Grass* presented to Whitman in his final hours by close friends was something else. *Leaves of Grass* 1891-2 was the ninth edition that Whitman prepared for publication, the tenth if you wish to count *The Complete Poems and Prose* of 1888 and most editors do not. With the exception of the annexes, the ninth edition reprints the edition of 1881 and it is in that edition that the poems received their final arrangement. Whitman's revisions of *Leaves of Grass* were so numerous that their study has almost become an American form of small business. Whitman changed his titles, added poems, and then deleted others, revised his diction and regrouped his 'leaves' tirelessly, but by 1891 he had settled on the final shape of his book and provided future editors with a note of instruction: I place upon you the injunction that whatever may be added to the *Leaves* be supplementary, avowed as such, leaving the book complete as I left it, consecutive to the point I left off, marking always an unmistakable, deep down, unobliterable division line. In the long run the world will do as it pleases with the book. I am determined to have the world know what I was pleased to do.

Current admirers often prefer the first edition of 1855 or the edition of 1860 as 'more imaginative, more spontaneous, more vital'; no one, however, has seriously suggested publishing either the edition of 1855

or 1860 as a substitute for the last. The edition of 1891-2 is the indispensable one, and the student interested in Whitman's earlier editions will find both readily available in paperback. I am not certain but that for polish the final edition of *Leaves of Grass* is not better both for *Song of Myself* and *Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking*, but I have included in an appendix all of the 1855 version of *Song of Myself* and, when useful, provided early versions of some revised poems in the Notes to this edition. Students who would like to check all of Whitman's revisions and changes in text from the earliest edition to the last should use the Variorum Edition of *Leaves of Grass* edited by Harold Blodgett and Sculley Bradley for the New York University Press. Emory Holloway's 'Inclusive Edition' of *Leaves of Grass* (New York, 1931) is accessible in most libraries and provides many variorum readings. Unfortunately, this book is now out of print.

Notes to this edition provide date of first publication and first appearance in *Leaves of Grass*. I have provided annotations whenever I could identify names and historical references and have given some assistance with place-names. Whitman's book is so large and his references so numerous that a complete identification of place-names would have turned my Notes into an elementary geography. In addition to all of Whitman's prose 'Prefaces', I have provided in the appendixes all of the poems Whitman excluded from *Leaves of Grass* 1891-2, and his early poetry. With the exception of the poem *Pictures* I have not included in this edition any of the manuscript fragments which Whitman left on his death. The interested student will find these now easily available in the New York University 'Comprehensive Reader's Edition' of *Leaves of*

Grass, in *The Collected Writings of Walt Whitman* (1964), edited by Harold W. Blodgett and Sculley Bradley.

Ever since Emerson's witty remark to Sanborn that *Leaves of Grass* was a 'combination of the *Bhagavad-Gita* and the *New York Herald*'* editors have taken pleasure in calling attention to Whitman's 'polyglot vocabulary'. In a famous article on 'Walt Whitman and the French Language' (*American Speech*, vol. 1, 1925-6, pp. 421-30), Louise Pound called attention, for example, to Whitman's French and made some large claims for a poet who 'was not a direct student of the language and who had never been in France'. Miss Pound thought that Whitman's predilection for things French could be attributed to his New Orleans visit in 1848. Some of the words to which she chose to call particular attention were: feuillage, ensemble, accoucheur, trottoir, rendezvous, embouchure, nonchalance, rondure, rapport. Most of these words may be found in Noah Webster's revised *An American Dictionary of the English Language* (New Haven, 1841) or in the *Oxford English Dictionary*. Most have been a part of the English language for some time. I have tried to designate as 'foreign' only those words which were not in common English use. Whitman's voice is his own and his diction unmistakably his. There is no necessity to make it seem more peculiar than it is.

Leaves of Grass

Including

SANDS AT SEVENTY...*1st Annex*

GOOD-BYE MY FANCY...*2d Annex,*

A BACKWARD GLANCE O'ER TRAVEL'D ROADS, *and Portrait from Life.*

COME, said ray Soul,

Such verses for my Body let us write, (for we are one,)

That should I after death invisibly return,

Or, long, long hence, in other spheres,

There to some group of mates the chants resuming,

(Tallying Earth's soil, trees, winds, tumultuous waves,)

Ever with pleas'd smile I may keep on,

Ever and ever yet the verses owning-as, first, I here and now,

Signing for Soul and Body, set to them my name,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Walt Whitman". The script is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Walt" and last name "Whitman" clearly distinguishable.

PHILADELPHIA.

DAVID McKAY, PUBLISHER

23SOUTH NINTH STBEEEX1891-2

36 COPYRIGHTS, &C,

1st ed'n 1855, Brooklyn (N. Y., South District) -renew'd (1883) 14 yrs,

2d ed'n 1856, Brooklyn-renew'd (1884) 14 yrs.

3d ed'n 1860, Boston, Thayer & Eldridge Pub'rs.

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6th ed'n 1876-Centennial issue-inc'd'g Two RIVULETS: two vols.

7th ed'n 1881, Boston, Mass.: Osgood Pub.: [This includes in the present vol. pages 1 to 382.]

8th ed'n 1882, Philadelphia; McKay Pub'r.

Sands at Seventy: Annex, 1888-November Boughs-Philadelphia!

A Backward Glance, &c. 1 November Boughs, 1888-Philadelphia.

Good-Bye my Fancy 1 ad Annex, 1891-Philadelphia.

Library of Congress... Copyright Office, Washington.

No.1838a W.

To wit: Belt remembered... That on the 10th day of May, anno Domini, 1891, Wale Whitman, of Camden, N. J., has deposited in this office the title of a Book, the title or description of which is in the following words, to wit: GOODBSYK.MY FAMCY,

ad Annex to Leaves of Grass.

Philadelphia... David McKay... 1891.

The right whereof he claim as author, in conformity with the laws of the United States respecting copyrights.

A. K. SPOFFORD,

Librarian of Congress

Librarian of Congress.

[Which last-named copyright (holding good to 1919-then, on application, Continued 14 years further) expires May 19,1933.

As there are now several editions of L. of G., different texts and dates, I wish to say that I prefer and recommend this present one, complete, for future printing, if there should be any; a copy and facsimile, indeed, of the text of these 438 pages. The subsequent adjusting interval which is so important to form'd and launch'd work, books especially, has pass'd; and waiting till fully after that, I have given (pages 423-438) my concluding Words.

W. W.

A facsimile reproduction of the copyright page for the 1891-2 edition
of Leaves of Grass

INSCRIPTIONS

One's-Self I Sing

One's-Self I sing, a simple separate person,
Yet utter the word Democratic, the word En-Masse.
Of physiology from top to toe I sing,
Not physiognomy alone nor brain alone is worthy for the Muse, I say
the Form complete is worthier far,
The Female equally with the Male I sing.
Of Life immense in passion, pulse, and power,
Cheerful, for freest action form'd under the laws divine, The Modern
Man I sing.

As I Ponder'd in Silence

As I ponder'd in silence,
Returning upon my poems, considering, lingering long,
A Phantom arose before me with distrustful aspect,
Terrible in beauty, age, and power,
The genius of poets of old lands,
As to me directing like flame its eyes,
With finger pointing to many immortal songs,

And menacing voice, *What singest thou ?* it said, *Know'st thou not there*
is but one theme for ever-enduring

bards?

10 *And that is the theme of War, the fortune of battles, The making of*
perfect soldiers.

Be it so, then I answer'd,

I too haughty Shade also sing war, and a longer and greater
one than any,

Waged in my book with varying fortune, with flight, advance
and retreat, victory deferr'd and wavering,

(Yet methinks certain, or as good as certain, at the last,)
the field the world,

For life and death, for the Body and for the eternal Soul, Lo, I too am
come, chanting the chant of battles, I above all promote brave soldiers.

In Cabin'd Ships at Sea

In cabin'd ships at sea,

The boundless blue on every side expanding,

With whistling winds and music of the waves, the large imperious
waves, Or some lone bark buoy'd on the dense marine,

Where joyous full of faith, spreading white sails,

She cleaves the ether mid the sparkle and the foam of day, or under

many a star at night, By sailors young and old haply will I, a
reminiscence of the land, be read, In full rapport at last.

Here are our thoughts, voyagers' thoughts,

(10) *Here not the land, firm land, alone appears, may then by them be
said, The sky o'er arches here, we feel the undulating deck beneath
our feet.*

*We feel the long pulsation, ebb and flow of endless motion, The tones of
unseen mystery, the vague and vast suggestions of
the briny world, the liquid-flowing syllables, The perfume, the faint
creaking of the cordage, the
melancholy rhythm,*

*The boundless vista and the horizon far and dim are all here, And this is
ocean's poem.*

Then falter not O book, fulfil your destiny,

You not a reminiscence of the land alone,

You too as a lone bark cleaving the ether, purpos'd I know not
whither, yet ever full of faith, (20) Consort to every ship that
sails, sail you!

Bear forth to them folded my love, (dear mariners, for you I fold it
here in every leaf;)

Speed on my book! spread your white sails my little bark athwart the
imperious waves, Chant on, sail on, bear o'er the boundless blue
from me to every sea, This song for mariners and all their ships.

To Foreign Lands

I heard that you ask'd for something to prove this puzzle the New
World, And to define America, her athletic Democracy,
Therefore I send you my poems that you behold in them what you
wanted.

To a Historian

You who celebrate bygones,
Who have explored the outward, the surfaces of the races, the life that
has exhibited itself, Who have treated of man as the creature of
politics, aggregates, rulers and priests, I, habitan of the
Alleghanies, treating of him as he is in himself in his own rights,
Pressing the pulse of the life that has seldom exhibited itself, (the
great pride of man in himself,)
Chanter of Personality, outlining what is yet to be,
I project the history of the future.

To Thee Old Cause

To thee old cause!
Thou peerless, passionate, good cause,
Thou stern, remorseless, sweet idea,
Deathless throughout the ages, races, lands,
After a strange sad war, great war for thee,

(I think all war through time was really fought, and ever will be really fought, for thee,) These chants for thee, the eternal march of thee.

(A war O soldier not for itself alone,
Far, far more stood silently waiting behind, now to advance in this book.)

(10) Thou orb of many orbs!
Thou seething principle! thou well-kept, latent germ! thou centre!
Around the idea of thee the war revolving,
With all its angry and vehement play of causes,
(With vast results to come for thrice a thousand years,) These
recitatives for thee, – my book and the war are one, Merged in its
spirit I and mine, as the contest hinged on thee, As a wheel on its
axis turns, this book unwitting to itself, Around the idea of thee.

Eidólons

I met a seer,
Passing the hues and objects of the world,
The fields of art and learning, pleasure, sense,
To glean eidolons.

But in thy chants said he

Put in my chants said he,

No more the puzzling hour nor day, nor Segments, parts, put in, Put
first before the rest as light for all and entrance-song of all, That
of eidólon.

Ever the dim beginning,

(10) Ever the growth, the rounding of the circle,

Ever the summit and the merge at last, (to surely start again,)
Eidólons! eidólon!

Ever the mutable,

Ever materials, changing, crumbling, re-cohering,

Ever the ateliers, the factories divine,

Issuing eidólons.

Lo, I or you,

Or woman, man, or state, known or unknown,

We seeming solid wealth, strength, beauty build,

(20) But really build idolons.

The ostent evanescent,

The substance of an artist's mood or savor's studies long, Or warrior's,
martyr's, hero's toils,

To fashion his eidolon.

Of every human life

Of every human life,

(The units gather'd, posted, not a thought, emotion, deed, left out,)

The whole or large or small summ'd, added up,

In its eidólon.

The old, old urge,

(30) Based on the ancient pinnacles, lo, newer, higher pinnacles, From
science and the modern still impell'd,

The old, old urge, eiddlons.

The present now and here,

America's busy, teeming, intricate whirl,

Of aggregate and segregate for only thence releasing,

Today's eidólon.

These with the past,

Of vanish'd lands, of all the reigns of kings across the sea, Old
conquerors, old campaigns, old sailors' voyages,

(40) Joining eidólon.

Densities, growth, façades,

Strata of mountains, soils, rocks, giant trees,

Far-born, far-dying, living long, to leave,

Eidólons everlasting.

Exalte, rapt, ecstatic,
The visible but their womb of birth,
Of orbic tendencies to shape and shape and shape,
The mighty earth-eidólon.

All space, all time,
(50) (The stars, the terrible perturbations of the suns, Swelling,
collapsing, ending, serving their longer, shorter use,) Fill'd with
eidólon only.

The noiseless myriads,
The infinite oceans where the rivers empty,
The separate countless free identities, like eyesight,
The true realities, eidólons.

Not this the world,
Nor these the universes, they the universes,
Purport and end, ever the permanent life of life,
(60) Eidólons, eidólon.

Beyond thy lectures learn'd professor,
Beyond thy telescope or spectroscope observer keen, beyond all
mathematics. Beyond the doctor's surgery, anatomy, beyond the

mainematics, beyond the doctor's surgery, anatomy, beyond the
chemist with his chemistry, The entities of entities, eidólons.

Unfix'd yet fix'd,
Ever shall be, ever have been and are,
Sweeping the present to the infinite future,
Eidólons, eidólons, eidólón.

The prophet and the bard,
(70) Shall yet maintain themselves, in higher stages yet, Shall mediate
to the Modern, to Democracy, interpret yet to them, God and
eidólón.

And thee my soul,
Joys, ceaseless exercises, exaltations,
Thy yearning amply fed at last, prepared to meet,
Thy mates, eidólón.

Thy body permanent,
The body lurking there within thy body,
The only purport of the form thou art, the real I myself, (80) An
image, an eidólón.

Thy very songs not in thy songs,

No special strains to sing, none for itself,
But from the whole resulting, rising at last and floating, A round full-
orb'd eidolon.

For Him I Sing

For him I sing,
I raise the present on the past,
(As some perennial tree out of its roots, the present on the past,) With
time and space I him dilate and fuse the immortal laws, To make
himself by them the law unto himself.

When I Read the Book

When I read the book, the biography famous,
And is this then (said I) what the author calls a man's life?
And so will some one when I am dead and gone write my life?
(As if any man really knew aught of my life,
Why even I myself I often think know little or nothing of my real life,
Only a few hints, a few diffused faint clews and indirections I seek
for my own use to trace out here.)

Beginning My Studies

Beginning my studies the first step pleas'd me so much, The mere fact
consciousness. these forms. the power of motion. The least insect

or animal, the senses, eyesight, love, The first step I say awed me
and pleas'd me so much,

I have hardly gone and hardly wish'd to go any farther, But stop and
loiter all the time to sing it in ecstatic songs.

Beginners

How they are provided for upon the earth, (appearing at intervals,)
How dear and dreadful they are to the earth,

How they inure to themselves as much as to any – what a paradox
appears their age, How people respond to them, yet know them
not,

How there is something relentless in their fate all times, How all times
mischoose the objects of their adulation and reward, And how the
same inexorable price must still be paid for the same great
purchase.

To the States

To the States or any one of them, or any city of the States, *Resist much,*
obey little,

Once unquestioning obedience, once fully enslaved,

Once fully enslaved, no nation, state, city of this earth, ever afterward
resumes its liberty.

On Journeys through the States

On journeys through the States we start,
(Ay through the world, urged by these songs,
Sailing henceforth to every land, to every sea,)
We willing learners of all, teachers of all, and lovers of all.

We have watch'd the seasons dispensing themselves and passing on,
And have said, Why should not a man or woman do as much as
the seasons, and effuse as much ?

We dwell a while in every city and town,

We pass through Kanada, the North-east, the vast valley of the
Mississippi, and the Southern States, We confer on equal terms
with each of the States,

(10) We make trial of ourselves and invite men and women to hear,
We say to ourselves, Remember, fear not, be candid, promulge the
body and the soul, Dwell a while and pass on, be copious,
temperate, chaste, magnetic, And what you effuse may then
return as the seasons return, And may be just as much as the
seasons.

To a Certain Cantatrice

Here, take this gift,

I was reserving it for some hero, speaker, or general,

One who should serve the good old cause, the great idea, the progress
and freedom of the race, Some brave confronter of despots, some
daring rebel;

But I see that what I was reserving belongs to you just as much as to
any.

Me Imperturbe

Me imperturbe, standing at ease in Nature,

Master of all or mistress of all, aplomb in the midst of irrational
things, Imbued as they, passive, receptive, silent as they,

Finding my occupation, poverty, notoriety, foibles, crimes, less
important than I thought, Me toward the Mexican sea, or in the
Mannahatta or the

Tennessee, or far north or inland,

A river man, or a man of the woods or of any farm-life of these States
or of the coast, or the lakes of Kanada, Me wherever my life is
lived, O to be self-balanced for contingencies, To confront night,
storms, hunger, ridicule, accidents, rebuffs, as the trees and
animals do.

Savantism

Thither as I look I see each result and glory retracing itself and
nestling close, always obligated, Thither hours, months, years –
thither trades, compacts, establishments, even the most minute,

Thither every-day life, speech, utensils, politics, persons, estates;
Thither we also, I with my leaves and songs, trustful, admiring, As
a father to his father going takes his children along with him.

The Ship Starting

Lo, the unbounded sea,

On its breast a ship starting, spreading all sails, carrying even her
moonsails, The pennant is flying aloft as she speeds she speeds so
stately – below emulous waves press forward, They surround the
ship with shining curving motions and foam.

I Hear America Singing

I hear America singing, the varied carols I hear,

Those of mechanics, each one singing his as it should be blithe and
strong, The carpenter singing his as he measures his plank or
beam, The mason singing his as he makes ready for work, or
leaves off work, The boatman singing what belongs to him in his
boat, the deckhand singing on the steamboat deck, The
shoemaker singing as he sits on his bench, the hatter singing as he
stands, The wood-cutter's song, the ploughboy's on his way in the
morning, or at noon intermission or at sundown, The delicious
singing of the mother, or of the young wife at work, or of the girl
sewing or washing, Each singing what belongs to him or her and
to none else, (10) The day what belongs to the day – at night the
party of young fellows, robust, friendly, Singing with open
mouths their strong melodious songs

mounts their strong melodious songs.

What Place is Besieged?

What place is besieged, and vainly tries to raise the siege?

Lo, I send to that place a commander, swift, brave, immortal, And
with him horse and foot, and parks of artillery,

And artillery-men, the deadliest that ever fired gun.

Still though the One I Sing

Still though the one I sing,

(One, yet of contradictions made,) I dedicate to Nationality, I leave in
him revolt, (O latent right of insurrection! O quenchless,
indispensable fire!)

Shut not Your Doors

Shut not your doors to me proud libraries,

For that which was lacking on all your well-fill'd shelves, yet needed
most, I bring, Forth from the war emerging, a book I have made,

The words of my book nothing, the drift of it every thing, A book
separate, not link'd with the rest nor felt by the intellect, But you
ye untold latencies will thrill to every page.

Poets to Come

Poets to come! orators singers musicians to come!

POETS TO COME: ORATORS, SINGERS, MUSICIANS TO COME:

Not to-day is to justify me and answer what I am for,

But you, a new brood, native, athletic, continental, greater than before
known, Arouse ! for you must justify me.

I myself but write one or two indicative words for the future, I but
advance a moment only to wheel and hurry back in the darkness.

I am a man who, sauntering along without fully stopping, turns a
casual look upon you and then averts his face, Leaving it to you to
prove and define it,

Expecting the main things from you.

To You

Stranger, if you passing meet me and desire to speak to me, why
should you not speak to me?

And why should I not speak to you?

Thou Reader

Thou reader throbbest life and pride and love the same as I, Therefore
for thee the following chants.

Starting from Paumanok

Starting from fish-shape Paumanok where I was born,
Well-begotten, and rais'd by a perfect mother,
After roaming many lands, lover of populous pavements,
Dweller in Mannahatta my city, or on southern savannas, Or a soldier
camp'd or carrying my knapsack and gun, or a miner in
California, Or rude in my home in Dakota's woods, my diet meat,
my drink from the spring, Or withdrawn to muse and meditate in
some deep recess,
Far from the clank of crowds intervals passing rapt and happy, Aware
of the fresh free giver the flowing Missouri, aware of mighty
Niagara, (10) Aware of the buffalo herds grazing the plains, the
hirsute and strong-breasted bull, Of earth, rocks, Fifth-month
flowers experienced, stars, rain, snow, my amaze, Having studied
the mocking-bird's tones and the flight of the mountain-hawk,
And heard at dawn the unrivall'd one, the hermit thrush from the
swamp-cedars, Solitary, singing in the West, I strike up for a New
World.

2

Victory, union, faith, identity, time,
The indissoluble compacts, riches, mystery,
Eternal progress, the kosmos, and the modern reports.
This then is life,
Here is what has come to the surface after so many throes and
convulsions.

(20) How curious! how real!

Underfoot the divine soil, overhead the sun.

See revolving the globe,

The ancestor-continents away group'd together,

The present and future continents north and south, with the isthmus
between.

See, vast trackless spaces,

As in a dream they change, they swiftly fill,

Countless masses debouch upon them,

They are now cover'd with the foremost people, arts, institutions,
known.

See, projected through time,

(30) For me an audience interminable.

With firm and regular step they wend, they never stop,

Successions of men, Americanos, a hundred millions,

One generation playing its part and passing on,

Another generation playing its part and passing on in its turn, With
faces turn'd sideways or backward towards me to listen, With eyes
retrospective towards me.

3

Americanos! conquerors! marches humanitarian I

Foremost! century marches! Libertad! masses I

For you a programme of chants.

(40) Chants of the prairies,

Chants of the long-running Mississippi, and down to the Mexican sea,

Chants of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and

Minnesota,

Chants going forth from the centre from Kansas, and thence

equidistant, Shooting in pulses of fire ceaseless to vivify all.

4

Take my leaves America, take them South and take them

North,

Make welcome for them everywhere, for they are your own offspring,

Surround them East and West, for they would surround you, And

you precedents, connect lovingly with them, for they connect

lovingly with you.

I conn'd old times,

(50) I sat studying at the feet of the great masters,

Now if eligible O that the great masters might return and study me

now it eligible O that the great masters might return and study me.

In the name of these States shall I scorn the antique?

Why these are the children of the antique to justify it.

5

Dead poets, philosophers, priests,

Martyrs, artists, inventors, governments long since,

Language-shapers on other shores,

Nations once powerful, now reduced, withdrawn, or desolate, I dare
not proceed till I respectfully credit what you have left wafted
hither, I have perused it, own it is admirable, (moving awhile
among it,) (60) Think nothing can ever be greater, nothing can
ever deserve more than it deserves, Regarding it all intently a
long while, then dismissing it, I stand in my place with my own
day here.

Here lands female and male,

Here the heir-ship and heiress-ship of the world, here the flame of
materials, Here spirituality the translatress, the openly-avow'd,

The ever-tending, the finale of visible forms,

The satisfier, after due long-waiting now advancing,

Yes here comes my mistress the soul.

6

The soul,

(70) Forever and forever – longer than soil is brown and solid – longer than water ebbs and flows.

I will make the poems of materials, for I think they are to be the most spiritual poems, And I will make the poems of my body and of mortality,

For I think I shall then supply myself with the poems of my soul and of immortality.

I will make a song for these States that no one State may under any circumstances be subjected to another State, And I will make a song that there shall be comity by day and by night between all the States, and between any two of them, And I will make a song for the ears of the President, full of weapons with menacing points, And behind the weapons countless dissatisfied faces;

And a song make I of the One form'd out of all,

The fang'd and glittering One whose head is over all,

(80) Resolute warlike One including and over all,

(However high the head of any else that head is over all.)

I will acknowledge contemporary lands,

I will trail the whole geography of the globe and salute courteously every city large and small, And employments! I will put in my poems that with you is heroism upon land and sea, And I will

report all heroism from an American point of view.

I will sing the song of companionship,

I will show what alone must finally compact these,

I believe these are to found their own ideal of manly love, indicating it
in me, I will therefore let flame from me the burning fires that
were threatening to consume me, (90) I will lift what has too long
kept down those smouldering fires, I will give them complete
abandonment,

I will write the evangel-poem of comrades and of love,

For who but I should understand love with all its sorrow and joy?

And who but I should be the poet of comrades?

7

I am the credulous man of qualities, ages, races,

I advance from the people in their own spirit,

Here is what sings unrestricted faith.

Omnes! omnes! let others ignore what they may,

I make the poem of evil also, I commemorate that part also, (100) I
am myself just as much evil as good, and my nation is – and I say
there is in fact no evil, (Or if there is I say it is just as important to
you, to the land or to me, as any thing else.)

I too, following many and follow'd by many, inaugurate a religion, I
descend into the arena, (It may be I am destin'd to utter the
loudest cries there, the winner's pealing shouts, Who knows ?
they may rise from me yet, and soar above every thing.)

Each is not for its own sake,

I say the whole earth and all the stars in the sky are for religion's sake.

I say no man has ever yet been half devout enough,

None has ever yet adored or worship'd half enough,

None has begun to think how divine he himself is, and how certain the
future is.

(110) I say that the real and permanent grandeur of these States must
be their religion, Otherwise there is no real and permanent
grandeur;

(Nor character nor life worthy the name without religion, Nor land
nor man or woman without religion.)

8

What are you doing young man?

Are you so earnest, so given up to literature, science, art, amours?

These ostensible realities, politics, points?

--

Your ambition or business whatever it may be?

It is well – against such I say not a word, I am their poet also, But
 behold! such swiftly subside, burnt up for religion's sake, (120)
 For not all matter is fuel to heat, impalpable flame, the essential
 life of the earth, Any more than such are to religion.

9

What do you seek so pensive and silent?

What do you need camerado ?

Dear son do you think it is love?

Listen dear son – listen America, daughter or son,

It is a painful thing to love a man or woman to excess, and yet it
 satisfies, it is great, But there is something else very great, it
 makes the whole coincide, It, magnificent, beyond materials, with
 continuous hands sweeps and provides for all.

10

Know you, solely to drop in the earth the germs of a greater religion,
 (130) The following chants each for its kind I sing.

My comrade!

For you to share with me two greatneses, and a third one rising

inclusive and more resplendent, The greatness of Love and
Democracy, and the greatness of Religion.

Melange mine own, the unseen and the seen, Mysterious ocean where
the streams empty,

Prophetic spirit of materials shifting and flickering around me, Living
beings, identities now doubtless near us in the air that we know
not of, Contact daily and hourly that will not release me,

These selecting, these in hints demanded of me.

(140) Not he with a daily kiss onward from childhood kissing me, Has
winded and twisted around me that which holds me to him, Any
more than I am held to the heavens and all the spiritual world,
After what they have done to me, suggesting themes.

O such themes – equalities! O divine average!

Warblings under the sun, usher'd as now, or at noon, or setting,
Strains musical flowing through ages, now reaching hither, I take
to your reckless and composite chords, add to them, and
cheerfully pass them forward.

11

As I have walk'd in Alabama my morning walk,

I have seen where the she-bird the mocking-bird sat on her nest in the
briers hatching her brood.

(150) I have seen the he-bird also,

I have paus'd to hear him near at hand inflating his throat and joyfully singing.

And while I paus'd it came to me that what he really sang for was not there only, Nor for his mate nor himself only, nor all sent back by the echoes, But subtle, clandestine, away beyond, A charge transmitted and gift occult for those being born.

12

Democracy! near at hand to you a throat is now inflating itself and joyfully singing.

Ma femme! for the brood beyond us and of us,
For those who belong here and those to come,
I exultant to be ready for them will now shake out carols stronger and haughtier than have ever yet been heard upon earth.

(160) I will make the songs of passion to give them their way, And your songs outlaw'd offenders, for I scan you with kindred eyes, and carry you with me the same as any.

I will make the true poem of riches,
To earn for the body and the mind whatever adheres and goes forward and is not dropt by death; I will effuse egotism and show it underlying all and I will be the hard of personality. And I will

underlying all, and I will be the bard of personality, And I will
show of male and female that either is but the equal of the other.

And sexual organs and acts! do you concentrate in me, for I am
determin'd to tell you with courageous clear voice to prove you
illustrious, And I will show that there is no imperfection in the
present, and can be none in the future, And I will show that
whatever happens to anybody it may be turn'd to beautiful
results, And I will show that nothing can happen more beautiful
than death, (170) And I will thread a thread through my poems
that time and events are compact, And that all the things of the
universe are perfect miracles, each as profound as any.

I will not make poems with reference to parts, But I will make poems,
songs, thoughts, with reference to ensemble, And I will not sing
with reference to a day, but with reference to all days, And I will
not make a poem nor the least part of a poem but has reference to
the soul, Because having look'd at the objects of the universe, I
find there is no one nor any particle of one but has reference to
the soul.

13

Was somebody asking to see the soul?

See, your own shape and countenance, persons, substances, beasts, the
trees, the running rivers, the rocks and sands.

All hold spiritual joys and afterwards loosen them;

(180) How can the real body ever die and be buried ?

Of your real body and any man's or woman's real body,

Item for item it will elude the hands of the corpse-cleaners and pass to
fitting spheres, Carrying what has accrued to it from the moment
of birth to the moment of death.

Not the types set up by the printer return their impression, the
meaning, the main concern, Any more than a man's substance and
life or a woman's substance and life return in the body and the
soul, Indifferently before death and after death.

Behold, the body includes and is the meaning, the main concern, and
includes and is the soul; Whoever you are, how superb and how
divine is your body, or any part of it 1

14

Whoever you are, to you endless announcements!

(190) Daughter of the lands did you wait for your poet ?

Did you wait for one with a flowing mouth and indicative hand?

Toward the male of the States, and toward the female of the States,

Exulting words, words to Democracy's lands.

Interlink'd, food-yielding lands!

Land of coal and iron! land of gold! land of cotton, sugar, rice!

Land of wheat, beef, pork! land of wool and hemp! land of the apple
and the grape!

Land of the pastoral plains, the grass-fields of the world! land of those
sweet-air'd interminable plateaus!

Land of the herd, the garden, the healthy house of adobie!

Lands where the north-west Columbia winds, and where the south-
west Colorado winds!

(200) Land of the eastern Chesapeake! land of the Delaware!

Land of Ontario, Erie, Huron, Michigan!

Land of the Old Thirteen! Massachusetts land! land of
Vermont and Connecticut!

Land of the ocean shores! land of sierras and peaks!

Land of boatmen and sailors! fishermen's land!

Inextricable lands! the clutch'd together! the passionate ones!

The side by side! the elder and younger brothers! the bony-limb'd!

The great women's land! the feminine! the experienced sisters and the
inexperienced sisters!

Far breath'd land! Arctic braced! Mexican breez'd! the diverse! the
compact!

The Pennsylvanian! the Virginian! the double Carolinian!

(210) O all and each well-loved by me! my intrepid nations! O I at any

rate include you all with perfect love!

I cannot be discharged from you! not from one any sooner than another!

O death! O for all that, I am yet of you unseen this hour with irrepressible love, Walking New England, a friend, a traveler,

Splashing my bare feet in the edge of the summer ripples on Paumanok's sands, Crossing the prairies, dwelling again in Chicago, dwelling in every town, Observing shows, births, improvements, structures, arts, Listening to orators and oratresses in public halls,

Of and through the States as during life, each man and woman my neighbor, The Louisianian, the Georgian, as near to me, and I as near to him and her, (220) The Mississippian and Arkansian yet with me, and I yet with any of them, Yet upon the plains west of the spinal river, yet in my house of adobie, Yet returning eastward, yet in the Seaside State or in

Maryland,

Yet Kanadian cheerily braving the winter, the snow and ice welcome to me, Yet a true son either of Maine or of the Granite State, or the Narragansett Bay State, or the Empire State,

Yet sailing to other shores to annex the same, yet welcoming every new brother, Hereby applying these leaves to the new ones from the hour they unite with the old ones, Coming among the new ones myself to be their companion and equal, coming personally to you now, Enjoining you to acts, characters, spectacles, with me

III.

With me with firm holding, yet haste, haste on.

(230) For your life adhere to me,

(I may have to be persuaded many times before I consent to give
myself really to you, but what of that?

Must not Nature be persuaed many times?)

No dainty dolce affettuoso I,

Bearded, sunburnt, gray-neck'd, forbidding, I have arrived, To be
wrestled with as I pass for the solid prizes of the universe, For
such I afford whoever can persevere to win them.

16

On my way a moment I pause,

Here for you! and here for America!

Still the present I raise aloft, still the future of the States I harbinge
glad and sublime, (240) And for the past I pronounce what the air
holds of the red aborigines.

The red aborigines,

Leaving natural breaths, sounds of rain and winds, calls as of birds and
animals in the woods, syllabled to us for names, Okonee, Koosa,
Ottawa, Monongahela, Sauk, Natchez,

Chattahoochee, Kaqueta, Oronoco,

Wabash, Miami, Saginaw, Chippewa, Oshkosh,

Walla-Walla,

Leaving such to the States they melt, they depart, charging the water
and the land with names.

17

Expanding and swift, henceforth,

Elements, breeds, adjustments, turbulent, quick and audacious, A
world primal again, vistas of glory incessant and branching, A
new race dominating previous ones and grander far, with new
contests, (250) New politics, new literatures and religions, new
inventions and arts.

These, my voice announcing - I will sleep no more but arise, You
oceans that have been calm within me! how I feel you,
fathomless, stirring, preparing unprecedented waves and storms.

18

See, steamers steaming through my poems,

See, in my poems immigrants continually coming and landing, See, in
arriere, the wigwam, the trail, the hunter's hut, the flat-boat, the
maize-leaf, the claim, the rude fence, and the backwoods village,
See, on the one side the Western Sea and on the other the Eastern
Sea, how they advance and retreat upon my poems as upon their
own shores, See, pastures and forests in my poems – see, animals
wild and tame – see, beyond the Kaw, countless herds of buffalo
See, in my poems, the great, the small, the old, the new, the living, the dead, the
the living, the dead, the living, the dead, the living, the dead, the living, the dead,

reeding on snort curly grass, See, in my poems, cities, solid, vast,
inland, with paved streets, with iron and stone edifices, ceaseless
vehicles, and commerce, See, the many-cylinder'd steam printing-
press – see, the electric telegraph stretching across the continent,
(260) See, through Atlantica's depths pulses American Europe
reaching, pulses of Europe duly return'd, See, the strong and
quick locomotive as it departs, panting, blowing the steam-
whistle, See, ploughmen ploughing farms – see, miners digging
mines – see, the numberless factories, See, mechanics busy at
their benches with tools – see from among them superior judges,
philosophs, Presidents, emerge, drest in working dresses, See,
lounging through the shops and fields of the States, me well-
belov'd, close-held by day and night, Hear the loud echoes of my
songs there – read the hints come at last.

O camerado close! O you and me at last, and us two only.

O a word to clear one's path ahead endlessly!

O something ecstatic and undemonstrable! O music wild 1

O now I triumph – and you shall also;

(270) O hand in hand – O wholesome pleasure – O one more desirer
and lover!

O to haste firm holding – to haste, haste on with me.

Song of Myself

1

I celebrate myself, and sing myself,

And what I assume you shall assume,
For every atom belonging to me as good belongs to you.

I loafe and invite my soul,
I lean and loafe at my ease observing a spear of summer grass.

My tongue, every atom of my blood, form'd from this soil, this air,
Born here of parents born here from parents the same, and their
parents the same, I, now thirty-seven years old in perfect health
begin,

Hoping to cease not till death.

(10) Creeds and schools in abeyance,

Retiring back a while sufficed at what they are, but never forgotten, I
harbor for good or bad, I permit to speak at every hazard, Nature
without check with original energy.

2

Houses and rooms are full of perfumes, the shelves are crowded with
perfumes, I breathe the fragrance myself and know it and like it,
The distillation would intoxicate me also, but I shall not let it.

The atmosphere is not a perfume, it has no taste of distillation, it is

odorless, It is for my mouth forever, I am in love with it,
I will go to the bank by the wood and become undisguised and naked,
(20) I am mad for it to be in contact with me.

The smoke of my own breath,

Echoes, ripples, buzz'd whispers, love-root, silk-thread, crotch and
vine, My respiration and inspiration, the beating of my heart, the
passing of blood and air through my lungs, The sniff of green
leaves and dry leaves, and of the shore and dark-color'd sea-rocks,
and of hay in the barn, The sound of the belch'd words of my
voice loos'd to the eddies of the wind, A few light kisses, a few
embraces, a reaching around of arms, The play of shine and shade
on the trees as the supple boughs wag, The delight alone or in the
rush of the streets, or along the fields and hill-sides, The feeling of
health, the full-noon trill, the song of me rising from bed and
meeting the sun.

(30) Have you reckon'd a thousand acres much ? have you reckoned
the earth much?

Have you practis'd so long to learn to read ?

Have you felt so proud to get at the meaning of poems?

Stop this day and night with me and you shall possess the origin of all
poems, You shall possess the good of the earth and sun, (there are

millions of suns left,) You shall no longer take things at second or third hand, nor look through the eyes of the dead, nor feed on the spectres in books, You shall not look through my eyes either, nor take things from me, You shall listen to all sides and filter them from your self.

3

I have heard what the talkers were talking, the talk of the beginning and the end, But I do not talk of the beginning or the end.

(40) There was never any more inception than there is now, Nor any more youth or age than there is now,
And will never be any more perfection than there is now, Nor any more heaven or hell than there is now.

Urge and .urge and urge,

Always the' procreant urge of the world.

Out of the dimness opposite equals advance, always substance and increase, always sex, Always a knit of identity, always distinction, always a breed of life.

To elaborate is no avail, learn'd and unlearn'd feel that it is so.

- - - - -

Sure as the most certain sure, plumb in the uprights, well entretied,
braced in the beams, (50) Stout as a horse, affectionate, haughty,
electrical, I and this mystery here we stand.

Clear and sweet is my soul, and clear and sweet is all that is not my
soul.

Lack one lacks both, and the unseen is proved by the seen, Till that
becomes unseen and receives proof in its turn.

Showing the best and dividing it from the worst age vexes age,
Knowing the perfect fitness and equanimity of things, while they
discuss I am silent, and go bathe and admire myself.

Welcome is every organ and attribute of me, and of any man hearty
and clean, Not an inch nor a particle of an inch is vile, and none
shall be less familiar than the rest.

I am satisfied -I see, dance, laugh, sing;

(60) As the hugging and loving bed-fellow sleeps at my side through
the night, and withdraws at the peep of the day with stealthy
tread, Leaving me baskets cover'd with white towels swelling the
house with their plenty, Shall I postpone my acceptation and
realization and scream at my eyes, That they turn from gazing
after and down the road,

And forthwith cipher and show me to a cent

And turn with cipher and show me to a cent,

Exactly the value of one and exactly the value of two, and which is
ahead?

4

Trippers and askers surround me,

People I meet, the effect upon me of my early life or the ward and city
I live in, or the nation, The latest dates, discoveries, inventions,
societies, authors old and new, My dinner, dress, associates, looks,
compliments, dues, (70) The real or fancied indifference of some
man or woman I love, The sickness of one of my folks or of
myself, or ill-doing or loss or lack of money, or depressions or
exaltations, Battles, the horrors of fratricidal war, the fever of
doubtful news, the fitful events; These come to me days and
nights and go from me again,

But they are not the Me myself.

Apart from the pulling and hauling stands what I am,

Stands amused, complacent, compassionating, idle, unitary, Looks
down, is erect, or bends an arm on an impalpable certain rest,
Looking with side-curved head curious what will come next, Both
in and out of the game and watching and wondering at it.

(80) Backward I see in my own days where I sweated through fog with
linenists and contenders I have no mockings or arguments I

linguists and contemners, I have no mockings or arguments, I
witness and wait.

5

I believe in you my soul, the other I am must not abase itself to you,
And you must not be abased to the other.

Loafe with me on the grass, loose the stop from your throat, Not
words, not music or rhyme I want, not custom or lecture, not even
the best, Only the lull I like, the hum of your valvèd voice.

I mind how once we lay such a transparent summer morning, How
you settled your head athwart my hips and gently turn'd over
upon me, And parted the shirt from my bosom-bone, and plunged
your tongue to my bare-stript heart, (90) And reach'd till you felt
my beard, and reach'd till you held my feet.

Swiftly arose and spread around me the peace and knowledge that
pass all the argument of the earth, And I know that the hand of
God is the promise of my own, And I know that the spirit of God
is the brother of my own, And that all the men ever born are also
my brothers, and the women my sisters and lovers, And that a
kelson of the creation is love,

And limitless are leaves stiff or drooping in the fields, And brown ants
in the little wells beneath them,

And mossy scabs of the worm fence, heap'd stones, elder, mullein and

poke-weed.

6

A child said *What is the grass ?* fetching it to me with full hands; (100)
How could I answer the child? I do not know what it is any more
than he.

I guess it must be the flag of my disposition, out of hopeful green stuff
woven.

Or I guess it is the handkerchief of the Lord,
A scented gift and remembrancer designedly dropt,
Bearing the owner's name someway in the corners, that we may see
and remark, and say *Whose?*

Or I guess the grass is itself a child, the produced babe of the
vegetation.

Or I guess it is a uniform hieroglyphic,
And it means, Sprouting alike in broad zones and narrow zones,
Growing among black folks as among white,
Kanuck, Tuckahoe, Congressman, Cuff, I give them the same, I receive
them the same.

(110) And now it seems to me the beautiful uncut hair of graves.

Tenderly will I use you curling grass,

It may be you transpire from the breasts of young men,

It may be if I had known them I would have loved them,

It may be you are from old people, or from offspring taken soon out of
their mothers' laps, And here you are the mothers' laps.

This grass is very dark to be from the white heads of old mothers,

Darker than the colorless beards of old men,

Dark to come from under the faint red roofs of mouths.

O I perceive after all so many uttering tongues,

(120) And I perceive they do not come from the roofs of mouths for
nothing.

I wish I could translate the hints about the dead young men and
women, And the hints about old men and mothers, and the
offspring taken soon out of their laps.

What do you think has become of the young and old men?

And what do you think has become of the women and children?

They are alive and well somewhere,
The smallest sprout shows there is really no death,
And if ever there was it led forward life, and does not wait at the end
to arrest it, And ceas'd the moment life appeared.
All goes onward and outward, nothing collapses,

(130) And to die is different from what any one supposed, and luckier.

7

Has any one supposed it lucky to be born ?
I hasten to inform him or her it is just as lucky to die, and I know it.

I pass death with the dying and birth with the new-wash'd babe, and
am not contain'd between my hat and boots, And peruse manifold
objects, no two alike and every one good, The earth good and the
stars good, and their adjuncts all good.

I am not an earth nor an adjunct of an earth,
I am the mate and companion of people, all just as immortal and
fathomless as myself, (They do not know how immortal, but I
know.)

Every kind for itself and its own, for me mine male and female, (140)
For me those that have been boys and that love women, For me
the man that is proud and feels how it stings to be slighted, For

me the sweetheart and the old maid, for me mothers and the
mothers of mothers, For me lips that have smiled, eyes that have
shed tears, For me children and the begetters of children.

Undrape! you are not guilty to me, nor stale nor discarded, I see
through the broadcloth and gingham whether or no, And am
around, tenacious, acquisitive, tireless, and cannot be shaken
away.

8

The little one sleeps in its cradle,
I lift the gauze and look a long time, and silently brush away flies with
my hand.

(150) The youngster and the red-faced girl turn aside up the bushy
hill, I peeringly view them from the top.

The suicide sprawls on the bloody floor of the bedroom, I witness the
corpse with its dabbled hair, I note where the pistol has fallen.

The blab of the pave, tires of carts, sluff of boot-soles, talk of the
promenaders, The heavy omnibus, the driver with his
interrogating thumb, the clank of the shod horses on the granite
floor, The snow-sleighs, clinking, shouted jokes, pelts of snow-
balls, The hurrahs for popular favorites, the fury of rous'd mobs,

The flap of the curtain'd litter, a sick man inside borne to the hospital, The meeting of enemies, the sudden oath, the blows and fall, (160) The excited crowd, the policeman with his star quickly working his passage to the centre of the crowd, The impassive stones that receive and return so many echoes, What groans of over-fed or half-starv'd who fall sunstruck or in fits, What exclamations of women taken suddenly who hurry home and give birth to babes, What living and buried speech is always vibrating here, what howls restrain'd by decorum, Arrests of criminals, slights, adulterous offers made, acceptances, rejections with convex lips, I mind them or the show or resonance of them -I come and I depart.

9

The big doors of the country barn stand open and ready, The dried grass of the harvest-time loads the slow-drawn wagon, The clear light plays on the brown gray and green intertinged, (170) The armfuls are pack'd to the sagging mow.

I am there, I help, I came stretch'd atop of the load,
I felt its soft jolts, one leg reclined on the other,
I jump from the cross-beams and seize the clover and timothy, And
roll head over heels and tangle my hair full of wisps.

10

Alone far in the wilds and mountains I hunt,
Wandering amazed at my own lightness and glee,
In the late afternoon choosing a safe spot to pass the night, Kindling a
fire and broiling the fresh-kill'd game,
Falling asleep on the gather'd leaves with my dog and gun by my side.

(180) The Yankee clipper is under her sky-sails, she cuts the sparkle
and scud, My eyes settle the land, I bend at her prow or shout
joyously from the deck.

The boatmen and clam-diggers arose early and stopt for me, I tuck'd
my trowser-ends in my boots and went and had a good time; You
should have been with us that day round the chowder-kettle.

I saw the marriage of the trapper in the open air in the far west, the
bride was a red girl, Her father and his friends sat near cross-
legged and dumbly smoking, they had moccasins to their feet and
large thick blankets hanging from their shoulders, On a bank
lounged the trapper, he was drest mostly in skins, his luxuriant
beard and curls protected his neck, he held his bride by the hand,
She had long eyelashes, her head was bare, her coarse straight
locks descended upon her voluptuous limbs and reach'd to her
feet.

The runaway slave came to my house and stopt outside,

(190) I heard his motions crackling the twigs of the woodpile,
Through the swung half-door of the kitchen I saw him limpsy and
weak, And went where he sat on a log and led him in and assured
him, And brought water and fill'd a tub for his sweated body and
bruise'd feet, And gave him a room that enter'd from my own, and
gave him some coarse clean clothes, And remember perfectly well
his revolving eyes and his awkwardness, And remember putting
plasters on the galls of his neck and ankles; He staid with me a
week before he was recuperated and pass'd north, I had him sit
next me at table, my fire-lock lean'd in the corner.

II

Twenty-eight young men bathe by the shore,

(200) Twenty-eight young men and all so friendly;

Twenty-eight years of womanly life and all so lonesome.

She owns the fine house by the rise of the bank,

She hides handsome and richly drest aft the blinds of the window.

Which of the young men does she like the best?

Ah the homeliest of them is beautiful to her.

Where are you off to, lady? for I see you,

You splash in the water there, yet stay stock still in your room.

Dancing and laughing along the beach came the twenty-ninth bather,
The rest did not see her, but she saw them and loved them.

(210) The beards of the young men glisten'd with wet, it ran from
their long hair, Little streams pass'd all over their bodies.

An unseen hand also pass'd over their bodies,
It descended tremblingly from their temples and ribs.

The young men float on their backs, their white bellies bulge to the
sun, they do not ask who seizes fast to them, They do not know
who puffs and declines with pendant and bending arch, They do
not think whom they souse with spray.

12

The butcher-boy puts off his killing-clothes, or sharpens his knife at
the stall in the market, I loiter enjoying his repartee and his
shuffle and break-down.

Blacksmiths with grimed and hairy chests environ the anvil, (220)
Each has his main-sledge, they are all out, there is a great heat in
the fire.

From the cinder-strew'd threshold I follow their movements, The lithe

sheer of their waists plays even with their massive arms,
Overhand the hammers swing, overhand so slow, overhand so
sure, They do not hasten, each man hits in his place.

13

The negro holds firmly the reins of his four horses, the block swags
underneath on its tied-over chain, The negro that drives the long
dray of the stone-yard, steady and tall he stands pois'd on one leg
on the string-piece, His blue shirt exposes his ample neck and
breast and loosens over his hip-band, His glance is calm and
commanding, he tosses the slouch of his hat away from his
forehead, The sun falls on his crispy hair and mustache, falls on
the black of his polish'd and perfect limbs.

(230) I behold the picturesque giant and love him, and I do not stop
there, I go with the team also.

In me the caresser of life wherever moving, backward as well as
forward sluing, To niches aside and junior bending, not a person
or object missing, Absorbing all to myself and for this song.

Oxen that rattle the yoke and chain or halt in the leafy shade, what is
that you express in your eyes?

It seems to me more than all the print I have read in my life.

My tread scares the wood-drake and wood-duck on my distant and
day-long ramble, They rise together, they slowly circle around.

I believe in those wing'd purposes,

(240) And acknowledge red, yellow, white, playing within me, And
consider green and violet and the tufted crown intentional, And
do not call the tortoise unworthy because she is not something
else, And the jay in the woods never studied the gamut, yet trills
pretty well to me, And the look of the bay mare shames silliness
out of me.

14

The wild gander leads his flock through the cool night, *Ya-honk* he
says, and sounds it down to me like an invitation, The pert may
suppose it meaningless, but I listening close, Find its purpose and
place up there toward the wintry sky.

The sharp-hoof'd moose of the north, the cat on the house-sill, the
chickadee, the prairie-dog, (250) The litter of the grunting sow as
they tug at her teats, The brood of the turkey-hen and she with
her half-spread wings, I see in them and myself the same old law.

The press of my foot to the earth springs a hundred affections, They
scorn the best I can do to relate them.

I am enamour'd of growing out-doors,

Of men that live among cattle or taste of the ocean or woods, Of the
builders and steerers of ships and the wielders of axes and mauls,
and the drivers of horses, I can eat and sleep with them week in
and week out.

What is commonest, cheapest, nearest, easiest, is Me,

(260) Me going in for my chances, spending for vast returns, Adorning
myself to bestow myself on the first that will take me, Not asking
the sky to come down to my good will,

Scattering it freely forever.

15

The pure contralto sings in the organ loft,

The carpenter dresses his plank, the tongue of his foreplane whistles
its wild ascending lisp, The married and unmarried children ride
home to their

Thanksgiving dinner,

The pilot seizes the king-pin, he heaves down with a strong arm, The
mate stands braced in the whale-boat, lance and harpoon are
ready.

The duck-shooter walks by silent and cautious stretches, (270) The
deacons are ordain'd with cross'd hands at the altar, The spinning-
girl retreats and advances to the hum of the big wheel, The
farmer stops by the bars as he walks on a First-day loafe and looks
at the oats and rye, The lunatic is carried at last to the asylum a
confirm'd case. (He will never sleep any more as he did in the cot

confin'd case, (He will never sleep any more as he did in the cot
in his mother's bedroom;) The jour printer with gray head and
gaunt jaws works at his case, He turns his quid of tobacco while
his eyes blurr with the manuscript; The malform'd limbs are tied
to the surgeon's table,

What is removed drops horribly in a pail;

The quadroon girl is sold at the auction-stand, the drunkard nods by
the bar-room stove, (280) The machinist rolls up his sleeves, the
policeman travels his beat, the gate-keeper marks who pass, The
young fellow drives the express-wagon, (I love him, though I do
not know him;) The half-breed straps on his light boots to
compete in the race, The western turkey-shooting draws old and
young, some lean on their rifles, some sit on logs, Out from the
crowd steps the marksman, takes his position, levels his piece;
The groups of newly-come immigrants cover the wharf or levee,
As the woolly-pates hoe in the sugar-field, the overseer views
them from his saddle, The bugle calls in the ball-room, the
gentlemen run for their partners, the dancers bow to each other,
The youth lies awake in the cedar-roof'd garret and harks to the
musical rain, The Wolverine sets traps on the creek that helps fill
the Huron,

(290) The squaw wrapt in her yellow-hemm'd cloth is offering
moccasins and bead-bags for sale, The connoisseur peers along the
exhibition-gallery with half-shut eyes bent sideways, As the
deckhands make fast the steamboat the plank is thrown for the
shore-going passengers, The young sister holds out the skein while

the elder sister winds it off in a ball, and stops now and then for the knots, The one-year wife is recovering and happy having a week ago borne her first child, The clean-hair'd Yankee girl works with her sewing-machine or in the factory or mill, The paving-man leans on his two-handed rammer, the reporter's lead flies swiftly over the note-book, the sign-painter is lettering with blue and gold, The canal boy trots on the tow-path, the book-keeper counts at his desk, the shoemaker waxes his thread, The conductor beats time for the band and all the performers follow him, The child is baptized, the convert is making his first professions, (300) The regatta is spread on the bay, the race is begun, (how the white sails sparkle!) The drover watching his drove sings out to them that would stray, The pedler sweats with his pack on his back, (the purchaser higgling about the odd cent;) The bride unrumples her white dress, the minute-hand of the clock moves slowly, The opium-eater reclines with rigid head and just-open'd lips, The prostitute draggles her shawl, her bonnet bobs on her tipsy and pimpled neck, The crowd laugh at her blackguard oaths, the men jeer and wink to each other, (Miserable! I do not laugh at your oaths nor jeer you;) The President holding a cabinet council is surrounded by the great Secretaries, On the piazza walk three matrons stately and friendly with twined arms, (310) The crew of the fish-smack pack repeated layers of halibut in the hold, The Missourian crosses the plains toting his wares and his cattle, As the fare-collector goes through the train he gives notice by the jingling of loose change, The floor-men are laying the floor, the tinnerns are tinning the roof, the

masons are calling for mortar, In single file each shouldering his
hod pass onward the laborers; Seasons pursuing each other the
indescribable crowd is gather'd, it is the fourth of Seventh-month,
(what salutes of cannon and small arms!) Seasons pursuing each
other the plougher ploughs, the mower mows, and the winter-
grain falls in the ground; Off on the lakes the pike-fisher watches
and waits by the hole in the frozen surface, The stumps stand
thick round the clearing, the squatter strikes deep with his axe,
Flatboatmen make fast towards dusk near the cotton-wood or
pecan-trees, (320) Coon-seekers go through the regions of the Red
river or through those drain'd by the Tennessee, or through those
of the Arkansas, Torches shine in the dark that hangs on the
Chattahooche or Altamahaw, Patriarchs sit at supper with sons
and grandsons and great-grandsons around them, In walls of
adobie, in canvas tents, rest hunters and trappers after their day's
sport, The city sleeps and the country sleeps,

The living sleep for their time, the dead sleep for their time, The old
husband sleeps by his wife and the young husband sleeps by his
wife; And these tend inward to me, and I tend outward to them,
And such as it is to be of these more or less I am,

And of these one and all I weave the song of myself.

16

(330) I am of old and young, of the foolish as much as the wise,
Regardless of others, ever regardless of others,

Maternal as well as paternal, a child as well as a man, Stuff'd with the
stuff that is coarse and stuff'd with the stuff that is fine. One of

the Nation of many nations, the smallest the same and the largest
the same, A Southerner soon as a Northerner, a planter
nonchalant and hospitable down by the Oconee I live, A Yankee
bound my own way ready for trade, my joints the limberest joints
on earth and the sternest joints on earth, A Kentuckian walking
the vale of the Elkhorn in my deer-skin leggings, a Louisianian or
Georgian, A boatman over lakes or bays or along coasts, a
Hoosier, Badger, Buckeye;

At home on Kanadian snow-shoes or up in the bush, or with fishermen
off Newfoundland, (340) At home in the fleet of ice-boats, sailing
with the rest and tracking, At home on the hills of Vermont or in
the woods of Maine, or the Texan ranch, Comrade of Californians,
comrade of free North-Westerners (loving their big proportions,)

Comrade of raftsmen and coalmen, comrade of all who shake hands
and welcome to drink and meat, A learner with the simplest, a
teacher of the thoughtfulest, A novice beginning yet experient of
myriads of seasons, Of every hue and caste am I, of every rank
and religion, A farmer, mechanic, artist, gentleman, sailor,
quaker,

Prisoner, fancy-man, rowdy, lawyer, physician, priest.

I resist any thing better than my own diversity,
(350) Breathe the air but leave plenty after me,
And am not stuck up, and am in my place.

(The moth and the fish-eggs are in their place,
The bright suns I see and the dark suns I cannot see are in their place,
The palpable is in its place and the impalpable is in its place.)

17

These are really the thoughts of all men in all ages and lands, they are
not original with me, If they are not yours as much as mine they
are nothing, or next to nothing, If they are not the riddle and the
untying of the riddle they are nothing, If they are not just as close
as they are distant they are nothing.

This is the grass that grows wherever the land is and the water is,
(360) This the common air that bathes the globe.

18

With music strong I come, with my cornets and my drums, I play not
marches for accepted victors only, I play marches for conquer'd
and slain persons.

Have you heard that it was good to gain the day?

I also say it is good to fall, battles are lost in the same spirit in which
they are won.

I beat and pound for the dead,

I blow through my embouchures my loudest and gayest for them.

Vivas to those who have fail'd!

And to those whose war-vessels sank in the sea!

And to those themselves who sank in the sea!

(370) And to all generals that lost engagements, and all overcome
heroes!

And the numberless unknown heroes equal to the greatest heroes
known!

19.

This is the meal equally set, this the meat for natural hunger, It is for
the wicked just the same as the righteous, I make appointments
with all, I will not have a single person slighted or left away,

The kept-woman, sponger, thief, are hereby invited,

The heavy-lipp'd slave is invited, the venerealee is invited; There shall
be no difference between them and the rest.

This is the press of a bashful hand, this the float and odor of hair, This
the touch of my lips to yours, this the murmur of yearning, (380)
This the far-off depth and height reflecting my own face, This the
thoughtful merge of myself, and the outlet again.

Do you guess I have some intricate purpose?

Well I have, for the Fourth-month showers have, and the mica on the
side of a rock has.

Do you take it I would astonish ?

Does the daylight astonish? does the early redstart twittering through
the woods?

Do I astonish more than they?

This hour I tell things in confidence,

I might not tell everybody, but I will tell you.

20

Who goes there? hankering, gross, mystical, nude;

(390) How is it I extract strength from the beef I eat ?

What is a man anyhow? what am I ? what are you?

All I mark as my own you shall offset it with your own, Else it were
time lost listening to me.

I do not snivel that snivel the world over,

That months are vacuums and the ground but wallow and filth.

Whimpering and truckling fold with powders for invalids, conformity
goes to the fourth-remov'd, I wear my hat as I please indoors or
out.

Why should I pray? why should I venerate and be ceremonious?

Having pried through the strata, analyzed to a hair, counsel'd with
doctors and calculated close, (400) I find no sweeter fat than
sticks to my own bones.

In all people I see myself, none more and not one a barley-corn less,
And the good or bad I say of myself I say of them.

I know I am solid and sound,

To me the converging objects of the universe perpetually flow, All are
written to me, and I must get what the writing means.

I know I am deathless,

I know this orbit of mine cannot be swept by a carpenter's compass, I
know I shall not pass like a child's carlacue cut with a burnt stick
at night.

I know I am august,

(410) I do not trouble my spirit to vindicate itself or be understood, I
see that the elementary laws never apologize,

(I reckon I behave no prouder than the level I plant my house by, after
all.)

I exist as I am, that is enough,

If no other in the world be aware I sit content,

And if each and all be aware I sit content.

One world is aware and by far the largest to me, and that is myself,
And whether I come to my own to-day or on ten thousand or ten
million years, I can cheerfully take it now, or with equal
cheerfulness I can wait.

My foothold is tenon'd and mortis'd in granite,
(420) I laugh at what you call dissolution,
And I know the amplitude of time.

21

I am the poet of the Body and I am the poet of the Soul, The pleasures
of heaven are with me and the pains of hell are with me, The first
I graft and increase upon myself, the latter I translate into a new
tongue.

I am the poet of the woman the same as the man,
And I say it is as great to be a woman as to be a man,
And I say there is nothing greater than the mother of men.

I chant the chant of dilation or pride,
We have had ducking and deprecating about enough.

(430) I show that size is only development.

Have you outstript the rest ? are you the President ?

It is a trifle, they will more than arrive there every one, and still pass
on.

I am he that walks with the tender and growing night,

I call to the earth and sea half-held by the night.

Press close bare-bosom'd night – press close magnetic nourishing
night!

Night of south winds – night of the large few stars I

Still nodding night – mad naked summer night.

Smile O voluptuous cool-breath'd earth!

Earth of the slumbering and liquid trees!

(440) Earth of departed sunset – earth of the mountains misty-topt!

Earth of the vitreous pour of the full moon just tinged with blue!

Earth of shine and dark mottling the tide of the river!

Earth of the limpid gray of clouds brighter and clearer for my sake!

Far-swooping elbow'd earth – rich apple-blossom'd earth!

Smile, for your lover comes.

Prodigal, you have given me love – therefore I to you give love!

O unspeakable passionate love.

22

You sea! I resign myself to you also -I guess what you mean, I behold
from the beach your crooked inviting fingers,

(450) I believe you refuse to go back without feeling of me, We must
have a turn together, I undress, hurry me out of sight of the land,
Cushion me soft, rock me in billowy drowse,

Dash me with amorous wet, I can repay you.

Sea of stretch'd ground-swells,

Sea breathing broad and convulsive breaths,

Sea of the brine of life and of unshovell'd yet always-ready graves,
Howler and scooper of storms, capricious and dainty sea, I am
integral with you, I too am of one phase and of all Partaker of
influx and efflux I, extoller of hate and conciliation, (460) Extoller
of amies and those that sleep in each others' arms.

I am he attesting sympathy,

(Shall I make my list of things in the house and skip the house that
supports them?)

I am not the poet of goodness only, I do not decline to be the poet of wickedness also.

What blurt is this about virtue and about vice?

Evil propels me and reform of evil propels me, I stand indifferent, My gait is no fault-finder's or rejecter's gait,

I moisten the roots of all that has grown.

Did you fear some scrofula out of the unflagging pregnancy?

Did you guess the celestial laws are yet to be work'd over and rectified?

(470) I find one side a balance and the antipodal side a balance, Soft doctrine as steady help as stable doctrine,

Thoughts and deeds of the present our rouse and early start.

This minute that comes to me over the past decillions,

There is no better than it and now.

What behaved well in the past or behaves well to-day is not such a wonder, The wonder is always and always how there can be a mean man or an infidel.

Endless unfolding of words of ages!

And mine a word of the modern, the word En-Masse.

A word of the faith that never balks,

(480) Here or henceforward it is all the same to me, I accept Time
absolutely.

It alone is without flaw, it alone rounds and completes all, That mystic
baffling wonder alone completes all.

I accept Reality and dare not question it,

Materialism first and last imbuing.

Hurrah for positive science! long live exact demonstration!

Fetch stonecrop mixt with cedar and branches of lilac,

This is the lexicographer, this the chemist, this made a grammar of the
old cartouches, These mariners put the ship through dangerous
unknown seas.

This is the geologist, this works with the scalpel, and this is a
mathematician.

(490) Gentlemen, to you the first honors always!

Your facts are useful and yet they are not my dwelling, I but enter by
them to an area of my dwelling.

Less the reminders of properties told my words,
And more the reminders they of life untold, and of freedom and
extrication, And make short account of neuters and geldings, and
favor men and women fully equipt, And beat the gong of revolt,
and stop with fugitives and them that plot and conspire.

24

Walt Whitman, a kosmos, of Manhattan the son,
Turbulent, fleshy, sensual, eating, drinking and breeding, No
sentimentalist, no stander above men and women or apart from
them, (500) No more modest than immodest.

Unscrew the locks from the doors!

Unscrew the doors themselves from their jambs 1

Whoever degrades another degrades me,

And whatever is done or said returns at last to me.

Through me the afflatus surging and surging, through me the current
and index.

I speak the pass-word primeval, I give the sign of democracy, By God!

I will accept nothing which all cannot have their counterpart of

on the same terms.

Through me many long dumb voices,
Voices of the interminable generations of prisoners and slaves,
510 Voices of the diseased and despairing and of thieves and dwarfs,
Voices of cycles of preparation and accretion,
And of the threads that connect the stars > and of wombs and of the
father-stuff,
And of the rights of them the others are down upon,
Of the deform'd, trivial, flat, foolish, despised,
Fog in the air, beetles rolling balls of dung.
Through me forbidden voices,
Voices of sexes and lusts, voices veil'd and I remove the veil,
Voices indecent by me clarified and transfigur'd.

I do not press my fingers across my mouth,
520 I keep as delicate around the bowels as around the head and
heart,
Copulation is no more rank to me than death is.

I believe in the flesh and the appetites,
Seeing. hearing. feeling. are miracles. and each part and tag of me is a

...ing, hearing, feeling, the miracle, and each part and tag of me is a
miracle.

Divine am I inside and out, and I make holy whatever I
touch or am touch'd from,
The scent of these arm-pits aroma finer than prayer,
This head more than churches, bibles, and all the creeds.

If I worship one thing more than another it shall be the spread of my
own body, or any part of it,
Translucent mould of me it shall be you!
Shaded ledges and rests it shall be you!
530 Firm masculine colter it shall be you!
Whatever goes to the tilth of me it shall be you!
You my rich blood! your milky stream pale stoppings of my life!
Breast that presses against other breasts it shall be you!
My brain it shall be your occult convolutions!
Root of wash'd sweet-flag! timorous pond-snipe! nest of guarded
duplicate eggs! it shall be you!
Mix'd tussled hay of head, beard, brawn, it shall be you!
Trickling sap of maple, fibre of manly wheat, it shall be you!
Sun so generous it shall be you!

Vapors lighting and shading my face it shall be you!

(540) You sweaty brooks and dews it shall be you!

Winds whose soft-tickling genitals rub against me it shall be you!

Broad muscular fields, branches of live oak, loving lounge in my
winding paths, it shall be you!

Hands I have taken, face I have kiss'd, mortal I have ever touch'd, it
shall be you.

I dote on myself, there is that lot of me and all so luscious, Each
moment and whatever happens thrills me with joy,

I cannot tell how my ankles bend, nor whence the cause of my faintest
wish, Nor the cause of the friendship I emit, nor the cause of the
friendship I take again.

That I walk up my stoop, I pause to consider if it really be, A morning-
glory at my windows satisfies me more than the metaphysics of
books.

(550) To behold the day-break!

The little light fades the immense and diaphanous shadows, The air
tastes good to my palate.

Hefts of the moving world at innocent gambols silently rising freshly
exuding Scooting obliquely high and low

ascending, descending obliquely high and low.

Something I cannot see puts upward libidinous prongs,
Seas of bright juice suffuse heaven.

The earth by the sky staid with, the daily close of their junction, The
heav'd challenge from the east that moment over my head, The
mocking taunt, See then whether you shall be master!

25

(560) Dazzling and tremendous how quick the sun-rise would kill me,
If I could not now and always send sun-rise out of me.

We also ascend dazzling and tremendous as the sun,
We found our own O my soul in the calm and cool of the day-break.

My voice goes after what my eyes cannot reach,
With the twirl of my tongue I encompass words and volumes of
worlds.

Speech is the twin of my vision, it is unequal to measure itself, It
provokes me forever, it says sarcastically,

Walt you contain enough, why don't you let it out then ?

Come now I will not be tantalized, you conceive too much of

articulation, (570) Do you know O speech how the buds beneath
you are folded?

Waiting in gloom, protected by frost,
The dirt receding before my prophetic screams,
I underlying causes to balance them at last,
My knowledge my live parts, it keeping tally with the meaning of all
things, Happiness, (which whoever hears me let him or her set
out in search of this day.)

My final merit I refuse you, I refuse putting from me what I really am,
Encompass worlds, but never try to encompass me,
I crowd your sleekest and best by simply looking toward you.

Writing and talk do not prove me,
(580) I carry the plenum of proof and everything else in my face, With
the hush of my lips I wholly confound the skeptic.

26

Now I will do nothing but listen,
To accrue what I hear into this song, to let sounds contribute toward
it.

I hear bravuras of birds, bustle of growing wheat, gossip of flames,
clack of sticks cooking my meals I hear the sound I love the

click of sticks cooking my meals, I hear the sound of love, the
sound of the human voice,

I hear all sounds running together, combined, fused or following,
Sounds of the city and sounds out of the city, sounds of the day
and night, Talkative young ones to those that like them, the loud
laugh of work-people at their meals, The angry base of disjointed
friendship, the faint tones of the sick, (590) The judge with hands
tight to the desk, his pallid lips pronouncing a death-sentence,
The heave'e'yo of stevedores unlading ships by the wharves, the
refrain of the anchor-lifters, The ring of alarm-bells, the cry of
fire, the whirr of swift-streaking engines and hose-carts with
premonitory tinkles and color'd lights, The steam-whistle, the
solid roll of the train of approaching cars, The slow march play'd
at the head of the association marching two and two, (They go to
guard some corpse, the flag-tops are draped with black muslin.)

I hear the violoncello, ('tis the young man's heart's complaint,) I hear
the key'd cornet, it glides quickly in through my ears, It shakes
mad-sweet pangs through my belly and breast.

I hear the chorus, it is a grand opera, (600) Ah this indeed is music-
this suits me.

A tenor large and fresh as the creation fills me,
The orbic flex of his mouth is pouring and filling me full.

I hear the train'd soprano (what work with hers is this?) The orchestra
whirls me wider than Uranus flies,

It wrenches such ardors from me I did not know I possess'd them, It
sails me, I dab with bare feet, they are lick'd by the indolent
waves, I am cut by bitter and angry hail, I lose my breath,

Steep'd amid honey'd morphine, my windpipe throttled in fakes of
death, At length let up again to feel the puzzle of puzzles,

(610) And that we call Being.

27

To be in any form, what is that?

(Round and round we go, all of us, and ever come back thither,) If
nothing lay more develop'd the quahaug in its callous shell were
enough.

Mine is no callous shell,

I have instant conductors all over me whether I pass or stop, They
seize every object and lead it harmlessly through me.

I merely stir, press, feel with my fingers, and am happy, To touch my
person to some one else's is about as much as I can stand.

28

Is this then a touch ? quivering me to a new identity,
(620) Flames and ether making a rush for my veins,
Treacherous tip of me reaching and crowding to help them, My flesh
and blood playing out lightning to strike what is hardly different
from myself, On all sides prurient provokers stiffening my limbs,
Straining the udder of my heart for its withheld drip, Behaving
licentious toward me, taking no denial,
Depriving me of my best as for a purpose,
Unbuttoning my clothes, holding me by the bare waist,
Deluding my confusion with the calm of the sunlight and pasture-
fields, Immodestly sliding the fellow-senses away,
(630) They bribed to swap off with touch and go and graze at the
edges of me, No consideration, no regard for my draining strength
or my anger, Fetching the rest of the herd around to enjoy them a
while, Then all uniting to stand on a headland and worry me.
The sentries desert every other part of me,
They have left me helpless to a red marauder,
They all come to the headland to witness and assist against me.

I am given up by traitors,
I talk wildly, I have lost my wits, I and nobody else am the greatest
traitor, I went myself first to the headland, my own hands carried
me there.

(640) You villain touch! what are you doing ? my breath is tight in its
throat, Unclench your floodgates, you are too much for me.

29

Blind loving wrestling touch, sheath'd hooded sharp-tooth'd touch!

Did it make you ache so, leaving me ?

Parting track'd by arriving, perpetual payment of perpetual loan, Rich
showering rain, and recompense richer afterward.

Sprouts take and accumulate, stand by the curb prolific and vital,
Landscapes projected masculine, full-sized and golden.

30

All truths wait in all things,

They neither hasten their own delivery nor resist it,

(650) They do not need the obstetric forceps of the surgeon, The
insignificant is as big to me as any,

(What is less or more than a touch ?)

Logic and sermons never convince,

The damp of the night drives deeper into my soul.

(Only what proves itself to every man and woman is so,

Only what nobody denies is so.)

Only what nobody denies is so.)

A minute and a drop of me settle my brain,

I believe the soggy clods shall become lovers and lamps, And a
compend of compends is the meat of a man or woman, (660) And
a summit and flower there is the feeling they have for each other,
And they are to branch boundlessly out of that lesson until it
becomes omnific, And until one and all shall delight us, and we
them.

31

I believe a leaf of grass is no less than the journey-work of the stars,
And the pismire is equally perfect, and a grain of sand, and the
egg of the wren, And the tree-toad is a chef-d'oeuvre for the
highest,

And the running blackberry would adorn the parlors of heaven, And
the narrowest hinge in my hand puts to scorn all machinery, And
the cow crunching with depress'd head surpasses any statue, And
a mouse is miracle enough to stagger sextillions of infidels.

(670) I find I incorporate gneiss, coal, long-threaded moss, fruits,
grains, esculent roots, And am stucco'd with quadrupeds and birds
all over,

And have distanced what is behind me for good reasons,

But call any thing back again when I desire it.

In vain the speeding or churning

in vain the speeding or shyness,

In vain the plutonic rocks send their old heat against my approach, In
vain the mastodon retreats beneath its own powder'd bones, In
vain objects stand leagues off and assume manifold shapes, In
vain the ocean settling in hollows and the great monsters lying
low, In vain the buzzard houses herself with the sky,

(680) In vain the snake slides through the creepers and logs, In vain
the elk takes to the inner passes of the woods, In vain the razor-
bill'd auk sails far north to Labrador, I follow quickly, I ascend to
the nest in the fissure of the cliff.

32

I think I could turn and live with animals, they are so placid and self-
contain'd, I stand and look at them long and long.

They do not sweat and whine about their condition,

They do not lie awake in the dark and weep for their sins, They do not
make me sick discussing their duty to God,

Not one is dissatisfied, not one is demented with the mania of owning
things, (690) Not one kneels to another, nor to his kind that lived
thousands of years ago, Not one is respectable or unhappy over
the whole earth.

So they show their relations to me and I accept them,

— — — — —

They bring me tokens of myself, they evince them plainly in their possession.

I wonder where they get those tokens, Did I pass that way huge times ago and negligently drop them?

Myself moving forward then and now and forever,
Gathering and showing more always and with velocity,
Infinite and omnigenous, and the like of these among them, Not too exclusive toward the reachers of my remembrancers, (700)
Picking out here one that I love, and now go with him on brotherly terms.

A gigantic beauty of a stallion, fresh and responsive to my caresses,
Head high in the forehead, wide between the ears,
Limbs glossy and supple, tail dusting the ground,
Eyes full of sparkling wickedness, ears finely cut, flexibly moving.

His nostrils dilate as my heels embrace him,
His well-built limbs tremble with pleasure as we race around and return.

I but use you a minute, then I resign you, stallion,
Why do I need your paces when I myself out-gallop them?

Even as I stand or sit passing faster than you.

33

(710) Space and Time 1 now I see it is true, what I guess'd at, What I
guess'd when I loaf'd on the grass,

What I guess'd while I lay alone in my bed,

And again as I walk'd the beach under the paling stars of the morning.

My ties and ballasts leave me, my elbows rest in sea-gaps, I skirt
sierras, my palms cover continents,

I am afoot with my vision.

By the city's quadrangular houses – in log huts, camping with
lumbermen, Along the ruts of the turnpike, along the dry gulch
and rivulet bed, Weeding my onion-patch or hoeing rows of
carrots and parsnips, crossing savannas, trailing in forests, (720)
Prospecting, gold-digging, girdling the trees of a new purchase,
Scorch'd ankle-deep by the hot sand, hauling my boat down the
shallow river, Where the panther walks to and fro on a limb
overhead, where the buck turns furiously at the hunter, Where the
rattlesnake suns his flabby length on a rock, where the otter is
feeding on fish, Where the alligator in his tough pimples sleeps by
the bayou, Where the black bear is searching for roots or honey,
where the beaver pats the mud with his paddle-shaped tail; Over
the growing sugar, over the yellow-flower'd cotton plant, over the

rice in its low moist field, Over the sharp-peak'd farm house, with
its scallop'd scum and slender shoots from the gutters, Over the
western persimmon, over the long-leav'd corn, over the delicate
blue-flower flax, Over the white and brown buckwheat, a hummer
and buzzer there with the rest, (730) Over the dusky green of the
rye as it ripples and shades in the breeze; Scaling mountains,
pulling myself cautiously up, holding on by low scragged limbs,
Walking the path worn in the grass and beat through the leaves of
the brush, Where the quail is whistling betwixt the woods and the
wheat-lot, Where the bat flies in the Seventh-month eve, where
the great goldbug drops through the dark, Where the brook puts
out of the roots of the old tree and flows to the meadow, Where
cattle stand and shake away flies with the tremulous shuddering
of their hides, Where the cheese-cloth hangs in the kitchen, where
andirons straddle the hearth-slab, where cobwebs fall in festoons
from the rafters; Where trip-hammers crash, where the press is
whirling its cylinders, Wherever the human heart beats with
terrible throes under its ribs, (740) Where the pear-shaped
balloon is floating aloft, (floating in it myself and looking
composedly down,) Where the life-car is drawn on the slip-noose,
where the heat hatches pale-green eggs in the dented sand, Where
the she-whale swims with her calf and never forsakes it, Where
the steamship trails hind-ways its long pennant of smoke, Where
the fin of the shark cuts like a black chip out of the water, Where
the half-burn'd brig is riding on unknown currents, Where shells
grow to her slimy deck, where the dead are corrupting below;
Where the dense-starr'd flag is borne at the head of the regiments,

Approaching Manhattan up by the long-stretching island, Under
Niagara, the cataract falling like a veil over my countenance,
(750) Upon a door-step, upon the horse-block of hard wood
outside, Upon the race-course, or enjoying picnics or jigs or a
good game of base-ball, At he-festivals, with blackguard gibes,
ironical license, bull-dances, drinking, laughter, At the cider-mill
tasting the sweets of the brown mash, sucking the juice through a
straw, At apple-peelings wanting kisses for all the red fruit I find,
At musters, beach-parties, friendly bees, huskings, house-raisings;
Where the mocking-bird sounds his delicious gurgles, cackles,
screams, weeps, Where the hay-rick stands in the barn-yard,
where the dry-stalks are scatter'd, where the brood-cow waits in
the hovel, Where the bull advances to do his masculine work,
where the stud to the mare, where the cock is treading the hen,
Where the heifers browse, where geese nip their food with short
jerks,

760 Where sundown shadows lengthen over the limitless and
lonesome prairie,

Where herds of buffalo make a crawling spread of the
square miles far and near,

Where the humming-bird shimmers, where the neck of the
long-lived swan is curving and winding,

Where the laughing-gull scoots by the shore, where she
laughs her near-human laugh,

Where bee-hives range on a gray bench in the garden half hid by the

high weeds,
Where band-neck'd partridges roost in a ring on the ground with their
heads out,
Where burial coaches enter the arch'd gates of a cemetery, Where
winter wolves bark amid wastes of snow and icicled trees,
Where the yellow-crown'd heron comes to the edge of the marsh at
night and feeds upon small crabs,
Where the splash of swimmers and divers cools the warm
noon,
770 Where the katy-did works her chromatic reed on the
walnut-tree over the well,
Through patches of citrons and cucumbers with
silver-wired leaves,
Through the salt-lick or orange glade, or under conical firs, Through
the gymnasium, through the curtain'd saloon,
through the office or public hall;
Pleas'd with the native and pleas'd with the foreign,
pleas'd with the new and old,
Pleas'd with the homely woman as well as the handsome,
Pleas'd with the quakeress as she puts off her bonnet and talks
melodiously,
Pleas'd with the tune of the choir of the whitewash'd church, Pleas'd

with the earnest words of the sweating Methodist preacher,
impress'd seriously at the camp-meeting;

Looking in at the shop-windows of Broadway the whole forenoon,
flatting the flesh of my nose on the thick plate glass, (780)

Wandering the same afternoon with my face turn'd up to the
clouds, or down a lane or along the beach, My right and left arms
round the sides of two friends, and I in the middle; Coming home
with the silent and dark-cheek'd bush-boy,

(behind me he rides at the drape of the day,)

Far from the settlements studying the print of animals' feet, or the
moccasin print, By the cot in the hospital reaching lemonade to a
feverish patient, Nigh the coffin'd corpse when all is still,
examining with a candle; Voyaging to every port to dicker and
adventure,

Hurrying with the modern crowd as eager and fickle as any, Hot
toward one I hate, ready in my madness to knife him, Solitary at
midnight in my back yard, my thoughts gone from me a long
while, (790) Walking the old hills of Judaea with the beautiful
gentle God by my side,

Speeding through space, speeding through heaven and the stars,
Speeding amid the seven satellites and the broad ring, and the
diameter of eighty thousand miles, Speeding with tail'd meteors,
throwing fire-balls like the rest, Carrying the crescent child that
carries its own full mother in its belly, Storming, enjoying,
planning, loving, cautioning,

Backing and filling. appearing and disappearing.

I tread day and night such roads.

I visit the orchards of spheres and look at the product, And look at
quintillions ripen'd and look at quintillions green.

(800) I fly those flights of a fluid and swallowing soul, My course runs
below the soundings of plummets.

I help myself to material and immaterial,
No guard can shut me off, no law prevent me.

I anchor my ship for a little while only,
My messengers continually cruise away or bring their returns to me.

I go hunting polar furs and the seal, leaping chasms with a pike-
pointed staff, clinging to topples of brittle and blue.

I ascend to the foretruck,
I take my place late at night in the crow's-nest,
We sail the arctic sea, it is plenty light enough,

(810) Through the clear atmosphere I stretch around on the wonderful
beauty, The enormous masses of ice pass me and I pass them, the
scenery is plain in all directions, The white-topt mountains show

in the distance, I fling out my fancies toward them, We are
approaching some great battle-field in which we are soon to be
engaged, We pass colossal outposts of the encampment, we pass
with still feet and caution, Or we are entering by the suburbs
some vast and ruin'd city, The blocks and fallen architecture more
than all the living cities of the globe.

I am a free companion, I bivouac by invading watchfires, I turn the
bridegroom out of bed and stay with the bride myself, I tighten
her all night to my thighs and lips.

(820) My voice is the wife's voice, the screech by the rail of the stairs,
They fetch my man's body up dripping and drown'd.

I understand the large hearts of heroes,
The courage of present times and all times,
How the skipper saw the crowded and rudderless wreck of the
steamship, and Death chasing it up and down the storm, How he
knuckled tight and gave not back an inch, and was faithful of
days and faithful of nights, And chalk'd in large letters on a
board, *Be of good cheer, me will not desert you;*

How he follow'd with them and tack'd with them three days and
would not give it up, How he saved the drifting company at last,
How the lank loose-gown'd women look'd when boated from the side
of their prepared graves (830) How the silent old-faced infants

or their prepared graves, (838) Now the silent old-faced infants
and the lifted sick, and the sharp-lipp'd unshaved men; All this I
swallow, it tastes good, I like it well, it becomes mine, I am the
man, I suffer'd, I was there.

The disdain and calmness of martyrs,

The mother of old, condemn'd for a witch, burnt with dry wood, her
children gazing on, The hounded slave that flags in the race, leans
by the fence, blowing, cover'd with sweat, The twinges that sting
like needles his legs and neck, the murderous buckshot and the
bullets, All these I feel or am.

I am the hounded slave, I wince at the bite of the dogs, Hell and
despair are upon me, crack and again crack the marksmen, (840) I
clutch the rails of the fence, my gore dribs, thinn'd with the ooze
of my skin, I fall on the weeds and stones,

The riders spur their unwilling horses, haul close,

Taunt my dizzy ears and beat me violently over the head with whip-
stocks.

Agonies are one of my changes of garments, I do not ask the wounded
person how he feels, I myself become the wounded person, My
hurts turn livid upon me as I lean on a cane and observe.

I am the mash'd fireman with breast-bone broken,

Tumbling walls buried me in their debris.

Heat and smoke I inspired, I heard the yelling shouts of my comrades,
(850) I heard the distant click of their picks and shovels, They
have clear'd the beams away, they tenderly lift me forth.

I lie in the night air in my red shirt, the pervading hush is for my sake,
Painless after all I lie exhausted but not so unhappy,
White and beautiful are the faces around me, the heads are bared of
their fire-caps, The kneeling crowd fades with the light of the
torches.

Distant and dead resuscitate,
They show as the dial or move as the hands of me, I am the clock
myself.

I am an old artillerist, I tell of my fort's bombardment, I am there
again.

(860) Again the long roll of the drummers,
Again the attacking cannon, mortars,
Again to my listening ears the cannon responsive.

I take part, I see and hear the whole,

Thou art the heart of the battle, the heart of the battle, the heart of the battle.

the cries, curses, roar, the plaudits for well-aim'd shots, the
 ambulance slowly passing trailing its red drip,
Workmen searching after damages, making indispensable repairs, The
 fall of grenades through the rent roof, the fan-shaped explosion,
 The whizz of limbs, heads, stone, wood, iron, high in the air.
Again gurgles the mouth of my dying general, he furiously waves with
 his hand, (870) He gasps through the clot *Mind not me – mind-the*
entrenchments.

34

Now I tell what I knew in Texas in my early youth,
(I tell not the fall of Alamo,
Not one escaped to tell the fall of Alamo,
The hundred and fifty are dumb yet at Alamo,)
'Tis the tale of the murder in cold blood of four hundred and twelve
 young men.

Retreating they had form'd in a hollow square with their baggage for
 breastworks, Nine hundred lives out of the surrounding enemy's,
 nine times their number, was the price they took in advance,
 Their colonel was wounded and their ammunition gone,
They treated for an honorable capitulation, receiv'd writing and seal,
 gave up their arms and march'd back prisoners of war.

(880) They were the glory of the race of rangers,
Matchless with horse, rifle, song, supper, courtship,
Large, turbulent, generous, handsome, proud, and affectionate,
Bearded, sunburnt, drest in the free costume of hunters, Not a
single one over thirty years of age.

The second First-day morning they were brought out in squads and
massacred, it was beautiful early summer, The work commenced
about five o'clock and was over by eight.

None obey'd the command to kneel,
Some made a mad and helpless rush, some stood stark and straight, A
few fell at once, shot in the temple or heart, the living and dead
lay together, (890) The maim'd and mangled dug in the dirt, the
new-comers saw them there, Some half-kill'd attempted to crawl
away,

These were despatch'd with bayonets or batter'd with the blunts of
muskets, A youth not seventeen years old seiz'd his assassin till
two more came to release him, The three were all torn and
cover'd with the boy's blood.

At eleven o'clock began the burning of the bodies;
That is the tale of the murder of the four hundred and twelve young

men.

35

Would you hear of an old-time sea-fight?

Would you learn who won by the light of the moon and stars ?

List to the yarn, as my grandmother's father the sailor told it to me.

(900) Our foe was no skulk in his ship I tell you, (said he,) His was the
surly English pluck, and there is no tougher or truer, and never
was, and never will be; Along the lower'd eve he came horribly
raking us.

We closed with him, the yards entangled, the cannon touch'd, My
captain lash'd fast with his own hands.

We had receiv'd some eighteen pound shots under the water, On our
lower-gun-deck two large pieces had burst at the first fire, killing
all around and blowing up overhead.

Fighting at sundown, fighting at dark,

Ten o'clock at night, the full moon well up, our leaks on the gain, and
five feet of water reported, The master-at-arms loosing the
prisoners confined in the after-hold to give them a chance for
themselves.

(910) The transit to and from the magazine is now stopt by the
sentinels, They see so many strange faces they do not know whom
to trust.

Our frigate takes fire,

The other asks if we demand quarter?

If our colors are struck and the fighting done?

Now I laugh content, for I hear the voice of my little captain, *We have
not struck*, he composedly cries, *we have just begun
our part of the fighting.*

Only three guns are in use,

One is directed by the captain himself against the enemy's main-mast,
Two well serv'd with grape and canister silence his musketry and
clear his decks.

(920) The tops alone second the fire of this little battery, especially
the main-top, They hold out bravely during the whole of the
action.

Not a moment's cease,

The leaks gain fast on the pumps, the fire eats toward the powder-

magazine.

One of the pumps has been shot away, it is generally thought we are sinking.

Serene stands the little captain,

He is not hurried, his voice is neither high nor low,

His eyes give more light to us than our battle-lanterns.

Toward twelve there in the beams of the moon they surrender to us.

36

Stretch'd and still lies the midnight,

(930) Two great hulls motionless on the breast of the darkness, Our vessel riddled and slowly sinking, preparations to pass to the one we have conquer'd, The captain on the quarter-deck coldly giving his orders through a countenance white as a sheet, Near by the corpse of the child that serv'd in the cabin, The dead face of an old salt with long white hair and carefully curl'd whiskers, The flames spite of all that can be done flickering aloft and below, The husky voices of the two or three officers yet fit for duty, Formless stacks of bodies and bodies by themselves, dabs of flesh upon the masts and spars, Cut of cordage, dangle of rigging, slight shock of

the soothe of waves, Black and impassive guns, litter of powder-
parcels, strong scent, (940) A few large stars overhead, silent and
mournful shining, Delicate sniffs of sea-breeze, smells of sedgy
grass and fields by the shore, death-messages given in charge to
survivors, The hiss of the surgeon's knife, the gnawing teeth of his
saw, Wheeze, cluck, swash of falling blood, short wild scream,
and long, dull, tapering groan, These so, these irretrievable.

37

You laggards there on guard! look to your arms!

In at the conquer'd doors they crowd! I am possess'd!

Embody all presences outlaw'd or suffering,

See myself in prison shaped like another man,

And feel the dull unintermitted pain.

(950) For me the keepers of convicts shoulder their carbines and keep
watch, It is I let out in the morning and barr'd at night

Not a mutineer walks handcuff'd to jail but I am handcuff'd to him
and walk by his side, (I am less the jolly one there, and more the
silent one with sweat on my twitching lips.)

Not a youngster is taken for larceny but I go up too, and am tried and
sentenced.

Not a cholera patient lies at the last gasp but I also lie at the last gasp,
My face is ash-color'd, my sinews gnarl, away from me people
retreat.

Askers embody themselves in me and I am embodied in them, I project
my hat, sit shame-faced, and beg.

38

Enough! enough! enough!

(960) Somehow I have been stunn'd. Stand back!

Give me a little time beyond my cuff'd head, slumbers, dreams,
gaping, I discover myself on the verge of a usual mistake.

That I could forget the mockers and insults!

That I could forget the trickling tears and the blows of the bludgeons
and hammers!

That I could look with a separate look on my own crucifixion and
bloody crowning.

I remember now,

I resume the overstaid fraction,

The grave of rock multiplies what has been confided to it, or to any

graves, Corpses rise, gashes heal, fastenings roll from me.

(970) I troop forth replenish'd with supreme power, one of an average
unending procession, Inland and sea-coast we go, and pass all
boundary lines, Our swift ordinances on their way over the whole
earth, The blossoms we wear in our hats the growth of thousands
of years.

Eleves, I salute you! come forward!

Continue your annotations, continue your questionings.

39

The friendly and flowing savage, who is he?

Is he waiting for civilization, or past it and mastering it ?

Is he some Southwesterner rais'd out-doors ? is he

Kanadian?

Is he from the Mississippi country? Iowa, Oregon,

California?

(980) The mountains? prairie-life, bush-life? or sailor from the sea?

Wherever he goes men and women accept and desire him,

They desire he should like them, touch them, speak to them, stay with
them.

Behavior lawless as snow flakes, words simple as grass, uncomb'd

behavior lawless as snow-flakes, words simple as glass, uncombined
head, laughter, and naivete, Slow-stepping feet, common features,
common modes and emanations, They descend in new forms from
the tips of his fingers, They are wafted with the odor of his body
or breath, they fly out of the glance of his eyes.

40

Flaunt of the sunshine I need not your bask – lie over!
You light surfaces only, I force surfaces and depths also.

Earth! you seem to look for something at my hands,
(990) Say, old top-knot, what do you want ?

Man or woman, I might tell how I like you, but cannot,
And might tell what it is in me and what it is in you, but cannot, And
might tell that pining I have, that pulse of my nights and days.
Behold, I do not give lectures or a little charity, When I give I give
myself.

You there, impotent, loose in the knees,
Open your scarf'd chops till I blow grit within you,
Spread your palms and lift the flaps of your pockets,
I am not to be denied, I compel, I have stores plenty and to spare,

(1000) And any thing I have I bestow.

I do not ask who you are, that is not important to me,
You can do nothing and be nothing but what I will infold you.

To cotton-field drudge or cleaner of privies I lean,

On his right cheek I put the family kiss,
And in my soul I swear I never will deny him.

On women fit for conception I start bigger and nimbler babes, (This
day I am jetting the stuff of far more arrogant republics.)

To any one dying, thither I speed and twist the knob of the door, Turn
the bed-clothes toward the foot of the bed,

(1010) Let the physician and the priest go home.

I seize the descending man and raise him with resistless will, O
despairer, here is my neck,

By God, you shall not go down! hang your whole weight upon me.

I dilate you with tremendous breath, I buoy you up,

Every room of the house do I fill with an arm'd force,
Lovers of me, bafflers of graves.

Sleep -I and they keep guard all night,
Not doubt, not decrease shall dare to lay finger upon you, I have
embraced you, and henceforth possess you to myself, (1020) And
when you rise in the morning you will find what I tell you is so.

41

I am he bringing help for the sick as they pant on their backs, And for
strong upright men I bring yet more needed help.

I heard what was said of the universe,
Heard it and heard it of several thousand years;
It is middling well as far as it goes – but is that all?

Magnifying and applying come I,
Outbidding at the start the old cautious hucksters,
Taking myself the exact dimensions of Jehovah,
Lithographing Kronos, Zeus his son, and Hercules his grandson, (1030)
Buying drafts of Osiris, Isis, Belus, Brahma, Buddha, In my
portfolio placing Manito loose, Allah on a leaf, the crucifix
engraved, With Odin and the hideous-faced Mexitli and every idol
and image, Taking them all for what they are worth and not a
cent more, Admitting they were alive and did the work of their

days, (They bore mites as for unfledg'd birds who have now to rise and fly and sing for themselves,) Accepting the rough deific sketches to fill out better in myself, bestowing them freely on each man and woman I see,

Discovering as much or more in a framer framing a house, Putting higher claims for him there with his roll'd-up sleeves driving the mallet and chisel, Not objecting to special revelations, considering a curl of smoke or a hair on the back of my hand just as curious as any revelation, (1040) Lads ahold of fire-engines and hook-and-ladder ropes no less to me than the gods of the antique wars, Minding their voices peal through the crash of destruction, Their brawny limbs passing safe over charr'd laths, their white foreheads whole and unhurt out of the flames; By the mechanic's wife with her babe at her nipple interceding for every person born, Three scythes at harvest whizzing in a row from three lusty angels with shirts bagg'd out at their waists, The snag-tooth'd hostler with red hair redeeming sins past and to come, Selling all he possesses, traveling on foot to fee lawyers for his brother and sit by him while he is tried for forgery; What was strewn in the amplest strewing the square rod about me, and not filling the square rod then, The bull and the bug never worshipp'd half enough,

Dung and dirt more admirable than was dream'd,

(1050) The supernatural of no account, myself waiting my time to be one of the supremes, The day getting ready for me when I shall do as much good as the best, and be as prodigious; By my life-lumps! becoming already a creator.

becoming already a creator,

Putting myself here and now to the ambush'd womb of the shadows.

42

A call in the midst of the crowd,

My own voice, orotund sweeping and final.

Come my children,

Come my boys and girls, my women, household and intimates, Now
the performer launches his nerve, he has pass'd his prelude on the
reeds within.

Easily written loose-finger'd chords -I feel the thrum of your climax
and close.

(1060) My head slues round on my neck,

Music rolls but not from the organ,

Folks are around me, but they are no household of mine.

Ever the hard unsunk ground,

Ever the eaters and drinkers, ever the upward and downward sun,
ever the air and the ceaseless tides, Ever myself and my
neighbors, refreshing, wicked, real, Ever the old inexplicable

query, ever that thorn'd thumb, that breath of itches and thirsts,
Ever the vexer's *hoot! hoot!* till we find where the sly one hides
and bring him forth, Ever love, ever the sobbing liquid of life,
Ever the bandage under the chin, ever the trestles of death.

(1070) Here and there with dimes on the eyes walking,
To feed the greed of the belly the brains liberally spooning, Tickets
buying, taking, selling, but in to the feast never once going, Many
sweating, ploughing, thrashing, and then the chaff for payment
receiving, A few idly owning, and they the wheat continually
claiming.

This is the city and I am one of the citizens,
Whatever interests the rest interests me, politics, wars, markets,
newspapers, schools, The mayor and councils, banks, tariffs,
steamships, factories, stocks, stores, real estate and personal
estate.

The little plentiful manikins skipping around in collars and tail'd
coats, I am aware who they are, (they are positively not worms or
fleas,) (1080) I acknowledge the duplicates of myself, the weakest
and shallowest is deathless with me, What I do and say the same
waits for them,

Every thought that flounders in me the same flounders in them.

I know perfectly well my own egotism,
Know my omnivorous lines and must not write any less,
And would fetch you whoever you are flush with myself.

Not words of routine this song of mine,
But abruptly to question, to leap beyond yet nearer bring; This printed
and bound book – but the printer and the printing-office boy?
The well-taken photographs – but your wife or friend close and solid
in your arms ?
(1090) The black ship mail'd with iron, her mighty guns in her turrets
– but the pluck of the captain and engineers ?
In the houses the dishes and fare and furniture – but the host and
hostess, and the look out of their eyes?
The sky up there – yet here or next door, or across the way?
The saints and sages in history – but you yourself?
Sermons, creeds, theology – but the fathomless human brain, And
what is reason? and what is love? and what is life?

43

I do not despise you priests, all time, the world over, My faith is the
greatest of faiths and the least of faiths, Enclosing worship ancient
and modern and all between ancient and modern, Believing I shall

come again upon the earth after five thousand years, (1100)
Waiting responses from oracles, honoring the gods, saluting the
sun, Making a fetich of the first rock or stump, powowing with
sticks in the circle of obis, Helping me llama or brahmin as he
trims the lamps of the idols, Dancing yet through the streets in a
phallic procession, rapt and austere in the woods a gymnosophist,
Drinking mead from the skull-cup, to Shastas and Vedas admirant,
minding the Koran, Walking the teokallis, spotted with gore from
the stone and knife, beating the serpent-skin drum, Accepting the
Gospels, accepting him that was crucified, knowing assuredly that
he is divine, To the mass kneeling or the puritan's prayer rising,
or sitting patiently in a pew, Ranting and frothing in my insane
crisis, or waiting dead-like till my spirit arouses me, Looking forth
on pavement and land, or outside of pavement and land, (1110)
Belonging to the winders of the circuit of circuits.

One of that centripetal and centrifugal gang I turn and talk like a man
leaving charges before a journey.

Down-hearted doubters dull and excluded,

Frivolous, sullen, moping, angry, affected, dishearten'd, atheistical, I
know every one of you, I know the sea of torment, doubt, despair
and unbelief.

How the flukes splash!

How they contort rapid as lightning, with spasms and spouts of blood

Be at peace bloody flukes of doubters and sullen mopers, I take my
place among you as much as among any,

The past is the push of you, me, all, precisely the same, (1120) And
what is yet untried and afterward is for you, me, all, precisely the
same.

I do not know what is untried and afterward,
But I know it will in its turn prove sufficient, and cannot fail.

Each who passes is consider'd, each who stops is consider'd, not a
single one can it fail.

It cannot fail the young man who died and was buried,
Nor the young woman who died and was put by his side,
Nor the little child that peep'd in at the door, and then drew back and
was never seen again, Nor the old man who has lived without
purpose, and feels it with bitterness worse than gall, Nor him in
the poor house tubercled by rum and the bad disorder, Nor the
numberless slaughter'd and wreck'd, nor the brutish koboo call'd
the ordure of humanity, (1130) Nor the sacs merely floating with
open mouths for food to slip in, Nor any thing in the earth, or
down in the oldest graves of the earth, Nor any thing in the

myriads of spheres, nor the myriads of myriads that inhabit them,
Nor the present, nor the least wisp that is known.

44

It is time to explain myself-let us stand up.

What is known I strip away,
I launch all men and women forward with me into the
Unknown.

The clock indicates the moment – but what does eternity indicate?

We have thus far exhausted trillions of winters and summers, There
are trillions ahead, and trillions ahead of them.

(1140) Births have brought us richness and variety,
And other births will bring us richness and variety.

I do not call one greater and one smaller,
That which fills its period and place is equal to any.

Were mankind murderous or jealous upon you, my brother, my sister?

I am sorry for you, they are not murderous or jealous upon me, All has
been gentle with me, I keep no account with lamentation, (What
have I to do with lamentation?)

I am an acme of things accomplish'd, and I an encloser of things to be.

My feet strike an apex of the apices of the stairs,

(1150) On every step bunches of ages, and larger bunches between the
steps, All below duly travel'd, and still I mount and mount.

Rise after rise bow the phantoms behind me,

Afar down I see the huge first Nothing, I know I was even there, I
waited unseen and always, and slept through the lethargic mist,
And took my time, and took no hurt from the fetid carbon.

Long I was hugg'd close – long and long.

Immense have been the preparations for me,

Faithful and friendly the arms that have help'd me.

Cycles ferried my cradle, rowing and rowing like cheerful boatmen,

(1160) For room to me stars kept aside in their own rings, They
sent influences to look after what was to hold me.

Before I was born out of my mother generations guided me, My
embryo has never been torpid, nothing could overlay it.

For it the nebula cohered to an orb,
The long slow strata piled to rest it on,
Vast vegetables gave it sustenance,
Monstrous sauroids transported it in their mouths and deposited it
with care.

All forces have been steadily employ'd to complete and delight me,
Now on this spot I stand with my robust soul.

45

(1170) O span of youth! ever-push'd elasticity!
O manhood, balanced, florid and full.

My lovers suffocate me,
Crowding my lips, thick in the pores of my skin,
Jostling me through streets and public halls, coming naked to me at
night, Crying by day *Ahoy!* from the rocks of the river, swinging
and chirping over my head, Calling my name from flower-beds,
vines, tangled underbrush, Lighting on every moment of my life,

Bussing my body with soft balsamic busses,
Noiselessly passing handfuls out of their hearts and giving them to be
mine.

(1180) Old age superbly rising! O welcome, ineffable grace of dying
days!

Every condition promulges not only itself, it promulges what grows
after and out of itself, And the dark hush promulges as much as
any.

I open my scuttle at night and see the far-sprinkled systems, And all I
see multiplied as high as I can cipher edge but the rim of the
farther systems.

Wider and wider they spread, expanding, always expanding, Outward
and outward and forever outward.

My sun has his sun and round him obediently wheels,
He joins with his partners a group of superior circuit, And greater sets
follow, making specks of the greatest inside them.

(1190) There is no stoppage and never can be stoppage,

If I, you, and the worlds, and all beneath or upon their surfaces, were
this moment reduced back to a pallid float, it would not avail in
the long run, We should surely bring up again where we now
stand,

And surely go as much farther, and then farther and farther.

A few quadrillions of eras, a few octillions of cubic leagues, do not
hazard the span or make it impatient, They are but parts, any
thing is but a part.

See ever so far, there is limitless space outside of that, Count ever so
much, there is limitless time around that.

My rendezvous is appointed, it is certain,

The Lord will be there and wait till I come on perfect terms, (1200)

The great Camerado, the lover true for whom I pine will be there.

46

I know I have the best of time and space, and was never measured and
never will be measured.

I tramp a perpetual journey, (come listen all!)

My signs are a rain-proof coat, good shoes, and a staff cut from the
woods, No friend of mine takes his ease in my chair,

I have no chain no church no philosopher

I have no chair, no church, no philosophy,
I lead no man to a dinner-table, library, exchange,
But each man and each woman of you I lead upon a knoll, My left
hand hooking you round the waist,
My right hand pointing to landscapes of continents and the public
road.

(1210) Not I, not any one else can travel that road for you, You must
travel it for yourself.

It is not far, it is within reach,
Perhaps you have been on it since you were born and did not know,
Perhaps it is everywhere on water and on land.

Shoulder your duds dear son, and I will mine, and let us hasten forth,
Wonderful cities and free nations we shall fetch as we go.

If you tire, give me both burdens, and rest the chuff of your hand on
my hip, And in due time you shall repay the same service to me,
For after we start we never lie by again.

(1220) This day before dawn I ascended a hill and look'd at the
crowded heaven, And I said to my spirit *When me become the*

enfolders of those

*orbs, and the pleasure and knowledge of every thing in them, shall me be
fill'd and satisfied then ?*

And my spirit said *No, me but level that lift to pass and continue beyond.*

You are also asking me questions and I hear you, I answer that I
cannot answer, you must find out for yourself.

Sit a while dear son,

Here are biscuits to eat and here is milk to drink,

But as soon as you sleep and renew yourself in sweet clothes, I kiss
you with a good-by kiss and open the gate for your egress hence.

Long enough have you dream'd contemptible dreams,

Now I wash the gum from your eyes,

(1230) You must habit yourself to the dazzle of the light and of every
moment of your life.

Long have you timidly waded holding a plank by the shore, Now I will
you to be a bold swimmer,

To jump off in the midst of the sea, rise again, nod to me, shout, and
laughingly dash with your hair.

..

I am the teacher of athletes,

He that by me spreads a wider breast than my own proves the width
of my own, He most honors my style who learns under it to
destroy the teacher.

The boy I love, the same becomes a man not through derived power,
but in his own right, Wicked rather than virtuous out of
conformity or fear,

Fond of his sweetheart, relishing well his steak,

(1240) Unrequited love or a slight cutting him worse than sharp steel
cuts, First-rate to ride, to fight, to hit the bull's eye, to sail a skiff,
to sing a song or play on the banjo, Preferring scars and the beard
and faces pitted with small-pox over all larherers, And those well-
tann'd to those that keep out of the sun.

I teach straying from me, yet who can stray from me?

I follow you whoever you are from the present hour,

My words itch at your ears till you understand them.

I do not say these things for a dollar or to fill up the time while I wait
for a boat, (It is you talking just as much as myself, I act as the
tongue of you, Tied in your mouth, in mine it begins to be
loosen'd.)

(1250) I swear I will never again mention love or death inside a

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

nouse, And I swear I will never translate myself at all, only to him
or her who privately stays with me in the open air.

If you would understand me go to the heights or water-shore, The
nearest gnat is an explanation, and a drop or motion of waves a
key, The maul, the oar, the hand-saw, second my words.

No shutter'd room or school can commune with me,
But roughs and little children better than they.

The young mechanic is closest to me, he knows me well,
The woodman that takes his axe and jug with him shall take me with
him all day, The farm-boy ploughing in the field feels good at the
sound of my voice, (1260) In vessels that sail my words sail, I go
with fishermen and seamen and love them.

The soldier camp'd or upon the march is mine,
On the night ere the pending battle many seek me, and I do not fail
them, On that solemn night (it may be their last) those that know
me seek me.

My face rubs to the hunter's face when he lies down alone in his
blanket, The driver thinking of me does not mind the jolt of his
wagon, The young mother and old mother comprehend me, The

girl and the wife rest the needle a moment and forget where they are, They and all would resume what I have told them.

48

I have said that the soul is not more than the body,

(1270) And I have said that the body is not more than the soul, And nothing, not God, is greater to one than one's self is, And whoever walks a furlong without sympathy walks to his own funeral drest in his shroud, And I or you pocketless of a dime may purchase the pick of the earth, And to glance with an eye or show a bean in its pod confounds the learning of all times, And there is no trade or employment but the young man following it may become a hero, And there is no object so soft but it makes a hub for the wheel'd universe, And I say to any man or woman, Let your soul stand cool and composed before a million universes.

And I say to mankind, Be not curious about God,

For I who am curious about each am not curious about God, (1280)
(No array of terms can say how much I am at peace about God and about death.)

I hear and behold God in every object, yet understand God not in the least, Nor do I understand who there can be more wonderful than myself.

Why should I wish to see God better than this day?

I see something of God each hour of the twenty-four, and each moment then, In the faces of men and women I see God, and in my own face in the glass, I find letters from God dropt in the street, and every one is sign'd by God's name, And I leave them where they are, for I know that wheresoe'er I go, Others will punctually come for ever and ever.

49

And as to you Death, and you bitter hug of mortality, it is idle to try to alarm me.

(1290) To his work without flinching the accoucheur comes, I see the elder-hand pressing receiving supporting,

I recline by the sills of the exquisite flexible doors, And mark the outlet, and mark the relief and escape.

And as to you Corpse I think you are good manure, but that does not offend me, I smell the white roses sweet-scented and growing,

I reach to the leafy lips, I reach to the polish'd breasts of melons.

And as to you Life I reckon you are the leavings of many deaths, (No doubt I have died myself ten thousand times before.)

I hear you whispering there O stars of heaven,

(1300) O suns – O grass of graves – O perpetual transfers and
promotions, If you do not say any thing how can I say any thing?

Of the turbid pool that lies in the autumn forest,

Of the moon that descends the steeps of the soughing twilight, Toss,
sparkles of day and dusk – toss on the black stems that decay in
the muck, Toss to the moaning gibberish of the dry limbs.

I ascend from the moon, I ascend from the night,

I perceive that the ghastly glimmer is noonday sunbeams reflected,
And debouch to the steady and central from the offspring great or
small.

There is that in me -I do not know what it is – but I know it is in me.

(1310) Wrench'd and sweaty – calm and cool then my body becomes, I
sleep-I sleep long.

I do not know it – it is without name – it is a word unsaid, It is not in
any dictionary, utterance, symbol.

Something it swings on more than the earth I swing on,

To it the creation is the friend whose embracing awakes me.

Perhaps I might tell more. Outlines 11 plead for my brothers and sisters.

Do you see O my brothers and sisters ?

It is not chaos or death – it is form, union, plan – it is eternal life – it is Happiness.

51

The past and present wilt -1 have fill'd them, emptied them.

(1320) And proceed to fill my next fold of the future.

Listener up there! what have you to confide to me ?

Look in my face while I snuff the side of evening,

(Talk honestly, no one else hears you, and I stay only a minute longer.) Do I contradict myself?

Very well then I contradict myself,

(I am large, I contain multitudes.)

I concentrate toward them that are nigh, I wait on the door-slab.

Who has done his day's work? who will soonest be through with his
supper?

Who wishes to walk with me?

(1330) Will you speak before I am gone ? will you prove already too
late?

52

The spotted hawk swoops by and accuses me, he complains of my gab
and my loitering.

I too am not a bit tamed, I too am untranslatable,
I sound my barbaric yawp over the roofs of the world.

The last scud of day holds back for me,
It flings my likeness after the rest and true as any on the shadow'd
wilds, It coaxes me to the vapor and the dusk.

I depart as air, I shake my white locks at the runaway sun, I effuse my
flesh in eddies, and drift it in lacy jags.

I bequeath myself to the dirt to grow from the grass I love, (1340) If
you want me again look for me under your boot-soles.

You will hardly know who I am or what I mean,
But I shall be good health to you nevertheless,
And filter and fibre your blood.

Failing to fetch me at first keep encouraged,
Missing me one place search another,
I stop somewhere waiting for you.

CHILDREN OF ADAM

To the Garden the World

To the garden the world anew ascending,
Potent mates, daughters, sons, preluding,
The love, the life of their bodies, meaning and being,
Curious here behold my resurrection after slumber,
The revolving cycles in their wide sweep having brought me again,
Amorous, mature, all beautiful to me, all wondrous,
My limbs and the quivering fire that ever plays through them, for
reasons, most wondrous, Existing I peer and penetrate still,
Content with the present, content with the past,
(10) By my side or back of me Eve following,
Or in front, and I following her just the same.

From Pent-up Aching Rivers

From pent-up aching rivers,
From that of myself without which I were nothing,
From what I am determin'd to make illustrious, even if I stand sole
among men, From my own voice resonant, singing the phallus,
Singing the song of procreation,

Singing the need of superb children and therein superb grown people,
Singing the muscular urge and the blending,

Singing the bedfellow's song, (O resistless yearning!

O for any and each the body correlative attracting!

(10) O for you whoever you are your correlative body! O it, more than
all else, you delighting!) From the hungry gnaw that eats me
night and day,

From native moments, from bashful pains, singing them,

Seeking something yet unfound though I have diligently sought it
many a long year, Singing the true song of the soul fitful at
random, Renascent with grossest Nature or among animals,

Of that, of them and what goes with them my poems informing, Of the
smell of apples and lemons, of the pairing of birds, Of the wet of
woods, of the lapping of waves,

Of the mad pushes of waves upon the land, I them chanting, (20) The
overture lightly sounding, the strain anticipating, The welcome
nearness, the sight of the perfect body,

The swimmer swimming naked in the bath, or motionless on his back
lying and floating, The female form approaching, I pensive, love-
flesh tremulous aching, The divine list for myself or you or for
any one making, The face, the limbs, the index from head to foot,
and what it arouses, The mystic deliria, the madness amorous, the
utter abandonment, (Hark close and still what I now whisper to
you,

I love you, O you entirely possess me,

O that you and I escape from the rest and go utterly off, free and lawless, (30) Two hawks in the air, two fishes swimming in the sea not more lawless than we;) The furious storm through me careering, I passionately trembling.

The oath of the inseparableness of two together, of the woman that loves me and whom I love more than my life, that oath swearing, (O I willingly stake all for you,

O let me be lost if it must be so!

O you and I! what is to it us what the rest do or think?

What is all else to us ? only that we enjoy each other and exhaust each other if it must be so;) From the master, the pilot I yield the vessel to,

The general commanding me, commanding all, from him permission taking, From time the programme hastening, (I have loiter'd too long as it is.)

(40) From sex, from the warp and from the woof,

From privacy, from frequent repinings alone,

From plenty of persons near and yet the right person not near, From the soft sliding of hands over me and thrusting of fingers through my hair and beard, From the long sustain'd kiss upon the mouth or bosom,

From the close pressure that makes me or any man drunk fainting

from the close pressure that makes me or any man drunk, ranting
with excess, From what the divine husband knows, from the work
of fatherhood, From exultation, victory and relief, from the
bedfellow's embrace in the night, From the act-poems of eyes,
hands, hips and bosoms,
From the cling of the trembling arm,
(50) From the bending curve and the clinch,
From side by side the pliant coverlet off-throwing,
From the one so unwilling to have me leave, and me just as unwilling
to leave, (Yet a moment O tender waiter, and I return,)
From the hour of shining stars and dropping dews,
From the night a moment I emerging flitting out,
Celebrate you act divine and you children prepared for,
And you stalwart loins.

I Sing the Body Electric

1

I sing the body electric,

The armies of those I love engirth me and I engirth them, They will
not let me off till I go with them, respond to them, And disarrange
them, and charge them full with the charge of the soul.

Was it doubted that those who corrupt their own bodies conceal themselves?

And if those who defile the living are as bad as they who defile the dead?

And if the body does not do fully as much as the soul?

And if the body were not the soul, what is the soul ?

2

The love of the body of man or woman balks account, the body itself balks account, (10) That of the male is perfect, and that of the female is perfect.

The expression of the face balks account,

But the expression of a well-made man appears not only in his face, It is in his limbs and joints also, it is curiously in the joints of his hips and wrists, It is in his walk, the carriage of his neck, the flex of his waist and knees, dress does not hide him, The strong sweet quality he has strikes through the cotton and broadcloth, To see him pass conveys as much as the best poem, perhaps more, You linger to see his back, and the back of his neck and shoulder-side.

The sprawl and fulness of babes, the bosoms and heads of women, the folds of their dress, their style as we pass in the street, the contour of their shape downwards, The swimmer naked in the swimming-bath, seen as he swims through the transparent green-shine, or

lies with his face up and rolls silently to and fro in the heave of the water, (20) The bending forward and backward of rowers in row-boats, the horseman in his saddle, Girls, mothers, house-keepers, in all their performances, The group of laborers seated at noon-time with their open dinner-kettles, and their wives waiting, The female soothing a child, the farmer's daughter in the garden or cow-yard, The young fellow hoeing corn, the sleigh-driver driving his six horses through the crowd, The wrestle of wrestlers, two apprentice-boys, quite grown, lusty, good-natured, native-born, out on the vacant lot at sundown after work, The coats and caps thrown down, the embrace of love and resistance, The upper-hold and under-hold, the hair rumped over and blinding the eyes; The march of firemen in their own costumes, the play of masculine muscle through clean-setting trowsers and waist-straps, The slow return from the fire, the pause when the bell strikes suddenly again, and the listening on the alert, (30) The natural, perfect, varied attitudes, the bent head, the curv'd neck and the counting; Such-like I love -I loosen myself, pass freely, am at the mother's breast with the little child, Swim with the swimmers, wrestle with wrestlers, march in line with the firemen, and pause, listen, count.

3

I knew a man, a common farmer, the father of five sons,
And in them the fathers of sons, and in them the fathers of sons.

This man was of wonderful vigor, calmness, beauty of person, The shape of his head, the pale yellow and white of his hair and beard, the immeasurable meaning of his black eyes, the richness and breadth of his manners, These I used to go and visit him to see, he was wise also, He was six feet tall, he was over eighty years old, his sons were massive, clean, bearded, tan-faced, handsome, They and his daughters loved him, all who saw him loved him, (40) They did not love him by allowance, they loved him with personal love, He drank water only, the blood show'd like scarlet through the clear-brown skin of his face, He was a frequent gunner and fisher, he sail'd his boat

himself, he had a fine one presented to him by a ship-joiner, he had fowling-pieces presented to him by men that loved him, When he went with his five sons and many grand-sons to hunt or fish, you would pick him out as the most beautiful and vigorous of the gang, You would wish long and long to be with him, you would wish to sit by him in the boat that you and he might touch each other.

4

I have perceiv'd that to be with those I like is enough, To stop in company with the rest at evening is enough,

To be surrounded by beautiful, curious, breathing, laughing flesh is enough, To pass among them or touch any one, or rest my arm ever so lightly round his or her neck for a moment, what is this

then?

I do not ask any more delight, I swim in it as in a sea.

(50) There is something in staying close to men and women and looking on them, and in the contact and odor of them, that pleases the soul well, All things please the soul, but these please the soul well.

5

This is the female form,

A divine nimbus exhales from it from head to foot,

It attracts with fierce undeniable attraction,

I am drawn by its breath as if I were no more than a helpless vapor, all falls aside but myself and it, Books, art, religion, time, the visible and solid earth, and what was expected of heaven or fear'd of hell, are now consumed, Mad filaments, ungovernable shoots play out of it, the response likewise ungovernable, Hair, bosom, hips, bend of legs, negligent falling hands all diffused, mine too diffused, Ebb stung by the flow and flow stung by the ebb, love-flesh swelling and deliciously aching, (60) Limitless limpid jets of love hot and enormous, quivering jelly of love, white-blow and delirious juice, Bridegroom night of love working surely and softly into the prostrate dawn, Undulating into the willing and yielding day,

Lost in the cleave of the clasping and sweet-flesh'd day.

This the nucleus – after the child is born of woman, man is born of woman, This the bath of birth, this the merge of small and large, and the outlet again.

Be not ashamed women, your privilege encloses the rest, and is the exit of the rest, You are the gates of the body, and you are the gates of the soul.

The female contains all qualities and tempers them,
She is in her place and moves with perfect balance,

(70) She is all things duly veil'd, she is both passive and active, She is to conceive daughters as well as sons, and sons as well as daughters.

As I see my soul reflected in Nature,
As I see through a mist, One with inexpressible completeness, sanity, beauty, See the bent head and arms folded over the breast, the Female I see.

6

The male is not less the soul nor more, he too is in his place, He too is all qualities, he is action and power,

The flush of the known universe is in him,

Scorn becomes him well, and appetite and defiance become him well,

The wildest largest passions, bliss that is utmost, sorrow that is
utmost become him well, pride is for him, 80 The full-spread
pride of man is calming and excellent to the soul,

Knowledge becomes him, he likes it always, he brings every thing to
the test of himself,

Whatever the survey, whatever the sea and the sail he strikes
soundings at last only here,

(Where else does he strike soundings except here ?)

The man's body is sacred and the woman's body is sacred, No matter
who it is, it is sacred – is it the meanest one in the laborers' gang?

Is it one of the dull-faced immigrants just landed on the wharf?

Each belongs here or anywhere just as much as the well-off, just as
much as you,

Each has his or her place in the procession.

(All is a procession,

90 The universe is a procession with measured and perfect motion.)

Do you know so much yourself that you call the meanest
ignorant?

Do you suppose you have a right to a good sight, and he or she has no
right to a sight?

Do you think matter has cohered together from its diffuse float, and
the soil is on the surface, and water runs and vegetation sprouts,
For you only, and not for him and her?

7

A man's body at auction,
(For before the war I often go to the slave-mart and watch the sale,)
I help the auctioneer, the sloven does not half know his business.

Gentlemen look on this wonder,
Whatever the bids of the bidders they cannot be high
enough for it,
(100) For it the globe lay preparing quintillions of years without one
animal or plant, For it the revolving cycles truly and steadily
roll'd.

In this head the all-baffling brain,
In it and below it the makings of heroes.

Examine these limbs, red, black, or white, they are cunning in tendon
and nerve, They shall be stript that you may see them.

Exquisite senses, life-lit eyes, pluck, volition,
Flakes of breast-muscle, pliant backbone and neck, flesh not flabby,
good-sized arms and legs, And wonders within there yet.

Within there runs blood,

(110) The same old blood! the same red-running blood 1

There swells and jets a heart, there all passions, desires, reachings,
aspirations, (Do you think they are not there because they are not
express'd in parlors and lecture-rooms?) This is not only one man,
this the father of those who shall be fathers in their turns, In him
the start of populous states and rich republics,

Of him countless immortal lives with countless embodiments and
enjoyments.

How do you know who shall come from the offspring of his offspring
through the centuries ?

(Who might you find you have come from yourself, if you could trace
back through the centuries?) 8

A woman's body at auction,

She too is not only herself, she is the teeming mother of mothers,
(120) She is the bearer of them that shall grow and be mates to
the mothers.

Have you ever loved the body of a woman ?

Have you ever loved the body of a man?

Do you not see that these are exactly the same to all in all nations and
times all over the earth ?

If any thing is sacred the human body is sacred,

And the glory and sweet of a man is the token of manhood untainted,
And in man or woman a clean, strong, firm-fibred body, is more
beautiful than the most beautiful face.

Have you seen the fool that corrupted his own live body? or the fool
that corrupted her own live body?

For they do not conceal themselves, and cannot conceal themselves.

9

O my body! I dare not desert the likes of you in other men and
women, nor the likes of the parts of you, (130) I believe the likes
of you are to stand or fall with the likes of the soul, (and that they
are the soul,) I believe the likes of you shall stand or fall with my
poems, and that they are my poems, Man's, woman's, child's,
youth's, wife's, husband's, mother's, father's, young man's, young
woman's poems, Head, neck, hair, ears, drop and tympan of the
ears,

Eyes, eye-fringes, iris of the eye, eyebrows, and the waking or sleeping
of the lids, Mouth, tongue, lips, teeth, roof of the mouth, jaws,

and the jaw-hinges, Nose, nostrils of the nose, and the partition,
Cheeks, temples, forehead, chin, throat, back of the neck, neck-slue,
Strong shoulders, manly beard, scapula, hind-shoulders, and the
ample side-round of the chest, Upper-arm, armpit, elbow-socket,
lower-arm, arm-sinews, armbones, (140) Wrist and wrist-joints,
hand, palm, knuckles, thumb, forefinger, finger-joints, finger-
nails, Broad breast-front, curling hair of the breast, breast-bone,
breast-side, Ribs, belly, backbone, joints of the backbone,
Hips, hip-sockets, hip-strength, inward and outward round, man-balls,
man-root, Strong set of thighs, well carrying the trunk above,
Leg-fibres, knee, knee-pan, upper-leg, under-leg,
Ankles, instep, foot-ball, toes, toe-joints, the heel;
All attitudes, all the shapeliness, all the belongings of my or your body
or of any one's body, male or female, The lung-sponges, the
stomach-sac, the bowels sweet and clean, The brain in its folds
inside the skull-frame,
(150) Sympathies, heart-valves, palate-valves, sexuality, maternity,
Womanhood, and all that is a woman, and the man that comes
from woman, The womb, the teats, nipples, breast-milk, tears,
laughter, weeping, love-looks, love-perturbations and risings, The
voice, articulation, language, whispering, shouting aloud, Food,
drink, pulse, digestion, sweat, sleep, walking, swimming, Poise on
the hips, leaping, reclining, embracing, arm-curving and
tightening, The continual changes of the flex of the mouth, and
around the eyes, The skin, the sunburnt shade, freckles, hair,

The curious sympathy one feels when feeling with the hand the naked
meat of the body, The circling rivers the breath, the breathing it
in and out, (160) The beauty of the waist, and thence of the hips,
and thence downward toward the knees, The thin red jellies
within you or within me, the bones and the marrow in the bones,
The exquisite realization of health;

O I say these are not the parts and poems of the body only, but of the
soul, O I say now these are the soul!

A Woman Waits for Me

A woman waits for me, she contains all, nothing is lacking, Yet all
were lacking if sex were lacking, or if the moisture of the right
man were lacking.

Sex contains all, bodies, souls,

Meanings, proofs, purities, delicacies, results, promulgations, Songs,
commands, health, pride, and maternal mystery, the seminal milk,
All hopes, benefactions, bestowals, all the passions, loves,
beauties, delights of the earth, All the governments, judges, gods,
follow'd persons of the earth, These are contain'd in sex as parts
of itself and justifications of itself.

Without shame the man I like knows and avows the deliciousness of
his sex, (10) Without shame the woman I like knows and avows
hers.

Now I will dismiss myself from impassive women,

I will go stay with her who waits for me, and with those women that
are warm-blooded and sufficient for me, I see that they
understand me and do not deny me,

I see that they are worthy of me, I will be the robust husband of those
women.

They are not one jot less than I am,

They are tann'd in the face by shining suns and blowing winds, Their
flesh has the old divine suppleness and strength,

They know how to swim, row, ride, wrestle, shoot, run, strike, retreat,
advance, resist, defend themselves, They are ultimate in their own
right – they are calm, clear, well-possess'd of themselves.

(20) I draw you close to me, you women,

I cannot let you go, I would do you good,

I am for you, and you are for me, not only for our own sake, but for
others' sakes, Envelop'd in you sleep greater heroes and bards,

They refuse to awake at the touch of any man but me.

It is I, you women, I make my way,

I am stern, acrid, large, undissuadable, but I love you, I do not hurt
you any more than is necessary for you,

I pour the stuff to start sons and daughters fit for these States, I press
with slow rude muscle,

I brace myself effectually, I listen to no entreaties,

(30) I dare not withdraw till I deposit what has so long accumulated
within me.

Through you I drain the pent-up rivers of myself,

In you I wrap a thousand onward years,

On you I graft the grafts of the best-beloved of me and

America,

The drops I distil upon you shall grow fierce and athletic girls, new
artists, musicians, and singers, The babes I beget upon you are to
beget babes in their turn, I shall demand perfect men and women
out of my love-spendings, I shall expect them to interpenetrate
with others, as I and you interpenetrate now, I shall count on the
fruits of the gushing showers of them, as I count on the fruits of
the gushing showers I give now, I shall look for loving crops from
the birth, life, death, immortality, I plant so lovingly now.

Spontaneous Me

Spontaneous me, Nature,

The loving day, the mounting sun, the friend I am happy with, The
arm of my friend hanging idly over my shoulder,

The hillside whiten'd with blossoms of the mountain ash, The same
late in autumn, the hues of red, yellow, drab, purple, and light

and dark green, The rich coverlet of the grass, animals and birds,
the private untrimm'd bank, the primitive apples, the pebble-
stones, Beautiful dripping fragments, the negligent list of one after
another as I happen to call them to me or think of them, The real
poems, (what we call poems being merely pictures,) The poems of
the privacy of the night, and of men like me, (10) This poem
drooping shy and unseen that I always carry, and that all men
carry, (Know once for all, avow'd on purpose, wherever are men
like me, are our lusty lurking masculine poems,) Love-thoughts,
love-juice, love-odor, love-yielding, love-climbers, and the
climbing sap, Arms and hands of love, lips of love, phallic thumb
of love, breasts of love, bellies press'd and glued together with
love, Earth of chaste love, life that is only life after love, The body
of my love, the body of the woman I love, the body of the man,
the body of the earth, Soft forenoon airs that blow from the south-
west,

The hairy wild-bee that murmurs and hankers up and down, that
gripes the full-grown lady-flower, curves upon her with amorous
firm legs, takes his will of her, and holds himself tremulous and
tight till he is satisfied; The wet of woods through the early hours,
Two sleepers at night lying close together as they sleep, one with an
arm slanting down across and below the waist of the other, (20)
The smell of apples, aromas from crush'd sage-plant, mint, birch-
bark, The boy's longings, the glow and pressure as he confides to
me what he was dreaming, The dead leaf whirling its spiral whirl
and falling still and content to the ground, The no-form'd stings

that sights, people, objects, sting me with, The hubb'd sting of
myself, stinging me as much as it ever can any one, The sensitive,
orbic, underlapp'd brothers, that only privileged feelers may be
intimate where they are, The curious roamer the hand roaming all
over the body, the bashful withdrawing of flesh where the fingers
soothingly pause and edge themselves, The limpid liquid within
the young man,

The vex'd corrosion so pensive and so painful,

The torment, the irritable tide that will not be at rest, (30) The like of
the same I feel, the like of the same in others, The young man that
flushes and flushes, and the young woman that flushes and
flushes, The young man that wakes deep at night, the hot hand
seeking to repress what would master him, The mystic amorous
night, the strange half-welcome pangs, visions, sweats, The pulse
pounding through palms and trembling encircling fingers, the
young man all color'd, red, ashamed, angry; The souse upon me
of my lover the sea, as I lie willing and naked, The merriment of
the twin babes that crawl over the grass in the sun, the mother
never turning her vigilant eyes from them, The walnut-trunk, the
walnut-husks, and the ripening or ripen'd long-round walnuts,
The continence of vegetables, birds, animals,

The consequent meanness of me should I skulk or find myself
indecent, while birds and animals never once skulk or find
themselves indecent, (40) The great chastity of paternity, to
match the great chastity of maternity, The oath of procreation I
have sworn, my Adamic and fresh daughters, The greed that eats

me day and night with hungry gnaw, till I saturate what shall
produce boys to fill my place when I am through, The wholesome
relief, repose, content,

And this bunch pluck'd at random from myself,

It has done its work -I toss it carelessly to fall where it may.

One Hour to Madness and Joy

One hour to madness and joy! O furious! O confine me not!

(What is this that frees me so in storms?

What do my shouts amid lightnings and raging winds mean?) O to
drink the mystic deliria deeper than any other man!

O savage and tender achings! (I bequeath them to you my children, I
tell them to you, for reasons, O bridegroom and bride.) O to be
yielded to you whoever you are, and you to be yielded to me in
defiance of the world!

O to return to Paradise! O bashful and feminine!

O to draw you to me, to plant on you for the first time the lips of a
determin'd man.

(10) O the puzzle, the thrice-tied knot, the deep and dark pool, all
untied and illumin'd!

O to speed where there is space enough and air enough at last!

To be absolv'd from previous ties and conventions, I from mine and
you from yours!

To find a new unthought-of nonchalance with the best of
Nature!

To have the gag remov'd from one's mouth!

To have the feeling to-day or any day I am sufficient as I am.

O something unprov'd! something in a trance!

To escape utterly from others' anchors and holds!

To drive free! to love free! to dash reckless and dangerous!

To court destruction with taunts, with invitations!

(20) To ascend, to leap to the heavens of the love indicated to me!

To rise thither with my inebriate soul!

To be lost if it must be so!

To feed the remainder of life with one hour of fulness and freedom!

With one brief hour of madness and joy.

Out of the Rolling Ocean the Crowd

Out of the rolling ocean the crowd came a drop gently to me,

Whispering *I love you, before long I die,*

*I have travel'd a long way merely to look on you to touch you, For I could
not die till I once look'd on you,*

For I fear'd I might afterward lose you.

Now we have met, we have look'd, we are safe,

Return in peace to the ocean my love,

I too am part of that ocean my love, we are not so much separated,
Behold the great rondure, the cohesion of all, how perfect!

(10) But as for me, for you, the irresistible sea is to separate us, As for
an hour carrying us diverse, yet cannot carry us diverse forever;
Be not impatient – a little space – know you I salute the air, the
ocean and the land, Every day at sundown for your dear sake my
love.

Ages and Ages Returning at Intervals

Ages and ages returning at intervals,
Undestroy'd, wandering immortal,
Lusty, phallic, with the potent original loins, perfectly sweet, I,
chanter of Adamic songs,
Through the new garden the West, the great cities calling, Deliriate,
thus prelude what is generated, offering these, offering myself,
Bathing myself, bathing my songs in Sex,
Offspring of my loins.

We Two, How Long We Were Fool'd

We two, how long we were fool'd,
Now transmuted, we swiftly escape as Nature escapes,
We are Nature, long have we been absent, but now we return, We
become plants, trunks, foliage, roots, bark,

We are bedded in the ground, we are rocks,
We are oaks, we grow in the openings side by side,
We browse, we are two among the wild herds spontaneous as any, We
are two fishes swimming in the sea together,
We are what locust blossoms are, we drop scent around lanes
mornings and evenings, (10) We are also the coarse smut of
beasts, vegetables, minerals, We are two predatory hawks, we
soar above and look down, We are two resplendent suns, we it is
who balance ourselves orbic and stellar, we are as two comets,
We prowl fang'd and four-footed in the woods, we spring on prey,
We are two clouds forenoons and afternoons driving overhead,
We are seas mingling, we are two of those cheerful waves rolling
over each other and interwetting each other, We are what the
atmosphere is, transparent, receptive, previous, impervious, We
are snow, rain, cold, darkness, we are each product and influence
of the globe, We have circled and circled till we have arrived
home again, we two, We have voided all but freedom and all but
our own joy.

O Hymen! O Hymene!

O hymen! O hymene! why do you tantalize me thus?

O why sting me for a swift moment only?

Why can you not continue? O why do you now cease?

Is it because if you continued beyond the swift moment you would
soon certainly kill me?

I Am He that Aches with Love

I am he that aches with amorous love;

Does the earth gravitate? does not all matter, aching, attract all
matter?

So the body of me to all I meet or know.

Native Moments

Native moments – when you come upon me – ah you are here now,
Give me now libidinous joys only,

Give me the drench of my passions, give me life coarse and rank, To-
day I go consort with Nature's darlings, to-night too, I am for
those who believe in loose delights, I share the midnight orgies of
young men, I dance with the dancers and drink with the drinkers,

The echoes ring with our indecent calls, I pick out some low person
for my dearest friend, He shall be lawless, rude, illiterate, he shall
be one condemn'd by others for deeds done, I will play a part no
longer, why should I exile myself from my companions?

(10) O you shunn'd persons, I at least do not shun you,

I come forthwith in your midst, I will be your poet,

I will be more to you than to any of the rest.

Once I Pass'd through a Populous City

Once I pass'd through a populous city imprinting my brain for future
use with its shows, architecture, customs, traditions, Yet now of
all that city I remember only a woman I casually met there who
detain'd me for love of me, Day by day and night by night we
were together – all else has long been forgotten by me, I
remember I say only that woman who passionately clung to me,
Again we wander, we love, we separate again,
Again she holds me by the hand, I must not go,
I see her close beside me with silent lips sad and tremulous.

Heard You Solemn-Sweet Pipes of the Organ

I heard you solemn-sweet pipes of the organ as last Sunday morn I
pass'd the church, Winds of autumn, as I walk'd the woods at
dusk I heard your long-stretch'd sighs up above so mournful, I
heard the perfect Italian tenor singing at the opera, I heard the
soprano in the midst of the quartet singing; Heart of my love! you
too I heard murmuring low through one of the wrists around my
head, Heard the pulse of you when all was still ringing little bells
last night under my ear.

Facing West from California's Shores

Facing west from California's shores,
Inquiring, tireless, seeking what is yet unfound,
I, a child, very old, over waves, towards the house of maternity, the
land of migrations. look afar. Look off the shores of my Western

land of migrations, look away, look on the shores of my Western
sea, the circle almost circled; For starting westward from
Hindustan, from the vales of Kashmere, From Asia, from the
north, from the God, the sage, and the hero, From the south, from
the flowery peninsulas and the spice islands, Long having
wander'd since, round the earth having wander'd, Now I face
home again, very pleas'd and joyous,

(10) (But where is what I started for so long ago?

And why is it yet unfound?)

As Adam Early in the Morning

As Adam early in the morning,

Walking forth from the bower refresh'd with sleep,

Behold me where I pass, hear my voice, approach,

Touch me, touch the palm of your hand to my body as I pass, Be not
afraid of my body.

CALAMUS

In Paths Untrodden

In paths untrodden,
In the growth by margins of pond-waters,
Escaped from the life that exhibits itself,
From all the standards hitherto publish'd, from the pleasures, profits,
conformities, Which too long I was offering to feed my soul,
Clear to me now standards not yet publish'd, clear to me that my soul,
That the soul of the man I speak for rejoices in comrades,
Here by myself away from the clank of the world,
Tallying and talk'd to here by tongues aromatic,
(10) No longer abash'd, (for in this secluded spot I can respond as I
would not dare elsewhere,) Strong upon me the life that does not
exhibit itself, yet contains all the rest, Resolv'd to sing no songs
to-day but those of manly attachment,
Projecting them along that substantial life,
Bequeathing hence types of athletic love,
Afternoon this delicious Ninth-month in my forty-first year,
I proceed for all who are or have been young men,
To tell the secret of my nights and days,
To celebrate the need of comrades

TO CELEBRATE THE NEED OF COMRADES.

Scented Herbage of My Breast

Scented herbage of my breast,

Leaves from you I glean, I write, to be perused best afterwards,

Tomb-leaves, body-leaves growing up above me above death,

Perennial roots, tall leaves, O the winter shall not freeze you delicate

leaves, Every year shall you bloom again, out from where you

retired you shall emerge again; O I do not know whether many

passing by will discover you or inhale your faint odor, but I

believe a few will; O slender leaves! O blossoms of my blood! I

permit you to tell in your own way of the heart that is under you,

O I do not know what you mean there underneath yourselves, you

are not happiness, You are often more bitter than I can bear, you

burn and sting me,

(10) Yet you are beautiful to me you faint tinged roots, you make me

think of death, Death is beautiful from you, (what indeed is

finally beautiful except death and love?) O I think it is not for life

I am chanting here my chant of lovers, I think it must be for

death, For how calm, how solemn it grows to ascend to the

atmosphere of lovers, Death or life I am then indifferent, my soul

declines to prefer,

(I am not sure but the high soul of lovers welcomes death most,)

Indeed O death, I think now these leaves mean precisely the same as

you mean, Grow up taller sweet leaves that I may see I grow up

out of my breast!

Spring away from the conceal'd heart there!

Do not fold yourself so in your pink-tinged roots timid leaves!

(20) Do not remain down there so ashamed, herbage of my breast!

Come I am determin'd to unbare this broad breast of mine, I have long
enough stifled and choked; Emblematic and capricious blades I
leave you, now you serve me not, I will say what I have to say by
itself,

I will sound myself and comrades only, I will never again utter a call
only their call, I will raise with it immortal reverberations
through the States,

I will give an example to lovers to take permanent shape and will
through the States, Through me shall the words be said to make
death exhilarating,

Give me your tone therefore O death, that I may accord with it,

Give me yourself, for I see that you belong to me now above all, and
are folded inseparably together, you love and death are, (30) Nor
will I allow you to balk me any more with what I was calling life,
For now it is convey'd to me that you are the purports essential,

That you hide in these shifting forms of life, for reasons, and that they
are mainly for you, That you beyond them come forth to remain,
the real reality,

That behind the mask of materials you patiently wait, no matter how
long, That you will one day perhaps take control of all,

That you will perhaps dissipate this entire show of appearance,
That may-be you are what it is all for, but it does not last so very long,
But you will last very long.

Whoever You Are Holding Me Now in Hand

Whoever you are holding me now in hand,
Without one thing all will be useless,
I give you fair warning before you attempt me further,
I am not what you supposed, but far different.
Who is he that would become my follower?
Who would sign himself a candidate for my affections?
The way is suspicious, the result uncertain, perhaps destructive,
You would have to give up all else, I alone would expect to be your
sole and exclusive standard, Your novitiate would even then be
long and exhausting,
(10) The whole past theory of your life and all conformity to the lives
around you would have to be abandon'd, Therefore release me
now before troubling yourself any further, let go your hand from
my shoulders, Put me down and depart on your way.
Or else by stealth in some wood for trial,
Or back of a rock in the open air,
(For in any roof'd room of a house I emerge not, nor in company,
And in libraries I lie as one dumb, a gawk, or unborn, or dead,)

But just possibly with you on a high hill, first watching lest any person
for miles around approach unawares, Or possibly with you sailing
at sea, or on the beach of the sea or some quiet island, Here to put
your lips upon mine I permit you,

(20) With the comrade's long-dwelling kiss or the new husband's kiss,
For I am the new husband and I am the comrade.

Or if you will, thrusting me beneath your clothing,
Where I may feel the throbs of your heart or rest upon your hip,
Carry me when you go forth over land or sea;
For thus merely touching you is enough, is best,
And thus touching you would I silently sleep and be carried eternally.
But these leaves conning you con at peril,
For these leaves and me you will not understand,
They will elude you at first and still more afterward, I will certainly
elude you, (30) Even while you should think you had
unquestionably caught me, behold!

Already you see I have escaped from you.

For it is riot for what I have put into it that I have written this book,
Nor is it by reading it you will acquire it,
Nor do those know me best who admire me and vauntingly praise me,
Nor will the candidates for my love (unless at most a very few) prove
victorious, Nor will my poems do good only, they will do just as
much evil, perhaps more, For all is useless without that which you

may guess at many times and not hit, that which I hinted at;
Therefore release me and depart on your way.

For You O Democracy

Come, I will make the continent indissoluble,
I will make the most splendid race the sun ever shone upon,
I will make divine magnetic lands,
With the love of comrades,
With the life-long love of comrades.
I will plant companionship thick as trees along all the rivers of
America, and along the shores of the great lakes, and all over the
prairies, I will make inseparable cities with their arms about each
other's necks, By the love of comrades,
By the manly love of comrades.
For you these from me, O Democracy, to serve you mafemme!
For you, for you I am trilling these songs.

These I Singing in Spring

These I singing in spring collect for lovers,
(For who but I should understand lovers and all their sorrow and joy?
And who but I should be the poet of comrades?)
Collecting I traverse the garden the world, but soon I pass the gates,
Now along the pond side, now wading in a little, fearing not the

now along the pond-side, now wading in a little, feeling not the
wet, Now by the post-and-rail fences where the old stones thrown
there, pick'd from the fields, have accumulated, (Wild-flowers and
vines and weeds come up through the stones and partly cover
them, beyond these I pass,) Far, far in the forest, or sauntering
later in summer, before I think where I go, Solitary, smelling the
earthy smell, stopping now and then in the silence, (10) Alone I
had thought, yet soon a troop gathers around me,

Some walk by my side and some behind, and some embrace my arms
or neck, They the spirits of dear friends dead or alive, thicker they
come, a great crowd, and I in the middle, Collecting, dispensing,
singing, there I wander with them,

Plucking something for tokens, tossing toward whoever is near me,
Here, lilac, with a branch of pine,

Here, out of my pocket, some moss which I pull'd off a live-oak in
Florida as it hung trailing down, Here, some pinks and laurel
leaves, and a handful of sage,

And here what I now draw from the water, wading in the pond-side,
(O here I last saw him that tenderly loves me, and returns again never
to separate from me, (20) And this, O this shall henceforth be the
token of comrades, this calamus-root shall, Interchange it youths
with each other! let none render it back!)

And twigs of maple and a bunch of wild orange and chestnut, And
stems of currants and plum-blows, and the aromatic cedar,

These I compass'd around by a thick cloud of spirits,

Wandering, point to or touch as I pass, or throw them loosely from
me, Indicating to each one what he shall have, giving something
to each; But what I drew from the water by the pond-side, that I
reserve,

I will give of it, but only to them that love as I myself am capable of
loving.

Not Heaving from my Ribb'd Breast Only

Not heaving from my ribb'd breast only,
Not in sighs at night in rage dissatisfied with myself,
Not in those long-drawn, ill-supprest sighs,
Not in many an oath and promise broken,
Not in my wilful and savage soul's volition,
Not in the subtle nourishment of the air,
Not in this beating and pounding at my temples and wrists,
Not in the curious systole and diastole within which will one day
cease, Not in many a hungry wish told to the skies only,
(10) Not in cries, laughter, defiances, thrown from me when alone far
in the wilds, Not in husky pantings through clinch'd teeth,
Not in sounded and resounded words, chattering words, echoes, dead
words, Not in the murmurs of my dreams while I sleep,
Nor the other murmurs of these incredible dreams of every day,
Nor in the limbs and senses of my body that take you and dismiss you

continually – not there, Not in any or all of them O adhesiveness!
O pulse of my life I

Need I that you exist and show yourself any more than in these songs.

Of the Terrible Doubt of Appearances

Of the terrible doubt of appearances,

Of the uncertainty after all, that we may be deluded,

That may-be reliance and hope are but speculations after all,

That may-be identity beyond the grave is a beautiful fable only,

May-be the things I perceive, the animals, plants, men, hills, shining
and flowing waters, The skies of day and night, colors, densities,
forms, may-be these are (as doubtless they are) only apparitions,
and the real something has yet to be known, (How often they dart
out of themselves as if to confound me and mock me!

How often I think neither I know, nor any man knows, aught of them,)

May-be seeming to me what they are (as doubtless they indeed
but seem) as from my present point of view, and might prove (as
of course they would) nought of what they appear, or nought
anyhow, from entirely changed points of view; (10) To me these
and the like of these are curiously answer'd by my lovers, my dear
friends, When he whom I love travels with me or sits a long while
holding me by the hand, When the subtle air, the impalpable, the
sense that words and reason hold not, surround us and pervade
us, Then I am charged with untold and untellable wisdom, I am
silent, I require nothing further, I cannot answer the question of

appearances or that of identity beyond the grave, But I walk or sit
indifferent, I am satisfied,

He ahold of my hand has completely satisfied me.

The Base of All Metaphysics

And now gentlemen,

A word I give to remain in your memories and minds,

As base and finale too for all metaphysics.

(So to the students the old professor,

At the close of his crowded course.)

Having studied the new and antique, the Greek and Germanic systems,

Kant having studied and stated, Fichte and Schelling and Hegel,

Stated the lore of Plato, and Socrates greater than Plato,

And greater than Socrates sought and stated, Christ divine having

studied long, (10) I see reminiscent to-day those Greek and

Germanic systems,

See the philosophies all, Christian churches and tenets see,

Yet underneath Socrates clearly see, and underneath Christ the divine

I see, The dear love of man for his comrade, the attraction of

friend to friend, Of the well-married husband and wife, of

children and parents,

Of city for city and land for land.

Recorders Ages Hence

Recorders ages hence,

Come, I will take you down underneath this impassive exterior, I will tell you what to say to me, Publish my name and hang up my picture as that of the tenderest lover, The friend the lover's portrait, of whom his friend his lover was fondest, Who was not proud of his songs, but of the measureless ocean of love within him, and freely pour'd it forth, Who often walk'd lonesome walks thinking of his dear friends, his lovers, Who pensive away from one he lov'd often lay sleepless and dissatisfied at night, Who knew too well the sick, sick dread lest the one he lov'd might secretly be indifferent to him, Whose happiest days were far away through fields, in woods, on hills, he and another wandering hand in hand, they twain apart from other men, (10) Who oft as he saunter'd the streets curv'd with his arm the shoulder of his friend, while the arm of his friend rested upon him also.

When I Heard at the Close of the Day

When I heard at the close of the day how my name had been receiv'd with plaudits in the capitol, still it was not a happy night for me that follow'd, And else when I carous'd, or when my plans were accomplish'd, still I was not happy, But the day when I rose at dawn from the bed of perfect health, refresh'd, singing, inhaling the ripe breath of autumn, When I saw the full moon in the west grow pale and disappear in the morning light, When I wander'd

alone over the beach, and undressing bathed, laughing with the cool waters, and saw the sun rise, And when I thought how my dear friend my lover was on his way coming, O then I was happy, O then each breath tasted sweeter, and all that day my food nourish'd me more, and the beautiful day pass'd well, And the next came with equal joy, and with the next at evening came my friend, And that night while all was still I heard the waters roll slowly continually up the shores, (10) I heard the hissing rustle of the liquid and sands as directed to me whispering to congratulate me, For the one I love most lay sleeping by me under the same cover in the cool night, In the stillness in the autumn moonbeams his face was inclined toward me, And his arm lay lightly around my breast – and that night

I was happy.

Are You the New Person Drawn toward Me?

Are you the new person drawn toward me?

To begin with take warning, I am surely far different from what you suppose; Do you suppose you will find in me your ideal?

Do you think it so easy to have me become your lover?

Do you think the friendship of me would be unalloy'd satisfaction?

Do you think I am trusty and faithful?

Do you see no further than this facade, this smooth and tolerant manner of me?

Do you suppose yourself advancing on cool ground toward a cool

Do you suppose yourself advancing on real ground toward a real
heroic man?

Have you no thought O dreamer that it may be all maya, illusion?

Roots and Leaves Themselves Alone

Roots and leaves themselves alone are these,

Scents brought to men and women from the wild woods and pond-
side,

Breast-sorrel and pinks of love, fingers that wind around tighter than
vines, Gushes from the throats of birds hid in the foliage of trees
as the sun is risen, Breezes of land and love set from living shores
to you on the living sea, to you O sailors!

Frost-mellow'd berries and Third-month twigs offer'd fresh to young
persons wandering out in the fields when the winter breaks up,
Love-buds put before you and within you whoever you are,

Buds to be unfolded on the old terms,

If you bring the warmth of the sun to them they will open and bring
form, color, perfume, to you, (10) If you become the aliment and
the wet they will become flowers, fruits, tall branches and trees.

Not Heat Flames up and Consumes

Not heat flames up and consumes,

Not sea-waves hurry in and out,

Not the air delicious and dry, the air of ripe summer, bears lightly

along white down-balls of myriads of seeds, Wafted, sailing
gracefully, to drop where they may;

Not these, O none of these more than the flames of me, consuming,
burning for his love whom I love, O none more than I hurrying in
and out;

Does the tide hurry, seeking something, and never give up?

O! the same,

O nor down-balls nor perfumes, nor the high rain-emitting clouds, are
borne through the open air, Any more than my soul is borne
through the open air,

(10) Wafted in all directions O love, for friendship, for you.

Trickle Drops

Trickle drops! my blue veins leaving!

O drops of me! trickle, slow drops,

Candid from me falling, drip, bleeding drops,

From wounds made to free you whence you were prison'd,

From my face, from my forehead and lips,

From my breast, from within where I was conceal'd, press forth red
drops, confession drops, Stain every page, stain every song I sing,
every word I say, bloody drops, Let them know your scarlet heat,
let them glisten,

Saturate them with yourself all ashamed and wet,

(10) Glow upon all I have written or shall write, bleeding drops,
Let it all be seen in your light, blushing drops.

City of Orgies

City of orgies, walks and joys,

City whom that I have lived and sung in your midst will one day make
you illustrious, Not the pageants of you, not your shifting
tableaus, your spectacles, repay me, Not the interminable rows of
your houses, nor the ships at the wharves, Nor the processions in
the streets, nor the bright windows with goods in them, Nor to
converse with learn'd persons, or bear my share in the soiree or
feast; Not those, but as I pass O Manhattan, your frequent and
swift flash of eyes offering me love, Offering response to my own
– these repay me,

Lovers, continual lovers, only repay me.

Behold This Swarthy Face

Behold this swarthy face, these gray eyes,

This beard, the white wool unclipt upon my neck,

My brown hands and the silent manner of me without charm;

Yet comes one a Manhattanese and ever at parting kisses me lightly on
the lips with robust love, And I on the crossing of the street or on
the ship's deck give a kiss in return, We observe that salute of
American comrades land and sea,

We are those two natural and nonchalant persons.

I Saw in Louisiana a Live-Oak Growing

I saw in Louisiana a live-oak growing,

All alone stood it and the moss hung down from the branches,

Without any companion it grew there uttering joyous leaves of dark
green, And its look, rude, unbending, lusty, made me think of
myself,

But I wonder'd how it could utter joyous leaves standing alone there
without its friend near, for I knew I could not, And I broke off a
twig with a certain number of leaves upon it, and twined around
it a little moss, And brought it away, and I have placed it in sight
in my room,

It is not needed to remind me as of my own dear friends,

(For I believe lately I think of little else than of them,)

(10) Yet it remains to me a curious token, it makes me think of manly
love; For all that, and though the live-oak glistens there in

Louisiana solitary in a wide flat space,

Uttering joyous leaves all its life without a friend a lover near,

I know very well I could not.

To a Stranger

Passing stranger! you do not know how longingly I look upon you,

You must be he I was seeking, or she I was seeking, (it comes to me as
of a dream,) I have somewhere surely lived a life of joy with you,
All is recall'd as we flit by each other, fluid, affectionate, chaste,
matured, You grew up with me, were a boy with me or a girl with
me,

I ate with you and slept with you, your body has become not yours
only nor left my body mine only, You give me the pleasure of
your eyes, face, flesh, as we pass, you take of my beard, breast,
hands, in return, I am not to speak to you, I am to think of you
when I sit alone or wake at night alone, I am to wait, I do not
doubt I am to meet you again,

(10) I am to see to it that I do not lose you.

This Moment Yearning and Thoughtful

This moment yearning and thoughtful sitting alone,

It seems to me there are other men in other lands yearning and
thoughtful, It seems to me I can look over and behold them in
Germany,

Italy, France, Spain,

Or far, far away, in China, or in Russia or Japan, talking other
dialects, And it seems to me if I could know those men I should
become attached to them as I do to men in my own lands, O I
know we should be brethren and lovers,

I know I should be happy with them.

I Hear It was Charged against Me

I hear it was charged against me that I sought to destroy institutions,
But really I am neither for nor against institutions,

(What indeed have I in common with them? or what with the
destruction of them?) Only I will establish in the Mannahatta and
in every city of these States inland and seaboard, And in the fields
and woods, and above every keel little or large that dents the
water, Without edifices or rules or trustees or any argument,
The institution of the dear love of comrades.

The Prairie-grass Dividing

The prairie-grass dividing, its special odor breathing,
I demand of it the spiritual corresponding,
Demand the most copious and close companionship of men,
Demand the blades to rise of words, acts, beings,
Those of the open atmosphere, coarse, sunlit, fresh, nutritious,
Those that go their own gait, erect, stepping with freedom and
command, leading not following, Those with a never-quell'd
audacity, those with sweet and lusty flesh clear of taint, Those
that look carelessly in the faces of Presidents and governors, as to
say *Who are you?*
Those of earth-born passion, simple, never constrain'd, never obedient,
(10) Those of inland America.

When I Peruse the Conquer'd Fame

When I peruse the conquer'd fame of heroes and the victories of
mighty generals, I do not envy the generals, Nor the President in
his Presidency, nor the rich in his great house, But when I hear of
the brotherhood of lovers, how it was with them, How together
through life, through dangers, odium, unchanging, long and long,
Through youth and through middle and old age, how unfaltering,
how affectionate and faithful they were, Then I am pensive -I
hastily walk away fill'd with the bitterest envy.

We Two Boys together Clinging

We two boys together clinging,
One the other never leaving,
Up and down the roads going, North and South excursions making,
Power enjoying, elbows stretching, fingers clutching,
Arm'd and fearless, eating, drinking, sleeping, loving,
No law less than ourselves owning, sailing, soldiering, thieving,
threatening, Misers, menials, priests alarming, air breathing,
water drinking, on the turf or the sea-beach dancing, Cities
wrenching, ease scorning, statutes mocking, feebleness chasing,
Fulfilling our foray.

A Promise to California

A promise to California,

Or inland to the great pastoral Plains, and on to Puget sound and
Oregon; Sojourning east a while longer, soon I travel toward you,
to remain, to teach robust American love, For I know very well
that I and robust love belong among you, inland, and along the
Western sea; For these States tend inland and toward the Western
sea, and I will also.

Here the Frailest Leaves of Me

Here the frailest leaves of me and yet my strongest lasting,
Here I shade and hide my thoughts, I myself do not expose them,
And yet they expose me more than all my other poems.

No Labor-Saving Machine

No labor-saving machine,
Nor discovery have I made,
Nor will I be able to leave behind me any wealthy bequest to found a
hospital or library, Nor reminiscence of any deed of courage for
America,
Nor literary success nor intellect, nor book for the book-shelf,
But a few carols vibrating through the air I leave,
For comrades and lovers.

A Glimpse

A glimpse through an interstice caught,
Of a crowd of workmen and drivers in a bar-room around the stove
late of a winter night, and I unremark'd seated in a corner, Of a
youth who loves me and whom I love, silently approaching and
seating himself near, that he may hold me by the hand, A long
while amid the noises of coming and going, of drinking and oath
and smutty jest, There we two, content, happy in being together,
speaking little, perhaps not a word.

A Leaf for Hand in Hand

A leaf for hand in hand;
You natural persons old and young!
You on the Mississippi and on all the branches and bayous of the
Mississippi!
You friendly boatmen and mechanics! you roughs!
You twain! and all processions moving along the streets!
I wish to infuse myself among you till I see it common for you to walk
hand in hand.

Earth, My Likeness

Earth, my likeness,
Though you look so impassive, ample and spheric there,
I now suspect that is not all;

I now suspect there is something fierce in you eligible to burst forth,
For an athlete is enamour'd of me, and I of him,
But toward him there is something fierce and terrible in me eligible to
burst forth, I dare not tell it in words, not even in these songs.

I Dream'd in a Dream

I dream'd in a dream I saw a city invincible to the attacks of the whole
of the rest of the earth, I dream'd that was the new city of
Friends,
Nothing was greater there than the quality of robust love, it led the
rest, It was seen every hour in the actions of the men of that city,
And in all their looks and words.

What Think You I Take My Pen in Hand?

What think you I take my pen in hand to record?
The battle-ship, perfect-model'd, majestic, that I saw pass the offing
to-day under full sail?
The splendors of the past day? or the splendor of the night that
envelops me?
Or the vaunted glory and growth of the great city spread around me?-
no; But merely of two simple men I saw to-day on the pier in the
midst of the crowd, parting the parting of dear friends, The one to
remain hung on the other's neck and passionately kiss'd him,
While the one to depart tightly prest the one to remain in his

arms.

To the East and to the West

To the East and to the West,
To the man of the Seaside State and of Pennsylvania,
To the Kanadian of the north, to the Southerner I love,
These with perfect trust to depict you as myself, the germs are in all
men, I believe the main purport of these States is to found a
superb friendship, exaltè, previously unknown, Because I perceive
it waits, and has been always waiting, latent in all men.

Sometimes with One I Love

Sometimes with one I love I fill myself with rage for fear I effuse
unreturn'd love, But now I think there is no unreturn'd love, the
pay is certain one way or another, (I loved a certain person
ardently and my love was not return'd,
Yet out of that I have written these songs.)

To a Western Boy

Many things to absorb I teach to help you become eleve of mine;
Yet if blood like mine circle not in your veins,
If you be not silently selected by lovers and do not silently select

lovers, Of what use is it that you seek to become eleven of mine?

Fast-Anchor'd Eternal O Love!

Fast-anchor'd eternal O love! O woman I love!

O bride! O wife! more resistless than I can tell, the thought of you!

Then separate, as disembodied or another born,

Ethereal, the last athletic reality, my consolation,

I ascend, I float in the regions of your love O man,

O sharer of my roving life.

Among the Multitude

Among the men and women the multitude,

I perceive one picking me out by secret and divine signs,

Acknowledging none else, not parent, wife, husband, brother, child,

any nearer than I am, Some are baffled, but that one is not – that
one knows me.

Ah lover and perfect equal,

I meant that you should discover me so by faint indirections,

And I when I meet you mean to discover you by the like in you.

O You whom I Often and Silently Come

O you whom I often and silently come where you are that

I may be with you,

As I walk by your side or sit near, or remain in the same room with
you, Little you know the subtle electric fire that for your sake is
playing within me.

That Shadow My Likeness

That shadow my likeness that goes to and fro seeking a livelihood,
chattering, chaffering, How often I find myself standing and
looking at it where it flits,

How often I question and doubt whether that is really me;

But among my lovers and caroling these songs,

O I never doubt whether that is really me.

Full of Life Now

Full of life now, compact, visible,

I, forty years old the eighty-third year of the States,

To one a century hence or any number of centuries hence,

To you yet unborn these, seeking you.

When you read these I that was visible am become invisible,
Now it is you, compact, visible, realizing my poems, seeking me,
Fancying how happy you were if I could be with you and become your
comrade; Be it as if I were with you. (Be not too certain but I am
now with you.)

Salut au Monde!

1

O take my hand Walt Whitman!
Such gliding wonders! such sights and sounds!
Such join'd unended links, each hook'd to the next,
Each answering all, each sharing the earth with all.
What widens within you Walt Whitman?
What waves and soils exuding?
What climes? what persons and cities are here?
Who are the infants, some playing, some slumbering?
Who are the girls? who are the married women?
(10) Who are the groups of old men going slowly with their arms
about each other's necks?
What rivers are these? what forests and fruits are these?
What are the mountains call'd that rise so high in the mists?
What myriads of dwellings are they fill'd with dwellers?

2

Within me latitude widens, longitude lengthens,

Asia, Africa, Europe, are to the east – America is provided for in the
west, Banding the bulge of the earth winds the hot equator,

Curiously north and south turn the axis-ends,

Within me is the longest day, the sun wheels in slanting rings, it does
not set for months, Stretch'd in due time within me the midnight
sun just rises above the horizon and sinks again, (20) Within me
zones, seas, cataracts, forests, volcanoes, groups,

Malaysia, Polynesia, and the great West Indian islands.

3

What do you hear Walt Whitman?

I hear the workman singing and the farmer's wife singing, I hear in the
distance the sounds of children and of animals early in the day, I
hear emulous shouts of Australians pursuing the wild horse,

I hear the Spanish dance with castanets in the chestnut shade, to the
rebeck and guitar, I hear continual echoes from the Thames,

I hear fierce French liberty songs,

I hear of the Italian boat-sculler the musical recitative of old poems,
(30) I hear the locusts in Syria as they strike the grain and grass
with the showers of their terrible clouds, I hear the Coptic refrain
toward sundown, pensively falling on the breast of the black
venerable vast mother the Nile. I hear the chirn of the Mexican

...muleteer, and the bells of the mule, I hear the Arab muezzin
calling from the top of the mosque,

I hear the Christian priests at the altars of their churches, I hear the
responsive base and soprano, I hear the cry of the Cossack, and
the sailor's voice putting to sea at Okotsk, I hear the wheeze of
the slave-coffle as the slaves march on, as the husky gangs pass on
by twos and threes, fasten'd together with wrist-chains and ankle-
chains, I hear the Hebrew reading his records and psalms,

I hear the rhythmic myths of the Greeks, and the strong legends of the
Romans, I hear the tale of the divine life and bloody death of the
beautiful God the Christ, (40) I hear the Hindoo teaching his
favorite pupil the loves, wars, adages, transmitted safely to this
day from poets who wrote three thousand years ago.

4

What do you see Walt Whitman?

Who are they you salute, and that one after another salute you?

I see a great round wonder rolling through space,

I see diminute farms, hamlets, ruins, graveyards, jails, factories,
palaces, hovels, huts of barbarians, tents of nomads upon the
surface, I see the shaded part on one side where the sleepers are
sleeping, and the sunlit part on the other side, I see the curious
rapid change of the light and shade,

I see distant lands, as real and near to the inhabitants of them as my
land is to me.

I see plenteous waters,
I see mountain peaks, I see the sierras of Andes where they range,
(50) I see plainly the Himalayas, Chian Shahs, Altays, Ghauts,
I see the giant pinnacles of Elbruz, Kazbek, Bazardjusi,
I see the Styrian Alps, and the Karnac Alps,
I see the Pyrenees, Balks, Carpathians, and to the north the
Dofrafields, and off at sea mount Hecla,
I see Vesuvius and Etna, the mountains of the Moon, and the Red
mountains of Madagascar, I see the Lybian, Arabian, and Asiatic
deserts,
I see huge dreadful Arctic and Antarctic icebergs,
I see the superior oceans and the inferior ones, the Atlantic and
Pacific, the sea of Mexico, the Brazilian sea, and the sea of Peru,
The waters of Hindustan, the China sea, and the gulf of Guinea,
The Japan waters, the beautiful bay of Nagasaki land-lock'd in its
mountains, (60) The spread of the Baltic, Caspian, Bothnia, the
British shores, and the bay of Biscay, The clear-sunn'd
Mediterranean, and from one to another of its islands, The White
sea, and the sea around Greenland.
I behold the mariners of the world,
Some are in storms, some in the night with the watch on the lookout,
Some drifting helplessly, some with contagious diseases.
I behold the sail and steamships of the world, some in clusters in port,
some on their voyages, Some double the cape of Storms, some

cape Verde, others capes Guardafui, Bon, or Bajadore, Others
Dondra head, others pass the straits of Sunda, others cape
Lopatka, others Behring's straits, Others cape Horn, others sail the
gulf of Mexico or along
Cuba or Hayti, others Hudson's bay or Baffin's bay,

(70) Others pass the straits of Dover, others enter the Wash, others the
firth of Sol way, others round cape Clear, others the Land's End,
Others traverse the Zuyder Zee or the Scheld,

Others as comers and goers at Gibraltar or the Dardanelles,

Others sternly push their way through the northern winter-packs,

Others descend or ascend the Obi or the Lena,

Others the Niger or the Congo, others the Indus, the
Burampooter and Cambodia,

Others wait steam'd up ready to start in the ports of Australia,

Wait at Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Marseilles, Lisbon,

Naples, Hamburg, Bremen, Bordeaux, the Hague, Copenhagen,

Wait at Valparaiso, Rio Janeiro, Panama.

(5)

I see the tracks of the railroads of the earth,

(80) I see them in Great Britain, I see them in Europe,

I see them in Asia and in Africa.

I see the electric telegraphs of the earth,

I see the filaments of the news of the wars, deaths, losses, gains,

passions, of my race.

I see the long river-stripes of the earth,

I see the Amazon and the Paraguay,

I see the four great rivers of China, the Amour, the Yellow
River, the Yiang-tse, and the Pearl,

I see where the Seine flows, and where the Danube, the
Loire, the Rhone, and the Guadalquiver flow,

I see the windings of the Volga, the Dnieper, the Oder,

I see the Tuscan going down the Arno, and the Venetian along the Po,
(90) I see the Greek seaman sailing out of Egina bay.

6

I see the site of the old empire of Assyria, and that of Persia, and that
of India, I see the falling of the Ganges over the high rim of
Saukara.

I see the place of the idea of the Deity incarnated by avatars in human
forms, I see the spots of the successions of priests on the earth,
oracles, sacrificers, brahmins, sabians, llamas, monks, muftis,
exhorters, I see where druids walk'd the groves of Mona, I see the
mistletoe and vervain, I see the temples of the deaths of the
bodies of Gods, I see the old signifiers.

I see Christ eating the bread of his last supper in the midst of youths
and old persons, I see where the strong divine young man the
Hercules toil'd faithfully and long and then died, I see the place of
the innocent rich life and hapless fate of the beautiful nocturnal

son, the full-limb'd Bacchus, (100) I see Kneph, blooming, drest in blue, with the crown of feathers on his head, I see Hermes, unsuspected, dying, well-belov'd, saying to the people *Do not weep for me, This is not my true country, I have lived banish'd from my true country, I now go back there, I return to the celestial sphere where every one goes in his turn.*

7

I see the battle-fields of the earth, grass grows upon them and blossoms and corn, I see the tracks of ancient and modern expeditions.

I see the nameless masonries, venerable messages of the unknown events, heroes, records of the earth.

I see the places of the sagas,

I see pine-trees and fir-trees torn by northern blasts,

I see granite boulders and cliffs, I see green meadows and lakes,

(110) I see the burial-cairns of Scandinavian warriors,

I see them raised high with stones by the marge of restless oceans, that the dead men's spirits when they wearied of their quiet graves might rise up through the mounds and gaze on the tossing billows, and be refresh'd by storms, immensity, liberty, action.

I see the steppes of Asia,

I see the tumuli of Mongolia, I see the tents of Kalmucks and Baskirs, I see the nomadic tribes with herds of oxen and cows,

I see the table-lands notch'd with ravines, I see the jungles and deserts,

I see the camel, the wild steed, the bustard, the fat-tail'd sheep,
the antelope, and the burrowing wolf.

I see the highlands of Abyssinia,

I see flocks of goats feeding, and see the fig-tree, tamarind, date, And
see fields of teff-wheat and places of verdure and gold.

(120) I see the Brazilian vaquero,

I see the Bolivian ascending mount Sorata,

I see the Wacho crossing the plains, I see the incomparable rider of
horses with his lasso on his arm, I see over the pampas the pursuit
of wild cattle for their hides.

8, [9]

I see the regions of snow and ice,

I see the sharp-eyed Samoiede and the Finn,

I see the seal-seeker in his boat poisoning his lance,

I see the Siberian on his slight-built sledge drawn by dogs,

I see the porpoise-hunters, I see the whale-crews of the south Pacific
and the north Atlantic, I see the cliffs, glaciers, torrents, valleys,
of Switzerland -I mark the long winters and the isolation.

(130) I see the cities of the earth and make myself at random a part of
them, I am a real Parisian,

I am a habitan of Vienna, St Petersburg, Berlin, Constantinople,

I am of Adelaide, Sidney, Melbourne,

I am of London. Manchester. Bristol. Edinburgh. Limerick.

I am of London, Manchester, Bristol, Hamburg, Amsterdam,

I am of Madrid, Cadiz, Barcelona, Oporto, Lyons, Brussels,
Berne, Frankfort, Stuttgart, Turin, Florence,

I belong in Moscow, Cracow, Warsaw, or northward in
Christiania or Stockholm, or in Siberian Irkutsk, or in some street
in Iceland,

I descend upon all those cities, and rise from them again.

10

I see vapors exhaling from unexplored countries,

I see the savage types, the bow and arrow, the poison'd splint, the
fetich, and the obi.

(140) I see African and Asiatic towns,

I see Algiers, Tripoli, Derne, Mogadore, Timbuctoo, Monrovia,

I see the swarms of Peking, Canton, Benares, Delhi, Calcutta, Tokio, I
see the Kruman in his hut, and the Dahoman and
Ashantee-man in their huts,

I see the Turk smoking opium in Aleppo,

I see the picturesque crowds at the fairs of Khiva and those of Herat, I
see Teheran, I see Muscat and Medina and the intervening sands, I
see the caravans toiling onward, I see Egypt and the Egyptians, I
see the pyramids and obelisks,

I look on chisell'd histories, records of conquering kings, dynasties, cut

in slabs of sand-stone, or on granite-blocks, I see at Memphis
mummy-pits containing mummies embalm'd, swathed in linen
cloth, lying there many centuries, (150) I look on the fall'n
Theban, the large-ball'd eyes, the side-drooping neck, the hands
folded across the breast.

I see all the menials of the earth, laboring,
I see all the prisoners in the prisons,
I see the defective human bodies of the earth,
The blind, the deaf and dumb, idiots, hunchbacks, lunatics,
The pirates, thieves, betrayers, murderers, slave-makers of the earth,
The helpless infants, and the helpless old men and women.

I see male and female everywhere,
I see the serene brotherhood of philosophers,
I see the constructiveness of my race,
(160) I see the results of the perseverance and industry of my race, I
see ranks, colors, barbarisms, civilizations, I go among them, I
mix indiscriminately, And I salute all the inhabitants of the earth.

11

You whoever you are!

You daughter or son of England!

You of the mighty Slavic tribes and empires! you Russ in
Russia!

You dim-descended, black, divine-soul'd African, large, fine-headed,
nobly-form'd, superbly destin'd, on equal terms with me!

You Norwegian I Swede! Dane! Icelfander! you Prussian!

You Spaniard of Spain! you Portuguese!

You Frenchwoman and Frenchman of France!

(170) You Belge! you liberty-lover of the Netherlands! (you stock
whence I myself have descended;) You sturdy Austrian! you
Lombard ! Hun! Bohemian! farmer of Styria!

You neighbor of the Danube!

You working-man of the Rhine, the Elbe, or the Weser! you working-
woman too!

You Sardinian! you Bavarian! Swabian! Saxon! Wallachian !
Bulgarian!

You Roman! Neapolitan! you Greek!

You lithe matador in the arena at Seville!

You mountaineer living lawlessly on the Taurus or Caucasus!

You Bokh horse-herd watching your mares and stallions feeding!

You beautiful-bodied Persian at full speed in the saddle shooting
arrows to the mark!

(180) You Chinaman and Chinawoman of China! you Tartar of

Tartary!

You women of the earth subordinated at your tasks!

You Jew journeying in your old age through every risk to stand once
on Syrian ground!

You other Jews waiting in all lands for your Messiah!

You thoughtful Armenian pondering by some stream of the
Euphrates! you peering amid the ruins of Nineveh! you ascending
mount Ararat!

You foot-worn pilgrim welcoming the far-away sparkle of the minarets
of Mecca!

You sheiks along the stretch from Suez to Bab-el-mandeb ruling your
families and tribes!

You olive-grower tending your fruit on fields of Nazareth,
Damascus, or lake Tiberias!

You Thibet trader on the wide inland or bargaining in the shops of
Lassa!

You Japanese man or woman! you liver in Madagascar,
Ceylon, Sumatra, Borneo!

(190) All you continentals of Asia, Africa, Europe, Australia,
indifferent of place!

All you on the numberless islands of the archipelagoes of the sea!

And you of centuries hence when you listen to me!

And you each and everywhere whom I specify not, but include just the
camel!

same!

Health to you! good will to you all, from me and America sent!

Each of us inevitable,

Each of us limitless – each of us with his or her right upon the earth,

Each of us allow'd the eternal purports of the earth,

Each of us here as divinely as any is here.

12

You Hottentot with clicking palate! you woolly-hair'd hordes!

(200) You own'd persons dropping sweat-drops or blood-drops!

You human forms with the fathomless ever-impressive countenances
of brutes!

You poor koboo whom the meanest of the rest look down upon for all
your glimmering language and spirituality!

You dwarf'd Kamtschatkan, Greenlander, Lapp!

You Austral negro, naked, red, sooty, with protrusive lip, groveling,
seeking your food!

You Caffre, Berber, Soudanese!

You haggard, uncouth, untutor'd Bedowee!

You plague-swarms in Madras, Nankin, Kaubul, Cairo!

You benighted roamer of Amazonia! you Patagonian! you Feejeeman!

I do not prefer others so very much before you either,

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(210) I do not say one word against you, away back there where you stand, (You will come forward in due time to my side.)

13

My spirit has pass'd in compassion and determination around the whole earth, I have look'd for equals and lovers and found them ready for me in all lands, I think some divine rapport has equalized me with them.

You vapors, I think I have risen with you, moved away to distant continents, and failed down there, for reasons, I think I have blown with you you winds;

You waters I have finger'd every shore with you,

I have run through what any river or strait of the globe has run through, I have taken my stand on the bases of peninsulas and on the high embedded rocks, to cry thence: (220) *Salut au monde!*

What cities the light or warmth penetrates I penetrate those cities myself, All islands to which birds wing their way I wing my way myself.

Toward you all, in America's name,

I raise high the perpendicular hand, I make the signal,

To remain after me in sight forever,

For all the haunts and homes of men.

Song of the Open Road

1

Afoot and light-hearted I take to the open road,
Healthy, free, the world before me,
The long brown path before me leading wherever I choose.

Henceforth I ask not good-fortune, I myself am good-fortune,
Henceforth I whimper no more, postpone no more, need nothing,
Done with indoor complaints, libraries, querulous criticisms, Strong
and content I travel the open road.

The earth, that is sufficient,
I do not want the constellations any nearer,
(10) I know they are very well where they are,
I know they suffice for those who belong to them.

(Still here I carry my old delicious burdens,
I carry them, men and women, I carry them with me wherever I go,
I swear it is impossible for me to get rid of them,
I am fill'd with them, and I will fill them in return.)

2

You road I enter upon and look around, I believe you are not all that is
here, I believe that much unseen is also here.

Here the profound lesson of reception, nor preference nor denial,
The black with his woolly head, the felon, the diseas'd, the illiterate
person, are not denied; (20) The birth, the hasting after the
physician, the beggar's tramp, the drunkard's stagger, the
laughing party of mechanics, The escaped youth, the rich person's
carriage, the fop, the eloping couple, The early market-man, the
hearse, the moving of furniture into the town, the return back
from the town, They pass, I also pass, any thing passes, none can
be interdicted,

None but are accepted, none but shall be dear to me.

3

You air that serves me with breath to speak!

You objects that call from diffusion my meanings and give them
shape!

You light that wraps me and all things in delicate equable showers!

You paths worn in the irregular hollows by the roadsides I

I believe you are latent with unseen existences, you are so dear to me.

(30) You flagg'd walks of the cities! you strong curbs at the edges!
You ferries! you planks and posts of wharves! you timber-lined sides!
you distant ships!
You rows of houses! you window-pierc'd facades! you roofs!
You porches and entrances! you copings and iron guards!
You windows whose transparent shells might expose so much!
You doors and ascending steps! you arches!
You gray stones of interminable pavements! you trodden crossings!
From all that has touch'd you I believe you have imparted to
yourselves, and now would impart the same secretly to me, From
the living and the dead you have peopled your impassive surface,
and the spirits thereof would be evident and amicable with me.

4

The earth expanding right hand and left hand,
(40) The picture alive, every part in its best light,
The music falling in where it is wanted, and stopping where it is not
wanted, The cheerful voice of the public road, the gay fresh
sentiment of the road.

O highway I travel, do you say to me *Do not leave me?*
Do you say *Venture not – if you leave me you are lost?*

Do you say *lam already prepared, lam well-beaten and undented, adhere to me?*

O public road, I say back I am not afraid to leave you, yet I love you,
You express me better than I can express myself,
You shall be more to me than my poem.

I think heroic deeds were all conceiv'd in the open air, and all free
poems also, (50) I think I could stop here myself and do miracles,
I think whatever I shall meet on the road I shall like, and whoever
beholds me shall like me, I think whoever I see must be happy.

5

From this hour I ordain myself loos'd of limits and imaginary lines,
Going where I list, my own master total and absolute,
Listening to others, considering well what they say,
Pausing, searching, receiving, contemplating,
Gently, but with undeniable will, divesting myself of the holds that
would hold me.

I inhale great draughts of space,
The east and the west are mine, and the north and the south are mine.

(60) I am larger, better than I thought,
I did not know I held so much goodness.

All seems beautiful to me,

I can repeat over to men and women You have done such good to me I
would do the same to you, I will recruit for myself and you as I
go,

I will scatter myself among men and women as I go,

I will toss a new gladness and roughness among them,

Whoever denies me it shall not trouble me,

Whoever accepts me he or she shall be blessed and shall bless me.

6

Now if a thousand perfect men were to appear it would not amaze me,
(70) Now if a thousand beautiful forms of women appear'd it
would not astonish me.

Now I see the secret of the making of the best persons,

It is to grow in the open air and to eat and sleep with the earth.

Here a great personal deed has room,

(Such a deed seizes upon the hearts of the whole race of men,

Its effusion of strength and will overwhelms law and mocks all
authority and all argument against it.) Here is the test of wisdom.

caution, and an argument against it; Here is the test of wisdom;

Wisdom is not finally tested in schools,

Wisdom cannot be pass'd from one having it to another not having it,

Wisdom is of the soul, is not susceptible of proof, is its own proof,

(80) Applies to all stages and objects and qualities and is content,

Is the certainty of the reality and immortality of things, and the
excellence of things; Something there is in the float of the sight of
things that provokes it out of the soul.

Now I re-examine philosophies and religions,

They may prove well in lecture-rooms, yet not prove at all under the
spacious clouds and along the landscape and flowing currents.

Here is realization,

Here is a man tallied – he realizes here what he has in him,

The past, the future, majesty, love – if they are vacant of you, you are
vacant of them.

Only the kernel of every object nourishes;

Where is he who tears off the husks for you and me?

(90) Where is he that undoes stratagems and envelopes for you and
me?

Here is adhesiveness, it is not previously fashion'd, it is apropos; Do
you know what it is as you pass to be loved by strangers?

Do you know the talk of those turning eye-balls?

Here is the efflux of the soul,

The efflux of the soul comes from within through embower'd gates,
 ever provoking questions, These yearnings why are they? these
 thoughts in the darkness why are they?

Why are there men and women that while they are nigh me the
 sunlight expands my blood?

Why when they leave me do my pennants of joy sink flat and lank?

Why are there trees I never walk under but large and melodious
 thoughts descend upon me?

(100) (I think they hang there winter and summer on those trees and
 always drop fruit as I pass;) What is it I interchange so suddenly
 with strangers?

What with some driver as I ride on the seat by his side?

What with some fisherman drawing his seine by the shore as I walk by
 and pause?

What gives me to be free to a woman's and man's good-will? what
 gives them to be free to mine?

(8)

The efflux of the soul is happiness, here is happiness,

I think it pervades the open air, waiting at all times,

Now it flows unto us, we are rightly charged.

Here rises the fluid and attaching character,

The fluid and attaching character is the freshness and sweetness of man and woman, (110) (The herbs of the morning sprout no fresher and sweeter every day out of the roots of themselves, than it sprouts fresh and sweet continually out of itself.) Toward the fluid and attaching character exudes the sweat of the love of young and old, From it falls distill'd the charm that mocks beauty and attainments, Toward it heaves the shuddering longing ache of contact.

9

Allons! whoever you are come travel with me!

Traveling with me you find what never tires.

The earth never tires,

The earth is rude, silent, incomprehensible at first, Nature is rude and incomprehensible at first, Be not discouraged, keep on, there are divine things well envelop'd, I swear to you there are divine things more beautiful than words can tell.

(120) Allons! we must not stop here,

However sweet these laid-up stores, however convenient this dwelling we cannot remain here, However shelter'd this port and however

calm these waters we must not anchor here, However welcome
the hospitality that surrounds us we are permitted to receive it
but a little while.

10

Allons! the inducements shall be greater,
We will sail pathless and wild seas,
We will go where winds blow, waves dash, and the Yankee clipper
speeds by under full sail.

Allons! with power, liberty, the earth, the elements,
Health, defiance, gayety, self-esteem, curiosity;
Allons! from all formules!
(130) From your formules, O bat-eyed and materialistic priests.
The stale cadaver blocks up the passage – the burial waits no longer.

Allons! yet take warning!
He traveling with me needs the best blood, thews, endurance,
None may come to the trial till he or she bring courage and health,
Come not here if you have already spent the best of yourself,
Only those may come who come in sweet and determin'd bodies,
No diseas'd person, no rum-drinker or venereal taint is permitted here.

(I and mine do not convince by arguments, similes, rhymes,
We convince by our presence.)

11

(140) Listen! I will be honest with you,
I do not offer the old smooth prizes, but offer rough new prizes,
These are the days that must happen to you:
You shall not heap up what is call'd riches,
You shall scatter with lavish hand all that you earn or achieve,
You but arrive at the city to which you were destin'd, you hardly settle
yourself to satisfaction before you are call'd by an irresistible call
to depart, You shall be treated to the ironical smiles and mockings
of those who remain behind you, What beckonings of love you
receive you shall only answer with passionate kisses of parting,
You shall not allow the hold of those who spread their reach'd
hands toward you.

12

Allons! after the great Companions, and to belong to them!

(150) They too are on the road – they are the swift and majestic men –
they are the greatest women, Enjoyers of calms of seas and storms
of seas,

Sailors of many a ship, walkers of many a mile of land, Habitués of

many distant countries, habitues of far-distant dwellings, Trusters
of men and women, observers of cities, solitary toilers,
Pausers and contemplators of tufts, blossoms, shells of the shore,
Dancers at wedding-dances, kissers of brides, tender helpers of
children, bearers of children, Soldiers of revolts, standers by
gaping graves, lowerers-down of coffins, Journeymen over
consecutive seasons, over the years, the curious years each
emerging from that which preceded it, Journeymen as with
companions, namely their own diverse phases,
(160) Forth-steppers from the latent unrealized baby-days,
Journeymen gayly with their own youth, journeymen with their bearded
and well-grain'd manhood, Journeymen with their womanhood,
ample, unsurpass'd, content,
Journeymen with their own sublime old age of manhood or
womanhood,
Old age, calm, expanded, broad with the haughty, breadth of the
universe, Old age, flowing free with the delicious near-by freedom
of death.

13

Allons! to that which is endless as it was beginningless,
To undergo much, tramps of days, rests of nights,
To merge all in the travel they tend to, and the days and nights they
tend to, Again to merge them in the start of superior journeys,

(170) To see nothing anywhere but what you may reach it and pass it,
To conceive no time, however distant, but what you may reach it
and pass it, To look up or down no road but it stretches and waits
for you, however long but it stretches and waits for you, To see no
being, not God's or any, but you also go thither,

To see no possession but you may possess it, enjoying all without
labor or purchase, abstracting the feast yet not abstracting one
particle of it, To take the best of the farmer's farm and the rich
man's elegant villa, and the chaste blessings of the well-married
couple, and the fruits of orchards and flowers of gardens, To take
to your use out of the compact cities as you pass through,

To carry buildings and streets with you afterward wherever you go,

To gather the minds of men out of their brains as you encounter them,
to gather the love out of their hearts, To take your lovers on the
road with you, for all that you leave them behind you, (180) To
know the universe itself as a road, as many roads, as roads for
traveling souls.

All parts away for the progress of souls,

All religion, all solid things, arts, governments – all that was or is
apparent upon this globe or any globe, falls into niches and
corners before the procession of souls along the grand roads of the
universe.

Of the progress of the souls of men and women along the grand roads

of the progress of the souls of men and women along the grand roads
of the universe, all other progress is the needed emblem and
sustenance.

Forever alive, forever forward,

Stately, solemn, sad, withdrawn, baffled, mad, turbulent, feeble,
dissatisfied, Desperate, proud, fond, sick, accepted by men,
rejected by men,

They go! they go! I know that they go, but I know not where they go,
But I know that they go toward the best – toward something
great.

Whoever you are, come forth! or man or woman come forth!

(190) You must not stay sleeping and dallying there in the house,
though you built it, or though it has been built for you.

Out of the dark confinement! out from behind the screen!

It is useless to protest, I know all and expose it.

Behold through you as bad as the rest,

Through the laughter, dancing, dining, supping, of people,

Inside of dresses and ornaments, inside of those wash'd and trimm'd
faces, Behold a secret silent loathing and despair.

No husband no wife no friend trusting to hear the confession

no husband, no wife, no child, waiting to hear the confession,

Another self, a duplicate of every one, skulking and hiding it goes,

Formless and wordless through the streets of the cities, polite and
bland in the parlors, (200) In the cars of railroads, in steamboats,
in the public assembly, Home to the houses of men and women,
at the table, in the bedroom, everywhere, Smartly attired,
countenance smiling, form upright, death under the breast-bones,
hell under the skull-bones, Under the broadcloth and gloves,
under the ribbons and artificial flowers, Keeping fair with the
customs, speaking not a syllable of itself,

Speaking of any thing else but never of itself.

14

Allons! through struggles and wars!

The goal that was named cannot be countermanded.

Have the past struggles succeeded?

What has succeeded? yourself? your nation? Nature ?

(210) Now understand me well – it is provided in the essence of things
that from any fruition of success, no matter what, shall come forth
something to make a greater struggle necessary.

My call is the call of battle, I nourish active rebellion,

He going with me must go well arm'd,

He going with me goes often with spare diet, poverty, angry enemies,

desertions.

(15)

Allons! the road is before us!

It is safe -I have tried it – my own feet have tried it well – be not
detain'd!

Let the paper remain on the desk unwritten, and the book on the shelf
unopen'd!

Let the tools remain in the workshop! let the money remain unearn'd!

Let the school stand! mind not the cry of the teacher!

Let the preacher preach in his pulpit! let the lawyer plead in the court,
and the judge expound the law.

(220) Camerado, I give you my hand!

I give you my love more precious than money,

I give you myself before preaching or law;

Will you give me yourself? will you come travel with me?

Shall we stick by each other as long as we live?

Crossing Brooklyn Ferry

1

Flood-tide below me! I see you face to face!

Clouds of the west – sun there half an hour high -I see you also face to face.

Crowds of men and women attired in the usual costumes, how curious you are to me!

On the ferry-boats the hundreds and hundreds that cross, returning home, are more curious to me than you suppose, And you that shall cross from shore to shore years hence are more to me, and more in my meditations, than you might suppose.

2

The impalpable sustenance of me from all things at all hours of the day, The simple, compact, well-join'd scheme, myself disintegrated, every one disintegrated yet part of the scheme, The similitudes of the past and those of the future,

The glories strung like beads on my smallest sights and hearings, on the walk in the street and the passage over the river, (10) The current rushing so swiftly and swimming with me far away,

The others that are to follow me, the ties between me and them,

The certainty of others, the life, love, sight, hearing of others.

Others will enter the gates of the ferry and cross from shore to shore,
Others will watch the run of the flood-tide,

Others will see the shipping of Manhattan north and west, and the

heights of Brooklyn to the south and east, Others will see the
islands large and small;

Fifty years hence, others will see them as they cross, the sun half an
hour high, A hundred years hence, or ever so many hundred years
hence, others will see them, Will enjoy the sunset, the pouring-in
of the flood-tide, the falling-back to the sea of the ebb-tide.

3

(20) It avails not, time nor place – distance avails not,

I am with you, you men and women of a generation, or ever so many
generations hence, Just as you feel when you look on the river
and sky, so I felt,

Just as any of you is one of a living crowd, I was one of a crowd,

Just as you are refreshed by the gladness of the river and the bright
flow, I was refresh'd, Just as you stand and lean on the rail, yet
hurry with the swift current, I stood yet was hurried, Just as you
look on the numberless masts of ships and the thick-stemm'd
pipes of steamboats, I look'd.

I too many and many a time cross'd the river of old,

Watched the Twelfth-month sea-gulls, saw them high in the air
floating with motionless wings, oscillating their bodies, Saw how
the glistening yellow lit up parts of their bodies and left the rest
in strong shadow, (30) Saw the slow-wheeling circles and the
gradual edging toward the south, Saw the reflection of the

summer sky in the water,

Had my eyes dazzled by the shimmering track of beams,

Look'd at the fine centrifugal spokes of light round the shape of my
head in the sunlit water, Look'd on the haze on the hills
southward and south-westward,

Look'd on the vapor as it flew in fleeces tinged with violet,

Look'd toward the lower bay to notice the vessels arriving,

Saw their approach, saw aboard those that were near me,

Saw the white sails of schooners and sloops, saw the ships at anchor,
The sailors at work in the rigging or out astride the spars,

(40) The round masts, the swinging motion of the hulls, the slender
serpentine pennants, The large and small steamers in motion, the
pilots in their pilot-houses, The white wake left by the passage,
the quick tremulous whirl of the wheels, The flags of all nations,
the falling of them at sunset,

The scallop-edged waves in the twilight, the ladled cups, the
frolicsome crests and glistening, The stretch afar growing dimmer
and dimmer, the gray walls of the granite storehouses by the
docks, On the river the shadowy group, the big steam-tug closely
flank'd on each side by the barges, the hay-boat, the belated
lighter, On the neighboring shore the fires from the foundry
chimneys burning high and glaringly into the night, Casting their
flicker of black contrasted with wild red and yellow light over the
tops of houses and down into the clefts of streets.

These and all else were to me the same as they are to you,

(50) I loved well those cities, loved well the stately and rapid river,
 The men and women I saw were all near to me,

Others the same – others who look back on me because I look'd
 forward to them, (The time will come, though I stop here to-day
 and to-night.)

(5)

What is it then between us?

What is the count of the scores or hundreds of years between us?

Whatever it is, it avails not – distance avails not, and place avails not,
 I too lived, Brooklyn of ample hills was mine,

I too walk'd the streets of Manhattan island, and bathed in the waters
 around it, I too felt the curious abrupt questionings stir within
 me,

(60) In the day among crowds of people sometimes they came upon
 me, In my walks home late at night or as I lay in my bed they
 came upon me, I too had been struck from the float forever held
 in solution,

I too had receiv'd identity by my body,

That I was I knew was of my body, and what I should be I knew I
 should be of my body.

It is not upon you alone the dark patches fall,
 The dark threw its patches down upon me also,
 The best I had done seem'd to me blank and suspicious,
 My great thoughts as I supposed them, were they not in reality
 meagre?

Nor is it you alone who know what it is to be evil,
 (70) I am he who knew what it was to be evil,
 I too knitted the old knot of contrariety,
 Blabb'd, blush'd, resented, lied, stole, grudg'd,
 Had guile, anger, lust, hot wishes I dared not speak,
 Was wayward, vain, greedy, shallow, sly, cowardly, malignant,
 The wolf, the snake, the hog, not wanting in me,
 The cheating look, the frivolous word, the adulterous wish, not
 wanting, Refusals, hates, postponements, meanness, laziness, none
 of these wanting, Was one with the rest, the days and haps of the
 rest,

Was call'd by my nighest name by clear loud voices of young men as
 they saw me approaching or passing, (80) Felt their arms on my
 neck as I stood, or the negligent leaning of their flesh against me
 as I sat, Saw many I loved in the street or ferry-boat or public
 assembly, yet never told them a word, Lived the same life with
 the rest, the same old laughing, gnawing, sleeping, Play'd the part
 that still looks back on the actor as a witness

that still looks back on the actor or actress,

The same old role, the role that is what we make it, as great as we
like, Or as small as we like, or both great and small.

7

Closer yet I approach you,

What thought you have of me now, I had as much of you -
I laid in my stores in advance,

I consider'd long and seriously of you before you were born.

Who was to know what should come home to me?

(90) Who knows but I am enjoying this?

Who knows, for all the distance, but I am as good as looking at you
now, for all you cannot see me?

8

Ah, what can ever be more stately and admirable to me than mast-
hemm'd Manhattan?

River and sunset and scallop-edg'd waves of flood-tide?

The sea-gulls oscillating their bodies, the hay-boat in the twilight, and
the belated lighter?

What gods can exceed these that clasp me by the hand, and with
voices I love call me promptly and loudly by my nighest name as I
approach ?

What is more subtle than this which ties me to the woman or man that

looks in my face?

Which fuses me into you now, and pours my meaning into you?

We understand then do we not?

What I promis'd without mentioning it, have you not accepted?

(100) What the study could not teach – what the preaching could not
accomplish is accomplish'd, is it not?

9

Flow on, river! flow with the flood-tide, and ebb with the ebb-tide!

Frolic on, crested and scallop-edg'd waves!

Gorgeous clouds of the sunset! drench with your splendor me, or the
men and women generations after me!

Cross from shore to shore, countless crowds of passengers!

Stand up, tall masts of Mannahatta! stand up, beautiful hills of
Brooklyn!

Throb, baffled and curious brain I throw out questions and answers!

Suspend here and everywhere, eternal float of solution!

Gaze, loving and thirsty eyes, in the house or street or public
assembly!

Sound out, voices of young men! loudly and musically call me by my
nighest name!

(110) Live, old life! play the part that looks back on the actor or
actress!

Play the old role. the role that is great or small according as one

Play the old role, the role that is great or small according as one makes it!

Consider, you who peruse me, whether I may not in unknown ways be looking upon you; Be firm, rail over the river, to support those who lean idly, yet haste with the hasting current; Fly on, sea-birds! fly sideways, or wheel in large circles high in the air; Receive the summer sky, you water, and faithfully hold it till all downcast eyes have time to take it from you!

Diverge, fine spokes of light, from the shape of my head, or any one's head, in the sunlit water!

Come on, ships from the lower bay! pass up or down, white-sail'd schooners, sloops, lighters!

Flaunt away, flags of all nations! be duly lower'd at sunset!

Burn high your fires, foundry chimneys! cast black shadows at nightfall! cast red and yellow light over the tops of the houses!

(120) Appearances, now or henceforth, indicate what you are,

You necessary film, continue to envelop the soul,

About my body for me, and your body for you, be hung out divinest aromas, Thrive, cities – bring your freight, bring your shows, ample and sufficient rivers, Expand, being than which none else is perhaps more spiritual,

Keep your places, objects than which none else is more lasting.

You have waited, you always wait, you dumb, beautiful ministers, We receive you with free sense at last, and are insatiate

henceforward, Not you any more shall be able to foil us, or
withhold yourselves from us, We use you, and do not cast you
aside – we plant you permanently within us, (130) We fathom
you not – we love you – there is perfection in you also, You
furnish your parts toward eternity,

Great or small, you furnish your parts toward the soul.

Song of the Answerer

1

Now list to my morning's romanza, I tell the signs of the Answerer, To
the cities and farms I sing as they spread in the sunshine before
me.

A young man comes to me bearing a message from his brother,
How shall the young man know the whether and when of his brother?
Tell him to send me the signs.

And I stand before the young man face to face, and take his right hand
in my left hand and his left hand in my right hand, And I answer
for his brother and for men, and I answer for him that answers for
all, and send these signs.

Him all wait for, him all yield up to, his word is decisive and final,
Him they accept, in him lave, in him perceive themselves as amid
light, (10) Him they immerse and he immerses them.

Beautiful women, the haughtiest nations, laws, the landscape, people,
animals, The profound earth and its attributes and the unquiet
ocean, (so tell I my morning's romanza,) All enjoyments and
properties and money, and whatever money will buy, The best
farms, others toiling and planting and he unavoidably reaps, The
noblest and costliest cities, others grading and building and he
domiciles there, Nothing for any one but what is for him, near
and far are for him, the ships in the offing, The perpetual shows
and marches on land are for him if they are for anybody.

He puts things in their attitudes,

He puts to-day out of himself with plasticity and love,

(20) He places his own times, reminiscences, parents, brothers and
sisters, associations, employment, politics, so that the rest never
shame them afterward, nor assume to command them.

He is the Answerer,

What can be answer'd he answers, and what cannot be answer'd he
shows how it cannot be answer'd.

A man is a summons and challenge,

(It is vain to skulk — do you hear that mocking and laughter? do you

(It is vain to sneer – do you hear that mocking and laughter! do you hear the ironical echoes?) Books, friendships, philosophers, priests, action, pleasure, pride, beat up and down seeking to give satisfaction, He indicates the satisfaction, and indicates them that beat up and down also.

Whichever the sex, whatever the season or place, he may go freshly and gently and safely by day or by night, He has the pass-key of hearts, to him the response of the prying of hands on the knobs.

His welcome is universal, the flow of beauty is not more welcome or universal than he is, (30) The person he favors by day or sleeps with at night is blessed.

Every existence has its idiom, every thing has an idiom and tongue, He resolves all tongues into his own and bestows it upon men, and any man translates, and any man translates himself also, One part does not counteract another part, he is the joiner, he sees how they join.

He says indifferently and alike *How are you friend?* to the President at his levee, And he says *Good-day my brother*, to Cudge that hoes in the sugar-field, And both understand him and know that his speech is right.

He walks with perfect ease in the capital,

He walks among the Congress, and one Representative says to another,
Here is our equal appearing and new.

Then the mechanics take him for a mechanic,

(40) And the soldiers suppose him to be a soldier, and the sailors that
he has follow'd the sea, And the authors take him for an author,
and the artists for an artist, And the laborers perceive he could
labor with them and love them,

No matter what the work is, that he is the one to follow it or has
follow'd it, No matter what the nation, that he might find his
brothers and sisters there.

The English believe he comes of their English stock,

A Jew to the Jew he seems, a Russ to the Russ, usual and near,
removed from none.

Whoever he looks at in the traveler's coffee-house claims him,

The Italian or Frenchman is sure, the German is sure, the
Spaniard is sure, and the island Cuban is sure,

The engineer, the deck-hand on the great lakes, or on the

Mississippi or St Lawrence or Sacramento, or Hudson or Paumanok
sound, claims him.

(50) The gentleman of perfect blood acknowledges his perfect blood,
~~The insulter, the prostitute, the angry person, the beggar, see~~

the insulter, the prostitute, the angry person, the beggar, see themselves in the ways of him, he strangely transmutes them, They are not vile any more, they hardly know themselves they are so grown.

2

The indications and tally of time,
Perfect sanity shows the master among philosophers,
Time, always without break, indicates itself in parts,
What always indicates the poet is the crowd of the pleasant company
of singers, and their words, The words of the singers are the hours
or minutes of the light or dark, but the words of the maker of
poems are the general light and dark, The maker of poems settles
justice, reality, immortality,
His insight and power encircle things and the human race,
(60) He is the glory and extract thus far of things and of the human
race.

The singers do not beget, only the Poet begets,
The singers are welcom'd, understood, appear often enough, but rare
has the day been, likewise the spot, of the birth of the maker of
poems, the Answerer, (Not every century nor every five centuries
has contain'd such a day, for all its names.) The singers of
successive hours of centuries may have ostensible names, but the

name of each of them is one of the singers, The name of each is,
eye-singer, ear-singer, head-singer, sweet-singer, night-singer,
parlor-singer, love-singer, weird-singer, or something else.

All this time and at all times wait the words of true poems,
The words of true poems do not merely please,
The true poets are not followers of beauty but the august masters of
beauty; The greatness of sons is the exuding of the greatness of
mothers and fathers, (70) The words of true poems are the tuft
and final applause of science.

Divine instinct, breadth of vision, the law of reason, health, rudeness
of body, withdrawnness, Gayety, sun-tan, air-sweetness, such are
some of the words of poems.

The sailor and traveler underlie the maker of poems, the Answerer,
The builder, geometer, chemist, anatomist, phrenologist, artist, all
these underlie the maker of poems, the Answerer.

The words of the true poems give you more than poems,
They give you to form for yourself poems, religions, politics, war,
peace, behaviour, histories, essays, daily life, and every thing else,
They balance ranks, colors, races, creeds, and the sexes,

They do not seek beauty: they are sought

they do not seek beauty, they are sought,

Forever touching them or close upon them follows beauty, longing,
fain, love-sick.

(80) They prepare for death, yet are they not the finish, but rather the outset, They bring none to his or her terminus or to be content and full,

Whom they take they take into space to behold the birth of stars, to
learn one of the meanings, To launch off with absolute faith, to
sweep through the ceaseless rings and never be quiet again.

Our Old Feuillage

Always our old feuillage!

Always Florida's green peninsula – always the priceless delta of Louisiana – always the cotton-fields of Alabama and Texas, Always California's golden hills and hollows, and the silver mountains of New Mexico – always soft-breath'd Cuba, Always the vast slope drain'd by the Southern sea, inseparable with the slopes drain'd by the Eastern and Western seas, The area the eighty-third year of these States, the three and a half millions of square miles, The eighteen thousand miles of sea-coast and bay-coast on the main, the thirty thousand miles of river navigation, The seven millions of distinct families and the same number of dwellings – always these, and more, branching forth into

numberless branches, Always the tree range and diversity –
always the continent of Democracy; Always the prairies, pastures,
forests, vast cities, travelers, Kanada, the snows; (10) Always
these compact lands tied at the hips with the belt stringing the
huge oval lakes; Always the West with strong native persons, the
increasing density there, the habitants, friendly, threatening,
ironical, scorning invaders; All sights, South, North, East – all
deeds, promiscuously done at all times, All characters,
movements, growths, a few noticed, myriads unnoticed, Through
Mannahatta's streets I walking, these things gathering,

On interior rivers by night in the glare of pine knots, steamboats
wooding up, Sunlight by day on the valley of the Susquehanna,
and on the valleys of the Potomac and Rappahannock, and the
valleys of the Roanoke and Delaware, In their northerly wilds
beasts of prey haunting the
Adirondacks the hills, or lapping the Saginaw waters to drink,

In a lonesome inlet a sheldrake lost from the flock, sitting on the water
rocking silently, In farmers' barns oxen in the stable, their harvest
labor done, they rest standing, they are too tired, (20) Afar on
arctic ice the she-walrus lying drowsily while her cubs play
around, The hawk sailing where men have not yet sail'd, the
farthest polar sea, ripply, crystalline, open, beyond the floes,
White drift spooning ahead where the ship in the tempest dashes,

On solid land what is done in cities as the bells strike midnight
together, In primitive woods the sounds there also sounding, the
howl of the wolf, the scream of the panther, and the hoarse

bellow of the elk, In winter beneath the hard blue ice of
Moosehead lake, in summer visible through the clear waters, the
great trout swimming, In lower latitudes in warmer air in the
Carolinas the large black buzzard floating slowly high beyond the
tree tops, Below, the red cedar festoon'd with tylandria, the pines
and cypresses growing out of the white sand that spreads far and
flat, Rude boats descending the big Pedee, climbing plants,
parasites with color'd flowers and berries enveloping huge trees,
The waving drapery on the live-oak trailing long and low,
noiselessly waved by the wind, (30) The camp of Georgia
wagoners just after dark, the supper-fires and the cooking and
eating by whites and negroes, Thirty or forty great wagons, the
mules, cattle, horses, feeding from troughs, The shadows, gleams,
up under the leaves of the old sycamore-trees, the flames with the
black smoke from the pitch-pine curling and rising; Southern
fishermen fishing, the sounds and inlets of North
Carolina's coast, the shad-fishery and the herring-fishery, the
large sweep-seines, the windlasses on shore work'd by horses, the
clearing, curing and packing-houses; Deep in the forest in piney
woods turpentine dropping from the incisions in the trees, there
are the turpentine works, There are the negroes at work in good
health, the ground in all directions is cover'd with pine straw; In
Tennessee and Kentucky slaves busy in the coalings, at the forge,
by the furnace-blaze, or at the corn-shucking, In Virginia, the
planter's son returning after a long absence, joyfully welcom'd
and kiss'd by the aged mulatto nurse, On rivers boatmen safely
moor'd at nightfall in their boats under shelter of high banks,

Some of the younger men dance to the sound of the banjo or fiddle, others sit on the gunwale smoking and talking; (40) Late in the afternoon the mocking-bird, the American mimic, singing in the Great Dismal Swamp, There are the greenish waters, the resinous odor, the plenteous moss, the cypress-tree, and the juniper-tree; Northward, young men of Mannahatta, the target company from an excursion returning home at evening, the musket-muzzles all bear bunches of flowers presented by women; Children at play, or on his father's lap a young boy fallen asleep, (how his lips move! how he smiles in his sleep!) The scout riding on horseback over the plains west of the Mississippi, he ascends a knoll and sweeps his eyes around;

California life, the miner, bearded, dress'd in his rude costume, the stanch California friendship, the sweet air, the graves one in passing meets solitary just aside the horse-path; Down in Texas the cotton-field, the negro-cabins, drivers driving mules or oxen before rude carts, cotton bales piled on banks and wharves; Encircling all, vast-darting up and wide, the American Soul, with equal hemispheres, one Love, one Dilation or Pride; In arriere the peace-talk with the Iroquois the aborigines, the calumet, the pipe of good-will, arbitration, and indorsement, The sachem blowing the smoke first toward the sun and then toward the earth, (50) The drama of the scalp-dance enacted with painted faces and guttural exclamations, The setting out of the war-party, the long and stealthy march,

The single file, the swinging hatchets, the surprise and slaughter of enemies: All the acts. scenes. ways. persons. attitudes of these

memories, all the acts, scenes, ways, persons, attitudes of these
States, reminiscences, institutions, All these States compact, every
square mile of these States without excepting a particle; Me
pleas'd, rambling in lanes and country fields, Paumanok's fields,
Observing the spiral flight of two little yellow butterflies shuffling
between each other, ascending high in the air, The darting
swallow, the destroyer of insects, the fall traveler southward but
returning northward early in the spring, The country boy at the
close of the day driving the herd of cows and shouting to them as
they loiter to browse by the roadside, The city wharf, Boston,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston,
New Orleans, San Francisco,

(60) The departing ships when the sailors heave at the capstan;

Evening – me in my room – the setting sun,

The setting summer sun shining in my widow, showing the swarm of
flies, suspended, balancing in the air in the centre of the room,
darting athwart, up and down, casting swift shadows in specks on
the opposite wall where the shine is; The athletic America matron
speaking in public to crowds of listeners, Males, females,
immigrants, combinations, the copiousness, the individuality of
the States, each for itself-the money-makers, Factories, machinery,
the mechanical forces, the windlass, lever, pulley, all certainties,
The certainty of space, increase, freedom, futurity,

In space the sporades, the scatter'd islands, the stars – on the firm
earth, the lands, my lands, O lands! all so dear to me – what you
are, (whatever it is,) I putting it at random in these songs, become
a part of that. whatever it is. Southward there. I screaming. with

wings slow flapping, with the myriads of gulls wintering along the
coasts of Florida, (70) Otherways there atwixt the banks of the
Arkansaw, the Rio

Grande, the Nueces, the Brazos, the Tombigbee, the Red
River, the Saskatchewan or the Osage, I with the spring waters
laughing and skipping and running, Northward, on the sands, on
some shallow bay of Paumanok,

I with parties of snowy herons, wading in the wet to seek worms
and aquatic plants,

Retreating, triumphantly twittering, the king-bird, from piercing the
crow with its bill, for amusement – and I triumphantly twittering,
The migrating flock of wild geese alighting in autumn to refresh
themselves, the body of the flock feed, the sentinels outside move
around with erect heads watching, and are from time to time
reliev'd by other sentinels – and

I feeding and taking turns with the rest,

In Kanadian forests the moose, large as an ox, corner'd by hunters,
rising desperately on his hind-feet, and plunging with his fore-
feet, the hoofs as sharp as knives – and I, plunging at the hunters,
corner'd and desperate, In the Mannahatta, streets, piers,
shipping, storehouses, and the countless workmen working in the
shops, And I too of the Mannahatta, singing thereof-and no less in
myself than the whole of the Mannahatta in itself, Singing the
song of These, my ever-united lands – my body no more
inevitably united, part to part, and made out of a thousand
diverse contributions one identity, any more than my lands are

inevitably united and made ONE IDENTITY;

Nativities, climates, the grass of the great pastoral Plains,

Cities, labors, death, animals, products, war, good and evil – these me,

(80) These affording, in all their particulars, the old feuillage to
me and to America, how can I do less than pass the clew of the
union of them, to afford the like to you?

Whoever you are! how can I but offer you divine leaves, that you also
be eligible as I am?

How can I but as here chanting, invite you for yourself to collect
bouquets of the incomparable feuillage of these States?

A Song of Joys

O to make the most jubilant song!

Full of music – full of manhood, womanhood, infancy!

Full of common employments – full of grain and trees.

O for the voices of animals – O for the swiftness and balance of fishes!

O for the dropping of raindrops in a song!

O for the sunshine and motion of waves in a song!

O the joy of my spirit – it is uncaged – it darts like lightning!

It is not enough to have this globe or a certain time,

I will have thousands of globes and all time.

(10) O the engineer's joys! to go with a locomotive!

To hear the hiss of steam, the merry shriek, the steam-whistle, the
laughing locomotive 1

To push with resistless way and speed off in the distance.

O the gleesome saunter over fields and hillsides 1

The leaves and flowers of the commonest weeds, the moist fresh
stillness of the woods, The exquisite smell of the earth at
daybreak, and all through the forenoon.

O the horseman's and horsewoman's joys!

The saddle, the gallop, the pressure upon the seat, the cool gurgling by
the ears and hair.

O the fireman's joys!

I hear the alarm at dead of night,

(20) I hear bells, shouts! I pass the crowd, I run I

The sight of the flames maddens me with pleasure.

O the joy of the strong-brawn'd fighter, towering in the arena in
perfect condition, conscious of power, thirsting to meet his
opponent.

O the joy of that vast elemental sympathy which only the human soul
is capable of generating and emitting in steady and limitless
floods.

O the mother's joys!

The watching, the endurance, the precious love, the anguish, the
patiently yielded life.

O the joy of increase, growth, recuperation,
The joy of soothing and pacifying, the joy of concord and harmony.

O to go back to the place where I was born,

To hear the birds sing once more,

(30) To ramble about the house and barn and over the fields once
more, And through the orchard and along the old lanes once
more.

O to have been brought up on bays, lagoons, creeks, or along the
coast, To continue and be employ'd there all my life,

The briny and damp smell, the shore, the salt weeds exposed at low
water, The work of fishermen, the work of the eel-fisher and
clam-fisher;

I come with my clam-rake and spade, I come with my eel-spear,

Is the tide out? I join the group of clam-diggers on the flats

is the tide out. I join the group of clam diggers on the flats,

I laugh and work with them, I joke at my work like a mettlesome young man; In winter I take my eel-basket and eel-spear and travel out on foot on the ice -I have a small axe to cut holes in the ice, (40) Behold me well-clothed going gayly or returning in the afternoon, my brood of tough boys accompanying me, My brood of grown and part-grown boys, who love to be with no one else so well as they love to be with me, By day to work with me, and by night to sleep with me.

Another time in warm weather out in a boat, to lift the lobster-pots where they are sunk with heavy stones, (I know the buoys,) O the sweetness of the Fifth-month morning upon the water as I row just before sunrise toward the buoys, I pull the wicker pots up slantingly, the dark green lobsters are desperate with their claws as I take them out, I insert wooden pegs in the joints of their pincers, I go to all the places one after another, and then row back to the shore, There in a huge kettle of boiling water the lobsters shall be boil'd till their color becomes scarlet.

Another time mackerel-taking,

Voracious, mad for the hook, near the surface, they seem to fill the water for miles; (50) Another time fishing for rock-fish in Chesapeake bay, I one of the brown-faced crew; Another time trailing for blue-fish off Paumanok, I stand with braced body, My left foot is on the gunwale, my right arm throws far out the coils

of slender rope, In sight around me the quick veering and darting
of fifty skiffs, my companions.

O boating on the rivers,

The voyage down the St Lawrence, the superb scenery, the steamers,

The ships sailing, the Thousand Islands, the occasional timber-raft and
the raftsmen with long-reaching sweep-oars, The little huts on the
rafts, and the stream of smoke when they cook supper at evening.

(O something pernicious and dread!

Something far away from a puny and pious life I

(60) Something unproved! something in a trance!

Something escaped from the anchorage and driving'free.)

O to work in mines, or forging iron,

Foundry casting, the foundry itself, the rude high roof, the ample and
shadow'd space; The furnace, the hot liquid pour'd out and
running.

O to resume the joys of the soldier!

To feel the presence of a brave commanding officer – to feel his
sympathy!

To behold his calmness – to be warm'd in the rays of his smile!

To go to battle – to hear the bugles play and the drums beat!

To go to battle – to hear the eagles play and the drums beat.

To hear the crash of artillery – to see the glittering of the bayonets and
musket-barrels in the sun!

(70) To see men fall and die and not complain!

To taste the savage taste of blood – to be so devilish!

To gloat so over the wounds and deaths of the enemy.

O the whaleman's joys! O I cruise my old cruise again!

I feel the ship's motion under me, I feel the Atlantic breezes fanning
me, I hear the cry again sent down from the mast-head, *There -
she blows!*

Again I spring up the rigging to look with the rest – we descend, wild
with excitement, I leap in the lower'd boat, we row toward our
prey where he lies,

We approach stealthy and silent, I see the mountainous mass,
lethargic, basking, I see the harpooneer standing up, I see the
weapon dart from his vigorous arm; (80) O swift again far out in
the ocean the wounded whale, settling, running to windward,
tows me, Again I see him rise to breathe, we row close again,

I see a lance driven through his side, press'd deep, turn'd in the
wound, Again we back off, I see him settle again, the life is
leaving him fast, As he rises he spouts blood, I see him swim in
circles narrower and narrower, swiftly cutting the water -I see
him die, He gives one convulsive leap in the centre of the circle,
and then falls flat and still in the bloody foam.

O the old manhood of me, my noblest joy of all!

My children and grand-children, my white hair and beard,

My largeness, calmness, majesty, out of the long stretch of my life.

O ripen'd joy of womanhood! O happiness at last!

(90) I am more than eighty years of age, I am the most venerable
mother, How clear is my mind – how all people draw nigh to me!

What attractions are these beyond any before? what bloom more than
the bloom of youth?

What beauty is this that descends upon me and rises out of me?

O the orator's joys!

To inflate the chest, to roll the thunder of the voice out from the ribs
and throat, To make the people rage, weep, hate, desire, with
yourself,

To lead America – to quell America with a great tongue.

O the joy of my soul leaning pois'd on itself, receiving identity through
materials and loving them, observing characters and absorbing
them, My soul vibrated back to me from them, from sight,
hearing, touch, reason, articulation, comparison, memory, and the
like, (100) The real life of my senses and flesh transcending my
senses and flesh, My body done with materials, my sight done
with my material eyes,

Proved to me this day beyond cavil that it is not my material eyes
which finally see, Nor my material body which finally loves,
walks, laughs, shouts, embraces, procreates.

O the farmer's joys!

Ohioan's, Illinoisian's, Wisconsinese', Kanadian's, Iowan's,
Kansian's, Missourian's, Oregonese' joys!

To rise at peep of day and pass forth nimbly to work,

To plough land in the fall for winter-sown crops,

To plough land in the spring for maize,

To train orchards, to graft the trees, to gather apples in the fall.

(110) O to bathe in the swimming-bath, or in a good place along
shore, To splash the water! to walk ankle-deep, or race naked
along the shore.

O to realize space!

The plenteousness of all, that there are no bounds,

To emerge and be of the sky, of the sun and moon and flying clouds,
as one with them.

O the joy of a manly self-hood!

To be servile to none, to defer to none, not to any tyrant known or
unknown, To walk with erect carriage, a step springy and elastic,
To look with calm gaze or with a flashing eye,
To speak with a full and sonorous voice out of a broad chest,
(120) To confront with your personality all the other personalities of
the earth.

Know'st thou the excellent joys of youth?

Joys of the dear companions and of the merry word and laughing
face?

Joy of the glad light-beaming day, joy of the wide-breath'd games?

Joy of sweet music, joy of the lighted ball-room and the dancers?

Joy of the plenteous dinner, strong carouse and drinking?

Yet O my soul supreme!

Know'st thou the joys of pensive thought?

Joys of the free and lonesome heart, the tender, gloomy heart?

Joys of the solitary walk, the spirit bow'd yet proud, the suffering and
the struggle?

(130) The agonistic throes, the ecstasies, joys of the solemn musings
day or night?

Joys of the thought of Death, the great spheres Time and

Space?

Prophetic joys of better, loftier love's ideals, the divine wife, the
sweet, eternal, perfect comrade?

Joys all thine own undying one, joys worthy thee O soul.

O while I live to be the ruler of life, not a slave,

To meet life as a powerful conqueror,

No fumes, no ennui, no more complaints or scornful criticisms,

To these proud laws of the air, the water and the ground, proving my
interior soul impregnable, And nothing exterior shall ever take
command of me.

For not life's joys alone I sing, repeating – the joy of death!

(140) The beautiful touch of Death, soothing and benumbing a few
moments, for reasons, Myself discharging my excrementitious
body to be burn'd, or render'd to powder, or buried, My real body
doubtless left to me for other spheres,

My voided body nothing more to me, returning to the purifications,
further offices, eternal uses of the earth.

O to attract by more than attraction!

How it is I know not – yet behold! the something which obeys none of
the rest, It is offensive, never defensive – yet how magnetic it
draws.

O to struggle against great odds, to meet enemies undaunted!
 To be entirely alone with them, to find how much one can stand!
 To look strife, torture, prison, popular odium, face to face!
 (150) To mount the scaffold, to advance to the muzzles of guns with
 perfect nonchalance!
 To be indeed a God!
 O to sail to sea in a ship!
 To leave this steady unendurable land,
 To leave the tiresome sameness of the streets, the sidewalks and the
 houses, To leave you O you solid motionless land, and entering a
 ship,
 To sail and sail and sail!
 O to have life henceforth a poem of new joys!
 To dance, clap hands, exult, shout, skip, leap, roll on, float on!
 To be a sailor of the world bound for all ports,
 (160) A ship itself, (see indeed these sails I spread to the sun and air,)
 A swift and swelling ship full of rich words, full of joys.

Song of the Broad-Axe

1

Weapon shapely, naked, wan,
 Head from the mother's bowels drawn,

~~~~~



wooded flesh and metal done, mind only one and lip only one,  
Gray-blue leaf by red-heat grown, helve produced from a little seed  
sown, Resting the grass amid and upon,  
To be lean'd and to lean on.

Strong shapes and attributes of strong shapes, masculine trades, sights  
and sounds, Long varied train of an emblem, dabs of music,  
Fingers of the organist skipping staccato over the keys of the great  
organ.

2

(10) Welcome are all earth's lands, each for its kind,  
Welcome are lands of pine and oak,  
Welcome are lands of the lemon and fig,  
Welcome are lands of gold,  
Welcome are lands of wheat and maize, welcome those of the grape,  
Welcome are lands of sugar and rice,  
Welcome the cotton-lands, welcome those of the white potato and  
sweet potato, Welcome are mountains, flats, sands, forests,  
prairies,  
Welcome the rich borders of rivers, table-lands, openings,  
Welcome the measureless grazing-lands, welcome the teeming soil of  
orchards, flax, honey, hemp; (20) Welcome just as much the other

more hard-faced lands,  
Lands rich as lands of gold or wheat and fruit lands,  
Lands of mines, lands of the manly and rugged ores,  
Lands of coal, copper, lead, tin, zinc,  
Lands of iron – lands of the make of the axe.

3

The log at the wood-pile, the axe supported by it,  
The sylvan hut, the vine over the doorway, the space clear'd for a  
garden, The irregular tapping of rain down on the leaves after the  
storm is lull'd, The wailing and moaning at intervals, the thought  
of the  
The thought of ships struck in the storm and put on their beam ends,  
and the cutting away of masts, (30) The sentiment of the huge  
timbers of old-fashion'd houses and barns, The remember'd print  
or narrative, the voyage at a venture of men, families, goods, The  
disembarkation, the founding of a new city,  
The voyage of those who sought a New England and found it, the  
outset anywhere, The settlements of the Arkansas, Colorado,  
Ottawa, Willamette,  
The slow progress, the scant fare, the axe, rifle, saddle-bags;  
The beauty of all adventurous and daring persons,  
The beauty of wood-boys and wood-men with their clear untrimm'd  
faces, The beauty of independence, departure, actions that rely on

themselves, The American contempt for statutes and ceremonies,  
the boundless impatience of restraint, (40) The loose drift of  
character, the inkling through random types, the solidification;  
The butcher in the slaughter-house, the hands aboard schooners  
and sloops, the raftsmen, the pioneer, Lumbermen in their winter  
camp, daybreak in the woods, stripes of snow on the limbs of  
trees, the occasional snapping, The glad clear sound of one's own  
voice, the merry song, the natural life of the woods, the strong  
day's work, The blazing fire at night, the sweet taste of supper,  
the talk, the bed of hemlock-boughs and the bear-skin; The house-  
builder at work in cities or anywhere,

The preparatory jointing, squaring, sawing, mortising,

The hoist-up of beams, the push of them in their places, laying them  
regular, Setting the studs by their tenons in the mortises  
according as they were prepared, The blows of mallets and  
hammers, the attitudes of the men, their curv'd limbs, (50)  
Bending, standing, astride the beams, driving in pins, holding on  
by posts and braces, The hook'd arm over the plate, the other arm  
wielding the axe,

The floor-men forcing the planks close to be nail'd,

Their postures bringing their weapons downward on the bearers,

The echoes resounding through the vacant building;

The huge storehouse carried up in the city well under way,

The six framing-men, two in the middle and two at each end, carefully  
bearing on their shoulders a heavy stick for a cross-beam, The

crowded line of masons with trowels in their right hands rapidly laying the long side-wall, two hundred feet from front to rear, The flexible rise and fall of backs, the continual click of the trowels striking the bricks, The bricks one after another each laid so workmanlike in its place, and set with a knock of the trowel-handle, (60) The piles of materials, the mortar on the mortar-boards, and the steady replenishing by the hod-men; Spar-makers in the spar-yard, the swarming row of well-grown apprentices, The swing of their axes on the square-hew'd log shaping it toward the shape of a mast, The brisk short crackle of the steel driven slantingly into the pine, The butter-color'd chips flying off in great flakes and slivers,

The limber motion of brawny young arms and hips in easy costumes, The constructor of wharves, bridges, piers, bulk-heads, floats, stays against the sea; The city fireman, the fire that suddenly bursts forth in the close-pack'd square, The arriving engines, the hoarse shouts, the nimble stepping and daring, The strong command through the fire-trumpets, the falling in line, the rise and fall of the arms forcing the water, (70) The slender, spasmic, blue-white jets, the bringing to bear of the hooks and ladders and their execution, The crash and cut away of connecting wood-work, or through floors if the fire smoulders under them, The crowd with their lit faces watching, the glare and dense shadows; The forger at his forge-furnace and the user of iron after him,

The maker of the axe large and small, and the welder and temperer,

The chooser breathing his breath on the cold steel and trying the edge with his thumb. The one who cleans the handle and sets it

with his mind, the one who clear-shapes the marble and sets it  
firmly in the socket; The shadowy processions of the portraits of  
the past users also,

The primal patient mechanics, the architects and engineers,  
The far-off Assyrian edifice and Mizra edifice,  
(80) The Roman lictors preceding the consuls,  
The antique European warrior with his axe in combat,  
The uplifted arm, the clatter of blows on the helmeted head,  
The death-howl, the limpsy tumbling body, the rush of friend and foe  
thither, The siege of revolted lieges determin'd for liberty,  
The summons to surrender, the battering at castle gates, the truce and  
parley, The sack of an old city in its time,  
The bursting in of mercenaries and bigots tumultuously and  
disorderly, Roar, flames, blood, drunkenness, madness,  
Goods freely rifled from houses and temples, screams of women in the  
gripe of brigands, (90) Craft and thievery of camp-followers, men  
running, old persons despairing, The hell of war, the cruelties of  
creeds,  
The list of all executive deeds and words just or unjust,  
The power of personality just or unjust.

What invigorates life invigorates death,  
And the dead advance as much as the living advance,  
And the future is no more uncertain than the present,  
For the roughness of the earth and of man encloses as much as the  
    delicatesse of the earth and of man, And nothing endures but  
    personal qualities.

(100) What do you think endures?

Do you think a great city endures?

Or a teeming manufacturing state? or a prepared constitution? or the  
    best built steamships?

Or hotels of granite and iron? or any chef-d'oeuvres of engineering,  
    forts, armaments?

Away! these are not to be cherish'd for themselves,

They fill their hour, the dancers dance, the musicians play for them,  
    The show passes, all does well enough of course,

All does very well till one flash of defiance.

A great city is that which has the greatest men and women,

If it be a few ragged huts it is still the greatest city in the whole world.

(110) The place where a great city stands is not the place of stretch'd wharves, docks, manufactures, deposits of produce merely, Nor the place of ceaseless salutes of new-comers or the anchor-lifters of the departing, Nor the place of the tallest and costliest buildings or shops selling goods from the rest of the earth, Nor the place of the best libraries and schools, nor the place where money is plentiest, Nor the place of the most numerous population.

Where the city stands with the brawniest breed of orators and bards,  
Where the city stands that is belov'd by these, and loves them in return and understands them, Where no monuments exist to heroes but in the common words and deeds, Where thrift is in its place, and prejudice is in its place,

Where the men and women think lightly of the laws,

(120) Where the slave ceases and the master of slaves ceases,

Where the populace rise at once against the never-ending audacity of elected persons, Where fierce men and women pour forth as the sea to the whistle of death pours its sweeping and unriptide waves, Where outside authority enters always after the precedence of inside authority, Where the citizen is always the head and ideal, and

President, Mayor, Governor and what not, are agents for pay,

Where children are taught to be laws to themselves, and to depend on themselves, Where equanimity is illustrated in affairs,

Where speculations on the soul are encouraged,

Where women walk in public processions in the streets the same as the  
men, Where they enter the public assembly and take places the  
same as the men; (130) Where the city of the faithfulest friends  
stands,

Where the city of the cleanliness of the sexes stands,

Where the city of the healthiest fathers stands,

Where the city of the best-bodied mothers stands, There the great city  
stands.

6

How beggarly appear arguments before a defiant deed!

How the floridness of the materials of cities shrivels before a man's or  
woman's look!

All waits or goes by default till a strong being appears;

A strong being is the proof of the race and of the ability of the  
universe, When he or she appears materials are overaw'd,

(140) The dispute on the soul stops,

The old customs and phrases are confronted, turn'd back, or laid  
away.

What is your money-making now? what can it do now?

What is your respectability now?

What are your theology, tuition, society, traditions, statute-books,



now?

Where are your jibes of being now?

Where are your cavils about the soul now?

7

A sterile landscape covers the ore, there is as good as the best for all  
the forbidding appearance, There is the mine, there are the  
miners,

The forge-furnace is there, the melt is accomplished, the hammersmen  
are at hand with their tongs and hammers, (150) What always  
served and always serves is at hand.

Than this nothing has better served, it has served all,

Served the fluent-tongued and subtle-sensed Greek, and long ere the  
Greek, Served in building the buildings that last longer than any,

Served the Hebrew, the Persian, the most ancient Hindustanee,

Served the mound-raiser on the Mississippi, served those whose relics  
remain in Central America, Served Albic temples in woods or on  
plains, with unhewn pillars and the druids, Served the artificial  
clefts, vast, high, silent, on the snow-cover'd hills of Scandinavia,  
Served those who time out of mind made on the granite walls  
rough sketches of the sun, moon, stars, ships, ocean waves, Served  
the paths of the irruptions of the Goths, served the pastoral tribes  
and nomads, (160) Served the long distant Kelt, served the hardy  
pirates of the Baltic,

Served before any of those the venerable and harmless men of  
Ethiopia, Served the making of helms for the galleys of pleasure  
and the making of those for war, Served all great works on land  
and all great works on the sea,  
For the mediaeval ages and before the mediaeval ages,  
Served not the living only then as now, but served the dead.

8

I see the European headsman,  
He stands mask'd, clothed in red, with huge legs and strong naked  
arms, And leans on a ponderous axe.

(Whom have you slaughter'd lately European headsman?

(170) Whose is that blood upon you so wet and sticky?)

I see the clear sunsets of the martyrs,  
I see from the scaffolds the descending ghosts,  
Ghosts of dead lords, uncrown'd ladies, impeach'd ministers, rejected  
kings, Rivals, traitors, prisoners, disgraced chieftains and the rest.

I see those who in any land have died for the good cause,  
The seed is spare, nevertheless the crop shall never run out,  
(Mind you O foreign kings, O priests, the crop shall never run out.) I

see the blood wash'd entirely away from the axe, Both blade and  
helve are clean,

(180) They spirt no more the blood of European nobles, they clasp no  
more the necks of queens.

I see the headsman withdraw and become useless,

I see the scaffold untrodden and mouldy, I see no longer any axe upon  
it, I see the mighty and friendly emblem of the power of my own  
race, the newest, largest race.

9

(America! I do not vaunt my love for you,

I have what I have.)

The axe leaps!

The solid forest gives fluid utterances,

They tumble forth, they rise and form,

Hut, tent, landing, survey,

(190) Flail, plough, pick, crowbar, spade,

Shingle, rail, prop, wainscot, jamb, lath, panel, gable,

Citadel, ceiling, saloon, academy, organ, exhibition-house, library,

Cornice, trellis, pilaster, balcony, window, turret, porch,

Hoe, rake, pitchfork, pencil, wagon, staff, saw, jack-plane, mallet,

wedge, rounce, Chair, tub, hoop, table, wicket, yane, cask, floor

wedge, tounge, chain, tub, hoop, table, wicket, vane, sash, stool,  
Work-box, chest, string'd instrument, boat, frame, and what not,  
Capitols of States, and capitol of the nation of States,  
Long stately rows in avenues, hospitals for orphans or for the poor or  
sick, Manhattan steamboats and clippers taking the measure of all  
seas.

(200) The shapes arise!

Shapes of the using of axes anyhow, and die users and all that  
neighbors them, Cutters down of wood and haulers of it to the  
Penobscot or Kennebec, Dwellers in cabins among the Californian  
mountains or by the little lakes, or on the Columbia, Dwellers  
south on the banks of the Gila or Rio Grande, friendly gatherings,  
the characters and fun, Dwellers along the St Lawrence, or north  
in Kanada, or down by the Yellowstone, dwellers on coasts and  
off coasts, Seal-fishers, whalers, arctic seamen breaking passages  
through the ice.

The shapes arise!

Shapes of factories, arsenals, foundries, markets,

Shapes of the two-threaded tracks of railroads,

(210) Shapes of the sleepers of bridges, vast frameworks, girders,  
arches, Shapes of the fleets of barges, tows, lake and canal craft,  
river craft, Ship-yards and dry-docks along the Eastern and  
Western seas and in many a bay and by-place. The live-oak

western seas, and in many a bay and by-place, The live-oak  
kelsons, the pine planks, the spars, the hackmatack-roots for  
knees, The ships themselves on their ways, the tiers of scaffolds,  
the workmen busy outside and inside, The tools lying around, the  
great auger and little auger, the adze, bolt, line, square, gouge,  
and bead-plane.

10

The shapes arise!

The shape measur'd, saw'd, jack'd, join'd, stain'd,

The coffin-shape for the dead to lie within in his shroud,

The shape got out in posts, in the bedstead posts, in the posts of the  
bride's bed, (220) The shape of the little trough, the shape of the  
rockers beneath, the shape of the babe's cradle, The shape of the  
floor-planks, the floor-planks for dancers' feet,

The shape of the planks of the family home, the home of the friendly  
parents and children, The shape of the roof of the home of the  
happy young man and woman, the roof over the well-married  
young man and woman, The roof over the supper joyously cook'd  
by the chaste wife, and joyously eaten by the chaste husband,  
content after his day's work.

The shapes arise!

The shape of the prisoner's place in the court-room, and of him or her  
seated in the place, The shape of the liquor-bar lean'd against by

the young rum-drinker and the old rum-drinker, The shape of the  
shamed and angry stairs trod by sneaking footsteps, The shape of  
the sly settee, and the adulterous unwholesome couple, (230) The  
shape of the gambling-board with its devilish winnings and  
losings, The shape of the step-ladder for the convicted and  
sentenced murderer, the murderer with haggard face and pinion'd  
arms, The sheriff at hand with his deputies, the silent and white-  
lipp'd crowd, the dangling of the rope.

The shapes arise!

Shapes of doors giving many exits and entrances,

The door passing the dissever'd friend flush'd and in haste,

The door that admits good news and bad news,

The door whence the son left home confident and puff'd up,

The door he enter'd again from a long and scandalous absence,  
diseas'd, broken down, without innocence, without means.

11

Her shape arises,

(240) She less guarded than ever, yet more guarded than ever,

The gross and soil'd she moves among do nor make her gross and  
soil'd, She knows the thoughts as she passes, nothing is conceal'd  
from her, She is none the less considerate or friendly therefor, She

is the best belov'd, it is without exception, she has no reason to  
fear and she does not fear, Oaths, quarrels, hiccupp'd songs,  
smutty expressions, are idle to her as she passes, She is silent, she  
is possessed of herself, they do not offend her, She receives them  
as the laws of Nature receive them, she is strong, She too is a law  
of Nature – there is no law stronger than she is.

12

The main shapes arise!

(250) Shapes of Democracy total, result of centuries,  
Shapes ever projecting other shapes,  
Shapes of turbulent manly cities,  
Shapes of the friends and home-givers of the whole earth,  
Shapes bracing the earth and braced with the whole earth.

### ***Song of the Exposition***

(1)

(Ah little recks the laborer,  
How near his work is holding him to God,  
The loving Laborer through space and time.)  
After all not to create only, or found only,

~~~~~

But to bring perhaps from afar what is already rounded,
To give it our own identity, average, limitless, free,
To fill the gross the torpid bulk with vital religious fire,
Not to repel or destroy so much as accept, fuse, rehabilitate,
To obey as well as command, to follow more than to lead,
(10) These also are the lessons of our New World;
While how little the New after all, how much the Old,
Old World!

Long and long has the grass been growing,
Long and long has the rain been falling,
Long has the globe been rolling round.

2

Come Muse migrate from Greece and Ionia,
Cross out please those immensely overpaid accounts,
That matter of Troy and Achilles' wrath, and Aeneas',
Odysseus' wanderings,
Placard' Removed' and' To let' on the rocks of your snowy Parnassus,
Repeat at Jerusalem, place the notice high on Jaffa's gate and on
Mount Moriah, (20) The same on the walls of your German,
French and Spanish castles, and Italian collections, For know a
better, fresher, busier sphere, a wide, untried domain awaits,
demands you.

(3)

Responsive to our summons,
Or rather to her long-nurs'd inclination,
Join'd with an irresistible, natural gravitation,
She comes! I hear the rustling of her gown,
I scent the odor of her breath's delicious fragrance,
I mark her step divine, her curious eyes a-turning, rolling,
Upon this very scene.

The dame of dames t can I believe then,
(30) Those ancient temples, sculptures classic, could none of them
retain her?

Nor shades of Virgil and Dante, nor myriad memories, poems, old
associations, magnetize and hold on to her?

But that she's left them all – and here?

Yes, if you will allow me to say so,

I, my friends, if you do not, can plainly see her,

The same undying soul of earth's, activity's, beauty's, heroism's
expression, Out from her evolutions hither come, ended the strata
of her former themes, Hidden and cover'd by to-day's, foundation
of to-day's, Ended, deceas'd through time, her voice by Castaly's

fountain,

Silent the broken-lipp'd Sphynx in Egypt, silent all those century-
baffling tombs, (40) Ended for aye the epics of Asia's, Europe's
helmeted warriors, ended the primitive call of the muses,
Calliope's call forever closed, Clio, Melpomene, Thalia dead,

Ended the stately rhythmus of Una and Oriana, ended the quest of the
holy Graal, Jerusalem a handful of ashes blown by the wind,
extinct,

The Crusaders' streams of shadowy midnight troops sped with the
sunrise, Amadis, Tancred, utterly gone, Charlemagne, Roland,
Oliver gone,

Palmerin, ogre, departed, vanish'd the turrets that Usk from its waters
reflected, Arthur vanish'd with all his knights, Merlin and
Lancelot and Galahad, all gone, dissolv'd utterly like an
exhalation; Pass'd! pass'd! for us, forever pass'd, that once so
mighty world, now void, inanimate, phantom world, Embroider'd,
dazzling, foreign world, with all its gorgeous legends, myths, (50)
Its kings and castles proud, its priests and warlike lords and
courtly dames, Pass'd to its charnel vault, coffin'd with crown and
armor on,

Blazon'd with Shakspeare's purple page,

And dirged by Tennyson's sweet sad rhyme.

I say I see, my friends, if you do not, the illustrious emigrè,
(having it is true in her day, although the same, changed,

journey'd considerable,)

Making directly for this rendezvous, vigorously clearing a path for
herself, striding through the confusion, By thud of machinery and
shrill steam-whistle undismay'd,

Bluff'd not a bit by drain-pipe, gasometers, artificial fertilizers, Smiling
and pleas'd with palpable intent to stay,

She's here, install'd amid the kitchen ware!

(4)

(60) But hold – don't I forget my manners?

To introduce the stranger, (what else indeed do I live to chant for?) to
thee Columbia; In liberty's name welcome immortal! clasp hands,
And ever henceforth sisters dear be both.

Fear not O Muse! truly new ways and days receive, surround you,
I candidly confess a queer, queer race, of novel fashion,
And yet the same old human race, the same within, without,
Faces and hearts the same, feelings the same, yearnings the same,
The same old love, beauty and use the same.

(5)

We do not blame thee elder World, nor really separate ourselves from
thee, (70) (Would the son separate himself from the father?)

Looking back on thee, seeing thee to thy duties, grandeurs, through
past ages bending, building, We build to ours to-day.

Mightier than Egypt's tombs,
Fairer than Grecia's, Roma's temples,
Prouder than Milan's statued, spired cathedral,
More picturesque than Rhenish castle-keeps,
We plan even now to raise, beyond them all,
Thy great cathedral sacred industry, no tomb,
A keep for life for practical invention.

(80) As in a waking vision,
E'en while I chant I see it rise, I scan and prophesy outside and in, Its
manifold ensemble.

Around a palace, loftier, fairer, ampler than any yet, Earth's modern
wonder, history's seven outstripping,
High rising tier on tier with glass and iron façades,
Gladdening the sun and sky, enhued in cheerfulest hues,
Bronze, lilac, robin's-egg, marine and crimson,
Over whose golden roof shall flaunt, beneath thy banner Freedom,
The banners of the States and flags of every land,

(90) A brood of lofty, fair, but lesser palaces shall cluster.

Somewhere within their walls shall all that forwards perfect human
life be started, Tried, taught, advanced, visibly exhibited.

Not only all the world of works, trade, products,
But all the workmen of the world here to be represented.

Here shall you trace in flowing operation,
In every state of practical, busy movement, the rills of civilization,
Materials here under your eye shall change their shape as if by
magic, The cotton shall be pick'd almost in the very field,
Shall be dried, clean'd, ginn'd, baled, spun into thread and cloth
before you, (100) You shall see hands at work at all the old
processes and all the new ones, You shall see the various grains
and how flour is made and then bread baked by the bakers, You
shall see the crude ores of California and Nevada passing on and
on till they become bullion, You shall watch how the printer sets
type and learn what a composing-stick is, You shall mark in
amazement the Hoe press whirling its cylinders, shedding the
printed leaves steady and fast, The photograph, model, watch,
pin, nail, shall be created before you.

In large calm halls, a stately museum shall teach you the infinite
lessons of minerals, In another, woods, plants, vegetation shall be
illustrated – in another animals, animal life and development.

One stately house shall be the music house,
Others for other arts – learning, the sciences, shall all be here,
(110) None shall be slighted, none but shall here be honor'd, help'd,
 exampled.

(6)

(This, this and these, America, shall be *your* pyramids and obelisks,
 Your Alexandrian Pharos, gardens of Babylon,
Your temple at Olympia.)

The male and female many laboring not,
Shall ever here confront the laboring many,
With precious benefits to both, glory to all,
To thee America, and thee eternal Muse.

And here shall ye inhabit powerful Matrons!

In your vast state vaster than all the old,

(120) Echoed through long, long centuries to come,
To sound of different, prouder songs, with stronger themes,
Practical, peaceful life, the people's life, the People themselves, Lifted,
 illumin'd, bathed in peace – elate, secure in peace.

(7)

Away with themes of war! away with war itself!

Hence from my shuddering sight to never more return that show of
blacken'd, mutilated corpses!

That hell unpent and raid of blood, fit for wild tigers or for lop-
tongued wolves, not reasoning men, And in its stead speed
industry's campaigns,

With thy undaunted armies, engineering,

Thy pennants labor, loosen'd to the breeze,

(130) Thy bugles sounding loud and clear.

Away with old romance!

Away with novels, plots and plays of foreign courts,

Away with love-verses sugar'd in rhyme, the intrigues, amours of
idlers, Fitted for only banquets of the night where dancers to late
music slide, The unhealthy pleasures, extravagant dissipations of
the few,

With perfumes, heat and wine, beneath the dazzling chandeliers.

To you ye reverent sane sisters,

I raise a voice for far superber themes for poets and for art,

To exalt the present and the real,

(140) To teach the average man the glory of his daily walk and trade,
To sing in songs how exercise and chemical life are never to be

baffled, To manual work for each and all, to plough, hoe, dig,
To plant and tend the tree, the berry, vegetables, flowers,
For every man to see to it that he really do something, for every
woman too; To use the hammer and the saw, (rip, or cross-cut,)
To cultivate a turn for carpentering, plastering, painting,
To work as tailor, tailoress, nurse, hostler, porter,
To invent a little, something ingenious, to aid the washing, cooking,
cleaning, And hold it no disgrace to take a hand at them
themselves.

(150) I say, I bring thee Muse to-day and here,
All occupations, duties broad and close,
Toil, healthy toil and sweat, endless, without cessation,
The old, old practical burdens, interests, joys,
The family, parentage, childhood, husband and wife,
The house-comforts, the house itself and all its belongings,
Food and its preservation, chemistry applied to it,
Whatever forms the average, strong, complete, sweet-blooded man or
woman, the perfect longeve personality, And helps its present life
to health and happiness, and shapes its soul, For the eternal real
life to come.

(160) With latest connections, works, the inter-transportation of the

(100) with latest connections, works, the inter-transportation of the
world, Steam-power, the great express lines, gas, petroleum,
These triumphs of our time, the Atlantic's delicate cable,
The Pacific railroad, the Suez canal, the Mont Cenis and
Gothard and Hoosac tunnels, the Brooklyn bridge,
This earth all spann'd with iron rails, with lines of steamships
threading every sea, Our own rondure, the current globe I bring.

(8)

And thou America,
Thy offspring towering e'er so high, yet higher Thee above all
towering, With Victory on thy left, and at thy right hand Law;
Thou Union holding all, fusing, absorbing, tolerating all,
(170) Thee, ever thee, I sing.

Thou, also thou, a World,
With all thy wide geographies, manifold, different, distant,
Rounded by thee in one – one common orbic language,
One common indivisible destiny for All.

And by the spells which ye vouchsafe to those your ministers in
earnest, I here personify and call my themes, to make them pass
before ye.

Behold, America! (and thou, ineffable guest and sister!)

For thee come trooping up thy waters and thy lands;

Behold! thy fields and farms, thy far-off woods and mountains,

(180) As in procession coming.

Behold, the sea itself,

And on its limitless, heaving breast, the ships;

See, where their white sails, bellying in the wind, speckle the green
and blue, See, the steamers coming and going, steaming in or out
of port,

See, dusky and undulating, the long pennants of smoke.

Behold, in Oregon, far in the north and west,

Or in Maine, far in the north and east, thy cheerful axemen,

Wielding all day their axes.

Behold, on the lakes, thy pilots at their wheels, thy oarsmen,

(190) How the ash writhes under those muscular arms!

There by the furnace, and there by the anvil,

Behold thy sturdy blacksmiths swinging their sledges,

Overhand so steady, overhand they turn and fall with jovous clank.

Like a tumult of laughter.

Mark the spirit of invention everywhere, thy rapid patents,
Thy continual workshops, foundries, risen or rising,
See, from their chimneys how the tall flame-fires stream.

Mark, thy interminable farms, North, South,
Thy wealthy daughter-states, Eastern and Western,
(200) The varied products of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Missouri,
Georgia, Texas, and the rest,
Thy limitless crops, grass, wheat, sugar, oil, corn, rice, hemp, hops,
Thy barns all fill'd, the endless freight-train and the bulging
storehouse, The grapes that ripen on thy vines, the apples in thy
orchards,
Thy incalculable lumber, beef, pork, potatoes, thy coal, thy gold and
silver, The inexhaustible iron in thy mines.

All thine O sacred Union!

Ships, farms, shops, barns, factories, mines,
City and State, North, South, item and aggregate,
We dedicate, dread Mother, all to thee!

(210) Protectress absolute, thou! bulwark of all!

For well we know that while thou givest each and all,

(generous as God,)

Without thee neither all nor each, nor land, home,
Nor ship, nor mine, nor any here this day secure,
Nor aught, nor any day secure.

(9)

And thou, the Emblem waving over all!

Delicate beauty, a word to thee, (it may be salutary,)

Remember thou hast not always been as here to-day so comfortably
ensovereign'd, In other scenes than these have I observ'd thee
flag,

Not quite so trim and whole and freshly blooming in folds of stainless
silk, (220) But I have seen thee bunting, to tatters torn upon thy
splinter'd staff, Or clutch'd to some young color-bearer's breast
with desperate hands, Savagely struggled for, for life or death,
fought over long,

'Mid cannons' thunder-crash and many a curse and groan and yell, and
rifle-volleys cracking sharp, And moving masses as wild demons
surging, and lives as nothing risk'd, For thy mere remnant grimed
with dirt and smoke and sopp'd in blood, For sake of that, my
beauty, and that thou might'st dally as now secure up there, Many
a good man have I seen go under.

Now here and these and hence in peace, all thine O Flag!

And here and hence for thee, O universal Muse! and thou for them I
(230) And here and hence O Union, all the work and workmen thine!
None separate from thee – henceforth One only, we and thou,
(For the blood of the children, what is it, only the blood maternal?
And lives and works, what are they all at last, except the roads to faith
and death?) While we rehearse our measureless wealth, it is for
thee, dear Mother, We own it all and several to-day indissoluble
in thee;
Think not our chant, our show, merely for products gross or lucre – it
is for thee, the soul in thee, electric, spiritual!
Our farms, inventions, crops, we own in thee! cities and
States in thee!
Our freedom all in thee! our very lives in thee !

Song of the Redwood-Tree

1

A California song,
A prophecy and indirection, a thought impalpable to breathe as air, A
chorus of dryads, fading, departing, or hamadryads departing,
A murmuring, fateful, giant voice, out of the earth and sky,
Voice of a mighty dying tree in the redwood forest dense.

*Farewell my brethren,
Farewell O earth and sky, farewell ye neighboring waters,
My time has ended, my term has come.*

Along the northern coast,
(10) Just back from the rock-bound shore and the caves,
In the saline air from the sea in the Mendocino country,
With the surge for base and accompaniment low and hoarse,
With crackling blows of axes sounding musically driven by strong
 arms, Riven deep by the sharp tongues of the axes, there in the
 redwood forest dense, I heard the mighty tree its death-chant
 chanting.

The choppers heard not, the camp shanties echoed not,
The quick-ear'd teamsters and chain and jack-screw men heard not,
As the wood-spirits came from their haunts of a thousand years to join
 the refrain, But in my soul I plainly heard.

(20) Murmuring out of its myriad leaves,
Down from its lofty top rising two hundred feet high,
Out of its stalwart trunk and limbs, out of its foot-thick bark,
That chant of the seasons and time, chant not of the past only but the

future.

*You untold life of me,
And all you venerable and innocent joys,
Perennial hardy life of me with joys 'mid rain and many a
summer sun,
And the white snows and night and the wild winds;
O the great patient rugged joys, my soul's strong joys
unreck'd by man,
{For know I bear the soul befitting me, I too have
consciousness, identity,
(30) And all the rocks and mountains have, and all the earth,)
Joys of the life befitting me and brothers mine,
Our time, our term has come.*

*Nor yield we mournfully majestic brothers,
We who have grandly fill'd our time;
With Nature's calm content, with tacit huge delight,
We welcome what we wrought for through the past,
And leave the field for them.*

*For them predicted long,
For a superb race, they too to grandly fill their time,
(40) For them we abdicate, in them ourselves ye forest kings!
In them these skies and airs, these mountain peaks, Shasta, Nevadas,
These huge precipitous cliffs, this amplitude, these valleys, far
Yosemite,
To be in them absorb'd, assimilated.*

*Then to a loftier strain,
Still prouder, more ecstatic rose the chant,
As if the heirs, the deities of the West,
Joining with master-tongue bore part.*

*Not man from Asia's fetiches,
Nor red from Europe's old dynastic slaughter-house,
(50) (Area of murder-plots of thrones, with scent left yet of wars and
scaffolds everywhere,)
But come from Nature's long and harmless throes, peacefully builded
thence, These virgin lands, lands of the Western shore,
To the new culminating man, to you, the empire new,
You promis'd long, we pledge, we dedicate.*

You occult deep volitions,

*You average spiritual manhood, purpose of all, pois'd on yourself, giving
not taking law, You womanhood divine, mistress and source of all,
whence life and love and aught that comes from life and love, You
unseen moral essence of all the vast materials of America, (age upon
age working in death the same as life,)*

*You that, sometimes known, oftener unknown, really shape and
mould the New World, adjusting it to Time and Space,*

*(60) You hidden national will lying in your abysms, conceal'd but ever
alert, You past and present purposes tenaciously pursued, may-be
unconscious of yourselves,*

*Unswerv'd by all the passing errors, perturbations of the
surface;*

*You vital, universal, deathless germs, beneath all creeds, arts, statutes,
literatures,*

*Here build your homes for good, establish here, these areas
entire, lands of the Western shore,*

We pledge, we dedicate to you.

For man of you, your characteristic race,

*Here may he hardy, sweet, gigantic grow, here tower
proportionate to Nature,*

*Here climb the vast pure spaces unconfined, uncheck'd by wall
or roof,*

*Here laugh with storm or sun, here joy, here patiently inure, (70) Here
heed himself, unfold himself, {not others' formulas heed,}*

here fill his time,

To duly fall, to aid, unreck'd at last,

To disappear, to serve.

Thus on the northern coast,

In the echo of teamsters' calls and the clinking chains, and the music
of choppers' axes, The falling trunk and limbs, the crash, the
muffled shriek, the groan, Such words combined from the
redwood-tree, as of voices ecstatic, ancient and rustling, The
century-lasting, unseen dryads, singing, withdrawing,

All their recesses of forests and mountains leaving,

From the Cascade range to the Wahsatch, or Idaho far, or

Utah,

(80) To the deities of the modern henceforth yielding,

The chorus and indications, the vistas of coming humanity, the
settlements, features all, In the Mendocino woods I caught.

the flashing and golden pageant of California,
The sudden and gorgeous drama, the sunny and ample lands,
The long and varied stretch from Puget sound to Colorado south,
Lands bathed in sweeter, rarer, healthier air, valleys and mountain
cliffs, The fields of Nature long prepared and fallow, the silent,
cyclic chemistry, The slow and steady ages plodding, the
unoccupied surface ripening, the rich ores forming beneath; At
last the New arriving, assuming, taking possession,

(90) A swarming and busy race settling and organizing everywhere,
Ships coming in from the whole round world, and going out to the
whole world, To India and China and Australia and the thousand
island paradises of the Pacific, Populous cities, the latest
inventions, the steamers on the rivers, the railroads, with many a
thrifty farm, with machinery, And wool and wheat and the grape,
and diggings of yellow gold.

3

But more in you than these, lands of the Western shore,
(These but the means, the implements, the standing-ground,)
I see in you, certain to come, the promise of thousands of years, till
now deferr'd, Promis'd to be fulfill'd, our common kind, the race.

The new society at last, proportionate to Nature,

(100) In man of you, more than your mountain peaks or stalwart trees

imperial, In woman more, far more, than all your gold or vines, or
even vital air.

Fresh come, to a new world indeed, yet long prepared,
I see the genius of the modern, child of the real and ideal,
Clearing the ground for broad humanity, the true America, heir of the
past so grand, To build a grander future.

A Song for Occupations

1

A song for occupations!

In the labor of engines and trades and the labor of fields I find the
developments, And find the eternal meanings.

Workmen and Workwomen!

Were all educations practical and ornamental well display'd out of me,
what would it amount to?

Were I as the head teacher, charitable proprietor, wise statesman,
what would it amount to?

Were I to you as the boss employing and paying you, would that
satisfy you?

The learn'd, virtuous, benevolent, and the usual terms,

A man like me and never the usual terms.

(10) Neither a servant nor a master I,

I take no sooner a large price than a small price, I will have my own
whoever enjoys me, I will be even with you and you shall be even
with me.

If you stand at work in a shop I stand as nigh as the nighest in the
same shop, If you bestow gifts on your brother or dearest friend I
demand as good as your brother or dearest friend, If your lover,
husband, wife, is welcome by day or night, I must be personally
as welcome, If you become degraded, criminal, ill, then I become
so for your sake, If you remember your foolish and outlaw'd
deeds, do you think I cannot remember my own foolish and
outlaw'd deeds?

If you carouse at the table I carouse at the opposite side of the table, If
you meet some stranger in the streets and love him or her, why I
often meet strangers in the street and love them.

(20) Why what have you thought of yourself?

Is it you then that thought yourself less?

Is it you that thought the President greater than you?

Or the rich better off than you? or the educated wiser than you?

(Because you are greasy or pimpled, or were once drunk, or a thief, Or
that you are diseas'd, or rheumatic, or a prostitute,
Or from frivolity or impotence, or that you are no scholar and never
saw your name in print, Do you give in that you are any less
immortal?)

2

Souls of men and women! it is not you I call unseen, unheard,
untouchable and untouching, It is not you I go argue pro and con
about, and to settle whether you are alive or no, (30) I own
publicly who you are, if nobody else owns.

Grown, half-grown and babe, of this country and every country,
indoors and out-doors, one just as much as the other, I see, And
all else behind or through them.

The wife, and she is not one jot less than the husband,
The daughter, and she is just as good as the son,
The mother, and she is every bit as much as the father.

Offspring of ignorant and poor, boys apprenticed to trades,
Young fellows working on farms and old fellows working on farms,
Sailor-men, merchant-men, coasters, immigrants,
All these I see, but nigher and farther the same I see,

(40) None shall escape me and none shall wish to escape me.

I bring what you much need yet always have,
Not money, amours, dress, eating, erudition, but as good,
I send no agent or medium, offer no representative of value, but offer
the value itself.

There is something that comes to one now and perpetually, It is not
what is printed, preach'd, discussed, it eludes discussion and
print, It is not to be put in a book, it is not in this book,
It is for you whoever you are, it is no farther from you than your
hearing and sight are from you, It is hinted by nearest,
commonest, readiest, it is ever provoked by them.

You may read in many languages, yet read nothing about it,
(50) You may read the President's message and read nothing about it
there, Nothing in the reports from the State department or
Treasury department, or in the daily papers or weekly papers,
Or in the census or revenue returns, prices current, or any accounts of
stock.

The sun and stars that float in the open air,

The apple-shaped earth and we upon it, surely the drift of them is something grand, I do not know what it is except that it is grand, and that it is happiness, And that the enclosing purport of us here is not a speculation or bon-mot or reconnoissance, And that it is not something which by luck may turn out well for us, and without luck must be a failure for us, And not something which may yet be retracted in a certain contingency.

The light and shade, the curious sense of body and identity, the greed that with perfect complaisance devours all things, (60) The endless pride and outstretching of man, unspeakable joys and sorrows, The wonder every one sees in every one else he sees, and the wonders that fill each minute of time forever, What have you reckon'd them for, camerado?

Have you reckon'd them for your trade or farm-work? or for the profits of your store?

Or to achieve yourself a position? or to fill a gentleman's leisure, or a lady's leisure?

Have you reckon'd that the landscape took substance and form that it might be painted in a picture?

Or men and women that they might be written of, and songs sung?

Or the attraction of gravity, and the great laws and harmonious combinations and the fluids of the air, as subjects for the savans?

Or the brown land and the blue sea for maps and charts?

Or the stars to be put in constellations and named fancy names?

Of the stars to be put in constellations and named fancy names:

(70) Or that the growth of seeds is for agricultural tables, or
agriculture itself?

Old institutions, these arts, libraries, legends, collections, and the
practice handed along in manufactures, will we rate them so
high?

Will we rate our cash and business high? I have no objection,
I rate them as high as the highest – then a child born of a woman and
man I rate beyond all rate.

We thought our Union grand, and our Constitution grand,
I do not say they are not grand and good, for they are,
I am this day just as much in love with them as you,
Then I am in love with You, and with all my fellows upon the earth.

We consider bibles and religions divine -I do not say they are not
divine, I say they have all grown out of you, and may grow out of
you still, (80) It is not they who give the life, it is you who give
the life, Leaves are not more shed from the trees, or trees from the
earth, than they are shed out of you.

4

The sum of all known reverence I add up in you whoever you are,

The President is there in the White House for you, it is not you who

THE PRESIDENT IS THERE IN THE WHITE HOUSE FOR YOU, IT IS NOT YOU WHO
are here for him, The Secretaries act in their bureaus for you, not
you here for them, The Congress convenes every Twelfth-month
for you,

Laws, courts, the forming of States, the charters of cities, the going
and coming of commerce and mails, are all for you.

List close my scholars dear,

Doctrines, politics, and civilization exurge from you,

Sculpture and monuments and any thing inscribed anywhere are
tallied in you, (90) The gist of histories and statistics as far back
as the records reach is in you this hour, and myths and tales the
same, If you were not breathing and walking here, where would
they all be?

The most renown'd poems would be ashes, orations and plays would
be vacuums.

All architecture is what you do to it when you look upon it,

(Did you think it was in the white or gray stone? or the lines of the
arches and cornices?) All music is what awakes from you when
you are reminded by the instruments, It is not the violins and the
cornets, it is not the oboe nor the beating drums, nor the score of
the baritone singer singing his sweet romanza, nor that of the
men's chorus, nor that of the women's chorus, It is nearer and
farther than they.

Will the whole come back then?

Can each see signs of the best by a look in the looking-glass? is there
nothing greater or more?

(100) Does all sit there with you, with the mystic unseen soul?

Strange and hard that paradox true I give,

Objects gross and the unseen soul are one.

House-building, measuring, sawing the boards,

Blacksmithing, glass-blowing, nail-making, coopering, tin-roofing,
shingle-dressing, Ship-joining, dock-building, fish-curing, flagging
of sidewalks by flaggers, The pump, the pile-driver, the great
derrick, the coal-kiln and brick-kiln, Coal-mines and all that is
down there, the lamps in the darkness, echoes, songs, what
meditations, what vast native thoughts looking through smutch'd
faces, Iron-works, forge-fires in the mountains or by river-banks,
men around feeling the melt with huge crowbars, lumps of ore,
the due combining of ore, limestone, coal, The blast-furnace and
the pudding-furnace, the loup-lump at the bottom of the melt at
last, the rolling-mill, the stumpy bars of pig-iron, the strong clean-
shaped T-rail for railroads, (110) Oil-works, silk-works, white-
lead-works, the sugar-house, steam-saws, the great mills and
factories, Stone-cutting, shapely trimmings for façades or window
or door-lintels. the mallet. the tooth-chisel. the iib to protect the

of steel-knives, the mallet, the tooth-chisel, the jaw to protect the thumb, The calking-iron, the kettle of boiling vault-cement, and the fire under the kettle, The cotton-bale, the stevedore's hook, the saw and buck of the sawyer, the mould of the moulder, the working-knife of the butcher, the ice-saw, and all the work with ice, The work and tools of the rigger, grappler, sail-maker, block-maker, Goods of gutta-percha, papier-maché, colors, brushes, brush-making, glazier's implements, The veneer and glue-pot, the confectioner's ornaments, the decanter and glasses, the shears and flat-iron, The awl and knee-strap, the pint measure and quart

measure, the counter and stool, the writing-pen of quill or metal, the making of all sorts of edged tools, The brewery, brewing, the malt, the vats, every thing that is done by brewers, wine-makers, vinegar-makers, Leather-dressing, coach-making, boiler-making, rope-twisting, distilling, sign-painting, lime-burning, cotton-picking, electroplating, electrotyping, stereotyping, (120) Stave-machines, planing-machines, reaping-machines, ploughing-machines, thrashing-machines, steam wagons, The cart of the carman, the omnibus, the ponderous dray,

Pyrotechny, letting off color'd fireworks at night, fancy figures and jets; Beef on the butcher's stall, the slaughter-house of the butcher, the butcher in his killing-clothes, The pens of live pork, the killing-hammer, the hog-hook, the scalding's tub, gutting, the cutter's cleaver, the packer's maul, and the plenteous winterwork of pork-packing, Flour-works, grinding of wheat, rye, maize, rice, the barrels and the half and quarter barrels, the loaded barges, the high piles on wharves and levees, The men and the work of

the men on ferries, railroads, coasters, fish-boats, canals; The hourly routine of your own or any man's life, the shop, yard, store, or factory, These shows all near you by day and night – workman! whoever you are, your daily life!

In that and them the heft of the heaviest – in that and them far more than you estimated, (and far less also,) (130) In them realities for you and me, in them poems for you and me, In them, not yourself-you and your soul enclose all things, regardless of estimation, In them the development good – in them all themes, hints, possibilities.

I do not affirm that what you see beyond is futile, I do not advise you to stop, I do not say leadings you thought great are not great, But I say that none lead to greater than these lead to.

6

Will you seek afar off? you surely come back at last,

In things best known to you finding the best, or as good as the best, In folks nearest to you finding the sweetest, strongest, lovingest, Happiness, knowledge, not in another place but this place, not for another hour but this hour, (140) Man in the first you see or touch, always in friend, brother, nighest neighbor – woman in mother, sister, wife, The popular tastes and employments taking precedence in poems or anywhere, You workwomen and workmen of these States having your own divine and strong life,

And all else giving place to men and women like you.

When the psalm sings instead of the singer,

When the script preaches instead of the preacher,

When the pulpit descends and goes instead of the carver that carved
the supporting desk, When I can touch the body of books by night
or by day, and when they touch my body back again, When a
university course convinces like a slumbering woman and child
convince, When the minted gold in the vault smiles like the night-
watchman's daughter, (150) When warrantee deeds loafe in chairs
opposite and are my friendly companions, I intend to reach them
my hand, and make as much of them as I do of men and women
like you.

A Song of the Rolling Earth

1

A song of the rolling earth, and of words according,

Were you thinking that those were the words, those upright lines?
those curves, angles, dots?

No, those are not the words, the substantial words are in the ground
and sea, They are in the air, they are in you.

Were you thinking that those were the words, those delicious sounds

out of your friends' mouths?

No, the real words are more delicious than they.

Human bodies are words, myriads of words,

(In the best poems re-appears the body, man's or woman's, well-shaped, natural, gay, Every part able, active, receptive, without shame or the need of shame.)

(10) Air, soil, water, fire – those are words,

I myself am a word with them – my qualities interpenetrate with theirs – my name is nothing to them, Though it were told in the three thousand languages, what would air, soil, water, fire, know of my name?

A healthy presence, a friendly or commanding gesture, are words, sayings, meanings, The charms that go with the mere looks of some men and women, are sayings and meanings also.

The workmanship of souls is by those inaudible words of the earth,

The masters know the earth's words and use them more than audible words.

Amelioration is one of the earth's words,

The earth neither lags nor hastens,

It has all attributes, growths, effects, latent in itself from the jump,
(20) It is not half beautiful only, defects and excrescences show
just as much as perfections show.

The earth does not withhold, it is generous enough,
The truths of the earth continually wait, they are not so conceal'd
either, They are calm, subtle, untransmissible by print,
They are imbued through all things conveying themselves willingly,
Conveying a sentiment and invitation, I utter and utter,
I speak not, yet if you hear me not of what avail am I to you?
To bear, to better, lacking these of what avail am I?
(Accouche! accouchez!

Will you rot your own fruit in yourself there?

(30) Will you squat and stifle there?)

The earth does not argue,
Is not pathetic, has no arrangements,
Does not scream, haste, persuade, threaten, promise,
Makes no discriminations, has no conceivable failures,
Closes nothing, refuses nothing, shuts none out,
Of all the powers, objects, states, it notifies, shuts none out.

The earth does not exhibit itself nor refuse to exhibit itself, possesses

still underneath, Underneath the ostensible sounds, the august
chorus of heroes, the wail of slaves, Persuasions of lovers, curses,
gasps of the dying, laughter of young people, accents of
bargainers, (40) Underneath these possessing words that never
fail.

To her children the words of the eloquent dumb great mother never
fail, The true words do not fail, for motion does not fail and
reflection does not fail, Also the day and night do not fail, and the
voyage we pursue does not fail.

Of the interminable sisters,
Of the ceaseless cotillions of sisters,
Of the centripetal and centrifugal sisters, the elder and younger sisters,
The beautiful sister we know dances on with the rest.

With her ample back towards every beholder,
With the fascinations of youth and the equal fascinations of age,
(50) Sits she whom I too love like the rest, sits undisturb'd,
Holding up in her hand what has the character of a mirror, while her
eyes glance back from it, Glance as she sits, inviting none,
denying none,
Holding a mirror day and night tirelessly before her own face.

Seen at hand or seen at a distance,
Duly the twenty-four appear in public every day,
Duly approach and pass with their companions or a companion,
Looking from no countenances of their own, but from the
 countenances of those who are with them, From the countenances
 of children or women or the manly countenance, From the open
 countenances of animals or from inanimate things,
(60) From the landscape or waters or from the exquisite apparition of
 the sky, From our countenances, mine and yours, faithfully
 returning them,
Every day in public appearing without fail, but never twice with the
 same companions.

Embracing man, embracing all, proceed the three hundred and sixty-
 five resistlessly round the sun; Embracing all, soothing,
 supporting, follow close three hundred and sixty-five offsets of the
 first, sure and necessary as they.

Tumbling on steadily, nothing dreading,
Sunshine, storm, cold, heat, forever withstanding, passing, carrying,
 The soul's realization and determination still inheriting,
The fluid vacuum around and ahead still entering and dividing,
No balk retarding, no anchor anchoring, on no rock striking,

(70) Swift, glad, content, unbereav'd, nothing losing,
Of all able and ready at any time to give strict account,
The divine ship sails the divine sea.

2

Whoever you are! motion and reflection are especially for you,
The divine ship sails the divine sea for you.

Whoever you are! you are he or she for whom the earth is solid and
liquid, You are he or she for whom the sun and moon hang in the
sky,
For none more than you are the present and the past,
For none more than you is immortality.

Each man to himself and each woman to herself, is the word of the
past and present, and the true word of immortality; (80) No one
can acquire for another – not one,
Not one can grow for another – not one.

The song is to the singer, and comes back most to him,
The teaching is to the teacher, and comes back most to him,
The murder is to the murderer, and comes back most to him,

The theft is to the thief, and comes back most to him,
The love is to the lover, and comes back most to him,
The gift is to the giver, and comes back most to him – it cannot fail,
The oration is to the orator, the acting is to the actor and actress
not to the audience, And no man understands any greatness or
goodness but his own, or the indication of his own.

3

(90) I swear the earth shall surely be complete to him or her who shall
be complete, The earth remains jagged and broken only to him or
her who remains jagged and broken.

I swear there is no greatness or power that does not emulate those of
the earth, There can be no theory of any account unless it
corroborate the theory of the earth, No politics, song, religion,
behavior, or what not, is of account, unless it compare with the
amplitude of the earth, Unless it face the exactness, vitality,
impartiality, rectitude of the earth.

I swear I begin to see love with sweeter spasms than that which
responds love, It is that which contains itself, which never invites
and never refuses.

I swear I begin to see little or nothing in audible words,

All merges toward the presentation of the unspoken meanings of the
earth, (100) Toward him who sings the songs of the body and of
the truths of the earth, Toward him who makes the dictionaries of
words that print cannot touch.

I swear I see what is better than to tell the best,
It is always to leave the best untold.

When I undertake to tell the best I find I cannot,
My tongue is ineffectual on its pivots,
My breath will not be obedient to its organs,
I become a dumb man.

The best of the earth cannot be told anyhow, all or any is best,
It is not what you anticipated, it is cheaper, easier, nearer, (110)
Things are not dismiss'd from the places they held before,
The earth is just as positive and direct as it was before,
Facts, religions, improvements, politics, trades, are as real as before,
But the soul is also real, it too is positive and direct,
No reasoning, no proof has establish'd it,
Undeniable growth has establish'd it.

These to echo the tones of souls and the phrases of souls,
(If they did not echo the phrases of souls what were they then?
If they had not reference to you in especial what were they then?)
I swear I will never henceforth have to do with the faith that tells the
best, (120) I will have to do only with that faith that leaves the
best untold.

Say on, sayers! sing on, singers!
Delve! mould! pile the words of the earth!
Work on, age after age, nothing is to be lost,
It may have to wait long, but it will certainly come in use,
When the materials are all prepared and ready, the architects shall
appear.

I swear to you the architects shall appear without fail,
I swear to you they will understand you and justify you,
The greatest among them shall be he who best knows you, and
encloses all and is faithful to all, He and the rest shall not forget
you, they shall perceive that you are not an iota less than they,
(130) You shall be fully glorified in them.

Youth, Day, Old Age and Night

Youth, large, lusty, loving – youth full of grace, force, fascination, Do
you know that Old Age may come after you with equal grace,
force, fascination?

Day full-blown and splendid – day of the immense sun, action,
ambition, laughter, The Night follows close with millions of suns,
and sleep and restoring darkness.

BIRDS OF PASSAGE

Song of the Universal

1

Come said the Muse,
Sing me a song no poet yet has chanted,
Sing me the universal.

In this broad earth of ours,
Amid the measureless grossness and the slag,
Enclosed and safe within its central heart,
Nestles the seed perfection.

By every life a share or more or less,
None born but it is born, conceal'd or unconceal'd the seed is waiting.

2

(10) Lo! keen-eyed towering science,
As from tall peaks the modern overlooking,
Successive absolute fiats issuing.

Yet again, lo! the soul, above all science,
For it has history gather'd like husks around the globe, For it the
entire star-myriads roll through the sky.

In spiral routes by long detours,
(As a much-tacking ship upon the sea,)
For it the partial to the permanent flowing;
For it the real to the ideal tends.

(20) For it the mystic evolution,
Not the right only justified, what we call evil also justified.

Forth from their masks, no matter what,
From the huge festering trunk, from craft and guile and tears, Health
to emerge and joy, joy universal.

Out of the bulk, the morbid and the shallow,
Out of the bad majority, the varied countless frauds of men and states,
Electric, antiseptic yet, cleaving, suffusing all,
Only the good is universal.

3

Over the mountain-growth's disease and sorrow,
(30) An uncaught bird is ever hovering, hovering,
High in the purer, happier air.

From imperfection's murkiest cloud,
Darts always forth one ray of perfect light,
One flash of heaven's glory.

To fashion's, custom's discord,
To the mad Babel-din, the deafening orgies,
Soothing each lull a strain is heard, just heard,
From some far shore the final chorus sounding.

O the blest eyes, the happy hearts,
(40) That see, that know the guiding thread so fine, Along the mighty
labyrinth.

4

And thou America,
For the scheme's culmination, its thought and its reality, For these
(not for thyself) thou has arrived.

Thou too surroundest all,

Embracing carrying welcoming all, thou too by pathways broad and
new, To the ideal tendest.

The measur'd faiths of other lands, the grandeurs of the past, Are not
for thee, but grandeurs of thine own,

(50) Deific faiths and amplitudes, absorbing, comprehending all, All
eligible to all.

All, all for immortality,

Love like the light silently wrapping all,

Nature's amelioration blessing all, The blossoms, fruits of ages,
orchards divine and certain, Forms, objects, growths, humanities,
to spiritual images ripening.

Give me O God to sing that thought,

Give me, give him or her I love this quenchless faith, In Thy ensemble,
whatever else withheld withhold not from us, (60) Belief in plan
of Thee enclosed in Time and Space, Health, peace, salvation
universal.

Is it a dream?

Nay but the lack of it the dream,
And failing it life's lore and wealth a dream,
And all the world a dream.

Pioneers! O Pioneers!

Come my tan-faced children,
Follow well in order, get your weapons ready,
Have you your pistols? have you your sharp-edged axes?
Pioneers! O pioneers!
For we cannot tarry here,
We must march my darlings, we must bear the brunt of danger, We
the youthful sinewy races, all the rest on us depend, Pioneers! O
pioneers!

O you youths, Western youths,
(10) So impatient, full of action, full of manly pride and friendship,
Plain I see you Western youths, see you tramping with the
foremost, Pioneers! O pioneers!

Have the elder races halted?
Do they droop and end their lesson, wearied over there beyond the
seas?

We take up the task eternal, and the burden and the lesson, Pioneers!
O pioneers!

All the past we leave behind.

And the past we leave behind,

We debouch upon a newer mightier world, varied world, Fresh and
strong the world we seize, world of labor and the march, 20
Pioneers! O pioneers!

We detachments steady throwing,
Down the edges, through the passes, up the mountains steep,
Conquering, holding, daring, venturing as we go the unknown
ways, Pioneers! O pioneers!

We primeval forests felling,
We the rivers stemming, vexing we and piercing deep the mines
within, We the surface broad surveying, we the virgin soil
upheaving, Pioneers! O pioneers!

Colorado men are we,
(30) From the peaks gigantic, from the giant sierras and the high
plateaus, From the mine and from the gully, from the hunting
trail we come, Pioneers! O pioneers!

From Nebraska, from Arkansas,
Central inland race are we, from Missouri, with the continental blood
intervein'd, All the hands of comrades clasping, all the Southern,
all the Northern,

Pioneers! O pioneers!

O resistless restless race!

O beloved race in all! O my breast aches with tender love for all!

I mourn and yet exult, I am rapt with love for all, 40 Pioneers! O

pioneers!

Raise the mighty mother mistress,

Waving high the delicate mistress, over all the starry mistress, (bend
your heads all,) Raise the fang'd and warlike mistress, stern,
impassive, weapon'd mistress, Pioneers! O pioneers!

See my children, resolute children,

By those swarms upon our rear we must never yield or falter, Ages
back in ghostly millions frowning there behind us urging,
Pioneers! O pioneers!

On and on the compact ranks,

(50) With accessions ever waiting, with the places of the dead quickly
fill'd, Through the battle, through defeat, moving yet and never
stopping, Pioneers! O pioneers!

O to die advancing on!

Are there some of us to droop and die? has the hour come?

Then upon the march we fittest die, soon and sure the gap is fill'd,
Pioneers! O pioneers!

All the pulses of the world,

Falling in they beat for us, with the Western movement beat, Holding
single or together, steady moving to the front, all for us, 60
Pioneers! O pioneers!

Life's involv'd and varied pageants, All the forms and shows, all the
workmen at their work, All the seamen and the landmen, all the

masters with their slaves, Pioneers! O pioneers!

All the hapless silent lovers,

All the prisoners in the prisons, all the righteous and the wicked, All
the joyous, all the sorrowing, all the living, all the dying,
Pioneers! O pioneers!

I too with my soul and body,

(70) We, a curious trio, picking, wandering on our way, Through these
shores amid the shadows, with the apparitions pressing, Pioneers!
O pioneers!

Lo, the darting bowling orb!

Lo, the brother orbs around, all the clustering suns and planets, All the
dazzling days, all the mystic nights with dreams, Pioneers! O
pioneers!

These are of us, they are with us,

All for primal needed work, while the followers there in embryo wait
behind, We to-day's procession heading, we the route for travel
clearing, (80) Pioneers! O pioneers!

O you daughters of the West!

O you young and elder daughters! O you mothers and you wives!

Never must you be divided, in our ranks you move united, Pioneers! O
pioneers !

Minstrels latent on the prairies!

(Shrouded bards of other lands, you may rest, you have done your

work,) Soon I hear you coming warbling, soon you rise and tramp
amid us, Pioneers! O pioneers!

Not for delectations sweet,

(90) Not the cushion and the slipper, not the peaceful and the
studious, Not the riches safe and palling, not for us the tame
enjoyment, Pioneers! O pioneers!

Do the feasters gluttonous feast?

Do the corpulent sleepers sleep? have they lock'd and bolted doors?

Still be ours the diet hard, and the blanket on the ground, Pioneers! O
pioneers!

Has the night descended?

Was the road of late so toilsome? did we stop discouraged nodding on
our way?

Yet a passing hour I yield you in your tracks to pause oblivious, (100)
Pioneers! O pioneers!

Till with sound of trumpet,

Far, far off the daybreak call – hark! how loud and clear I hear it
wind, Swift! to the head of the army! – swift! spring to your
places, Pioneers! O pioneers!

To You

Whoever you are, I fear you are walking the walks of dreams, I fear
these supposed realities are to melt from under your feet and

hands, Even now your features, joys, speech, house, trade,
manners, troubles, follies, costume, crimes, dissipate away from
you, Your true soul and body appear before me,

They stand forth out of affairs, out of commerce, shops, work, farms,
clothes, the house, buying, selling, eating, drinking, suffering,
dying.

Whoever you are, now I place my hand upon you, that you be my
poem, I whisper with my lips close to your ear,
I have loved many women and men, but I love none better than you.

O I have been dilatory and dumb,

(10) I should have made my way straight to you long ago, I should
have blabb'd nothing but you, I should have chanted nothing but
you.

I will leave all and come and make the hymns of you, None has
understood you, but I understand you,

None has done justice to you, you have not done justice to yourself,
None but has found you imperfect, I only find no imperfection in
you, None but would subordinate you, I only am he who will
never consent to subordinate you, I only am he who places over
you no master, owner, better, God, beyond what waits
intrinsically in yourself.

Painters have painted their swarming groups and the centre-figure of all, From the head of the centre-figure spreading a nimbus of gold-color'd light, (20) But I paint myriads of heads, but paint no head without its nimbus of gold-color'd light, From my hand from the brain of every man and woman it streams, effulgently flowing forever.

O I could sing such grandeurs and glories about you!

You have not known what you are, you have slumber'd upon yourself all your life, Your eyelids have been the same as closed most of the time, What you have done returns already in mockeries,

(Your thrift, knowledge, prayers, if they do not return in mockeries, what is their return?) The mockeries are not you,

Underneath them and within them I see you lurk,

I pursue you where none else has pursued you,

(30) Silence, the desk, the flippant expression, the night, the accustom'd routine, if these conceal you from others or from yourself, they do not conceal you from me, The shaved face, the unsteady eye, the impure complexion, if these balk others they do not balk me, The pert apparel, the deform'd attitude, drunkenness, greed, premature death, all these I part aside.

There is no endowment in man or woman that is not tallied in you,

There is no virtue, no beauty in man or woman, but as good is in

There is no virtue, no beauty in man or woman, but as good is in you, No pluck, no endurance in others, but as good is in you, No pleasure waiting for others, but an equal pleasure waits for you.

As for me, I give nothing to any one except I give the like carefully to you, I sing the songs of the glory of none, not God, sooner than I sing the songs of the glory of you.

Whoever you are! claim your own at any hazard!

(40) These shows of the East and West are tame compared to you, These immense meadows, these interminable rivers, you are immense and interminable as they, These furies, elements, storms, motions of Nature, throes of apparent dissolution, you are he or she who is master or mistress over them, Master or mistress in your own right over Nature, elements, pain, passion, dissolution.

The hopples fall from your ankles, you find an unfailing sufficiency, Old or young, male or female, rude, low, rejected by the rest, whatever you are promulges itself, Through birth, life, death, burial, the means are provided, nothing is scanted, Through angers, losses, ambition, ignorance, ennui, what you are picks its way.

France,

THE 18TH YEAR OF THESE STATES

A great year and place.

A harsh discordant natal scream out-sounding, to touch the mother's
heart closer than any yet.

I walk'd the shores of my Eastern sea,

Heard over the waves the little voice,

Saw the divine infant where she woke mournfully wailing, amid the
roar of cannon, curses, shouts, crash of falling buildings, Was not
so sick from the blood in the gutters running, nor from the single
corpses, nor those in heaps, nor those borne away in the tumbrils,
Was not so desperate at the battues of death – was not so shock'd
at the repeated fusillades of the guns.

Pale, silent, stern, what could I say to that long-accrued retribution?

Could I wish humanity different?

(10) Could I wish the people made of wood and stone?

Or that there be no justice in destiny or time?

O Liberty! O mate for me!

Here too the blaze, the grape-shot and the axe, in reserve, to fetch
them out in case of need, Here too, though long repress, can never
be destroy'd, Here too could rise at last murdering and ecstatic,
Here too demanding full arrears of vengeance.

Hence I sign this salute over the sea,

And I do not deny that terrible red birth and baptism, But remember
the little voice that I heard wailing, and wait with perfect trust,
no matter how long, (20) And from to-day sad and cogent I
maintain the bequeath'd cause, as for all lands, And I send these
words to Paris with my love,

And I guess some chansonniers there will understand them, For I guess
there is latent music yet in France, floods of it, I hear already the
bustle of instruments, they will soon be drowning all that would
interrupt them, O I think the east wind brings a triumphal and
free march, It reaches hither, it swells me to joyful madness,

I will run transpose it in words, to justify it,

I will yet sing a song for you ma femme.

Myself and Mine

Myself and mine gymnastic ever,

To stand the cold or heat, to take good aim with a gun, to sail a boat,
to manage horses, to beget superb children, To speak readily and
clearly, to feel at home among common people, And to hold our
own in terrible positions on land and sea.

Not for an embroiderer,

(There will always be plenty of embroiderers, I welcome them also,)

But for the fibre of things and for inherent men and women.

Not to chisel ornaments,

But to chisel with free stroke the heads and limbs of plenteous
supreme Gods, that the States may realize them walking and
talking.

(10) Let me have my own way,

Let others promulge the laws, I will make no account of the laws, Let
others praise eminent men and hold up peace, I hold up agitation
and conflict, I praise no eminent man, I rebuke to his face the one
that was thought most worthy.

(Who are you? and what are you secretly guilty of all your life?

Will you turn aside all your life? will you grub and chatter all your
life?

And who are you, blabbing by rote, years, pages, languages,
reminiscences, Unwitting to-day that you do not know how to
speak properly a single word?) Let others finish specimens, I
never finish specimens, I start them by exhaustless laws as Nature
does, fresh and modern continually.

(20) I give nothing as duties,

What others give as duties I give as living impulses. (Shall I give the

heart's action as a duty?)

Let others dispose of questions, I dispose of nothing, I arouse
unanswerable questions, Who are they I see and touch, and what
about them?

What about these likes of myself that draw me so close by tender
directions and indirections?

I call to the world to distrust the accounts of my friends, but listen to
my enemies, as I myself do, I charge you forever reject those who
would expound me, for I cannot expound myself,

I charge that there be no theory or school founded out of me, I charge
you to leave all free, as I have left all free.

(30) After me, vista!

O I see life is not short, but immeasurably long,

I henceforth tread the world chaste, temperate, an early riser, a steady
grower, Every hour the semen of centuries, and still of centuries.

I must follow up these continual lessons of the air, water, earth, I
perceive I have no time to lose.

Year of Meteors (1859-60)

Year of meteors! brooding year!

I would bind in words retrospective some of your deeds and signs, I

would sing your contest for the 19th Presidentiad, I would sing
how an old man, tall, with white hair, mounted the scaffold in
Virginia, (I was at hand, silent I stood with teeth shut close, I
watch'd, I stood very near you old man when cool and indifferent,
but trembling with age and your unheal'd wounds you mounted
the scaffold;) I would sing in my copious song your census returns
of the States, The tables of population and products, I would sing
of your ships and their cargoes, The proud black ships of
Manhattan arriving, some fill'd with immigrants, some from the
isthmus with cargoes of gold, (10) Songs thereof would I sing, to
all that hitherward comes would I welcome give, And you would I
sing, fair stripling! welcome to you from me, young prince of
England!

(Remember you surging Manhattan's crowds as you pass'd with your
cortege of nobles?

There in the crowds stood I, and singled you out with attachment;)
Nor forget I to sing of the wonder, the ship as she swam up my
bay, Well-shaped and stately the Great Eastern swam up my bay,
she was 600 feet long, Her moving swiftly surrounded by myriads
of small craft I forget not to sing; Nor the comet that came
unannounced out of the north flaring in heaven, Nor the strange
huge meteor-procession dazzling and clear shooting over our
heads, (A moment, a moment long it sail'd its balls of unearthly
light over our heads, (20) Then departed, dropt in the night, and
was gone;) Of such, and fitful as they, I sing – with gleams from
them would I gleam and patch these chants, Your chants, O year

all mottled with evil and good – year of forebodings!

Year of comets and meteors transient and strange – lo! even here one
equally transient and strange!

As I flit through you hastily, soon to fall and be gone, what is this
chant, What am I myself but one of your meteors?

With Antecedents

1

With antecedents,

With my fathers and mothers and the accumulations of past ages, With
all which, had it not been, I would not now be here, as I am, With
Egypt, India, Phenicia, Greece and Rome,

With the Kelt, the Scandinavian, the Alb and the Saxon, With antique
maritime ventures, laws, artisanship, wars and journeys, With the
poet, the skald, the saga, the myth, and the oracle, With the sale
of slaves, with enthusiasts, with the troubadour, the crusader, and
the monk, With those old continents whence we have come to this
new continent, (10) With the fading kingdoms and kings over
there, With the fading religions and priests,

With the small shores we look back to from our own large and present
shores, With countless years drawing themselves onward and
arrived at these years, You and me arrived – America arrived and
making this year, This year! sending itself ahead countless years
to come.

O but it is not the years – it is I, it is You,

We touch all laws and tally all antecedents,

We are the skald, the oracle, the monk and the knight, we easily
include them and more, We stand amid time beginningless and
endless, we stand amid evil and good, (20) All swings around us,
there is as much darkness as light, The very sun swings itself and
its system of planets around us, Its sun, and its again, all swing
around us.

As for me, (torn, stormy, amid these vehement days,) I have the idea
of all, and am all and believe in all, I believe materialism is true
and spiritualism is true, I reject no part.

(Have I forgotten any part? any thing in the past?

Come to me whoever and whatever, till I give you recognition.)

I respect Assyria, China, Teutonia, and the Hebrews, I adopt each
theory, myth, god, and demi-god,

(30) I see that the old accounts, bibles, genealogies, are true, without
exception, I assert that all past days were what they must have
been, And that they could no-how have been better than they
were, And that to-day is what it must be, and that America is,

And that to-day and America could no-how be better than they are.

3

In the name of these States and in your and my name, the Past,
And in the name of these States and in your and my name, the Present
time.

I know that the past was great and the future will be great, And I
know that both curiously conjoint in the present time, (For the
sake of him I typify, for the common average man's sake, your
sake if you are he,) (40) And that where I am or you are this
present day, there is the centre of all days, all races, And there is
the meaning to us of all that has ever come of races and days, or
ever will come.

A Broadway Pageant

1

Over the Western sea hither from Nippon come,
Courteous, the swart-cheek'd two-sworded envoys,
Leaning back in their open barouches, bare-headed, impassive, Ride
to-day through Manhattan.

Libertad! I do not know whether others behold what I behold, In the
procession along with the nobles of Nippon, the errand-bearers,
Bringing up the rear, hovering above, around, or in the ranks
marching, But I will sing you a song of what I behold Libertad.

When million-footed Manhattan unpent descends to her pavements,
(10) When the thunder-cracking guns arouse me with the proud
roar I love, When the round-mouth'd guns out of the smoke and
smell I love spit their salutes, When the fire-flashing guns have
fully alerted me, and heaven-clouds canopy my city with a
delicate thin haze, When gorgeous the countless straight stems,
the forests at the wharves, thicken with colors, When every ship
richly drest carries her flag at the peak, When pennants trail and
street-festoons hang from the windows, When Broadway is
entirely given up to foot-passengers and foot-standers, when the
mass is densest, When the facades of the houses are alive with
people, when eyes gaze riveted tens of thousands at a time, When
the guests from the islands advance, when the pageant moves
forward visible, When the summons is made, when the answer
that waited thousands of years answers, (20) I too arising,
answering, descend to the pavements, merge with the crowd, and
gaze with them.

Comrade Americanos! to us, then at last the Orient comes.

To us, my city,

Where our tall-topt marble and iron beauties range on opposite sides,
to walk in the space between, To-day our Antipodes comes.

The Originatress comes,

The nest of languages, the bequeather of poems, the race of eld, Florid
with blood, pensive, rapt with musings, hot with passion, Sultry
with perfume, with ample and flowing garments, (30) With
sunburnt visage, with intense soul and glittering eyes, The race of
Brahma comes.

See my cantabile! these and more are flashing to us from the
procession, As it moves changing, a kaleidoscope divine it moves
changing before us.

For not the envoys nor the tann'd Japanee from his island only, Lithe
and silent the Hindoo appears, the Asiatic continent itself appears,
the past, the dead, The murky night-morning of wonder and fable
inscrutable, The envelop'd mysteries, the old and unknown hive-
bees, The north, the sweltering south, eastern Assyria, the
Hebrews, the ancient of ancients,

Vast desolated cities, the gliding present, all of these and more are in

the pageant-procession.

(40) Geography, the world, is in it,

The Great Sea, the brood of islands, Polynesia, the coast beyond, The
coast you henceforth are facing – you Libertad! from your
Western golden shores, The countries there with their
populations, the millions en-masse are curiously here, The
swarming market-places, the temples with idols ranged along the
sides or at the end, bonze, brahmin, and llama, Mandarin, farmer,
merchant, mechanic, and fisherman, The singing-girl and the
dancing-girl, the ecstatic persons, the secluded emperors,
Confucious himself, the great poets and heroes, the warriors, the
castes, all, Trooping up, crowding from all directions, from the
Altay mountains, From Thibet, from the four winding and far-
flowing rivers of China, (50) From the southern peninsulas and
the demi-continental islands, from Malaysia, These and whatever
belongs to them palpable show forth to me, and are seiz'd by me,
And I am seiz'd by them, and friendlily held by them, Till as here
them all I chant, Libertad! for themselves and for you.

For I too raising my voice join the ranks of this pageant, I am the
chanter, I chant aloud over the pageant,

I chant the world on my Western sea,

I chant copious the islands beyond, thick as stars in the sky, I chant
the new empire grander than any before, as in a vision it comes to

me, I chant America the mistress, I chant a greater supremacy,
(60) I chant projected a thousand blooming cities yet in time on
those groups of sea-islands, My sail-ships and steam-ships
threading the archipelagoes, My stars and stripes fluttering in the
wind,

Commerce opening, the sleep of ages having done its work, races
reborn, refresh'd, Lives, works resumed – the object I know not –
but the old, the Asiatic renew'd as it must be, Commencing from
this day surrounded by the world.

3

And you Libertad of the world!

You shall sit in the middle well-pois'd thousands and thousands of
years, As to-day from one side the nobles of Asia come to you, As
to-morrow from the other side the queen of England sends her
eldest son to you.

(70) The sign is reversing, the orb is enclosed,

The ring is circled, the journey is done,

The box-lid is but perceptibly open'd, nevertheless the perfume pours
copiously out of the whole box.

Young Libertad! with the venerable Asia, the all-mother, Be
considerate with her now and ever hot Libertad, for you are all,

Bend your proud neck to the long-off mother now sending
messages over the archipelagoes to you, Bend your proud neck
low for once, young Libertad.

Were the children straying westward so long? so wide the tramping?
Were the precedent dim ages debouching westward from Paradise so
long?

Were the centuries steadily footing it that way, all the while unknown,
for you, for reasons?

(80) They are justified, they are accomplish'd, they shall now be
turn'd the other way also, to travel toward you thence, They shall
now also march obediently eastward for your sake Libertad.

SEA-DRIFT

Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking

Out of the cradle endlessly rocking,

Out of the mocking-bird's throat, the musical shuttle, Out of the Ninth-month midnight,

Over the sterile sands and the fields beyond, where the child leaving his bed wander'd alone, bareheaded, barefoot, Down from the shower'd halo,

Up from the mystic play of shadows twining and twisting as if they were alive, Out from the patches of briars and blackberries, From the memories of the bird that chanted to me, From your memories sad brother, from the fitful risings and fallings I heard, (10) From under that yellow half-moon late-risen and swollen as if with tears, From those beginning notes of yearning and love there in the mist, From the thousand responses of my heart never to cease, From the myriad thence-arous'd words,

From the word stronger and more delicious than any, From such as now they start the scene revisiting, As a flock, twittering, rising, or overhead passing, Borne hither, ere all eludes me, hurriedly,

A man, yet by these tears a little boy again, Throwing myself on the sand, confronting the waves, (20) I, chanter of pains and joys, uniter of here and hereafter, Taking all hints to use them, but swiftly leaping beyond them, A reminiscence sing.

Once Paumanok,

When the lilac-scent was in the air and Fifth-month grass was
growing, Up this seashore in some briers,

Two feather'd guests from Alabama, two together, And their nest, and
four light-green eggs spotted with brown, And every day the he-
bird to and fro near at hand, And every day the she-bird crouch'd
on her nest, silent, with bright eyes, (30) And every day I, a
curious boy, never too close, never disturbing them, Cautiously
peering, absorbing, translating.

Shine! shine! shine!

Pour dorn your warmth, great sun!

While we bask, we two together.

Two together!

*Winds blow south, or winds blow north, Day come white, or night come
black, Home, or rivers and mountains from home, Singing all time,
minding no time,*

(40) While we two keep together.

Till of a sudden,

May-be kill'd, unknown to her mate,

One forenoon the she-bird crouch'd not on the nest, Nor return'd that
afternoon, nor the next,
Nor ever appeared again.

And thenceforward all summer in the sound of the sea, And at night
under the full of the moon in calmer weather, Over the hoarse
surging of the sea,
Or flitting from brier to brier by day,
(50) I saw, I heard at intervals the remaining one, the he-bird, The
solitary guest from Alabama.

Blow! blow! blow!

Blow up sea-winds along Paumanok's shore;

I wait and I wait till you blow my mate to me.

Yes, when the stars glisten'd,
All night long on the prong of a moss-scallop'd stake, Down almost
amid the slapping waves,
Sat the lone singer wonderful causing tears.

He call'd on his mate,

(60) He pour'd forth the meanings which I of all men know.

Yes my brother I know,

The rest might not, but I have treasur'd every note, For more than
once dimly down to the beach gliding, Silent, avoiding the
moonbeams, blending myself with the shadows, Recalling now
the obscure shapes, the echoes, the sounds and sights after their
sorts, The white arms out in the breakers tirelessly tossing, I, with
bare feet, a child, the wind wafting my hair, Listen'd long and
long.

Listen'd to keep, to sing, now translating the notes, (70) Following you
my brother.

Soothe! soothe! soothe!

*Close on its wave soothes the wave behind, And again another behind
embracing and lapping, every one
close,*

But my love soothes not me, not me.

Low hangs the moon, it rose late,

It is lagging -O I think it is heavy with love, with love.

O madly the sea pushes upon the land, With love, with love.

*O night! do I not see my love fluttering out among the
breakers?*

Loud! loud! loud!

Loud I call to you, my love!

*High and clear I shoot my voice over the waves, Surely you must know who
is here, is here, You must know who I am, my love.*

Low-hanging moon!

What is that dusky spot in your brown yellow"} }

O it is the shape, the shape of my mate!

O moon do not keep her from me any longer.

*Whichever way I turn, O I think you could give me my mate
back again if you only would,*

For I am almost sure I see her dimly whichever way I look.

O rising stars!

Perhaps the one I want so much will rise, will rise with some of you.

O throat! O trembling throat!

Sound clearer through the atmosphere!

*Pierce the woods, the earth,
Somewhere listening to catch you must be the one I want.*

Shake out carols!

Solitary here, the night's carols!

Carols of lonesome love! death's carols!

Carols under that lagging, yellow, waning moon!

O under that moon where she droops almost down into the sea!

O reckless despairing carols.

But soft! sink low!

Soft! let me just murmur,

*And do you wait a moment you husky-nois'd sea, For somewhere I believe I
heard my mate responding to me, So faint, I must be still, be still to
listen, (110) But not altogether still, for then she might not come
immediately to me.*

Hither my love!

Here I am! here!

*With this just-sustain'd note I announce myself to you, This gentle call is
for you my love, for you.*

*Do not be decoy'd elsewhere, That is the whistle of the wind, it is not my
voice, That is the fluttering, the fluttering of the spray, Those are the
shadows of leaves.*

O darkness! O in vain!

(120) O I am very sick and sorrowful.

O brown halo in the sky near the moon, drooping upon the sea!

O troubled reflection in the sea!

O throat! O throbbing heart!

And I singing uselessly, uselessly all the night.

O past! O happy life! O songs of joy!

In the air, in the woods, over fields, Loved! loved! loved! loved! loved!

But my mate no more, no more with me!

We two together no more.

(130) The aria sinking,

All else continuing, the stars shining,

*The winds blowing, the notes of the bird continuous echoing, With
angry moans the fierce old mother incessantly moaning, On the
sands of Paumanok's shore gray and rustling, The yellow half-*

moon enlarged, sagging down, drooping, the face of the sea
almost touching, The boy ecstatic, with his bare feet the waves,
with his hair the atmosphere dallying, The love in the heart long
pent, now loose, now at last tumultuously bursting, The aria's
meaning, the ears, the soul, swiftly depositing, The strange tears
down the cheeks coursing,

(140) The colloquy there, the trio, each uttering, The undertone, the
savage old mother incessantly crying, To the boy's soul's
questions sullenly timing, some drown'd secret hissing, To the
outsetting bard.

Demon or bird! (said the boy's soul,) Is it indeed toward your mate
you sing? or is it really to me?

For I, that was a child, my tongue's use sleeping, now I have heard
you, Now in a moment I know what I am for, I awake, And
already a thousand singers, a thousand songs, clearer, louder and
more sorrowful than yours, A thousand warbling echoes have
started to life within me, never to die.

(150) O you singer solitary, singing by yourself, projecting me, O
solitary me listening, never more shall I cease perpetuating you,
Never more shall I escape, never more the reverberations, Never
more the cries of unsatisfied love be absent from me, Never again
leave me to be the peaceful child I was before what there in the
night, By the sea under the yellow and sagging moon, The
messenger there arous'd. the fire. the sweet hell within. The

unknown want, the destiny of me.

O give me the clew! (it lurks in the night here somewhere,) O if I am
to have so much, let me have more 1

(160) A word then, (for I will conquer it,)

The word final, superior to all,

Subtle, sent up – what is it? -I listen;

Are you whispering it, and have been all the time, you sea-waves?

Is that it from your liquid rims and wet sands?

Whereto answering, the sea,

Delaying not, hurrying not,

Whisper'd me through the night, and very plainly before daybreak,

Lisp'd to me the low and delicious word death, And again death,
death, death, death,

(170) Hissing melodious, neither like the bird nor like my arous'd
child's heart, But edging near as privately for me rustling at my
feet, Creeping thence steadily up to my ears and laving me softly
all over, Death, death, death, death, death.

Which I do not forget,

But fuse the song of my dusky demon and brother, That he sang to me
in the moonlight on Paumanok's gray beach, With the thousand
responsive songs at random, My own songs awaked from that

hour,

And with them the key, the word up from the waves, (180) The word
of the sweetest song and all songs, That strong and delicious word
which, creeping to my feet, (Or like some old crone rocking the
cradle, swathed in sweet garments, bending aside,) The sea
whisper'd me.

As I Ebb'd with the Ocean of Life

1

As I ebb'd with the ocean of life,

As I wended the shores I know,

As I walk'd where the ripples continually wash you Paumanok,

Where they rustle up hoarse and sibilant,

Where the fierce old mother endlessly cries for her castaways, I
musing late in the autumn day, gazing off southward, Held by this
electric self out of the pride of which I utter poems, Was seiz'd by
the spirit, that trails in the lines underfoot, The rim, the sediment
that stands for all the water and all the land of the globe.

(10) Fascinated, my eyes reverting from the south, dropt, to follow
those slender windrows, Chaff, straw, splinters of wood, weeds,
and the sea-gluten, Scum, scales from shining rocks, leaves of salt-
lettuce, left by the tide, Miles walking, the sound of breaking
waves the other side of me, Paumanok there and then as I thought

the old thought of likenesses, These you presented to me you fish-shaped island, As I wended the shores I know,

As I walk'd with that electric self seeking types.

2

As I wend to the shores I know not,

As I list to the dirge, the voices of men and women wreck'd, (20) As I inhale the impalpable breezes that set in upon me, As the ocean so mysterious rolls toward me closer and closer, I too but signify at the utmost a little wash'd-up drift, A few sands and dead leaves to gather,

Gather, and merge myself as part of the sands and drift.

O baffled, balk'd, bent to the very earth,

Oppress'd with myself that I have dared to open my mouth, Aware now that amid all that blab whose echoes recoil upon me I have not once had the least idea who or what I am, But that before all my arrogant poems the real Me stands yet untouch'd, untold, altogether unreach'd, Withdrawn far, mocking me with mock-congratulatory signs and bows, (30) With peals of distant ironical laughter at every word I have written, Pointing in silence to these songs, and then to the sand beneath.

I perceive I have not really understood any thing, not a single object,

and that no man ever can, Nature here in sight of the sea taking
advantage of me to dart upon me and sting me, Because I have
dared to open my mouth to sing at all.

3

You oceans both, I close with you,
We murmur alike reproachfully rolling sands and drift, knowing not
why, These little shreds indeed standing for you and me and all.

You friable shore with trails of debris,
You fish-shaped island, I take what is underfoot, (40) What is yours is
mine my father.

I too Paumanok,
I too have bubbled up, floated the measureless float, and been wash'd
on your shores, I too am but a trail of drift and debris,
I too leave little wrecks upon you, you fish-shaped island.

I throw myself upon your breast my father,
I cling to you so that you cannot unloose me, I hold you so firm till
you answer me something.

Kiss me my father,

Touch me with your lips as I touch those I love, (50) Breathe to me
while I hold you close the secret of the murmuring I envy.

4

Ebb, ocean of life, (the flow will return,)

Cease not your moaning you fierce old mother, Endlessly cry for your
castaways, but fear not, deny not me, Rustle not up so hoarse and
angry against my feet as I touch you or gather from you.

I mean tenderly by you and all,

I gather for myself and for this phantom looking down where we lead,
and following me and mine.

Me and mine, loose windrows, little corpses,

Froth, snowy white, and bubbles,

(See, from my dead lips the ooze exuding at last, (60) See, the
prismatic colors glistening and rolling,) Tufts of straw, sands,
fragments,

Buoy'd hither from many moods, one contradicting another, From the
storm, the long calm, the darkness, the swell, Musing, pondering,
a breath, a briny tear, a dab of liquid or soil, Up just as much out
of fathomless workings fermented and thrown, A limp blossom or
two, torn, just as much over waves floating, drifted at random,

Just as much for us that sobbing dirge of Nature, Just as much
whence we come that blare of the cloud-trumpets, We, capricious,
brought hither we know not whence, spread out before you, (70)
You up there walking or sitting,

Whoever you are, we too lie in drifts at your feet.

Tears

Tears! tears! tears!

In the night, in solitude, tears,

On the white shore dripping, dripping, suck'd in by the sand, Tears,
not a star shining, all dark and desolate, Moist tears from the eyes
of a muffled head;

O who is that ghost? that form in the dark, with tears?

What shapeless lump is that, bent, crouch'd there on the sand?

Streaming tears, sobbing tears, throes, choked with wild cries; O
storm, embodied, rising, careering with swift steps along the
beach!

(10) O wild and dismal night storm, with wind – O belching and
desperate!

O shade so sedate and decorous by day, with calm countenance and
regulated pace, But away at night as you fly, none looking – O
then the unloosen'd ocean, Of tears! tears! tears!

To the Man-of-War Bird

Thou who hast slept all night upon the storm, Waking renew'd on thy
prodigious pinions,

(Burst the wild storm? above it thou ascended'st, And rested on the
sky, thy slave that cradled thee,) Now a blue point, far, far, in
heaven floating, As to the light emerging here on deck I watch
thee, (Myself a speck, a point on the world's floating vast.)

Far, far at sea,

After the night's fierce drifts have strewn the shore with wrecks, (10)
With re-appearing day as now so happy and serene, The rosy and
clastic dawn, the flashing sun,

The limpid spread of air cerulean,

Thou also re-appearest.

Thou born to match the gale, (thou art all wings,) To cope with
heaven and earth and sea and hurricane, Thou ship of air that
never furl'st thy sails, Days, even weeks untired and onward,
through spaces, realms gyrating, At dusk that look'st on Senegal,
at morn America, That sport'st amid the lightning-flash and
thunder-cloud, (20) In them, in thy experiences, had'st thou my
soul, What joys! what joys were thine!

Aboard at a Ship's Helm

Aboard at a ship's helm,
A young steersman steering with care.

Through fog on a sea-coast dolefully ringing, An ocean-bell – O a
warning bell, rock'd by the waves.

O you give good notice indeed, you bell by the sea-reefs ringing,
Ringing, ringing, to warn the ship from its wreck-place.

For as on the alert O steersman, you mind the loud admonition, The
bows turn, the freighted ship tacking speeds away under her gray
sails, The beautiful and noble ship with all her precious wealth
speeds away gayly and safe.

(10) But O the ship, the immortal ship! O ship aboard the ship!
Ship of the body, ship of the soul, voyaging, voyaging, voyaging.

On the Beach at Night

On the beach at night,
Stands a child with her father,
Watching the east, the autumn sky.

Thn through the darkness

Up through the darkness,

While ravening clouds, the burial clouds, in black masses spreading,
Lower sullen and fast athwart and down the sky, Amid a
transparent clear belt of ether yet left in the east, Ascends large
and calm the lord-star Jupiter, And nigh at hand, only a very little
above,

(10) Swim the delicate sisters the Pleiades.

From the beach the child holding the hand of her father, Those burial-
clouds that lower victorious soon to devour all, Watching, silently
weeps.

Weep not, child,

Weep not, my darling,

With these kisses let me remove your tears,

The ravening clouds shall not long be victorious, They shall not long
possess the sky, they devour the stars only in apparition, Jupiter
shall emerge, be patient, watch again another night, the Pleiades
shall emerge, (20) They are immortal, all those stars both silvery
and golden shall shine out again, The great stars and the little
ones shall shine out again, they endure, The vast immortal suns
and the long-enduring pensive moons shall again shine.

Then dearest child mournest thou only for Jupiter?

Considerest thou alone the burial of the stars?

Considerest thou alone the burial of the stars?

Something there is,

(With my lips soothing thee, adding I whisper, I give thee the first suggestion, the problem and indirection,) Something there is more immortal even than the stars, (Many the burials, many the days and nights, passing away,) (30) Something that shall endure longer even than lustrous Jupiter,

Longer than sun or any revolving satellite,

Or the radiant sisters the Pleiades.

The World Below the Brine

The world below the brine,

Forests at the bottom of the sea, the branches and leaves, Sea-lettuce, vast lichens, strange flowers and seeds, the thick tangle, openings, and pink turf, Different colors, pale gray and green, purple, white, and gold, the play of light through the water, Dumb swimmers there among the rocks, coral, gluten, grass, rushes, and the aliment of the swimmers, Sluggish existences grazing there suspended, or slowly crawling close to the bottom, The sperm-whale at the surface blowing air and spray, or disporting with his flukes, The leaden-eyed shark, the walrus, the turtle, the hairy sea-leopard, and the sting-ray, Passions there, wars, pursuits, tribes, sight in those ocean-depths, breathing that thick-breathing air, as so many do, (10) The change thence to the sight here, and

to the subtle air breathed by beings like us who walk this sphere,
The change onward from ours to that of beings who walk other
spheres.

On the Beach at Night Alone

On the beach at night alone,

As the old mother sways her to and fro singing her husky song, As I
watch the bright stars shining, I think a thought of the clef of the
universes and of the future.

A vast similitude interlocks all,

All spheres, grown, ungrodw, small, large, suns, moons, planets, All
distances of place however wide,

All distances of time, all inanimate forms,

All souls, all living bodies though they be ever so different, or in
different worlds, All gaseous, watery, vegetable, mineral
processes, the fishes, the brutes, (10) All nations, colors,
barbarisms, civilizations, languages, All identities that have
existed or may exist on this globe, or any globe, All lives and
deaths, all of the past, present, future, This vast similitude spans
them, and always has spann'd, And shall forever span them and
compactly hold and enclose them.

Song for All Seas, All Ships

1

To-day a rude brief recitative,

Of ships sailing the seas, each with its special flag or ship-signal, Of
unnamed heroes in the ships – of waves spreading and spreading
far as the eye can reach, Of dashing spray, and the winds piping
and blowing, And out of these a chant for the sailors of all
nations, Fitful, like a surge.

Of sea-captains young or old, and the mates, and of all intrepid sailors,
Of the few, very choice, taciturn, whom fate can never surprise
nor death dismay, Pick'd sparingly without noise by thee old
ocean, chosen by thee, (10) Thou sea that pickest and culliest the
race in time, and unitest nations, Suckled by thee, old husky
nurse, embodying thee, Indomitable, untamed as thee.

(Ever the heroes on water or on land, by ones or twos appearing, Ever
the stock preserv'd and never lost, though rare, enough for seed
preserv'd.)

2

Flaunt out O sea your separate flags of nations!

Flaunt out visible as ever the various ship-signals!

But do you reserve especially for yourself and for the soul of man one
flag above all the rest, A spiritual woven signal for all nations,

emblem of man elate above death, Token of all brave captains
and all intrepid sailors and mates, (20) And all that went down
doing their duty, Reminiscent of them, twined from all intrepid
captains young or old, A pennant universal, subtly waving all
time, o'er all brave sailors, All seas, all ships.

Patrolling Barnegat

Wild, wild the storm, and the sea high running, Steady the roar of the
gale, with incessant undertone muttering, Shouts of demoniac
laughter fitfully piercing and pealing, Waves, air, midnight, their
savagest trinity lashing, Out in the shadows there milk-white
combs careering, On beachy slush and sand spirits of snow fierce
slanting, Where through the murk the easterly death-wind
breasting, Through cutting swirl and spray watchful and firm
advancing, (That in the distance! is that a wreck? is the red signal
flaring?) (10) Slush and sand of the beach tireless till daylight
wending, Steadily, slowly, through hoarse roar never remitting,
Along the midnight edge by those milk-white combs careering, A
group of dim, weird forms, struggling, the night confronting, That
savage trinity warily watching.

After the Sea-Ship

After the sea-ship, after the whistling winds, After the white-gray sails
taut to their spars and ropes, Below, a myriad myriad waves
hastening, lifting up their necks, Tending in ceaseless flow toward
the track of the ship, Waves of the ocean bubbling and gurgling,

blithely prying, Waves, undulating waves, liquid, uneven,
emulous waves, Toward that whirling current, laughing and
buoyant, with curves, Where the great vessel sailing and tacking
displaces the surface, Larger and smaller waves in the spread of
the ocean yearnfully flowing, (10) The wake of the sea-ship after
she passes, flashing and frolicsome under the sun, A motley
procession with many a fleck of foam and many fragments,
Following the stately and rapid ship, in the wake following.

BY THE ROADSIDE

A Boston Ballad (1854)

To get betimes in Boston town I rose this morning early, Here's a good
place at the corner, I must stand and see the show.

Clear the way there Jonathan!

Way for the President's marshal – way for the government cannon!

Way for the Federal foot and dragoons, (and the apparitions copiously
tumbling.)

I love to look on the Stars and Stripes, I hope the fifes will play
Yankee Doodle.

How bright shine the cutlasses of the foremost troops!

Every man holds his revolver, marching stiff through

Boston town.

A fog follows, antiques of the same come limping,

(10) Some appear wooden-legged, and some appear bandaged and
bloodless.

Why this is indeed a show – it has called the dead out of the earth!

The old graveyards of the hills have hurried to see!

Phantoms! phantoms countless by flank and rear!

Cock'd hats of mothy mould – crutches made of mist!

Arms in slings – old men leaning on young men's shoulders.

What troubles you Yankee phantoms? what is all this chattering of
bare gums?

Does the ague convulse your limbs? do you mistake your crutches for
firelocks and level them?

If you blind your eyes with tears you will not see the President's
marshal,

If you groan such groans you might balk the government cannon.

(20) For shame old maniacs – bring down those toss'd arms, and let
your white hair be, Here gape your great grandsons, their wives
gaze at them from the windows, See how well dress'd, see how
orderly they conduct themselves.

Worse and worse – can't you stand it? are you retreating?

Is this hour with the living too dead for you?

Retreat then – pell-mell!

To your graves – back – back to the hills old limpers!

I do not think you belong here anyhow.

But there is one thing that belongs here – shall I tell you what it is,
gentlemen of Boston?

I will whisper it to the Mayor, he shall send a committee to England,
(30) They shall get a grant from the Parliament, go with a cart to
the royal vault, Dig out King George's coffin, unwrap him quick
from the grave-clothes, box up his bones for a journey, Find a
swift Yankee clipper – here is freight for you, black-bellied
clipper, Up with your anchor – shake out your sails – steer
straight toward Boston bay.

Now call for the President's marshal again, bring out the government
cannon, Fetch home the roarers from Congress, make another
procession, guard it with foot and dragoons.

This centre-piece for them;

Look, all orderly citizens – look from the windows, women!

The committee open the box, set up the regal ribs, glue those that will
not stay, Clap the skull on top of the ribs, and clap a crown on top
of the skull.

(40) You have got your revenge, old buster – the crown is come to its own, and more than its own.

Stick your hands in your pockets, Jonathan – you are a made man from this day, You are mighty cute – and here is one of your bargains.

Europe,

THE 72D AND 73D YEARS OF THESE STATES

Suddenly out of its stale and drowsy lair, the lair of slaves, Like lightning it le'pt forth half startled at itself, Its feet upon the ashes and the rags, its hands tight to the throats of kings.

O hope and faith!

O aching close of exiled patriots' lives 1

O many a sicken'd heart!

Turn back unto this day and make yourselves afresh.

And you, paid to defile the People – you liars, mark!

Not for numberless agonies, murders, lusts,

(10) For court thieving in its manifold mean forms, worming from his simplicity the poor man's wages, For many a promise sworn by

royal lips and broken and laugh'd at in the breaking, Then in their
power not for all these did the blows strike revenge, or the heads
of the nobles fall; The People scorn'd the ferocity of kings.

But the sweetness of mercy brew'd bitter destruction, and the
frighten'd monarchs come back, Each comes in state with his
train, hangman, priest, tax-gatherer, Soldier, lawyer, lord, jailer,
and sycophant.

Yet behind all lowering stealing, lo, a shape,

Vague as the night, draped interminably, head, front and form, in
scarlet folds, Whose face and eyes none may see, (20) Out of its
robes only this, the red robes lifted by the arm, One finger crook'd
pointed high over the top, like the head of a snake appears.

Meanwhile corpses lie in new-made graves, bloody corpses of young
men, The rope of the gibbet hangs heavily, the bullets of princes
are flying, the creatures of power laugh aloud, And all these
things bear fruits, and they are good.

Those corpses of young men,

Those martyrs that hang from the gibbets, those hearts pierc'd by the
gray lead, Cold and motionless as they seem live elsewhere with
unslaughter'd vitality.

They live in other young men O kings!

They live in brothers again ready to defy you,

(30) They were purified by death, they were taught and exalted.

Not a grave of the murder'd for freedom but grows seed for freedom,
in its turn to bear seed, Which the winds carry afar and re-sow,
and the rains and the snows nourish.

Not a disembodied spirit can the weapons of tyrants let loose, But it stalks invisibly over the earth, whispering, counseling, cautioning.

Liberty, let others despair of you –I never despair of you.

Is the house shut? is the master away?

Nevertheless, be ready, be not weary of watching,

He will soon return, his messengers come anon.

A Hand-Mirror

Hold it up sternly – see this it sends back, (who is it? is it you?)

Outside fair costume, within ashes and filth,

No more a flashing eye, no more a sonorous voice or springy step,

Now some slave's eye, voice, hands, step,

A drunkard's dream, unwholesome eater's race, venereal's flesh,
Lungs rotting away piecemeal, stomach sour and cankerous,
Joints rheumatic, bowels clogged with abomination,
Blood circulating dark and poisonous streams,
Words babble, hearing and touch callous,
(10) No brain, no heart left, no magnetism of sex;
Such from one look in this looking-glass ere you go hence, Such a
result so soon – and from such a beginning!

Gods

Lover divine and perfect Comrade,
Waiting content, invisible yet, but certain,
Be thou my God.

Thou, thou, the Ideal Man,
Fair, able, beautiful, content, and loving,
Complete in body and dilate in spirit,
Be thou my God.

O Death, (for Life has served its turn,)
Opener and usher to the heavenly mansion,
(10) Be thou my God.

Aught, aught of mightiest, best I see, conceive, or know, (To break the
stagnant tie – thee, thee to free, O soul,) Be thou my God.

All great ideas, the races' aspirations, All heroisms, deeds of rapt
enthusiasts,

Be ye my Gods.

Or Time and Space,

Or shape of Earth divine and wondrous,

Or some fair shape I viewing, worship,

(20) Or lustrous orb of sun or star by night,

Be ye my Gods.

Gems

Forms, qualities, lives, humanity, language, thoughts, The ones
known, and the ones unknown, the ones on the stars, The stars
themselves, some shaped, others unshaped,

Wonders as of those countries, the soil, trees, cities, inhabitants,
whatever they may be, Splendid suns, the moons and rings, the
countless combinations and effects, Such-like, and as good as
such-like, visible here or anywhere, stand provided for in a
handful of space, which I extend my arm and half enclose with
my hand,

That containing the start of each and all, the virtue, the germs of all.

Thoughts

Of ownership – as if one fit to own things could not at pleasure enter upon all, and incorporate them into himself or herself; Of vista – suppose some sight in arriere through the formative chaos, presuming the growth, fulness, life, now attain'd on the journey, (But I see the road continued, and the journey ever continued;) Of what was once lacking on earth, and in due time has become supplied – and of what will yet be supplied, Because all I see and know I believe to have its main purport in what will yet be supplied.

When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer

When I heard the learn'd astronomer,
When the proofs, the figures, were ranged in columns before me,
When I was shown the charts and diagrams, to add, divide, and
measure them, When I sitting heard the astronomer where he
lectured with much applause in the lecture-room, How soon
unaccountable I became tired and sick,
Till rising and gliding out I wander'd off by myself,
In the mystical moist night-air, and from time to time, Look'd up in
perfect silence at the stars.

Perfections

Only themselves understand themselves and the like of themselves, As
souls only understand souls.

O Me! O Life!

O me! O life! of the questions of these recurring,
Of the endless trains of the faithless, of cities fill'd with the foolish, Of
myself forever reproaching myself, (for who more foolish than I,
and who more faithless?) Of eyes that vainly crave the light, of
the objects mean, of the struggle ever renew'd, Of the poor results
of all, of the plodding and sordid crowds I see around me, Of the
empty and useless years of the rest, with the rest me intertwined,
The question, O me! so sad, recurring – What good amid these, O
me, O life?

Answer

That you are here – that life exists and identity,
That the powerful play goes on, and you may contribute a verse.

To a President

All you are doing and saying is to America dangled mirages, You have

not learn'd of Nature – of the politics of Nature you have not
learn'd the great amplitude, rectitude, impartiality, You have not
seen that only such as they are for these States, And that what is
less than they must sooner or later lift off from these States.

I Sit and Look Out

I sit and look out upon all the sorrows of the world, and upon all
oppression and shame, I hear secret convulsive sobs from young
men at anguish with themselves, remorseful after deeds done, I
see in low life the mother misused by her children, dying,
neglected, gaunt, desperate, I see the wife misused by her
husband, I see the treacherous seducer of young women, I mark
the ranklings of jealousy and unrequited love attempted to be hid,
I see these sights on the earth, I see the workings of battle,
pestilence, tyranny, I see martyrs and prisoners, I observe a
famine at sea, I observe the sailors casting lots who shall be kill'd
to preserve the lives of the rest, I observe the slights and
degradations cast by arrogant persons upon laborers, the poor,
and upon negroes, and the like; All these – all the meanness and
agony without end I sitting look out upon, (10) See, hear, and am
silent

To Rich Givers

What you give me I cheerfully accept,

A little sustenance, a hut and garden, a little money, as I rendezvous
with my poems. A traveler's lodging and breakfast as I journey

with my poems, A traveler's lodging and breakfast as I journey
through the States, – why should I be ashamed to own such gifts?
why to advertise for them?

For I myself am not one who bestows nothing upon man and woman,
For I bestow upon any man or woman the entrance to all the gifts
of the universe.

The Dalliance of the Eagles

Skirting the river road, (my forenoon walk, my rest,)
Skyward in air a sudden muffled sound, the dalliance of the eagles,
The rushing amorous contact high in space together,
The clinching interlocking claws, a living, fierce, gyrating wheel, Four
beating wings, two beaks, a swirling mass tight grappling, In
tumbling turning clustering loops, straight downward falling, Till
o'er the river pois'd, the twain yet one, a moment's lull, A
motionless still balance in the air, then parting, talons loosing,
Upward again on slow-firm pinions slanting, their separate
diverse flight, (10) She hers, he his, pursuing.

Roaming in Thought

(AFTER READING HEGEL)

Roaming in thought over the Universe, I saw the little that is Good
steadily hastening towards immortality,

And the vast all that is call'd Evil I saw hastening to merge itself and

And the vast all that is can't even I saw hastening to merge itself and
become lost and dead.

A Farm Picture

Through the ample open door of the peaceful country barn, A sunlit
pasture field with cattle and horses feeding, And haze and vista,
and the far horizon fading away.

A Child's Amaze

Silent and amazed even when a little boy,
I remember I heard the preacher every Sunday put God in his
statements, As contending against some being or influence.

The Runner

On a flat road runs the well-train'd runner,
He is lean and sinewy with muscular legs,
He is thinly clothed, he leans forward as he runs,
With lightly closed fists and arms partially rais'd.

Beautiful Women

Women sit or move to and fro, some old, some young,
The young are beautiful – but the old are more beautiful than the
young.

Mother and Babe

I see the sleeping babe nestling the breast of its mother, The sleeping
mother and babe – hush'd, I study them long and long.

Thought

Of obedience, faith, adhesiveness;

As I stand aloof and look there is to me something profoundly
affecting in large masses of men following the lead of those who
do not believe in men.

Visor'd

A mask, a perpetual natural disguiser of herself,
Concealing her face, concealing her form,
Changes and transformations every hour, every moment,
Falling upon her even when she sleeps.

Thought

Of Justice – as if Justice could be any thing but the same ample law,
expounded by natural judges and saviors, As if it might be this
thing or that thing, according to decisions.

Gliding o'er All

Gliding o'er all. through all.

Through Nature, Time, and Space,
As a ship on the waters advancing,
The voyage of the soul – not life alone,
Death, many deaths I'll sing.

Hast Never Come to Thee an Hour

Hast never come to thee an hour,
A sudden gleam divine, precipitating, bursting all these bubbles,
fashions, wealth?
These eager business aims – books, politics, art, amours, To utter
nothingness?

Thought

Of Equality – as if it harm'd me, giving others the same chances and
rights as myself-as if it were not indispensable to my own rights
that others possess the same.

To Old Age

I see in you the estuary that enlarges and spreads itself grandly as it
pours in the great sea.

Locations and Times

Locations and times – what is it in me that meets them all, whenever
and wherever, and makes me at home?

Forms, colors, densities, odors – what is it in me that corresponds with
them?

Offerings

A thousand perfect men and women appear,
Around each gathers a cluster of friends, and gay children and youths,
with offerings.

To the States,

TO IDENTIFY THE 16TH, 17TH, OR 18TH
PRESIDENTIAD

Why reclining, interrogating? why myself and all drowsing?

What deepening twilight – scum floating atop of the waters, Who are
they as bats and night-dogs askant in the capitol?

What a filthy Presidentiad! (O South, your torrid suns! O

North, your arctic freezings!)

Are those really Congressmen? are those the great Judges? is that the
President?

Then I will sleep awhile yet, for I see that these States sleep, for
reasons; (With gathering murk, with muttering thunder and
lambent shoots we all duly awake, South, North, East, West,
inland and seacoast, we will surely awake.)

inland and seaboard, we will surely awake.)

DRUM-TAPS

First O Songs for a Prelude

First O songs for a prelude,

Lightly strike on the stretch'd tympanum pride and joy in my city,

How she led the rest to arms, how she gave the cue, How at once
with lithe limbs unwaiting a moment she sprang, (O superb! O
Manhattan, my own, my peerless!

O strongest you in the hour of danger, in crisis! O truer than steel!)

How you sprang – how you threw off the costumes of peace with
indifferent hand, How your soft opera-music changed, and the
drum and fife were heard in their stead, How you led to the war,
(that shall serve for our prelude, songs of soldiers,) (10) How
Manhattan drum-taps led.

Forty years had I in my city seen soldiers parading, Forty years as a
pageant, till unawares the lady of this teeming and turbulent city,
Sleepless amid her ships, her houses, her incalculable wealth,
With her million children around her, suddenly,

At dead of night, at news from the south,

Incens'd struck with clinch'd hand the pavement.

A shock electric, the night sustain'd it,

Till with ominous hum our hive at daybreak pour'd out its myriads.

From the houses then and the workshops, and through all the
doorways, (20) Leapt they tumultuous, and lo! Manhattan arming.

To the drum-taps prompt,

The young men falling in and arming,

The mechanics arming, (the trowel, the jack-plane, the blacksmith's
hammer, tost aside with precipitation,) The lawyer leaving his
office and arming, the judge leaving the court, The driver
deserting his wagon in the street, jumping down, throwing the
reins abruptly down on the horses' backs, The salesman leaving
the store, the boss, book-keeper, porter, all leaving; Squads gather
everywhere by common consent and arm, The new recruits, even
boys, the old men show them how to wear their accoutrements,
they buckle the straps carefully, Outdoors arming, indoors
arming, the flash of the musket-barrels, (30) The white tents
cluster in camps, the arm'd sentries around, the sunrise cannon
and again at sunset, Arm'd regiments arrive every day, pass
through the city, and embark from the wharves, (How good they
look as they tramp down to the river, sweaty, with their guns on
their shoulders!

How I love them! how I could hug them, with their brown faces and
their clothes and knapsacks cover'd with dust!) The blood of the
city up – arm'd! arm'd! the cry everywhere, The flags flung out

from the steeples of churches and from all the public buildings
and stores, The tearful parting, the mother kisses her son, the son
kisses his mother, (Loth is the mother to part, yet not a word does
she speak to detain him,) The tumultuous escort, the ranks of
policemen preceding, clearing the way, The unpent enthusiasm,
the wild cheers of the crowd for their favorites, (40) The artillery,
the silent cannons bright as gold, drawn along, rumble lightly
over the stones, (Silent cannons, soon to cease your silence,

Soon unlimber'd to begin the red business;)

All the mutter of preparation, all the determin'd arming, The hospital
service, the lint, bandages and medicines, The women
volunteering for nurses, the work begun for in earnest, no mere
parade now; War! an arm'd race is advancing! the welcome for
battle, no turning away; War! be it weeks, months, or years, an
arm'd race is advancing to welcome it.

Mannahatta a-march – and it's O to sing it well I

It's O for a manly life in the camp.

(50) And the sturdy artillery,

The guns bright as gold, the work for giants, to serve well the guns,
Unlimber them! (no more as the past forty years for salutes for
courtesies merely, Put in something now besides powder and
wadding.)

And you lady of ships, you Mannahatta,
Old matron of this proud, friendly, turbulent city, Often in peace and
wealth you were pensive or covertly frown'd amid all your
children, But now you smile with joy exulting old Mannahatta.

Eighteen Sixty-One

Arm'd year – year of the struggle,
No dainty rhymes, or sentimental love verses for you terrible year, Not
you as some pale poetling seated at a desk lisping cadenzas piano,
But as a strong man erect, clothed in blue clothes, advancing,
carrying a rifle on your shoulder, With well-gristled body and
sunburnt face and hands, with a knife in the belt at your side, As I
heard you shouting loud, your sonorous voice ringing across the
continent, Your masculine voice O year, as rising amid the great
cities, Amid the men of Manhattan I saw you as one of the
workmen, the dwellers in Manhattan, Or with large steps crossing
the prairies out of Illinois and Indiana,
(10) Rapidly crossing the West with springy gait, and descending the
Alleghanies, Or down from the great lakes or in Pennsylvania, or
on deck along the Ohio river, Or southward along the Tennessee
or Cumberland rivers, or at Chattanooga on the mountain top,
Saw I your gait and saw I your sinewy limbs clothed in blue,
bearing weapons, robust year, Heard your determin'd voice
launch'd forth again and again, Year that suddenly sang by the

mouths of the round-lipp'd cannon, I repeat you, hurrying,
crashing, sad, distracted year.

Beat! Beat! Drums!

Beat! beat! drums! – blow! bugles! blow!

Through the windows – through doors – burst like a ruthless force,
Into the solemn church, and scatter the congregation, Into the
school where the scholar is studying;

Leave not the bridegroom quiet – no happiness must he have now with
his bride, Nor the peaceful farmer any peace, ploughing his field
or gathering his grain, So fierce you whirr and pound you drums –
so shrill you bugles blow.

Beat! beat! drums! – blow! bugles! blow!

Over the traffic of cities – over the rumble of wheels in the streets;
(10) Are beds prepared for sleepers at night in the houses? no
sleepers must sleep in those beds, No bargainers' bargains by day
– no brokers or speculators – would they continue?

Would the talkers be talking? would the singer attempt to sing?

Would the lawyer rise in the court to state his case before the judge?

Then rattle quicker, heavier drums – you bugles wilder blow.

Beat! beat! drums! – blow! bugles! blow!

Beat! beat! drums! – Drow! drow! Drow!

Make no parley – stop for no expostulation,

Mind not the timid – mind not the weeper or prayer, Mind not the old
man beseeching the young man,

Let not the child's voice be heard, nor the mother's entreaties, (20)

Make even the trestles to shake the dead where they lie awaiting
the hearse, So strong you thump O terrible drums – so loud you
bugles blow.

From Paumanok Starting I Fly Like a Bird

From Paumanok starting I fly like a bird,

Around and around to soar to sing the idea of all, To the north
betaking myself to sing there arctic songs, To Kanada till I absorb
Kanada in myself, to Michigan then, To Wisconsin, Iowa,
Minnesota, to sing their songs, (they are inimitable;) Then to Ohio
and Indiana to sing theirs, to Missouri and
Kansas and Arkansas to sing theirs,

To Tennessee and Kentucky, to the Carolinas and Georgia to sing
theirs, To Texas and so along up toward California, to roam
accepted everywhere; To sing first, (to the tap of the war-drum if
need be,) (10) The idea of all, of the Western world one and
inseparable, And then the song of each member of these States.

Song of the Banner at Daybreak

POET

O a new song, a free song,
Flapping, flapping, flapping, flapping, by sounds, by voices clearer, By
the wind's voice and that of the drum,
By the banner's voice and child's voice and sea's voice and father's
voice, Low on the ground and high in the air,
On the ground where father and child stand,
In the upward air where their eyes turn,
Where the banner at daybreak is flapping.

Words! book-words! what are you?

(10) Words no more, for hearken and see,

My song is there in the open air, and I must sing, With the banner and
pennant a-flapping.

I'll weave the chord and twine in,

Man's desire and babe's desire, I'll twine them in, I'll put in life, I'll
put the bayonet's flashing point, I'll let bullets and slugs whizz,
(As one carrying a symbol and menace far into the future, Crying
with trumpet voice, *Arouse and beware! Beware and
arouse!*)

I'll pour the verse with streams of blood, full of volition, full of joy,
Then loosen, launch forth, to go and compete,

(20) With the banner and pennant a-flapping.

PENNANT

Come up here, bard, bard,

Come up here, soul, soul,

Come up here, dear little child,

To fly in the clouds and winds with me, and play with the measureless
light.

CHILD

Father what is that in the sky beckoning to me with long finger?

And what does it say to me all the while?

FATHER

Nothing my babe you see in the sky,

And nothing at all to you it says – but look you my babe, Look at these
dazzling things in the houses, and see you the money-shops
opening, (30) And see you the vehicles preparing to crawl along
the streets with goods; These, ah these, how valued and toil'd for
these!

How envied by all the earth.

POET

Fresh and rosy red the sun is mounting high,

On floats the sea in distant blue careering through its channels. On

On flows the sea in distant blue carrying through its chambers, On
floats the wind over the breast of the sea setting in toward land,
The great steady wind from west or west-by-south,
Floating so buoyant with milk-white foam on the waters.

But I am not the sea nor the red sun,

I am not the wind with girlish laughter,

(40) Not the immense wind which strengthens, not the wind which
lashes, Not the spirit that ever lashes its own body to terror and
death, But I am that which unseen comes and sings, sings, sings,
Which babbles in brooks and scoots in showers on the land,
Which the birds know in the woods mornings and evenings, And
the shore-sands know and the hissing wave, and that banner and
pennant, Aloft there flapping and flapping.

CHILD

O father it is alive – it is full of people – it has children, O now it
seems to me it is talking to its children, I hear it – it talks to me -
O it is wonderful!

(50) O it stretches – it spreads and runs so fast – O my father, It is so
broad it covers the whole sky.

FATHER

Cease, cease, my foolish babe,

What you are saying is sorrowful to me, much it displeases me; Behold
with the rest again I say, behold not banners and pennants aloft,
But the well-prepared pavements behold, and mark the solid-
wall'd houses.

BANNER AND PENNANT

Speak to the child O bard out of Manhattan,
To our children all, or north or south of Manhattan, Point this day,
leaving all the rest, to us over all – and yet we know not why, For
what are we, mere strips of cloth profiting nothing, (60) Only
flapping in the wind?

POET

I hear and see not strips of cloth alone,
I hear the tramp of armies, I hear the challenging sentry, I hear the
jubilant shouts of millions of men, I hear Liberty!
I hear the drums beat and the trumpets blowing,
I myself move abroad swift-rising flying then,
I use the wings of the land-bird and use the wings of the sea-bird, and
look down as from a height, I do not deny the precious results of
peace, I see populous cities with wealth incalculable, I see
numberless farms, I see the farmers working in their fields or
barns, I see mechanics working, I see buildings everywhere
founded, going up, or finish'd, (70) I see trains of cars swiftly
speeding along railroad tracks drawn by the locomotives, I see the
stores, depots, of Boston, Baltimore, Charleston, New Orleans, I
see far in the West the immense area of grain, I dwell awhile
hovering, I pass to the lumber forests of the North, and again to
the Southern plantation, and again to California;
Sweeping the whole I see the countless profit, the busy gatherings,

earn'd wages, See the Identity formed out of thirty-eight spacious
and haughty States, (and many more to come,) See forts on the
shores of harbors, see ships sailing in and out; Then over all, (aye!
aye!) my little and lengthen'd pennant shaped like a sword, Runs
swiftly up indicating war and defiance – and now the halyards
have rais'd it, Side of my banner broad and blue, side of my starry
banner, (80) Discarding peace over all the sea and land.

BANNER AND PENNANT

Yet louder, higher, stronger, bard! yet farther, wider cleave!

No longer let our children deem us riches and peace alone, We may be
terror and carnage, and are so now,

Not now are we any one of these spacious and haughty States, (nor
any five, nor ten,)

Nor market nor depot we, nor money-bank in the city, But these and
all, and the brown and spreading land, and the mines below, are
ours, And the shores of the sea are ours, and the rivers great and
small, And the fields they moisten, and the crops and the fruits
are ours, Bays and channels and ships sailing in and out are ours –
while we over all, (90) Over the area spread below, the three or
four millions of square miles, the capitals, The forty millions of
people, – O bard! in life and death supreme, We, even we,
henceforth flaunt out masterful, high up above, Not for the
present alone, for a thousand years chanting through you, This
song to the soul of one poor little child.

CHILD

O my father I like not the houses,

They will never to me be any thing, nor do I like money, But to mount
up there I would like, O father dear, that banner I like, That
pennant I would be and must be.

FATHER

Child of mine you fill me with anguish,

(100) To be that pennant would be too fearful,

Little you know what it is this day, and after this day, forever, It is to
gain nothing, but risk and defy every thing, Forward to stand in
front of wars – and O, such wars! – what have you to do with
them?

With passions of demons, slaughter, premature death?

BANNER

Demons and death then I sing,

Put in all, aye all will I, sword-shaped pennant for war, And a pleasure
new and ecstatic, and the prattled yearning of children, Blent
with the sounds of the peaceful land and the liquid wash of the
sea, And the black ships fighting on the sea envelop'd in smoke,
(110) And the icy cool of the far, far north, with rustling cedars
and pines, And the whirr of drums and the sound of soldiers
marching, and the hot sun shining south, And the beach-waves
combing over the beach on my

Eastern shore, and my Western shore the same,

And all between those shores, and my ever running

Mississippi with bends and chutes,

And my Illinois fields, and my Kansas fields, and my fields of Missouri,
The Continent, devoting the whole identity without reserving an
atom, Pour in! overwhelm that which asks, which sings, with all and
the yield of all, Fusing and holding, claiming, devouring the
whole, No more with tender lip, nor musical labial sound, But out
of the night emerging for good, our voice persuasive no more,
(120) Croaking like crows here in the wind.

POET

My limbs, my veins dilate, my theme is clear at last, Banner so broad
advancing out of the night, I sing you haughty and resolute, I
burst through where I waited long, too long, deafen'd and
blinded, My hearing and tongue are come to me, (a little child
taught me,) I hear from above O pennant of war your ironical call
and demand, Insensate! insensate! (yet I at any rate chant you,) O
banner!

Not houses of peace indeed are you, nor any nor all their prosperity,
(if need be, you shall again have every one of those houses to
destroy them, You thought not to destroy those valuable houses,
standing fast, full of comfort, built with money, May they stand
fast, then? not an hour except you above them and all stand fast;)
(130) O banner, not money so precious are you, not farm produce
you, nor the material good nutriment, Nor excellent stores, nor
landed on wharves from the ships, Not the superb ships with sail-
power or steam-power, fetching and carrying cargoes, Nor
machinery, vehicles, trade, nor revenues – but you as henceforth I

see you, Running up out of the night, bringing your cluster of
stars, (ever-enlarging stars,)

Divider of daybreak you, cutting the air, touch'd by the sun,
measuring the sky, (Passionately seen and yearn'd for by one poor
little child, While others remain busy or smartly talking, forever
teaching thrift, thrift;) O you up there! O pennant! where you
undulate like a snake hissing so curious, Out of reach, an idea
only, yet furiously fought for, risking bloody death, loved by me,
(140) So loved – O you banner leading the day with stars brought
from the night!

Valueless, object of eyes, over all and demanding all -
(absolute owner of all) – O banner and pennant!

I too leave the rest – great as it is, it is nothing – houses, machines are
nothing -I see them not, I see but you, O warlike pennant! O
banner so broad, with stripes, I sing you only, Flapping up there
in the wind.

Rise O Days from Your Fathomless Deeps

1

Rise O days from your fathomless deeps, till you loftier, fiercer sweep,
Long for my soul hungering gymnastic I devour'd what the earth
gave me, Long I roam'd the woods of the north, long I watch'd
Niagara pouring, I travel'd the prairies over and slept on their
breast, I cross'd the Nevadas, I cross'd the plateaus, I ascended the
towering rocks along the Pacific, I sail'd out to sea, I sail'd

through the storm, I was refresh'd by the storm, I watch'd with
joy the threatening maws of the waves, I mark'd the white combs
where they career'd so high, curling over, I heard the wind
piping, I saw the black clouds,

(10) Saw from below what arose and mounted, (O superb! O wild as
my heart, and powerful!) Heard the continuous thunder as it
bellow'd after the lightning, Noted the slender and jagged threads
of lightning as sudden and fast amid the din they chased each
other across the sky; These, and such as these, I, elate, saw – saw
with wonder, yet pensive and masterful, All the menacing might
of the globe uprisen around me, Yet there with my soul I fed, I fed
content, supercilious.

2

'Twas well, O soul – 'twas a good preparation you gave me, Now we
advance our latent and ampler hunger to fill, Now we go forth to
receive what the earth and the sea never gave us, Not through the
mighty woods we go, but through the mightier cities, (20)
Something for us is pouring now more than Niagara pouring,
Torrents of men, (sources and rills of the Northwest are you
indeed inexhaustible?) What, to pavements and homesteads here,
what were those storms of the mountains and sea?

What, to passions I witness around me to-day? was the sea risen?

Was the wind piping the pipe of death under the black clouds?

Lo! from deeps more unfathomable, something more deadly and

savage, Manhattan rising, advancing with menacing front -
Cincinnati, Chicago, unchain'd;

What was that swell I saw on the ocean? behold what comes here,
How it climbs with daring feet and hands – how it dashes!
How the true thunder bellows after the lightning – how bright the
flashes of lightning!

(30) How Democracy with desperate vengeful port strides on, shown
through the dark by those flashes of lightning!

(Yet a mournful wail and low sob I fancied I heard through the dark,
In a lull of the deafening confusion.)

3

Thunder on I stride on, Democracy! strike with vengeful stroke!

And do you rise higher than ever yet O days, O cities!

Crash heavier, heavier yet O storms! you have done me good, My soul
prepared in the mountains absorbs your immortal strong
nutriment, Long had I walk'd my cities, my country roads through
farms, only half satisfied, One doubt nauseous undulating like a
snake, crawl'd on the ground before me, Continually preceding
my steps, turning upon me oft, ironically hissing low; (40) The
cities I loved so well I abandon'd and left, I sped to the certainties
suitable to me, Hungering, hungering, hungering, for primal
energies and Nature's dauntlessness,

I refresh'd myself with it only, I could relish it only, I waited the

bursting forth of the pent fire – on the water and air I waited
long; But now I no longer wait, I am fully satisfied, I am gluttoned, I
have witness'd the true lightning, I have witness'd my cities
electric, I have lived to behold man burst forth and warlike
America rise, Hence I will seek no more the food of the northern
solitary wilds, No more the mountains roam or sail the stormy
sea.

Virginia – the West

The noble sire fallen on evil days,
I saw with hand uplifted, menacing, brandishing,
(Memories of old in abeyance, love and faith in abeyance,) The insane
knife towards the Mother of All.

The noble son on sinewy feet advancing,
I saw, out of the land of prairies, land of Ohio's waters and of Indiana,
To the rescue the stalwart giant hurry his plenteous offspring,
Drest in blue, bearing their trusty rifles on their shoulders.

Then the Mother of All with calm voice speaking,
(10) As to you Rebellious, (I seemed to hear her say,) why strive
against me, and why seek my life?

When you yourself forever provide to defend me?

For you provided me Washington – and now these also.

For you provided me Washington – and now these also.

City of Ships

City of ships!

(O the black ships! O the fierce ships!

O the beautiful sharp-bow'd steam-ships and sail-ships!) City of the
world! (for all races are here,

All the lands of the earth make contributions here;) City of the sea!
city of hurried and glittering tides!

City whose gleeful tides continually rush or recede, whirling in and
out with eddies and foam!

City of wharves and stores – city of tall façades of marble and iron!

Proud and passionate city – mettlesome, mad, extravagant city!

(10) Spring up O city – not for peace alone, but be indeed yourself,
warlike!

Fear not – submit to no models but your own O city!

Behold me – incarnate me as I have incarnated you!

I have rejected nothing you offer'd me – whom you adopted I have
adopted,

Good or bad I never question you -I love all -I do not condemn any
thing, I chant and celebrate all that is yours – yet peace no more,
In peace I chanted peace, but now the drum of war is mine, War,
red war is my song through your streets, O city!

The Centenarian's Story

VOLUNTEER OF 1861-2 (AT WASHINGTON PARK,
BROOKLYN, ASSISTING THE CENTENARIAN)

Give me your hand old Revolutionary,

The hilltop is nigh, but a few steps, (make room gentlemen,) Up the
path you have follow'd me well, spite of your hundred and extra
years, You can walk old man, though your eyes are almost done,
Your faculties serve you, and presently I must have them serve
me.

Rest, while I tell what the crowd around us means, On the plain below
recruits are drilling and exercising, There is the camp, one
regiment departs to-morrow, Do you hear the officers giving their
orders?

(10) Do you hear the clank of the muskets?

Why what comes over you now old man?

Why do you tremble and clutch my hand so convulsively?

The troops are but drilling, they are yet surrounded with smiles,
Around them at hand the well-drest friends and the women,
While splendid and warm the afternoon sun shines down, Green
the midsummer verdure and fresh blows the dallying breeze, O'er
proud and peaceful cities and arm of the sea between.

But drill and parade are over, they march back to quarters. Only hear

but drill and parade are over, they march back to quarters, Only near
that approval of hands! hear what a clapping!

(20) As wending the crowds now part and disperse – but we old man,
Not for nothing have I brought you hither – we must remain, You
to speak in your turn, and I to listen and tell.

THE CENTENARIAN

When I clutch'd your hand it was not with terror,
But suddenly pouring about me here on every side,
And below there where the boys were drilling, and up the slopes they
ran, And where tents are pitch'd, and wherever you see south and
south-east and south-west, Over hills, across lowlands, and in the
skirts of woods, And along the shores, in mire (now fill'd over)
came again and suddenly raged, As eighty-five years a-gone no
mere parade received with applause of friends, (30) But a battle
which I took part in myself-aye, long ago as it is, I took part in it,
Walking then this hilltop, this same ground.

Aye, this is the ground,

My blind eyes even as I speak behold it re-peopled from graves, The
years recede, pavements and stately houses disappear, Rude forts
appear again, the old hoop'd guns are mounted, I see the lines of
rais'd earth stretching from river to bay, I mark the vista of
waters, I mark the uplands and slopes; Here we lay encamp'd, it
was this time in summer also.

As I talk I remember all, I remember the Declaration, (40) It was read
here, the whole army paraded, it was read to us here, By his staff
surrounded the General stood in the middle, he held up his
unsheath'd sword, It glitter'd in the sun in full sight of the army.

'Twas a bold act then – the English war-ships had just arrived, We
could watch down the lower bay where they lay at anchor, And
the transports swarming with soldiers.

A few days more and they landed, and then the battle.

Twenty thousand were brought against us,
A veteran force furnish'd with good artillery.

I tell not now the whole of the battle,

(50) But one brigade early in the forenoon order'd forward to engage
the red-coats, Of that brigade I tell, and how steadily it march'd,
And how long and well it stood confronting death.

Who do you think that was marching steadily sternly confronting
death?

It was the brigade of the youngest men, two thousand strong, Rais'd in

Virginia and Maryland, and most of them known personally to the General.

Jauntily forward they went with quick step toward
Gowanus' waters,

Till of a sudden unlook'd for by defiles through the woods, gain'd at
night, The British advancing, rounding in from the east, fiercely
playing their guns, That brigade of the youngest was cut off and
at the enemy's mercy.

(60) The General watch'd them from this hill,

They made repeated desperate attempts to burst their environment,
Then drew close together, very compact, their flag flying in the
middle, But O from the hills how the cannon were thinning and
thinning them!

It sickens me yet, that slaughter!

I saw the moisture gather in drops on the face of the General.

I saw how he wrung his hands in anguish.

Meanwhile the British manoeuvr'd to draw us out for a pitch'd battle,
But we dared not trust the chances of a pitch'd battle.

we fought the fight in detachments,

(70) Sallying forth we fought at several points, but in each the luck
was against us, Our foe advancing, steadily getting the best of it,
push'd us back to the works on this hill, Till we turn'd menacing
here, and then he left us.

That was the going out of the brigade of the youngest men, two
thousand strong, Few return'd, nearly all remain in Brooklyn.

That and here my General's first battle,

No women looking on nor sunshine to bask in, it did not conclude
with applause, Nobody clapp'd hands here then.

But in darkness in mist on the ground under a chill rain, Wearied that
night we lay foil'd and sullen,

(80) While scornfully laugh'd many an arrogant lord off against us
encamp'd, Quite within hearing, feasting, clinking wineglasses
together over their victory.

So dull and damp and another day,

But the night of that, mist lifting, rain ceasing, Silent as a ghost while
they thought they were sure of him, my General retreated.

I saw him at the river-side,

(100) I must copy the story, and send it eastward and westward, I
must preserve that look as it beam'd on you rivers of Brooklyn.

See – as the annual round returns the phantoms return, It is the 27th
of August and the British have landed, The battle begins and goes
against us, behold through the smoke Washington's face, The
brigade of Virginia and Maryland have march'd forth to intercept
the enemy, They are cut off, murderous artillery from the hills
plays upon them, Rank after rank falls, while over them silently
droops the flag, Baptized that day in many a young man's bloody
wounds, In death, defeat, and sisters', mothers' tears.

(110) Ah, hills and slopes of Brooklyn! I perceive you are more
valuable than your owners supposed; In the midst of you stands
an encampment very old, Stands forever the camp of that dead
brigade.

Cavalry Crossing a Ford

A line in long array where they wind betwixt green islands, They take
a serpentine course, their arms flash in the sun – hark to the
musical clank, Behold the silvery river, in it the splashing horses
loitering stop to drink, Behold the brown-faced men, each group,
each person a picture, the negligent rest on the saddles, Some
emerge on the opposite bank, others are just entering the ford –
while, Scarlet and blue and snowy white,

The guidon flags flutter cavalv in the wind

THE GUIDON FLAPS HAPPY GAYLY IN THE WIND.

Bivouac on a Mountain Side

I see before me now a traveling army halting,
Below a fertile valley spread, with barns and the orchards of summer,
Behind, the terraced sides of a mountain, abrupt, in places rising
high, Broken, with rocks, with clinging cedars, with tall shapes
dingily seen, The numerous camp-fires scatter'd near and far,
some away up on the mountain, The shadowy forms of men and
horses, looming, large-sized, flickering, And over all the sky – the
sky! far, far out of reach, studded, breaking out, the eternal stars.

An Army Corps on the March

With its cloud of skirmishers in advance,
With now the sound of a single shot snapping like a whip, and now an
irregular volley, The swarming ranks press on and on, the dense
brigades press on, Glittering dimly, toiling under the sun – the
dust-cover'd men, In columns rise and fall to the undulations of
the ground, With artillery interspersed – the wheels rumble, the
horses sweat, As the army corps advances.

By the Bivouac's Fitful Flame

By the bivouac's fitful flame,
A procession winding around me, solemn and sweet and slow – but

first I note, The tents of the sleeping army, the fields' and woods'
dim outline, The darkness lit by spots of kindled fire, the silence,
Like a phantom far or near an occasional figure moving, The
shrubs and trees, (as I lift my eyes they seem to be stealthily
watching me,) While wind in procession thoughts, O tender and
wondrous thoughts, Of life and death, of home and the past and
loved, and of those that are far away; A solemn and slow
procession there as I sit on the ground, (10) By the bivouac's fitful
flame.

Come up from the Fields Father

Come up from the fields father, here's a letter from our Pete,
And come to the front door mother, here's a letter from thy dear son.

Lo, 'tis autumn,

Lo, where the trees, deeper green, yellower and redder, Cool and
sweeten Ohio's villages with leaves fluttering in the moderate
wind, Where apples ripe in the orchard hang and grapes on the
trellis'd vines, (Smell you the smell of the grapes on the vines?

Smell you the buckwheat where the bees were lately buzzing?) Above
all, lo, the sky so calm, so transparent after the rain, and with
wondrous clouds, (10) Below too, all calm, all vital and beautiful,
and the farm prospers well.

Down in the fields all prospers well

Down in the fields all prospers well,

But now from the fields come father, come at the daughter's call, And
come to the entry mother, to the front door come right away.

Fast as she can she hurries, something ominous, her steps trembling,
She does not tarry to smooth her hair nor adjust her cap.

Open the envelope quickly,

O this is not our son's writing, yet his name is sign'd, O a strange hand
writes for our dear son, O stricken mother's soul!

All swims before her eyes, flashes with black, she catches the main
words only, (20) Sentences broken, *gunshot wound in the breast,*
cavalry

skirmish, taken to hospital,

At present lorn, but will soon be better.

Ah now the single figure to me,

Amid all teeming and wealthy Ohio with all its cities and farms, Sickly
white in the face and dull in the head, very faint, By the jamb of a
door leans.

Grieve not so, dear mother, (the just-grown daughter speaks through her
sobs, The little sisters huddle around speechless and dismay'd,)

See, dearest mother, the letter says Pete will soon be better.

Alas poor boy, he will never be better, (nor may-be needs to be better,
that brave and simple soul,) (30) While they stand at home at the
door he is dead already, The only son is dead.

But the mother needs to be better,
She with thin form presently drest in black,
By day her meals untouch'd, then at night fitfully sleeping, often
waking, In the midnight waking, weeping, longing with one deep
longing, O that she might withdraw unnoticed, silent from life
escape and withdraw, To follow, to seek, to be with her dear dead
son.

Vigil Strange I Kept on the Field One Night

Vigil strange I kept on the field one night;

When you my son and my comrade dropt at my side that day, One
look I but gave which your dear eyes return'd with a look I shall
never forget, One touch of your hand to mine O boy, reach'd up
as you lay on the ground, Then onward I sped in the battle, the
even-contested battle, Till late in the night reliev'd to the place at
last again I made my way, Found you in death so cold, dear
comrade, found your body son of responding kisses, (never again
on earth responding,) Bared your face in the starlight, curious the

scene, cool blew the moderate night-wind, Long there and then in
vigil I stood, dimly around me the battlefield spreading, (10) Vigil
wondrous and vigil sweet there in the fragrant silent night, But
not a tear fell, not even a long-drawn sigh, long, long I gazed,
Then on the earth partially reclining sat by your side leaning my
chin in my hands, Passing sweet hours, immortal and mystic
hours with you dearest comrade – not a tear, not a word, Vigil of
silence, love and death, vigil for you my son and my soldier, As
onward silently stars aloft, eastward new ones upward stole, Vigil
final for you brave boy, (I could not save you, swift was your
death, I faithfully loved you and cared for you living, I think we
shall surely meet again,) Till at latest lingering of the night,
indeed just as the dawn appear'd, My comrade I wrapt in his
blanket, envelop'd well his form, (20) Folded the blanket well,
tucking it carefully over head and carefully under feet, And there
and then and bathed by the rising sun, my son in his grave, in his
rude-dug grave I deposited, Ending my vigil strange with that,
vigil of night and battlefield dim, Vigil for boy of responding
kisses, (never again on earth responding,) Vigil for comrade
swiftly slain, vigil I never forget, how as day brighten'd, I rose
from the chill ground and folded my soldier well in his blanket,
And buried him where he fell.

A March in the Ranks Hard-Prest, and the Road Unknown

A march in the ranks hard-prest, and the road unknown, A route

through a heavy wood with muffled steps in the darkness, Our
army foil'd with loss severe, and the sullen remnant retreating,
Till after midnight glimmer upon us the lights of a dim-lighted
building, We come to an open space in the woods, and halt by the
dim-lighted building, Tis a large old church at the crossing roads,
now an impromptu hospital, Entering but for a minute I see a
sight beyond all the pictures and poems ever made, Shadows of
deepest, deepest black, just lit by moving candles and lamps, And
by one great pitchy torch stationary with wild red flame and
clouds of smoke, (10) By these, crowds, groups of forms vaguely I
see on the floor, some in the pews laid down, At my feet more
distinctly a soldier, a mere lad, in danger of bleeding to death, (he
is shot in the abdomen,) I stanch the blood temporarily, (the
youngster's face is white as a lily,) Then before I depart I sweep
my eyes o'er the scene fain to absorb it all, Faces, varieties,
postures beyond description, most in obscurity, some of them
dead, Surgeons operating, attendants holding lights, the smell of
ether, the odor of blood, The crowd, O the crowd of the bloody
forms, the yard outside also fill'd, Some on the bare ground, some
on planks or stretchers, some in the death-spasm sweating, An
occasional scream or cry, the doctor's shouted orders or calls, The
glisten of the little steel instruments catching the glint of the
torches, (20) These I resume as I chant, I see again the forms, I
smell the odor, Then hear outside the orders given, *Fall in, my
men, fall in;*

But first I bend to the dying lad, his eyes open, a half-smile gives he
me, Then the eyes close, calmly close, and I speed forth to the

darkness, Resuming, marching, ever in darkness marching, on in
the ranks, The unknown road still marching.

A Sight in Camp in the Daybreak Gray and Dim

A sight in camp in the daybreak gray and dim,

As from my tent I emerge so early sleepless,

As slow I walk in the cool fresh air the path near by the hospital tent,
Three forms I see on stretchers lying, brought out there untended
lying, Over each the blanket spread, ample brownish woolen
blanket, Gray and heavy blanket, folding, covering all.

Curious I halt and silent stand, Then with light fingers I from the face
of the nearest the first just lift the blanket; Who are you elderly
man so gaunt and grim, with well-gray'd hair, and flesh all
sunken about the eyes?

(10) Who are you my dear comrade?

Then to the second I step – and who are you my child and darling?

Who are you sweet boy with cheeks yet blooming?

Then to the third – a face nor child nor old, very calm, as of beautiful
yellow-white ivory; Young man I think I know you - I think this
face is the face of the Christ himself, Dead and divine and brother
of all, and here again he lies.

As Toilsome I Wander'd Virginia's Woods

As toilsome I wander'd Virginia's woods.

To the music of rustling leaves kick'd by my feet, (for 'twas autumn,) I
mark'd at the foot of a tree the grave of a soldier; Mortally
wounded he and buried on the retreat, (easily all could I
understand,) The halt of a mid-day hour, when up! no time to lose
– yet this sign left, On a tablet scrawl'd and nail'd on the tree by
the grave, *Bold, cautious, true, and my loving comrade.*

Long, long I muse, then on my way go wandering,
Many a changeful season to follow, and many a scene of life, (10) Yet
at times through changeful season and scene, abrupt, alone, or in
the crowded street, Comes before me the unknown soldier's grave,
comes the inscription rude in Virginia's woods, *Bold, cautious,
true, and my loving comrade.*

Not the Pilot

Not the pilot has charged himself to bring his ship into port, though
beaten back and many times baffled; Not the pathfinder
penetrating inland weary and long, By deserts parch'd, snows
chill'd, rivers wet, perseveres till he reaches his destination, More
than I have charged myself, heeded or unheeded, to compose a
march for these States, For a battle-call, rousing to arms if need
be, years, centuries hence.

Year that Trembled and Reel'd beneath Me

Year that trembled and reel'd beneath me!

year that trembled and reel'd beneath me!

Your summer wind was warm enough, yet the air I breathed froze me,
A thick gloom fell through the sunshine and darken'd me, Must I
change my triumphant songs? said I to myself, Must I indeed
learn to chant the cold dirges of the baffled?

And sullen hymns of defeat?

The Wound-Dresser

i

An old man bending I come among new faces,

Years looking backward resuming in answer to children, Come tell us
old man, as from young men and maidens that love me, (Arous'd
and angry, I'd thought to beat the alarum, and urge relentless
war, But soon my fingers fail'd me, my face droop'd and I resign'd
myself, To sit by the wounded and soothe them, or silently watch
the dead;) Years hence of these scenes, of these furious passions,
these chances, Of unsurpass'd heroes, (was one side so brave? the
other was equally brave;) Now be witness again, paint the
mightiest armies of earth, (10) Of those armies so rapid so
wondrous that saw you to tell us?

What stays with you latest and deepest? of curious panics, Of hard-
fought engagements or sieges tremendous what deepest remains?

2

O maidens and young men I love and that love me,

What you ask of my days those the strangest and sudden your talking

what you ask of my days those are the strangest and saddest your talking
recalls, Soldier alert I arrive after a long march cover'd with sweat
and dust, In the nick of time I come, plunge in the fight, loudly
shout in the rush of successful charge, Enter the captur'd works –
yet lo, like a swift-running river they fade, Pass and are gone they
fade -I dwell not on soldiers' perils or soldiers' joys, (Both I
remember well – many the hardships, few the joys, yet I was
content.)

(20) But in silence, in dreams' projections,

While the world of gain and appearance and mirth goes on, So soon
what is over forgotten, and waves wash the imprints off the sand,
With hinged knees returning I enter the doors, (while for you up
there, Whoever you are, follow without noise and be of strong
heart.)

Bearing the bandages, water and sponge,

Straight and swift to my wounded I go,

Where they lie on the ground after the battle brought in, Where their
priceless blood reddens the grass the ground, Or to the rows of
the hospital tent, or under the roof'd hospital, (30) To the long
rows of cots up and down each side I return, To each and all one
after another I draw near, not one do I miss, An attendant follows
holding a tray, he carries a refuse pail, Soon to be fill'd with
clotted rags and blood, emptied, and fill'd again.

I onward go, I stop,

With hinged knees and steady hand to dress wounds, I am firm with
each, the pangs are sharp yet unavoidable, One turns to me his
appealing eyes – poor boy! I never knew you, Yet I think I could
not refuse this moment to die for you, if that would save you.

3

On, on I go, (open doors of time! open hospital doors!) (40) The
crush'd head I dress, (poor crazed hand tear not the bandage
away,) The neck of the cavalry-man with the bullet through and
through I examine, Hard the breathing rattles, quite glazed
already the eye, yet life struggles hard, (Come sweet death! be
persuaded O beautiful death!

In mercy come quickly.)

From the stump of the arm, the amputated hand,

I undo the clotted lint, remove the slough, wash off the matter and
blood, Back on his pillow the soldier bends with curv'd neck and
side-falling head, His eyes are closed, his face is pale, he dares not
look on the bloody stump, And has not yet look'd on it.

(50) I dress a wound in the side, deep, deep, But a day or two more,
for see the frame all wasted and sinking, And the yellow-blue
countenance see.

I dress the perforated shoulder, the foot with the bullet-wound,
Cleanse the one with a gnawing and putrid gangrene, so
sickening, so offensive, While the attendant stands behind aside
me holding the tray and pail.

I am faithful, I do not give out,

The fractur'd thigh, the knee, the wound in the abdomen, These and
more I dress with impassive hand, (yet deep in my breast a fire, a
burning flame.)

4

Thus in silence in dreams' projections,

(60) Returning, resuming, I thread my way through the hospitals, The
hurt and wounded I pacify with soothing hand,

I sit by the restless all the dark night, some are so young, Some suffer
so much, I recall the experience sweet and sad, (Many a soldier's
loving arms about this neck have cross'd and rested, Many a
soldier's kiss dwells on these bearded lips.)

Long, too Long America

Long, too long America,

Traveling roads all even and peaceful you learn'd from joys and
prosperity only, But now, ah now, to learn from crises of anguish,

advancing, grappling with direst fate and recoiling not, And now
to conceive and show to the world what your children en-masse
really are, (For who except myself has yet conceiv'd what your
children en-masse really are?)

Give Me the Splendid Silent Sun

1

Give me the splendid silent sun with all his beams full-dazzling, Give
me juicy autumnal fruit ripe and red from the orchard, Give me a
field where the unmow'd grass grows,

Give me an arbor, give me the trellis'd grape,

Give me fresh corn and wheat, give me serene-moving animals
teaching content, Give me nights perfectly quiet as on high
plateaus west of the Mississippi, and I looking up at the stars,
Give me odorous at sunrise a garden of beautiful flowers where I
can walk undisturb'd, Give me for marriage a sweet-breath'd
woman of whom I should never tire, Give me a perfect child, give
me away aside from the noise of the world a rural domestic life,
(10) Give me to warble spontaneous songs recluse by myself, for
my own ears only, Give me solitude, give me Nature, give me
again O Nature your primal sanities !

These demanding to have them, (tired with ceaseless excitement, and
rack'd by the war-strife,) These to procure incessantly asking,
rising in cries from my heart, While yet incessantly asking still I
adhere to my city, Day upon day and year upon year O city,

walking your streets, Where you hold me enchain'd a certain time
refusing to give me up, Yet giving to make me gluttoned, enrich'd of
soul, you give me forever faces; (O I see what I sought to escape,
confronting, reversing my cries, I see my own soul trampling
down what it ask'd for.) 2

(20) Keep your splendid silent sun,

Keep your woods O Nature, and the quiet places by the woods, Keep
your fields of clover and timothy, and your corn-fields and
orchards, Keep the blossoming buckwheat fields where the

Ninth-month bees hum;

Give me faces and streets – give me these phantoms incessant and
endless along the trottoirs!

Give me interminable eyes – give me women – give me comrades and
lovers by the thousand!

Let me see new ones every day – let me hold new ones by the hand
every day!

Give me such shows – give me the streets of Manhattan!

Give me Broadway, with the soldiers marching – give me the sound of
the trumpets and drums!

(The soldiers in companies or regiments – some starting away, flush'd
and reckless, (30) Some, their time up, returning with thinn'd
ranks, young, yet very old, worn, marching, noticing nothing;)
Give me the shores and wharves heavy-fringed with black ships!

O such for me! O an intense life, full to repletion and varied!

The life of the theatre, bar-room, huge hotel, for me!

The saloon of the steamer! the crowded excursion for me! the
torchlight procession!

The dense brigade bound for the war, with high piled military wagons
following; People, endless, streaming, with strong voices,
passions, pageants, Manhattan streets with their powerful throbs,
with beating drums as now, The endless and noisy chorus, the
rustle and clank of muskets, (even the sight of the wounded,)
Manhattan crowds, with their turbulent musical chorus!

(40) Manhattan faces and eyes forever for me.

Dirge for Two Veterans

The last sunbeam

Lightly falls from the finish'd Sabbath,

On the pavement here, and there beyond it is looking, Down a new-
made double grave.

Lo, the moon ascending,

Up from the east the silvery round moon,

Beautiful over the house-tops, ghastly, phantom moon, Immense and
silent moon.

I see a sad procession,

(10) And I hear the sound of coming full-key'd bugles, All the channels
of the city streets they're flooding, As with voices and with tears.

I hear the great drums pounding,
And the small drums steady whirring,
And every blow of the great convulsive drums,
Strikes me through and through.

For the son is brought with the father,
(In the foremost ranks of the fierce assault they fell, Two veterans son
and father dropt together,
(20) And the double grave awaits them.)

Now nearer blow the bugles,
And the drums strike more convulsive,
And the daylight o'er the pavement quite has faded, And the strong
dead-march enwraps me.

In the eastern sky up-buoying,
The sorrowful vast phantom moves illumin'd,
(Tis some mother's large transparent face,
In heaven brighter growing.)

O strong dead-march you please me!

(30) O moon immense with your silvery face you soothe me!

O my soldiers twain! O my veterans passing to burial!

What I have I also give you.

The moon gives you light,

And the bugles and the drums give you music,

And my heart, O my soldiers, my veterans,

My heart gives you love.

Over the Carnage Rose Prophetic a Voice

Over the carnage rose prophetic a voice,

Be not dishearten'd, affection shall solve the problems of freedom yet,

Those who love each other shall become invincible, They shall yet
make Columbia victorious.

Sons of the Mother of All, you shall yet be victorious, You shall yet
laugh to scorn the attacks of all the remainder of the earth.

No danger shall balk Columbia's lovers,

If need be a thousand shall sternly immolate themselves for one.

One from Massachusetts shall be a Missourian's comrade, (10) From
Maine and from hot Carolina, and another an Oregonese, shall be
friends triune,

More precious to each other than all the riches of the earth.

To Michigan, Florida perfumes shall tenderly come, Not the perfumes
of flowers, but sweeter, and wafted beyond death.

It shall be customary in the houses and streets to see manly affection,
The most dauntless and rude shall touch face to face lightly, The
dependence of Liberty shall be lovers,

The continuance of Equality shall be comrades.

These shall tie you and band you stronger than hoops of iron, I,
ecstatic, O partners! O lands! with the love of lovers tie you.

(20) (Were you looking to be held together by lawyers?

Or by an agreement on a paper? or by arms?

Nay, nor the world, nor any living thing, will so cohere.)

Saw Old General at Bay

I saw old General at bay,

(Old as he was, his gray eyes yet shone out in battle like stars,) His
small force was now completely hemm'd in, in his works, He

call'd for volunteers to run the enemy's lines, a desperate emergency, I saw a hundred and more step forth from the ranks, but two or three were selected, I saw them receive their orders aside, they listen'd with care, the adjutant was very grave, I saw them depart with cheerfulness, freely risking their lives.

The Artilleryman's Vision

While my wife at my side lies slumbering, and the wars are over long,
And my head on the pillow rests at home, and the vacant
midnight passes, And through the stillness, through the dark, I
hear, just hear, the breath of my infant, There in the room as I
wake from sleep this vision presses upon me; The engagement
opens there and then in fantasy unreal, The skirmishers begin,
they crawl cautiously ahead, I hear the irregular snap! snap!

I hear the sounds of the different missiles, the short *t-h-t!*

t-h-t! of the rifle-balls,

I see the shells exploding leaving small white clouds, I hear the great
shells shrieking as they pass, The grape like the hum and whirr of
wind through the trees, (tumultuous now the contest rages,)

(10) All the scenes at the batteries rise in detail before me again, The
crashing and smoking, the pride of the men in their pieces, The
chief-gunner ranges and sights his piece and selects a fuse of the
right time, After firing I see him lean aside and look eagerly off to
note the effect; Elsewhere I hear the cry of a regiment charging,

(the young colonel leads himself this time with brandish'd sword,) I see the gaps cut by the enemy's volleys, (quickly fill'd up, no delay,) I breathe the suffocating smoke, then the flat clouds hover low concealing all; Now a strange lull for a few seconds, not a shot fired on either side, Then resumed the chaos louder than ever, with eager calls and orders of officers, While from some distant part of the field the wind wafts to my ears a shout of applause, (some special success,) (20) And ever the sound of the cannon far or near, (rousing even in dreams a devilish exultation and all the old mad joy in the depths of my soul,) And ever the hastening of infantry shifting positions, batteries, cavalry, moving hither and thither, (The falling, dying, I heed not, the wounded dripping and red I heed not, some to the rear are hobbling,) Grime, heat, rush, aide-de-camps galloping by or on a full run, With the patter of small arms, the warning s-s-t of the rifles, (these in my vision I hear or see,)

And bombs bursting in air, and at night the vari-color'd rockets.

Ethiopia Saluting the Colors

Who are you dusky woman, so ancient hardly human,
With your woolly-white and turban'd head, and bare bony feet?
Why rising by the roadside here, do you the colors greet?
(’Tis while our army lines Carolina’s sands and pines, Forth from thy
hovel door thou Ethiopia com’st to me, As under doughty
Sherman I march toward the sea.)

*Me master years a hundred since from my parents sunder'd, A little child,
they caught me as the savage beast is caught, Then hither me across
the sea the cruel slaver brought.*

(10) No further does she say, but lingering all the day, Her high-borne
turban'd head she wags, and rolls her darkling eye, And courtesies
to the regiments, the guidons moving by.

What is it fateful woman, so bleak, hardly human?

Why wag your head with turban bound, yellow, red and green?

Are the things so strange and marvelous you see or have seen?

Not Youth Pertains to Me

Not youth pertains to me,

Nor delicatessen, I cannot beguile the time with talk, Awkward in the
parlor, neither a dancer nor elegant, In the learned coterie sitting
constraint and still, for learning inures not to me, Beauty,
knowledge, inure not to me – yet there are two or three things
inure to me, I have nourished the wounded and soothed many a
dying soldier, And at intervals waiting or in the midst of camp,

Composed these songs.

Race of Veterans

~~Race of veterans – race of victors!~~

RACE OF VETERANS – RACE OF VICTORS:

Race of the soil, ready for conflict – race of the conquering march!

(No more credulity's race, abiding-temper'd race,) Race henceforth
owning no law but the law of itself, Race of passion and the
storm.

World Take Good Notice

World take good notice, silver stars fading,
Milky hue ript, weft of white detaching,
Coals thirty-eight, baleful and burning,
Scarlet, significant, hands off warning,
Now and henceforth flaunt from these shores.

O Tan-Faced Prairie-Boy

O tan-faced prairie-boy,
Before you came to camp came many a welcome gift,
Praises and presents came and nourishing food, till at last among the
recruits, You came, taciturn, with nothing to give – we but look'd
on each other, When lo! more than all the gifts of the world you
gave me.

Look Down Fair Moon

Look down fair moon and bathe this scene,

Four softly down night's nimbus floods on faces ghastly, swollen,
purple, On the dead on their backs with armstoss'd wide,
Pour down your unstinted nimbus sacred moon.

Reconciliation

Word over all, beautiful as the sky,
Beautiful that war and all its deeds of carnage must in time be utterly
lost, That the hands of the sisters Death and Night incessantly
softly wash again, and ever again, this soil'd world; For my enemy
is dead, a man divine as myself is dead, I look where he lies
white-faced and still in the coffin – I draw near, Bend down and
touch lightly with my lips the white face in the coffin.

How Solemn as One by One

(WASHINGTON CITY, 1865)

How solemn as one by one,
As the ranks returning worn and sweaty, as the men file by where I
stand, As the faces the masks appear, as I glance at the faces
studying the masks, (As I glance upward out of this page studying
you, dear friend, whoever you are,) How solemn the thought of
my whispering soul to each in the ranks, and to you, I see behind
each mask that wonder a kindred soul, O the bullet could never
kill what you really are, dear friend, Nor the bayonet stab what
you really are;

The soul! yourself I see, great as any, good as the best, (10) Waiting
secure and content, which the bullet could never kill, Nor the
bayonet stab O friend.

As I Lay with my Head in Your Lap Camerado

As I lay with my head in your lap camerado,

The confession I made I resume, what I said to you and the open air I
resume, I know I am restless and make others so,

I know my words are weapons full of danger, full of death, For I
confront peace, security, and all the settled laws, to unsettle them,
I am more resolute because all have denied me than I could ever
have been had all accepted me, I heed not and have never heeded
either experience, cautions, majorities, nor ridicule, And the
threat of what is call'd hell is little or nothing to me, And the lure
of what is call'd heaven is little or nothing to me; (10) Dear
camerado! I confess I have urged you onward with me, and still
urge you, without the least idea what is our destination, Or
whether we shall be victorious, or utterly quell'd and defeated.

Delicate Cluster

Delicate cluster! flag of teeming life!

Covering all my lands – all my seashores lining!

Flag of death! (how I watch'd you through the smoke of battle
pressing!

How I heard you flap and rustle, cloth defiant!)

Flag cerulean – sunny flag, with the orbs of night dappled!

Ah my silvery beauty – ah my woolly white and crimson!

Ah to sing the song of you, my matron mighty!

My sacred one, my mother.

To a Certain Civilian

Did you ask dulcet rhymes from me?

Did you seek the civilian's peaceful and languishing rhymes?

Did you find what I sang erewhile so hard to follow?

Why I was not singing erewhile for you to follow, to understand – nor
am I now; (I have been born of the same as the war was born, The
drum-corps' rattle is ever to me sweet music, I love well the
martial dirge, With slow wail and convulsive throb leading the
officer's funeral;) What to such as you anyhow such a poet as I?
therefore leave my works, And go lull yourself with what you can
understand, and with piano-tunes, (10) For I lull nobody, and you
will never understand me.

Lo, Victress on the Peaks

Lo, Victress on the peaks,

Where thou with mighty brow regarding the world,

(The world O Libertad, that vainly conspired against thee,) Out of its
countless beleaguering toils, after thwarting them all, Dominant,

with the dazzling sun around thee,
Flauntest now unharm'd in immortal soundness and bloom - lo, in
these hours supreme,
No poem proud, I chanting bring to thee, nor mastery's rapturous
verse, But a cluster containing night's darkness and blood-
dripping wounds, And psalms of the dead.

Spirit Whose Work is Done

(WASHINGTON CITY, 1865)

Spirit whose work is done – spirit of dreadful hours!

Ere departing fade from my eyes your forests of bayonets; Spirit of
gloomiest fears and doubts, (yet onward ever unfaltering
pressing,) Spirit of many a solemn day and many a savage scene –
electric spirit, That with muttering voice through the war now
closed, like a tireless phantom flitted, Rousing the land with
breath of flame, while you beat and beat the drum, Now as the
sound of the drum, hollow and harsh to the last, reverberates
round me, As your ranks, your immortal ranks, return, return
from the battles, As the muskets of the young men yet lean over
their shoulders, (10) As I look on the bayonets bristling over their
shoulders, As those slanted bayonets, whole forests of them
appearing in the distance, approach and pass on, returning
homeward, Moving with steady motion, swaying to and fro to the
right and left, Evenly lightly rising and falling while the steps
keep time; Spirit of hours I knew, all hectic red one day, but pale

as death next day, Touch my mouth ere you depart, press my lips
close, Leave me your pulses of rage – bequeath them to me – fill
me with currents convulsive, Let them scorch and blister out of
my chants when you are gone, Let them identify you to the future
in these songs.

Adieu to a Soldier

Adieu O soldier,

You of the rude campaigning, (which we shared,)

The rapid march, the life of the camp,

The hot contention of opposing fronts, the long manoeuvre, Red
battles with their slaughter, the stimulus, the strong terrific game,
Spell of all brave and manly hearts, the trains of time through you
and like of you all fill'd, With war and war's expression.

Adieu dear comrade,

Your mission is fulfill'd – but I, more warlike,

(10) Myself and this contentious soul of mine,

Still on our own campaigning bound,

Through untried roads with ambushes opponents lined, Through many
a sharp defeat and many a crisis, often baffled, Here marching,
ever marching on, a war fight out – aye here, To fiercer, weightier
battles give expression.

Turn O Libertad

Turn O Libertad, for the war is over,

From it and all henceforth expanding, doubting no more, resolute,
sweeping the world, Turn from lands retrospective recording
proofs of the past, From the singers that sing the trailing glories of
the past, From the chants of the feudal world, the triumphs of
kings, slavery, caste, Turn to the world, the triumphs reserv'd and
to come – give up that backward world, Leave to the singers of
hitherto, give them the trailing past, But what remains remains
for singers for you – wars to come are for you, (Lo, how the wars
of the past have duly inured to you, and the wars of the present
also inure;) (10) Then turn, and be not alarm'd O Libertad – turn
your undying face, To where the future, greater than all the past,
Is swiftly, surely preparing for you.

To the Leaven'd Soil They Trod

To the leaven'd soil they trod calling I sing for the last, (Forth from my
tent emerging for good, loosing, untying the tent-ropes,) In the
freshness the forenoon air, in the far-stretching circuits and vistas
again to peace restored, To the fiery fields emanative and the
endless vistas beyond, to the South and the North, To the leaven'd
soil of the general Western world to attest my songs, To the
Alleghanian hills and the tireless Mississippi, To the rocks I calling
sing, and all the trees in the woods, To the plains of the poems of
heroes, to the prairies spreading wide, To the far-off sea and the
unseen winds, and the sane impalpable air; (10) And responding
they answer all, (but not in words,) The average earth, the

witness of war and peace, acknowledges mutely, The prairie
draws me close, as the father to bosom broad the son, The
Northern ice and rain that began me nourish me to the end, But
the hot sun of the South is to fully ripen my songs.

MEMORIES OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN

When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloom'd

I

When lilacs last in the dooryard bloom'd,
And the great star early droop'd in the western sky in the night, I
mourn'd, and yet shall mourn with ever-returning spring.

Ever-returning spring, trinity sure to me you bring,
Lilac blooming perennial and drooping star in the west, And thought
of him I love.

2

O powerful western fallen star!
O shades of night – O moody, tearful night!
O great star disappear'd – O the black murk that hides the star!
(10) O cruel hands that hold me powerless – O helpless soul of me!
O harsh surrounding cloud that will not free my soul.

3

In the dooryard fronting an old farm-house near the white-wash'd

palings, Stands the lilac-bush tall-growing with heart-shaped
leaves of rich green, With many a pointed blossom rising delicate,
with the perfume strong I love, With every leaf a miracle – and
from this bush in the dooryard, With delicate-color'd blossoms
and heart-shaped leaves of rich green, A sprig with its flower I
break.

4

In the swamp in secluded recesses,
A shy and hidden bird is warbling a song.

(20) Solitary the thrush,

The hermit withdrawn to himself, avoiding the settlements, Sings by
himself a song.

Song of the bleeding throat,

Death's outlet song of life, (for well dear brother I know, If thou wast
not granted to sing thou would'st surely die.)

5

Over the breast of the spring, the land, amid cities,

Amid lanes and through old woods, where lately the violets peep'd
from the ground, spotting the gray debris, Amid the grass in the
fields each side of the lanes, passing the endless grass, Passing the
vellow-snear'd wheat. every grain from its shroud in the dark-

green spears among, every grain from its sheath in the sun
brown fields uprisen, (30) Passing the apple-tree blows of white
and pink in the orchards, Carrying a corpse to where it shall rest
in the grave,

Night and day journeys a coffin.

6

Coffin that passes through lanes and streets,

Through day and night with the great cloud darkening the land, With
the pomp of the inloop'd flags with the cities draped in black,
With the show of the States themselves as of crape-veil'd women
standing, With processions long and winding and the flambeaus of
the night, With the countless torches lit, with the silent sea of
faces and the unbared heads, With the waiting depot, the arriving
coffin, and the sombre faces, (40) With dirges through the night,
with the thousand voices rising strong and solemn, With all the
mournful voices of the dirges pour'd around the coffin, The dim-
lit churches and the shuddering organs – where amid these you
journey, With the tolling tolling bells' perpetual clang,

Here, coffin that slowly passes,

I give you my sprig of lilac.

7

(Nor for you, for one alone,

Blossoms and branches green to coffins all I bring.

For fresh as the morning, thus would I chant a song for you O sane
and sacred death.

All over bouquets of roses,

(50) O death, I cover you over with roses and early lilies, But mostly
and now the lilac that blooms the first,

Copious I break, I break the sprigs from the bushes,

With loaded arms I come, pouring for you,

For you and the coffins all of you O death.)

8

O western orb sailing the heaven,

Now I know what you must have meant as a month since I walk'd, As
I walk'd in silence the transparent shadowy night,

As I saw you had something to tell as you bent to me night after night,
As you droop'd from the sky low down as if to my side,

(while the other stars all look'd on,)

(60) As we wander'd together the solemn night, (for something I know
not what kept me from sleep,) As the night advanced, and I saw
on the rim of the west how full you were of woe, As I stood on the
rising ground in the breeze in the cool transparent night, As I
watch'd where you pass'd and was lost in the netherward black of
the night, As my soul in its trouble dissatisfied sank, as where you

sad orb, Concluded, dropt in the night, and was gone.

9

Sing on there in the swamp,

O singer bashful and tender, I hear your notes, I hear your call, I hear,
I come presently, I understand you,

But a moment I linger, for the lustrous star has detain'd me, (70) The
star my departing comrade holds and detains me.

10

O how shall I warble myself for the dead one there I loved?

And how shall I deck my song for the large sweet soul that has gone?

And what shall my perfume be for the grave of him I love?

Sea-winds blown from east and west,

Blown from the Eastern sea and blown from the Western sea, till there
on the prairies meeting, These and with these and the breath of
my chant,

I'll perfume the grave of him I love.

11

O what shall I hang on the chamber walls?

And what shall the pictures be that I hang on the walls, (80) To adorn
the burial-house of him I love?

Pictures of growing spring and farms and homes,

With the Fourth-month eve at sundown, and the gray smoke lucid and
bright, With floods of the yellow gold of the gorgeous, indolent,
sinking sun, burning, expanding the air, With the fresh sweet
herbage under foot, and the pale green leaves of the trees prolific,
In the distance the flowing glaze, the breast of the river, with a
wind-dapple here and there, With ranging hills on the banks, with
many a line against the the sky, and shadows, And the city at
hand with dwellings so dense, and stacks of chimneys, And all the
scenes of life and the workshops, and the workmen homeward
returning.

12

Lo, body and soul – this land,

(90) My own Manhattan with spires, and the sparkling and hurrying
tides, and the ships, The varied and ample land, the South and the
North in the light, Ohio's shores and flashing Missouri, And ever
the far-spreading prairies cover'd with grass and corn.

Lo, the most excellent sun so calm and haughty,

The violet and purple morn with just-felt breezes,

The gentle soft-born measureless light,

The miracle spreading bathing all, the fulfill'd noon,

The coming eve delicious, the welcome night and the stars, Over my
cities shining all, enveloping man and land.

Sing on, sing on you gray-brown bird,

(100) Sing from the swamps, the recesses, pour your chant from the
bushes, Limitless out of the dusk, out of the cedars and pines.

Sing on dearest brother, warble your reedy song,

Loud human song, with voice of uttermost woe.

O liquid and free and tender!

O wild and loose to my soul – O wondrous singer!

You only I hear – yet the star holds me, (but will soon depart,) Yet the
lilac with mastering odor holds me.

Now while I sat in the day and look'd forth,

In the close of the day with its light and the fields of spring, and the
farmers preparing their crops, (110) In the large unconscious
scenery of my land with its lakes and forests, In the heavenly
aerial beauty, (after the perturb'd winds and the storms,) Under
the arching heavens of the afternoon swift passing, and the voices
of children and women, The many-moving sea-tides, and I saw
the ships how they sail'd, And the summer approaching with
richness, and the fields all busy with labor, And the infinite
separate houses, how they all went on, each with its meals and

minutia of daily usages, And the streets how their throbbings
throbb'd, and the cities pent -lo, then and there, Falling upon
them all and among them all, enveloping me with the rest,
Appear'd the cloud, appear'd the long black trail,

And I knew death, its thought, and the sacred knowledge of death.

(120) Then with the knowledge of death as walking one side of me,
And the thought of death close-walking the other side of me, And
I in the middle as with companions, and as holding the hands of
companions, I fled forth to the hiding receiving night that talks
not, Down to the shores of the water, the path by the swamp in
the dimness, To the solemn shadowy cedars and ghostly pines so
still.

And the singer so shy to the rest receiv'd me,
The gray-brown bird I know receiv'd us comrades three,
And he sang the carol of death, and a verse for him I love.

From deep secluded recesses,

(130) From the fragrant cedars and the ghostly pines so still, Came the
carol of the bird.

And the charm of the carol rapt me,

As I held as if by their hands my comrades in the night And the voice

AS I held as it by their hands my comrades in the night, And the voice
of my spirit tallied the song of the bird.

*Come lovely and soothing death, Undulate round the world, serenely
arriving, arriving, In the day, in the night, to all, to each,
Sooner or later delicate death.*

*Prais'd be the fathomless universe,
(140) For life and joy, and for objects and knowledge curious, And for
love, sweet love-but praise! praise! praise!
For the sure-enwinding arms of cool-enfolding death.*

*Dark mother always gliding near with soft feet, Have none chanted for thee
a chant of fullest welcome?
Then I chant it for thee, I glorify thee above all, I bring thee a song that
when thou must indeed come, come
unfalteringly.*

*Approach strong deliveress,
When it is so, when thou hast taken them I joyously sing the
dead,
Lost in the loving floating ocean of thee,
(150) Laved in the flood of thy bliss O death.*

*From me to thee glad serenades,
Dances for thee I propose saluting thee, adornments and
feastings for thee,
And the sights of the open landscape and the high-spread sky
are fitting,
And life and the fields, and the huge and thoughtful night.*

*The night in silence under many a star,
The ocean shore and the husky whispering wave whose voice I
know,
And the soul turning to thee O vast and well-veil'd death, And the body
gratefully nestling close to thee.*

*Over the tree-tops I float thee a song,
(160) Over the rising and sinking waves, over the myriad fields and
the prairies wide,
Over the dense-pack'd cities all and the teeming wharves and
ways,
I float this carol with joy, with joy to thee O death.*

15

To the tally of my soul,

Loud and strong kept up the gray-brown bird,
With pure deliberate notes spreading filling the night.

Loud in the pines and cedars dim,
Clear in the freshness moist and the swamp-perfume,
And I with my comrades there in the night.

While my sight that was bound in my eyes unclosed,
(170) As to long panoramas of visions.

And I saw askant the armies,
I saw as in noiseless dreams hundreds of battle-flags,
Borne through the smoke of the battles and pierc'd with missiles I saw
 them, And carried hither and yon through the smoke, and torn
 and bloody, And at last but a few shreds left on the staffs, (and all
 in silence,) And the staffs all splinter'd and broken.

I saw battle-corpses, myriads of them,
And the white skeletons of young men, I saw them,
I saw the debris and debris of all the slain soldiers of the war, (180)
 But I saw they were not as was thought,
They themselves were fully at rest, they suffer'd not,

The living remain'd and suffer'd, the mother suffer'd,
And the wife and the child and the musing comrade suffer'd, And the
armies that remain'd suffer'd.

16

Passing the visions, passing the night,
Passing, unloosing the hold of my comrades' hands,
Passing the song of the hermit bird and the tallying song of my soul,
Victorious song, death's outlet song, yet varying ever-altering
song, As low and wailing, yet clear the notes, rising and falling,
flooding the night, (190) Sadly sinking and fainting, as warning
and warning, and yet again bursting with joy, Covering the earth
and filling the spread of the heaven, As that powerful psalm in the
night I heard from recesses, Passing, I leave thee lilac with heart-
shaped leaves,
I leave thee there in the dooryard, blooming, returning with spring.

I cease from my song for thee,
From my gaze on thee in the west, fronting the west, communing with
thee, O comrade lustrous with silver face in the night.

Yet each to keep and all, retrievements out of the night, The song, the
wondrous chant of the gray-brown bird,

(200) And the tallying chant, the echo arous'd in my soul With the

(200) And the tarrying chant, the echo arouses in my soul, With the
lustrous and drooping star with the countenance full of woe, With
the holders holding my hand nearing the call of the bird,
Comrades mine and I in the midst, and their memory ever to
keep, for the dead I loved so well, For the sweetest, wisest soul of
all my days and lands – and this for his dear sake, Lilac and star
and bird twined with the chant of my soul, There in the fragrant
pines and the cedars dusk and dim.

O Captain! My Captain!

O Captain! my Captain! our fearful trip is done,
The ship has weather'd every rack, the prize we sought is won, The
port is near, the bells I hear, the people all exulting, While follow
eyes the steady keel, the vessel grim and daring: But O heart t
heart! heart!

O the bleeding drops of red,
Where on the deck my Captain lies,
Fallen cold and dead.

O Captain! my Captain! rise up and hear the bells;
(10) Rise up – for you the flag is flung – for you the bugle trills, For
you bouquets and ribbon'd wreaths – for you the shores a-
crowding, For you they call, the swaying mass, their eager faces
turning; Here Captain! dear father!
This arm beneath your head!

It is some dream that on the deck,

You've fallen cold and dead.

My Captain does not answer, his lips are pale and still, My father does
not feel my arm, he has no pulse nor will, The ship is anchor'd
safe and sound, its voyage closed and done, (20) From fearful trip
the victor ship comes in with object won; Exult O shores, and ring
O bells!

But I with mournful tread,

Walk the deck my Captain lies,

Fallen cold and dead.

Hush'd Be the Camps To-day

(MAY 4, 1865)

Hush'd be the camps to-day,

And soldiers let us drape our war-worn weapons,

And each with musing soul retire to celebrate,

Our dear commander's death.

No more for him life's stormy conflicts,

Nor victory, nor defeat – no more time's dark events,

Charging like ceaseless clouds across the sky.

But sing poet in our name,

Sing of the love we bore him – because you, dweller in camps, know it truly.

(10) As they invault the coffin there,

Sing – as they close the doors of earth upon him – one verse, For the heavy hearts of soldiers.

This Dust Was Once the Man

This dust was once the man,

Gentle, plain, just and resolute, under whose cautious hand, Against the foulest crime in history known in any land or age, Was saved the Union of these States.

By Blue Ontario's Shore

1

By blue Ontario's shore,

As I mused of these warlike days and of peace return'd, and the dead that return no more, A Phantom gigantic superb, with stern visage accosted me, *Chant me the poem*, it said, *that comes from the soul of America, chant me the carol of victory*,

*And strike up the marches of Libertad, marches more
powerful yet,
And sing me before you go the song of the throes of
Democracy.*

(Democracy, the destin'd conqueror, yet treacherous lip-smiles
everywhere, And death and infidelity at every step.)

2

A Nation announcing itself,

(10) I myself make the only growth by which I can be appreciated, I
reject none, accept all, then reproduce all in my own forms.

A breed whose proof is in time and deeds,

What we are we are, nativity is answer enough to objections, We
wield ourselves as a weapon is wielded,

We are powerful and tremendous in ourselves,

We are executive in ourselves, we are sufficient in the variety of
ourselves, We are the most beautiful to ourselves and in ourselves,
We stand self-pois'd in the middle, branching thence over the
world, From Missouri, Nebraska, or Kansas, laughing attacks to
scorn.

(20) Nothing is sinful to us outside of ourselves,

Whatever appears, whatever does not appear, we are beautiful or
sinful in ourselves only.

(O Mother – O Sisters dear!

If we are lost, no victor else has destroy'd us,

It is by ourselves we go down to eternal night.)

3

Have you thought there could be but a single supreme?

There can be any number of supremes – one does not countervail
another any more than one eyesight countervails another, or one
life countervails another.

All is eligible to all,

All is for individuals, all is for you,

No condition is prohibited, not God's or any.

(30) All comes by the body, only health puts you rapport with the
universe.

Produce great Persons, the rest follows.

4

Piety and conformity to them that like,

Peace, obesity, allegiance, to them that like,

I am he who tauntingly compels men, women, nations,

Crying, Leap from your seats and contend for your lives!

I am he who walks the States with a barb'd tongue, questioning every
one I meet, Who are you that wanted only to be told what you
knew before?

Who are you that wanted only a book to join you in your nonsense?

(With pangs and cries as thine own O bearer of many children, (40)
These clamors wild to a race of pride I give.)

O lands, would you be freer than all that has ever been before?

If you would be freer than all that has been before, come listen to me.

Fear grace, elegance, civilization, delicatessen, Fear the mellow sweet,
the sucking of honey-juice,

Beware the advancing mortal ripening of Nature,

Beware what precedes the decay of the ruggedness of states and men.

5

Ages, precedents, have long been accumulating undirected materials,
America brings builders, and brings its own styles.

The immortal poets of Asia and Europe have done their work and
pass'd to other spheres, (50) A work remains, the work of
surpassing all they have done.

America, curious toward foreign characters, stands by its own at all
hazards, Stands removed, spacious, composite, sound, initiates the
true use of precedents, Does not repel them or the past or what
they have produced under their forms, Takes the lesson with
calmness, perceives the corpse slowly borne from the house,
Perceives that it waits a little while in the door, that it was fittest
for its days, That its life has descended to the stalwart and well-
shaped heir who approaches, And that he shall be fittest for his
days.

Any period one nation must lead,
One land must be the promise and reliance of the future.

(60) These States are the amplest poem,

Here is not merely a nation but a teeming Nation of nations, Here the
doings of men correspond with the broadest doings of the day and
night, Here is what moves in magnificent masses careless of
particulars, Here are the roughs, beards, friendliness,
combateness, the soul loves, Here the flowing trains, here the
crowds, equality, diversity, the soul loves.

Land of lands and bards to corroborate!

Of them standing among them, one lifts to the light a west-bred face,
To him the hereditary countenance bequeath'd both mother's and
father's, His first parts substances, earth, water, animals, trees,
(70) Built of the common stock, having room for far and near,
Used to dispense with other lands, incarnating this land,
Attracting it body and soul to himself, hanging on its neck with
incomparable love, Plunging his seminal muscle into its merits
and demerits, Making its cities, beginnings, events, diversities,
wars, vocal in him, Making its rivers, lakes, bays, embouchure in
him,

Mississippi with yearly freshets and changing chutes, Columbia,
Niagara, Hudson, spending themselves lovingly in him, In the
Atlantic coast stretch or the Pacific coast stretch, he stretching
with them North or South, Spanning between them East and West,
and touching whatever is between them, Growths growing from
him to offset the growths of pine, cedar, hemlock, live-oak, locust,
chestnut, hickory, cottonwood, orange, magnolia, (80) Tangles as
tangled in him as any canebrake or swamp, He likening sides and
peaks of mountains, forests coated with northern transparent ice,
Off him pasturage sweet and natural as savanna, upland, prairie,
Through him flights, whirls, screams, answering those of the fish-
hawk, mocking-bird, night-heron and eagle, His spirit surrounding
his country's spirit, unclosed to good and evil, Surrounding the

essences of real things, old times and present times, Surrounding just found shores, islands, tribes of red aborigines, Weather-beaten vessels, landings, settlements, embryo stature and muscle, The haughty defiance of the Year One, war, peace, the formation of the Constitution, The separate States, the simple elastic scheme, the immigrants, (90) The Union always swarming with blatherers and always sure and impregnable, The unsurvey'd interior, log-houses, clearings, wild animals, hunters, trappers, Surrounding the multiform agriculture, mines, temperature, the gestation of new States, Congress convening every Twelfth-month, the members duly coming up from the uttermost parts, Surrounding the noble character of mechanics and farmers, especially the young men, Responding their manners, speech, dress, friendships, the gait they have of persons who never knew how it felt to stand in the presence of superiors, The freshness and candor of their physiognomy, the copiousness and decision of their phrenology, The picturesque looseness of their carriage, their fierceness when wrong'd, The fluency of their speech, their delight in music, their curiosity, good temper and open-handedness, the whole composite make, The prevailing ardor and enterprise, the large amativeness, (100) The perfect equality of the female with the male, the fluid movement of the population, The superior marine, free commerce, fisheries, whaling, gold-digging, Wharf-hemm'd cities, railroad and steamboat lines intersecting all points, Factories, mercantile life, labor-saving machinery, the Northeast, Northwest, Southwest, Manhattan firemen, the Yankee swap, southern plantation life, Slavery – the murderous, treacherous

conspiracy to raise it upon the ruins of all the rest, On and on to
the grapple with it – Assassin! then your life or ours be the stake,
and respite no more.

7

(Lo, high toward heaven, this day,
Libertad, from the conqueress' field return'd,
I mark the new aureola around your head,
(110) No more of soft astral, but dazzling and fierce,
With war's flames and the lambent lightnings playing,
And your poet immovable where you stand,
With still the inextinguishable glance and the clinch'd and lifted fist,
And your foot on the neck of the menacing one, the scorner
utterly crush'd beneath you, The menacing arrogant one that
strode and advanced with his senseless scorn, bearing the
murderous knife, The wide-swelling one, the braggart that would
yesterday do so much, To-day a carrion dead and damn'd, the
despised of all the earth, An offal rank; to the dunghill maggots
spurn'd.)

8

Others take finish, but the Republic is ever constructive and ever
keeps vista, (120) Others adorn the past, but you O days of the
present, I adorn you, O days of the future I believe in you -I

isolate myself for your sake, O America because you build for
mankind I build for you, O well-beloved stone-cutters, I lead them
who plan with decision and science, Lead the present with
friendly hand toward the future.

(Bravas to all impulses sending sane children to the next age!

But damn that which spends itself with no thought of the stain, pains,
dismay, feebleness, it is bequeathing.)

9

I listened to the Phantom by Ontario's shore,

I heard the voice arising demanding bards,

By them all native and grand, by them alone can these States be fused
into the compact organism of a Nation.

(130) To hold men together by paper and seal or by compulsion is no
account, That only holds men together which aggregates all in a
living principle, as the hold of the limbs of the body or the fibres
of plants.

Of all races and eras these States with veins full of poetical stuff most
need poets, and are to have the greatest, and use them the
greatest, Their Presidents shall not be their common referee so
much as their poets shall

much as their poets shall.

(Soul of love and tongue of fire!

Eye to pierce the deepest deeps and sweep the world!

Ah Mother, prolific and full in all besides, yet how long barren,
barren?) 10

Of these States the poet is the equable man,

Not in him but off from him things are grotesque, eccentric, fail of
their full returns, Nothing out of its place is good, nothing in its
place is bad, (140) He bestows on every object or quality its fit
proportion, neither more nor less, He is the arbiter of the diverse,
he is the key,

He is the equalizer of his age and land,

He supplies what wants supplying, he checks what wants checking, In
peace out of him speaks the spirit of peace, large, rich, thrifty,
building populous towns, encouraging agriculture, arts,
commerce, lighting the study of man, the soul, health,
immortality, government, In war he is the best backer of the war,
he fetches artillery as good as the engineer's, he can make every
word he speaks draw blood, The years straying towards infidelity
he withholds by his steady faith, He is no arguer, he is judgment,
(Nature accepts him absolutely,) He judges not as the judge
judges but as the sun falling round a helpless thing, As he sees the
farthest he has the most faith,

(150) His thoughts are the hymns of the praise of things, In the

dispute on God and eternity he is silent,

He sees eternity less like a play with a prologue and denouement, He
sees eternity in men and women, he does not see men and women
as dreams or dots.

For the great Idea, the idea of perfect and free individuals, For that,
the bard walks in advance, leader of leaders, The attitude of him
cheers up slaves and horrifies foreign despots.

Without extinction is Liberty, without retrograde is
Equality,

They live in the feelings of young men and the best women, (Not for
nothing have the indomitable heads of the earth been always
ready to fall for Liberty.)

11

(160) For the great Idea,
That, O my brethren, that is the mission of poets.

Songs of stern defiance ever ready,

Songs of the rapid arming and the march,

The flag of peace quick-folded, and instead the flag we know, Warlike
flag of the great Idea.

(Angry cloth I saw there leaping!

I stand again in leaden rain your flapping folds saluting, I sing you
over all, flying beckoning through the fight – O the hard-contested
fight!

The cannons ope their rosy-flashing muzzles – the hurtled balls
scream, (170) The battle-fronts form amid the smoke – the volleys
pour incessant from the line, Hark, the ringing word *Charge!* –
now the tussle and the furious maddening yells, Now the corpses
tumble curl'd upon the ground,

Cold, cold in death, for precious life of you,

Angry cloth I saw there leaping.)

12

Are you he who would assume a place to teach or be a poet here in
the States?

The place is august, the terms obdurate.

Who would assume to teach here may well prepare himself body and
mind, He may well survey, ponder, arm, fortify, harden, make
lithe himself, He shall surely be question'd beforehand by me with
many and stern questions.

(180) Who are you indeed who would talk or sing to America?

Have you studied out the land, its idioms and men?

Have you studied out the land, its idioms and men?

Have you learn'd the physiology, phrenology, politics, geography,
pride, freedom, friendship of the land? its substratums and
objects?

Have you consider'd the organic compact of the first day of the first
year of Independence, sign'd by the Commissioners, ratified by
the States, and read by Washington at the head of the army?

Have you possess'd yourself of the Federal Constitution?

Do you see who have left all feudal processes and poems behind them,
and assumed the poems and processes of Democracy?

Are you faithful to things? do you teach what the land and sea, the
bodies of men, womanhood, amateness, heroic angers, teach?

Have you sped through fleeting customs, popularities?

Can you hold your hand against all seductions, follies, whirls, fierce
contentions? are you very strong? are you really of the whole
People?

Are you not of some coterie? some school or mere religion?

(190) Are you done with reviews and criticisms of life? animating now
to life itself?

Have you vivified yourself from the maternity of these States?

Have you too the old ever-fresh forbearance and impartiality?

Do you hold the like love for those hardening to maturity? for the last-
born? little and big? and for the errant?

What is this you bring my America?

Is it uniform with my country?

Is it not something that has been better told or done before?

Have you not imported this or the spirit of it in some ship?

Is it not a mere tale? a rhyme? a prettiness? – is the good old cause in it?

Has it not dangled long at the heels of the poets, politicians, literats, of enemies' lands?

(200) Does it not assume that what is notoriously gone is still here?

Does it answer universal needs? will it improve manners?

Does it sound with trumpet-voice the proud victory of the Union in that secession war?

Can your performance face the open fields and the seaside?

Will it absorb into me as I absorb food, air, to appear again in my strength, gait, face?

Have real employments contributed to it? original makers, not mere amanuenses?

Does it meet modern discoveries, calibres, facts, face to face?

What does it mean to American persons, progresses, cities?

Chicago, Kanada, Arkansas?

Does it see behind the apparent custodians the real custodians standing, menacing, silent, the mechanics, Manhattanese, Western men, Southerners, significant alike in their apathy, and in the

promptness of their love?

Does it see what finally befalls, and has always finally befallen, each
temporizer, patcher, outsider, partialist, alarmist, infidel, who has
ever ask'd any thing of America?

(210) What mocking and scornful negligence?

The track strew'd with the dust of skeletons,
By the roadside others disdainfully toss'd.

13

Rhymes and rhymers pass away, poems distill'd from poems pass
away, The swarms of reflectors and the polite pass, and leave
ashes, Admirers, importers, obedient persons, make but the soil of
literature, America justifies itself, give it time, no disguise can
deceive it or conceal from it, it is impassive enough, Only toward
the likes of itself will it advance to meet them, If its poets appear
it will in due time advance to meet them, there is no fear of
mistake, (The proof of a poet shall be sternly deferr'd till his
country absorbs him as affectionately as he has absorbed it.)

(220) He masters whose spirit masters, he tastes sweetest who results
sweetest in the long run, The blood of the brawn beloved of time
is unconstraint; In the need of songs, philosophy, an appropriate
native grand-opera, shipcraft, any craft, He or she is greatest who
contributes the greatest original practical example.

Already a nonchalant breed, silently emerging, appears on the streets,
People's lips salute only doers, lovers, satisfiers, positive knowers,
There will shortly be no more priests, I say their work is done,
Death is without emergencies here, but life is perpetual
emergencies here, Are your body, days, manners, superb? after
death you shall be superb, Justice, health, self-esteem, clear the
way for irresistible power; (230) How dare you place any thing
before a man?

14

Fall behind me States!

A man before all – myself, typical, before all.

Give me the pay I have served for,

Give me to sing the songs of the great Idea, take all the rest, I have
loved the earth, sun, animals, I have despised riches, I have given
alms to every one that ask'd, stood up for the stupid and crazy,
devoted my income and labor to others, Hated tyrants, argued not
concerning God, had patience and indulgence toward the people,
taken off my hat to nothing known or unknown, Gone freely with
powerful uneducated persons and with the young, and with the
mothers of families, Read these leaves to myself in the open air,
tried them by trees, stars, rivers, (240) Dismiss'd whatever
insulted my own soul or defiled my body, Claim'd nothing to
myself which I have not carefully claim'd for others on the same
terms Sned to the camps and comrades found and accented from

terms, open to all camps, and comrades found and accepted from every State, (Upon this breast has many a dying soldier lean'd to breathe his last, This arm, this hand, this voice, have nourish'd, rais'd, restored, To life recalling many a prostrate form;)

I am willing to wait to be understood by the growth of the taste of myself, Rejecting none, permitting all.

(Say O Mother, have I not to your thought been faithful?

Have I not through life kept you and yours before me?)

15

(250) I swear I begin to see the meaning of these things, It is not the earth, it is not America who is so great, It is I who am great or to be great, it is You up there, or any one, It is to walk rapidly through civilizations, governments, theories, Through poems, pageants, shows, to form individuals.

Underneath all, individuals,

I swear nothing is good to me now that ignores individuals, The American compact is altogether with individuals,

The only government is that which makes minute of individuals, The whole theory of the universe is directed unerringly to one single individual – namely to You.

(260) (Mother! with subtle sense severe, with the naked sword in your hand, I cannot at last refuse to treat but directly with

hand, I saw you at last refuse to treat but directly with individuals.)

16

Underneath all, Nativity,

I swear I will stand by my own nativity, pious or impious so be it; I
swear I am charm'd with nothing except nativity,

Men, women, cities, nations, are only beautiful from nativity.

Underneath all is the Expression of love for men and women, (I swear
I have seen enough of mean and impotent modes of expressing
love for men and women, After this day I take my own modes of
expressing love for men and women.)

I swear I will have each quality of my race in myself,

(270) (Talk as you like, he only suits these States whose manners favor
the audacity and sublime turbulence of the States.)

Underneath the lessons of things, spirits, Nature, governments,
ownerships, I swear I perceive other lessons, Underneath all to me
is myself, to you yourself, (the same monotonous old song.)

17

O I see flashing that this America is only you and me

O I see flashing that this America is only you and me,
Its power, weapons, testimony, are you and me,
Its crimes, lies, thefts, defections, are you and me,
Its Congress is you and me, the officers, capitols, armies, ships, are
you and me, Its endless gestations of new States are you and me,
The war, (that war so bloody and grim, the war I will henceforth
forget), was you and me, Natural and artificial are you and me,
(280) Freedom, language, poems, employments, are you and me, Past,
present, future, are you and me.

I dare not shirk any part of myself,
Not any part of America good or bad,
Not to build for that which builds for mankind,
Not to balance ranks, complexions, creeds, and the sexes, Not to
justify science nor the march of equality,
Nor to feed the arrogant blood of the brawn belov'd of time.

I am for those that have never been master'd,
For men and women whose tempers have never been master'd, (290)
For those whom laws, theories, conventions, can never master.

I am for those who walk abreast with the whole earth,
Who inaugurate one to inaugurate all.

I will not be outfaced by irrational things, I will penetrate what it is in
them that is sarcastic upon me, I will make cities and civilizations
defer to me,

This is what I have learnt from America – it is the amount, and it I
teach again.

(Democracy, while weapons were everywhere aim'd at your breast, I
saw you serenely give birth to immortal children, saw in dreams
your dilating form, Saw you with spreading mantle covering the
world.)

18

(300) I will confront these shows of the day and night, I will know if I
am to be less than they,

I will see if I am not as majestic as they,

I will see if I am not as subtle and real as they,

I will see if I am to be less generous than they,

I will see if I have no meaning, while the houses and ships have
meaning, I will see if the fishes and birds are to be enough for
themselves, and I am not to be enough for myself.

I match my spirit against yours you orbs, growths, mountains, brutes,

Copious as you are I absorb you all in myself, and become the
master myself, America isolated yet embodying all, what is it
finally except myself?

(310) These States, what are they except myself?

I know now why the earth is gross, tantalizing, wicked, it is for my
sake, I take you specially to be mine, you terrible, rude forms.

(Mother, bend down, bend close to me your face,

I know not what these plots and wars and deferments are for, I know
not fruition's success, but I know that through war and crime your
work goes on, and must yet go on.) Thus by blue Ontario's shore,
While the winds fann'd me and the waves came trooping toward me, I
thrill'd with the power's pulsations, and the charm of my theme
was upon me, Till the tissues that held me parted their ties upon
me.

(320) And I saw the free souls of poets,

The loftiest bards of past ages strode before me,

Strange large men, long unwaked, undisclosed, were disclosed to me.

20

O my rapt verse, my call, mock me not!

Not for the bards of the past, not to invoke them have I launch'd you

forth, Not to call even those lofty bards here by Ontario's shores,
Have I sung so capricious and loud my savage song.

Bards for my own land only I invoke,
(For the war the war is over, the field is clear'd,)
Till they strike up marches henceforth triumphant and onward, (330)
To cheer O Mother your boundless expectant soul.

Bards of the great Idea! bards of the peaceful inventions! (for the war,
the war is over!) Yet bards of latent armies, a million soldiers
waiting ever-ready, Bards with songs as from burning coals or the
lightning's fork'd stripes!

Ample Ohio's, Kanada's bards – bards of California! inland bards –
bards of the war!

You by my charm I invoke.

Reversals

Let that which stood in front go behind,
Let that which was behind advance to the front,
Let bigots, fools, unclean persons, offer new propositions, Let the old
propositions be postponed,
Let a man seek pleasure everywhere except in himself,
Let a woman seek happiness everywhere except in herself.

AUTUMN RIVULETS

As Consequent, Etc.

As consequent from store of summer rains,
Or wayward rivulets in autumn flowing,
Or many a herb-lined brook's reticulations,
Or subterranean sea-rills making for the sea,
Songs of continued years I sing.

Life's ever-modern rapids first, (soon, soon to blend, With the old
streams of death.)

Some threading Ohio's farm-fields or the woods,
Some down Colorado's canons from sources of perpetual snow,
(10) Some half-hid in Oregon, or away southward in Texas,
Some in the north finding their way to Erie, Niagara, Ottawa,
Some to Atlantica's bays, and so to the great salt brine.

In you whoe'er you are my book perusing,
In I myself, in all the world, these currents flowing,
All, all toward the mystic ocean tending.

Currents for starting a continent new,
Overtures sent to the solid out of the liquid,
Fusion of ocean and land, tender and pensive waves,
(Not safe and peaceful only, waves rous'd and ominous too,
(20) Out of the depths the storm's abysmic waves, who knows
whence?
Raging over the vast, with many a broken spar and tatter'd sail.)

Or from the sea of Time, collecting vasting all, I bring,
A windrow-drift of weeds and shells.

O little shells, so curious-convolute, so limpid-cold and voiceless, Will
you not little shells to the tympan of temples held,
Murmurs and echoes still call up, eternity's music faint and far, Wafted
inland, sent from Atlantica's rim, strains for the soul of the
prairies, Whisper'd reverberations, chords for the ear of the West
joyously sounding, Your tidings old, yet ever new and
untranslatable,
(30) Infinitesimals out of my life, and many a life,
(For not my life and years alone I give – all, all I give,)
These waifs from the deep, cast high and dry,

Wash'd on America's shores?

The Return of the Heroes

1

For the lands and for these passionate days and for myself,
Now I awhile retire to thee O soil of autumn fields,
Reclining on thy breast, giving myself to thee,
Answering the pulses of thy sane and equable heart,
Tuning a verse for thee.

O earth that hast no voice, confide to me a voice,
O harvest of my lands – O boundless summer growths,
O lavish brown parturient earth – O infinite teeming womb,
A song to narrate thee.

2

(10) Ever upon this stage,
Is acted God's calm annual drama,
Gorgeous processions, songs of birds,
Sunrise that fullest feeds and freshens most the soul,
The heaving sea, the waves upon the shore, the musical, strong waves,
The woods. the stalwart trees. the slender. tapering trees.

The liliput countless armies of the grass,
The heat, the showers, the measureless pasturages,
The scenery of the snows, the winds' free orchestra,
The stretching light-hung roof of clouds, the clear cerulean and the
 silvery fringes, (20) The high dilating stars; the placid beckoning
 stars,
The moving flocks and herds, the plains and emerald meadows,
The shows of all the varied lands and all the growths and products.

3

Fecund America – to-day,
Thou art all over set in births and joys!
Thou groan'st with riches, thy wealth clothes thee as a swathing-
 garment, Thou laughest loud with ache of great possessions,
A myriad-twining life like interlacing vines binds all thy vast demesne,
 As some huge ship freighted to water's edge thou ridest into port,
 As rain falls from the heaven and vapors rise from earth, so have
 the precious values fallen upon thee and risen out of thee; (30)
 Thou envy of the globe! thou miracle!
Thou, bathed, choked, swimming in plenty,
Thou lucky Mistress of the tranquil barns,
Thou Prairie Dame that sittest in the middle and lookest out upon thy
 world, and lookest East and lookest West, Dispensatrix, that by a

would, and lookest East and lookest West, Dispensatress, that by a word givest a thousand miles, a million farms, and missest nothing, Thou all-acceptress – thou hospitable, (thou only art hospitable as God is hospitable.)

4

When late I sang sad was my voice,
Sad were the shows around me with deafening noises of hatred and
 smoke of war; In the midst of the conflict, the heroes, I stood,
Or pass'd with slow step through the wounded and dying.

(40) But now I sing not war,
Nor the measur'd march of soldiers, nor the tents of camps,
Nor the regiments hastily coming up deploying in line of battle; No
 more the sad, unnatural shows of war.

Ask'd room those flush'd immortal ranks, the first forth-stepping
 armies?

Ask room alas the ghastly ranks, the armies dread that follow'd.

(Pass, pass, ye proud brigades, with your tramping sinewy legs, With
 your shoulders young and strong, with your knapsacks and your
 muskets; How elate I stood and watch'd you, where starting
off you march'd.

Pass – then rattle drums again,

(50) For an army heaves in sight, O another gathering army,

Swarming, trailing on the rear, O you dread accruing army,

O you regiments so piteous, with your mortal diarrhoea, with your
fever, O my land's maim'd darlings, with the plenteous bloody
bandage and the crutch, Lo, your pallid army follows.)

5

But on these days of brightness,

On the far-stretching beauteous landscape, the roads and lanes, the
high-piled farm-wagons, and the fruits and barns, Should the dead
intrude?

Ah the dead to me mar not, they fit well in Nature,

They fit very well in the landscape under the trees and grass,

(60) And along the edge of the sky in the horizon's far margin.

Nor do I forget you Departed,

Nor in winter or summer my lost ones,

But most in the open air as now when my soul is rapt and at peace,
like pleasing phantoms, Your memories rising glide silently by
me.

I saw the day the return of the heroes,
(Yet the heroes never surpass'd shall never return,
Them that day I saw not.)

I saw the interminable corps, I saw the processions of armies,
I saw them approaching, defiling by with divisions,
(70) Streaming northward, their work done, camping awhile in
clusters of mighty camps.

No holiday soldiers – youthful, yet veterans,
Worn, swart, handsome, strong, of the stock of homestead and
workshop, Harden'd of many a long campaign and sweaty march,
Inured on many a hard-fought bloody field.

A pause – the armies wait,
A million flush'd embattled conquerors wait,
The world too waits, then soft as breaking night and sure as dawn,
They melt, they disappear.

Exult O lands! victorious lands!

(80) Not there your victory on those red shuddering fields,

But here and hence your victory.

Melt, melt away ye armies – disperse ye blue-clad soldiers,
Resolve ye back again, give up for good your deadly arms,
Other the arms the fields henceforth for you, or South or North, With
saner wars, sweet wars, life-giving wars.

7

Loud O my throat, and clear O soul!
The season of thanks and the voice of full-yielding,
The chant of joy and power for boundless fertility.

All till'd and untill'd fields expand before me,
(90) I see the true arenas of my race, or first or last,
Man's innocent and strong arenas.

I see the heroes at other toils,
I see well-wielded in their hands the better weapons.

I see where the Mother of All,
With full-spanning eye gazes forth, dwells long,
And counts the varied gathering of the products

And counts the varied gathering of the products.

Busy the far, the sunlit panorama,
Prairie, orchard, and yellow grain of the North,
Cotton and rice of the South and Louisianian cane,
(100) Open unseeded fallows, rich fields of clover and timothy, Kine
and horses feeding, and droves of sheep and swine,
And many a stately river flowing and many a jocund brook,
And healthy uplands with herby-perfumed breezes,
And the good green grass, that delicate miracle the ever-recurring
grass.

8

Toil on heroes! harvest the products!
Not alone on those warlike fields the Mother of All,
With dilated form and lambent eyes watch'd you.

Toil on heroes! toil well! handle the weapons well!
The Mother of All, yet here as ever she watches you.

(110) Well-pleased America thou beholdest,
Over the fields of the West those crawling monsters,

The human-divine inventions, the labor-saving implements;
Beholdest moving in every direction imbued as with life the revolving
hay-rakes, The steam-power reaping-machines and the horse-
power machines.

The engines, thrashers of grain and cleaners of grain, well separating
the straw, the nimble work of the patent pitchfork, Beholdest the
newer saw-mill, the southern cotton-gin, and the rice-cleanser.

Beneath thy look O Maternal,
With these and else and with their own strong hands the heroes
harvest.

All gather and all harvest,
(120) Yet but for thee O Powerful, not a scythe might swing as now in
security, Not a maize-stalk dangle as now its silken tassels in
peace.

Under thee only they harvest, even but a wisp of hay under thy great
face only, Harvest the wheat of Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin, every
barbed spear under thee, Harvest the maize of Missouri,
Kentucky, Tennessee, each ear in its light-green sheath, Gather
the hay to its myriad mows in the odorous tranquil barns, Oats to
their bins, the white potato, the buckwheat of Michigan, to theirs;

Gather the cotton in Mississippi or Alabama, dig and hoard the
golden the sweet potato of Georgia and the Carolinas, Clip the
wool of California or Pennsylvania,

Cut the flax in the Middle States, or hemp or tobacco in the Borders,
(130) Pick the pea and the bean, or pull apples from the trees or
bunches of grapes from the vines, Or aught that ripens in all these
States or North or South,

Under the beaming sun and under thee.

There Was a Child Went Forth

There was a child went forth every day,
And the first object he look'd upon, that object he became,
And that object became part of him for the day or a certain part of the
day, Or for many years or stretching cycles of years.

The early lilacs became part of this child,
And grass and white and red morning-glories, and white and red
clover, and the song of the phoebe-bird, And the Third-month
lambs and the sow's pink-faint litter, and the mare's foal and the
cow's calf, And the noisy brood of the barnyard or by the mire of
the pond-side, And the fish suspending themselves so curiously
below there, and the beautiful curious liquid, (10) And the water-
plants with their graceful flat heads, all became part of him.

The field-sprouts of Fourth-month and Fifth-month became part of
him, Winter-grain sprouts and those of the light-yellow corn, and
the esculent roots of the garden, And the apple-trees cover'd with
blossoms and the fruit afterward, and wood-berries and the
commonest weeds by the road, And the old drunkard staggering
home from the outhouse of the tavern whence he had lately risen,
And the schoolmistress that pass'd on her way to the school,

And the friendly boys that pass'd, and the quarrelsome boys,

And the tidy and fresh-cheek'd girls, and the barefoot negro boy and
girl, And all the changes of city and country wherever he went.

His own parents, he that had father'd him and she that had conceiv'd
him in her womb and birth'd him, (20) They gave this child more
of themselves than that,

They gave him afterward every day, they became part of him.

The mother at home quietly placing the dishes on the supper-table,
The mother with mild words, clean her cap and gown, a
wholesome odor falling off her person and clothes as she walks
by, The father, strong, self-sufficient, manly, mean, anger'd,
unjust, The blow, the quick loud word, the tight bargain, the
crafty lure, The family usages, the language, the company, the
furniture, the yearning and swelling heart, Affection that will not
be gainsay'd, the sense of what is real, the thoughts if after all it
should prove unreal, The doubts of day-time and the doubts of
night-time, the curious whether and how, Whether that which
appears so is so, or is it all flashes and specks?

(30) Men and women crowding fast in the streets if they are not

(30) men and women crowding fast in the streets, if they are not
flashes and specks what are they?

The streets themselves and the façades of houses, and goods in the
windows, Vehicles, teams, the heavy-plank'd wharves, the huge
crossing at the ferries, The village on the highland seen from afar
at sunset, the river between, Shadows, aureola and mist, the light
falling on roofs and gables of white or brown two miles off, The
schooner near by sleepily dropping down the tide, the little boat
slack-tow'd astern, The hurrying tumbling waves, quick-broken
crests, slapping,

The strata of color'd clouds, the long bar of maroon-tint away solitary
by itself, the spread of purity it lies motionless in, The horizon's
edge, the flying sea-crow, the fragrance of salt marsh and shore
mud, These became part of that child who went forth every day,
and who now goes, and will always go forth every day.

Old Ireland

Far hence amid an isle of wondrous beauty,
Crouching over a grave an ancient sorrowful mother,
Once a queen, now lean and tatter'd seated on the ground,
Her old white hair drooping dishevel'd round her shoulders,
At her feet fallen an unused royal harp,
Long silent, she too long silent, mourning her shrouded hope and heir,
Of all the earth her heart most full of sorrow because most full of

love.

Yet a word ancient mother,

You need crouch there no longer on the cold ground with forehead
between your knees, (10) O you need not sit there veil'd in your
old white hair so dishevel'd, For know you the one you mourn is
not in that grave,

It was an illusion, the son you love was not really dead,

The Lord is not dead, he is risen again young and strong in another
country, Even while you wept there by your fallen harp by the
grave,

What you wept for was translated, pass'd from the grave,

The winds favour'd and the sea sail'd it,

And now with rosy and new blood,

Moves to-day in a new country.

The City Dead-House

By the city dead-house by the gate,

As idly sauntering wending my way from the clangor,

I curious pause, for lo, an outcast form, a poor dead prostitute
brought, Her corpse they deposit unclaim'd, it lies on the damp
brick pavement, The divine woman, her body, I see the body, I
look on it alone, That house once full of passion and beauty, all

else I notice not, Nor stillness so cold, nor running water from
faucet, nor odors morbidic impress me, But the house alone – that
wondrous house – that delicate fair house – that ruin!

That immortal house more than all the rows of dwellings ever built!

(10) Or white-domed capital with majestic figure surmounted, or all
the old high-spired cathedrals, That little house alone more than
them all – poor, desperate house !

Fair, fearful wreck – tenement of a soul – itself a soul,

Unclaim'd, avoided house – take one breath from my tremulous lips,
Take one tear dropt aside as I go for thought of you,

Dead house of love – house of madness and sin, crumbled, crush'd,
House of life, erewhile talking and laughing – but ah, poor house,
dead even then, Months, years, an echoing, garnish'd house – but
dead, dead, dead.

This Compost

1

Something startles me where I thought I was safest,

I withdraw from the still woods I loved,

I will not go now on the pastures to walk,

I will not strip the clothes from my body to meet my lover the sea, I
will not touch my flesh to the earth as to other flesh to renew me.

O how can it be that the ground itself does not sicken?

How can you be alive you growths of spring?

How can you furnish health you blood of herbs, roots, orchards, grain?

Are they not continually putting distemper'd corpses within you?

(10) Is not every continent work'd over and over with sour dead?

Where have you disposed of their carcasses?

Those drunkards and gluttons of so many generations?

Where have you drawn off all the foul liquid and meat?

I do not see any of it upon you to-day, or perhaps I am deceiv'd, I will
run a furrow with my plough, I will press my spade through the
sod and turn it up underneath, I am sure I shall expose some of
the foul meat.

2

Behold this compost! behold it well !

Perhaps every mite has once form'd part of a sick person – yet behold!

The grass of spring covers the prairies,

(20) The bean bursts noiselessly through the mould in the garden, The
delicate spear of the onion pierces upward,

The apple-buds cluster together on the apple-branches,

The resurrection of the wheat appears with pale visage out of its
graves, The tinge awakes over the willow-tree and the mulberry-

tree, The he-birds carol mornings and evenings while the she-birds sit on their nests, The young of poultry break through the hatch'd eggs,

The new-born of animals appear, the calf is dropt from the cow, the colt from the mare, Out of its little hill faithfully rise the potato's dark green leaves, Out of its hill rises the yellow maize-stalk, the lilacs bloom in the dooryards, (30) The summer growth is innocent and disdainful above all those strata of sour dead.

What chemistry!

That the winds are really not infectious,

That this is no cheat, this transparent green-wash of the sea which is so amorous after me, That it is safe to allow it to lick my naked body all over with its tongues, That it will not endanger me with the fevers that have deposited themselves in it, That all is clean forever and forever,

That the cool drink from the well tastes so good,

That blackberries are so flavorful and juicy,

That the fruits of the apple-orchard and the orange-orchard, that melons, grapes, peaches, plums, will none of them poison me, (40) That when I recline on the grass I do not catch any disease, Though probably every spear of grass rises out of what was once a catching disease.

Now I am terrified at the Earth, it is that calm and patient,
It grows such sweet things out of such corruptions,
It turns harmless and stainless on its axis, with such endless
 successions of diseases' corpses, It distills such exquisite winds out
 of such infused fetor,
It renews with such unwitting looks its prodigal, annual, sumptuous
 crops, It gives such divine materials to men, and accepts such
 leavings from them at last.

To a Foil'd European Revolutionaire

Courage yet, my brother or my sister!
Keep on – Liberty is to be subserv'd whatever occurs;
That is nothing that is quell'd by one or two failures, or any number of
 failures, Or by the indifference or ingratitude of the people, or by
 any unfaithfulness, Or the show of the tushes of power, soldiers,
 cannon, penal statutes.

What we believe in waits latent forever through all the continents,
 Invites no one, promises nothing, sits in calmness and light, is
 positive, and composed, knows no discouragement, Waiting
 patiently, waiting its time.

(Not songs of loyalty alone are these,
(10) But songs of insurrection also,

For I am the sworn poet of every dauntless rebel the world over, And
he going with me leaves peace and routine behind him,
And stakes his life to be lost at any moment.)

The battle rages with many a loud alarm and frequent advance and
retreat, The infidel triumphs, or supposes he triumphs,
The prison, scaffold, garroté, handcuffs, iron necklace and lead-balls
do their work, The named and unnamed heroes pass to other
spheres,
The great speakers and writers are exiled, they lie sick in distant lands,
The cause is asleep, the strongest throats are choked with their
own blood, (20) The young men droop their eyelashes toward the
ground when they meet; But for all this Liberty has not gone out
of the place, nor the infidel enter'd into full possession.

When liberty goes out of a place it is not the first to go, nor the second
or third to go, It waits for all the rest to go, it is the last.

When there are no more memories of heroes and martyrs,
And when all life and all the souls of men and women are discharged
from any part of the earth, Then only shall liberty or the idea of
liberty be discharged from that part of the earth, And the infidel
come into full possession.

Then courage European revolter, revoltress!

For till all ceases neither must you cease.

(30) I do not know what you are for, (I do not know what I am for myself, nor what any thing is for,) But I will search carefully for it even in being foil'd,

In defeat, poverty, misconception, imprisonment – for they too are great.

Did we think victory great?

So it is – but now it seems to *me*, when it cannot be help'd, that defeat is great, And that death and dismay are great.

Unnamed Lands

Nations ten thousand years before these States, and many times ten thousand years before these States, Garner'd clusters of ages that men and women like us grew up and travel'd their course and pass'd on, What vast-built cities, what orderly republics, what pastoral tribes and nomads, What histories, rulers, heroes, perhaps transcending all others, What laws, customs, wealth, arts, traditions,

What sort of marriage, what costumes, what physiology and phrenology, What of liberty and slavery among them, what they thought of death and the soul. Who were witty and wise. who

beautiful and poetic, who brutish and undevelop'd, Not a mark,
not a record remains – and yet all remains.

(10) O I know that those men and women were not for nothing, any
more than we are for nothing, I know that they belong to the
scheme of the world every bit as much as we now belong to it.

Afar they stand, yet near to me they stand,
Some with oval countenances learn'd and calm,
Some naked and savage, some like huge collections of insects,
Some in tents, herdsmen, patriarchs, tribes, horsemen,
Some prowling through woods, some living peaceably on farms,
 laboring, reaping, filling barns, Some traversing paved avenues,
 amid temples, palaces, factories, libraries, shows, courts, theatres,
 wonderful monuments.

Are those billions of men really gone?

Are those women of the old experience of the earth gone?

(20) Do their lives, cities, arts, rest only with us?

Did they achieve nothing for good for themselves?

I believe of all those men and women that fill'd the unnamed lands,
 every one exists this hour here or elsewhere, invisible to us, In
 exact proportion to what he or she grew from in life, and out of

what he or she did, felt, became, loved, sinn'd, in life.

I believe that was not the end of those nations or any person of them,
any more than this shall be the end of my nation, or of me; Of
their languages, governments, marriage, literature, products,
games, wars, manners, crimes, prisons, slaves, heroes, poets, I
suspect their results curiously await in the yet unseen world,
counterparts of what accrued to them in the seen world, I suspect
I shall meet them there,

I suspect I shall there find each old particular of those unnamed lands.

Song of Prudence

Manhattan's streets I saunter'd pondering,

On Time, Space, Reality – on such as these, and abreast with them
Prudence.

The last explanation always remains to be made about prudence,
Little and large alike drop quietly aside from the prudence that suits
immortality.

The soul is of itself,

All verges to it, all has reference to what ensues,

All that a person does, says, thinks, is of consequence,

Not a move can a man or woman make, that affects him or her in a

day, month, any part of the direct lifetime, or the hour of death,
But the same affects him or her onward afterward through the
indirect lifetime.

(10) The indirect is just as much as the direct,

The spirit receives from the body just as much as it gives to the body,
if not more.

Not one word or deed, not venereal sore, discoloration, privacy of the
onanist, Putridity of gluttons or rum-drinkers, speculation,
cunning, betrayal, murder, seduction, prostitution, But has results
beyond death as really as before death.

Charity and personal force are the only investments worth any thing.

No specification is necessary, all that a male or female does, that is
vigorous, benevolent, clean, is so much profit to him or her, In the
unshakable order of the universe and through the whole scope of
it forever.

Who has been wise receives interest,

Savage, felon, President, judge, farmer, sailor, mechanic, literat,
young, old, it is the same, (20) The interest will come round – all
will come round.

Singly, wholly, to affect now, affected their time, will forever affect all
of the past and all of the present and all of the future, All the
brave actions of war and peace,

.....

All help given to relatives, strangers, the poor, old, sorrowful, young
children, widows, the sick, and to shunn'd persons, All self-denial
that stood steady and aloof on wrecks, and saw others fill the
seats of the boats, All offering of substance or life for the good old
cause, or for a friend's sake, or opinion's sake, All pains of
enthusiasts scoff'd at by their neighbors,

All the limitless sweet love and precious suffering of mothers, All
honest men baffled in strifes recorded or unrecorded,

All the grandeur and good of ancient nations whose fragments we
inherit, (30) All the good of the dozens of ancient nations
unknown to us by name, date, location, All that was ever
manfully begun, whether it succeeded or no,

All suggestions of the divine mind of man or the divinity of his mouth,
or the shaping of his great hands, All that is well thought or said
this day on any part of the globe, or on any of the wandering
stars, or on any of the fix'd stars, by those there as we are here,
All that is henceforth to be thought or done by you whoever you
are, or by any one, These inure, have inured, shall inure, to the
identities from which they sprang, or shall spring.

Did you guess any thing lived only its moment?

The world does not so exist, no parts palpable or impalpable so exist,
No consummation exists without being from some long previous
consummation, and that from some other, Without the farthest
conceivable one coming a bit nearer the beginning than any.

(40) Whatever satisfies souls is true;

Prudence entirely satisfies the craving and glut of souls,

Itself only finally satisfies the soul,

The soul has that measureless pride which revolts from every lesson
but its own.

Now I breathe the word of the prudence that walks abreast with time,
space, reality, That answers the pride which refuses every lesson
but its own.

What is prudence is indivisible,

Declines to separate one part of life from every part,

Divides not the righteous from the unrighteous or the living from the
dead, Matches every thought or act by its correlative,

(50) Knows no possible forgiveness or deputed atonement,

Knows that the young man who composedly peril'd his life and lost it
has done exceedingly well for himself without doubt, That he who
never peril'd his life, but retains it to old age in riches and ease,
has probably achiev'd nothing for himself worth mentioning,
Knows that only that person has really learn'd who has learn'd to
prefer results, Who favors body and soul the same,

Who perceives the indirect assuredly following the direct,

Who in his spirit in any emergency whatever neither hurries nor

avoids death.

The Singer in the Prison

1

O sight of pity, shame and dole!

O fearful thought – a convict soul.

Rang the refrain along the hall, the prison,

Rose to the roof, the vaults of heaven above,

Pouring in floods of melody in tones so pensive sweet and strong the

like whereof was never heard, Reaching the far-off sentry and the
armed guards, who ceas'd their pacing, Making the hearer's pulses
stop for ecstasy and awe.

2

The sun was low in the west one winter day,

When down a narrow aisle amid the thieves and outlaws of the land,

(10) (There by the hundreds seated, sear-faced murderers, wily
counterfeiters, Gather'd to Sunday church in prison walls, the
keepers round,

Plenteous, well-armed, watching with vigilant eyes,)

Calmly a lady walk'd holding a little innocent child by either hand,

Whom seating on their stools beside her on the platform,

She, first preluding with the instrument a low and musical prelude, In
voice surpassing all, sang forth a quaint old hymn.

A soul confined by bars and bands,
Cries, help! O help! and wrings her hands,
Blinded her eyes, bleeding her breast,
(20) Nor pardon finds, nor balm of rest.

Ceaseless she paces to and fro,
O heart-sick days! O nights of woe !
Nor hand of friend, nor loving face,
Nor favor comes, nor word of grace.

It was not I that sinn'd the sin,
The ruthless body dragg'd me in;'
Though long I strove courageously,
The body was too much for me.

Dear prison'd soul bear up a space,
(30) For soon or late the certain grace;
To set thee free and bear thee home,
The heavenly pardoner death shall come.

Convict no more, nor shame, nor dole!

Depart – a God-enfranchis'd soul!

3

The singer ceas'd,

One glance swept from her clear calm eyes o'er all those upturn'd
faces, Strange sea of prison faces, a thousand varied, crafty,
brutal, seam'd and beauteous faces, Then rising, passing back
along the narrow aisle between them,

While her gown touch'd them rustling in the silence,

(40) She vanish'd with her children in the dusk.

While upon all, convicts and armed keepers ere they stirr'd,

(Convict forgetting prison, keeper his loaded pistol,)

A hush and pause fell down a wondrous minute,

With deep half-stifled sobs and sound of bad men bow'd and moved to
weeping, And youth's convulsive breathings, memories of home,

The mother's voice in lullaby, the sister's care, the happy childhood,
The long-pent spirit rous'd to reminiscence;

A wondrous minute then – but after in the solitary night, to many,
many there, Years after, even in the hour of death, the sad refrain,
the tune, the voice, the words, (50) Resumed, the large calm lady
walks the narrow aisle,

The wailing melody again, the singer in the prison sings,

O sight of pity, shame and dole!

O fearful thought – a convict soul.

Warble for Lilac-Time

Warble me now for joy of lilac-time, (returning in reminiscence,) Sort
me O tongue and lips for Nature's sake, souvenirs of earliest
summer, Gather the welcome signs, (as children with pebbles or
stringing shells,) Put in April and May, the hylas croaking in the
ponds, the elastic air, Bees, butterflies, the sparrow with its simple
notes,

Blue-bird and darting swallow, nor forget the high-hole flashing his
golden wings, The tranquil sunny haze, the clinging smoke, the
vapor,

Shimmer of waters with fish in them, the cerulean above,

All that is jocund and sparkling, the brooks running,

(10) The maple woods, the crisp February days and the sugar-making,
The robin where he hops, bright-eyed, brown-breasted,

With musical clear call at sunrise, and again at sunset,

Or flitting among the trees of the apple-orchard, building the nest of
his mate, The melted snow of March, the willow sending forth its
yellow-green sprouts, For spring-time is here! the summer is here!

and what is this in it and from it?

Thou, soul, unloosen'd – the restlessness after I know not what; Come,
let us lag here no longer, let us be up and away!

O if one could but fly like a bird!

O to escape, to sail forth as in a ship!

(20) To glide with thee O soul, o'er all, in all, as a ship o'er the waters;
Gathering these hints, the preludes, the blue sky, the grass, the
morning drops of dew, The lilac-scent, the bushes with dark green
heart-shaped leaves, Wood-violets, the little delicate pale
blossoms called innocence, Samples and sorts not for themselves
alone, but for their atmosphere, To grace the bush I love – to sing
with the birds,

A warble for joy of lilac-time, returning in reminiscence.

Outlines for a Tomb

(G.P., BURIED 1870)

1

What may we chant, O thou within this tomb?

What tablets, outlines, hang for thee, O millionaire?

The life thou lived'st we know not,

But that thou walk'dst thy years in barter, 'mid the haunts of brokers,
Nor heroism thine, nor war, nor glory.

2

Silent, my soul,

With drooping lids, as waiting, ponder'd,

Turning from all the samples, monuments of heroes.

While through the interior vistas,

(10) Noiseless uprose, phantasmic, (as by night Auroras of the north,)

Lambent tableaux, prophetic, bodiless scenes,

Spiritual projections.

In one, among the city streets a laborer's home appear'd,

After his day's work done, cleanly, sweet-air'd, the gaslight burning,

The carpet swept and a fire in the cheerful stove.

In one, the sacred parturition scene,

A happy painless mother birth'd a perfect child.

In one, at a bounteous morning meal,

Sat peaceful parents with contented sons.

(20) In one, by twos and threes, young people,

Hundreds concentrating, walk'd the paths and streets and roads,

Toward a tall-domed school.

In one a trio beautiful,
Grandmother, loving daughter, loving daughter's daughter, sat,
Chatting and sewing.

In one, along a suite of noble rooms,
'Mid plenteous books and journals, paintings on the walls, fine
statuettes, Were groups of friendly journeymen, mechanics young
and old,
Reading, conversing.

(30) All, all the shows of laboring life,
City and country, women's, men's and children's,
Their wants provided for, hued in the sun and tinged for once with
joy, Marriage, the street, the factory, farm, the house-room,
lodging-room, Labor and toil, the bath, gymnasium, playground,
library, college, The student, boy or girl, led forward to be taught,
The sick cared for, the shoeless shod, the orphan father'd and
mother'd, The hungry fed, the houseless housed;
(The intentions perfect and divine,
The workings, details, haply human.)

(40) Othou within this tomb,
From thee such scenes, thou stintless, lavish giver,
Tallying the gifts of earth, large as the earth,
Thy name an earth, with mountains, fields and tides.

Nor by your streams alone, you rivers,
By you, your banks Connecticut,
By you and all your teeming life old Thames,
By you Potomac laving the ground Washington trod, by you Patapsco,
 You Hudson, you endless Mississippi – nor you alone,
But to the high seas launch, my thought, his memory.

Out from Behind This Mask

(TO CONFRONT A PORTRAIT)

1

Out from behind this bending rough-cut mask,
These lights and shades, this drama of the whole,
This common curtain of the face contain'd in me for me, in you for
 you, in each for each, (Tragedies, sorrows, laughter, tears – O
 heaven!
The passionate teeming plays this curtain hid!)

This glaze of God's serenest purest sky,
This film of Satan's seething pit,
This heart's geography's map, this limitless small continent, this
 soundless sea; Out from the convolutions of this globe,
(10) This subtler astronomic orb than sun or moon, than Jupiter,
 Venus, Mars, This condensation of the universe, (nay here the
 only universe, Here the idea, all in this mystic handful wrapt;)
These burin'd eyes, flashing to you to pass to future time,
To launch and spin through space revolving sideling, from these to
 emanate, To you whoever you are – a look.

2

A traveler of thoughts and years, of peace and war,
Of youth long sped and middle age declining,
(As the first volume of a tale perused and laid away, and this the
 second, Songs, ventures, speculations, presently to close,)
(20) Lingering a moment here and now, to you I opposite turn,
As on the road or at some crevice door by chance, or open'd window,
 Pausing, inclining, baring my head, you specially I greet,
To draw and clinch your soul for once inseparably with mine,
Then travel travel on.

Vocalism

1

Vocalism, measure, concentration, determination, and the divine
power to speak words; Are you full-lung'd and limber-lipp'd from
long trial? from vigorous practice? from physique?

Do you move in these broad lands as broad as they?

Come duly to the divine power to speak words?

For only at last after many years, after chastity, friendship,
procreation, prudence, and nakedness, After treading ground and
breasting river and lake,

After a loosen'd throat, after absorbing eras, temperaments, races,
after knowledge, freedom, crimes, After complete faith, after
clarifyings, elevations, and removing obstructions, After these and
more, it is just possible there comes to a man, a woman, the
divine power to speak words; (10) Then toward that man or that
woman swiftly hasten all – none refuse, all attend, Armies, ships,
antiquities, libraries, paintings, machines, cities, hate, despair,
amity, pain, theft, murder, aspiration, form in close ranks, They
debouch as they are wanted to march obediently through the
mouth of that man or that woman.

2

O what is it in me that makes me tremble so at voices?

Surely whoever speaks to me in the right voice, him or her I shall
follow, As the water follows the moon, silently, with fluid steps,
anywhere around the globe

anywhere around the globe.

All waits for the right voices;

Where is the practis'd and perfect organ? where is the develop'd soul?

For I see every word utter'd thence has deeper, sweeter, new sounds,
impossible on less terms.

I see brains and lips closed, tympan and temples unstuck,

(20) Until that comes which has the quality to strike and to unclothe,
Until that comes which has the quality to bring forth what lies
slumbering forever ready in all words.

To Him That was Crucified

My spirit to yours dear brother,

Do not mind because many sounding your name do not understand
you, I do not sound your name, but I understand you,

I specify you with joy O my comrade to salute you, and to salute those
who are with you, before and since, and those to come also, That
we all labor together transmitting the same charge and
succession, We few equals indifferent of lands, indifferent of
times,

We, enclosers of all continents, all castes, allowers of all theologies,
Compassionaters, perceivers, rapport of men,

We walk silent among disputes and assertions, but reject not the

disputers nor any thing that is asserted, (10) We hear the bawling
and din, we are reach'd at by divisions, jealousies, recriminations
on every side, They close peremptorily upon us to surround us,
my comrade,

Yet we walk unheld, free, the whole earth over, journeying up and
down till we make our ineffaceable mark upon time and the
diverse eras, Till we saturate time and eras, that the men and
women of races, ages to come, may prove brethren and lovers as
we are.

You Felons on Trial in Courts

You felons on trial in courts,

You convicts in prison-cells, you sentenced assassins chain'd and
handcuff'd with iron, Who am I too that I am not on trial or in
prison?

Me ruthless and devilish as any, that my wrists are not chain'd with
iron, or my ankles with iron?

You prostitutes flaunting over the trottoirs or obscene in your rooms,
Who am I that I should call you more obscene than myself?

O culpable! I acknowledge -I exposé!

(O admirers, praise not me – compliment not me – you make me
wince, I see what you do not -I know what you do not.)

(10) Inside these breast-bones I lie smutch'd and choked, Beneath this
face that appears so impassive hell's tides continually run, Lusts

and wickedness are acceptable to me,
I walk with delinquents with passionate love,
I feel I am of them -I belong to those convicts and prostitutes myself,
And henceforth I will not deny them – for how can I deny myself?

Laws for Creations

Laws for creations,
For strong artists and leaders, for fresh broods of teachers and perfect
literats for America, For noble savans and coming musicians.

All must have reference to the ensemble of the world, and the compact
truth of the world, There shall be no subject too pronounced – all
works shall illustrate the divine law of indirections.

What do you suppose creation is?

What do you suppose will satisfy the soul, except to walk free and own
no superior?

What do you suppose I would intimate to you in a hundred ways, but
that man or woman is as good as God?

And that there is no God any more divine than Yourself?

(10) And that that is what the oldest and newest myths finally mean?

And that you or any one must approach creations through such laws?

To a Common Prostitute

Be composed – be at ease with me -I am Walt Whitman, liberal and
lusty as Nature, Not till the sun excludes you do I exclude you,
Not till the waters refuse to glisten for you and the leaves to rustle for
you, do my words refuse to glisten and rustle for you.

My girl I appoint with you an appointment, and I charge you that you
make preparation to be worthy to meet me, And I charge you that
you be patient and perfect till I come.

Till then I salute you with a significant look that you do not forget me.

I Was Looking a Long While

I was looking a long while for Intentions,

For a clew to the history of the past for myself, and for these chants –
and now I have found it, It is not in those paged fables in the
libraries, (them I neither accept nor reject,) It is no more in the
legends than in all else,

It is in the present – it is this earth to-day,

It is in Democracy – (the purport and aim of all the past,)

It is the life of one man or one woman to-day – the average man of to-
day, It is in languages, social customs, literatures, arts,

It is in the broad show of artificial things, ships, machinery, politics,

creeds, modern improvements, and the interchange of nations,
(10) All for the modern – all for the average man of to-day.

Thought

Of persons arrived at high positions, ceremonies, wealth, scholarships,
and the like; (To me all that those persons have arrived at sinks
away from them, except as it results to their bodies and souls, So
that often to me they appear gaunt and naked,

And often to me each one mocks the others, and mocks himself or
herself, And of each one the core of life, namely happiness, is full
of the rotten excrement of maggots, And often to me those men
and women pass unwittingly the true realities of life, and go
toward fake realities, And often to me they are alive after what
custom has served them, but nothing more, And often to me they
are sad, hasty, unwaked sonnambules walking the dusk.)

Miracles

Why, who makes much of a miracle?

As to me I know of nothing else but miracles,

Whether I walk the streets of Manhattan,

Or dart my sight over the roofs of houses toward the sky,

Or wade with naked feet along the beach just in the edge of the water,

Or stand under trees in the woods,

Or talk by day with any one I love, or sleep in the bed at night with

any one I love, Or sit at table at dinner with the rest,
Or look at strangers opposite me riding in the car,
(10) Or watch honey-bees busy around the hive of a summer
forenoon, Or animals feeding in the fields,
Or birds, or the wonderfulness of insects in the air,
Or the wonderfulness of the sundown, or of stars shining so quiet and
bright, Or the exquisite delicate thin curve of the new moon in
spring; These with the rest, one and all, are to me miracles,
The whole referring, yet each distinct and in its place.

To me every hour of the light and dark is a miracle,
Every cubic inch of space is a miracle,
Every square yard of the surface of the earth is spread with the same,
(20) Every foot of the interior swarms with the same.

To me the sea is a continual miracle,
The fishes that swim – the rocks – the motion of the waves – the ships
with men in them, What stranger miracles are there?

Sparkles from the Wheel

Where the city's ceaseless crowd moves on the livelong day,
Withdrawn I join a group of children watching, I pause aside with
them.

By the curb toward the edge of the flagging,
A knife-grinder works at his wheel sharpening a great knife,
Bending over he carefully holds it to the stone, by foot and knee, With
 measur'd tread he turns rapidly, as he presses with light but firm
 hand, Forth issue then in copious golden jets,
Sparkles from the wheel.

The scene and all its belongings, how they seize and affect me, (10)
 The sad sharp-chinn'd old man with worn clothes and broad
 shoulder-band of leather, Myself effusing and fluid, a phantom
 curiously floating, now here absorb'd and arrested, The group, (an
 unminded point set in a vast surrounding,)
The attentive, quiet children, the loud, proud, restive base of the
 streets, The low hoarse purr of the whirling stone, the light-
 press'd blade, Diffusing, dropping, sideways-darting, in tiny
 showers of gold, Sparkles from the wheel.

To a Pupil

Is reform needed? is it through you?

The greater the reform needed, the greater the Personality you need to
 accomplish it.

You! do you not see how it would serve to have eyes, blood,
complexion, clean and sweet?

Do you not see how it would serve to have such a body and soul that
when you enter the crowd an atmosphere of desire and command
enters with you, and every one is impress'd with your
Personality?

O the magnet! the flesh over and over!

Go, dear friend, if need be give up all else, and commence to-day to
inure yourself to pluck, reality, self-esteem, definiteness,
elevatedness, Rest not till you rivet and publish yourself of your
own Personality.

Unfolded Out of the Folds

Unfolded out of the folds of the woman man comes unfolded, and is
always to come unfolded, Unfolded only out of the superb
woman of the earth is to come the superb man of the earth,
Unfolded out of the friendliest woman is to come the friendliest
man, Unfolded only out of the perfect body of a woman can a
man be form'd of perfect body, Unfolded only out of the
inimitable poems of woman can come the poems of man, (only
thence have my poems come;) Unfolded out of the strong and
arrogant woman I love, only thence can appear the strong and
arrogant man I love, Unfolded by brawny embraces from the well-

muscled woman I love, only thence come the brawny embraces of the man, Unfolded out of the folds of the woman's brain come all the folds of the man's brain, duly obedient, Unfolded out of the justice of the woman all justice is unfolded, (10) Unfolded out of the sympathy of the woman is all sympathy; A man is a great thing upon the earth and through eternity, but every jot of the greatness of man is unfolded out of woman; First the man is shaped in the woman, he can then be shaped in himself.

What am I After All

What am I after all but a child, pleas'd with the sound of my own name? repeating it over and over; I stand apart to hear – it never tires me.

To you your name also;

Did you think there was nothing but two or three pronunciations in the sound of your name?

Kosmos

Who includes diversity and is Nature,

Who is the amplitude of the earth and the coarseness and sexuality of the earth, and the great charity of the earth, and the equilibrium also, Who has not look'd forth from the windows the eyes for nothing, or whose brain held audience with messengers for nothing. Who contains believers and disbelievers, who is the most

nothing, who contains believers and disbelievers, who is the most majestic lover, Who holds duly his or her triune proportion of realism, spiritualism, and of the aesthetic or intellectual, Who having consider'd the body finds all its organs and parts good, Who, out of the theory of the earth and of his or her body, understands by subtle analogies all other theories, The theory of a city, a poem, and of the large politics of these States; Who believes not only in our globe with its sun and moon, but in other globes with their suns and moons, (10) Who, constructing the house of himself or herself, not for a day but for all time, sees races, eras, dates, generations, The past, the future, dwelling there, like space, inseparable together.

Others May Praise What They Like

Others may praise what they like;

But I, from the banks of the running Missouri, praise nothing in art or aught else, Till it has well inhaled the atmosphere of this river, also the western prairie-scent, And exudes it all again.

Who Learns My Lesson Complete?

Who learns my lesson complete?

Boss, journeyman, apprentice, churchman and atheist,

The stupid and the wise thinker, parents and offspring, merchant, clerk, porter and customer, Editor, author, artist, and schoolboy – draw nigh and commence; It is no lesson – it lets down the bars to a good lesson

a good lesson,

And that to another, and every one to another still.

The great laws take and effuse without argument,

I am of the same style, for I am their friend,

I love them quits and quits, I do not halt and make salaams.

(10) I lie abstracted and hear beautiful tales of things and the reasons
of things, They are so beautiful I nudge myself to listen.

I cannot say to any person what I hear -I cannot say it to myself-it is
very wonderful.

It is no small matter, this round and delicious globe moving so exactly
in its orbit for ever and ever, without one jolt or the untruth of a
single second, I do not think it was made in six days, nor in ten
thousand years, nor ten billions of years, Nor plann'd and built
one thing after another as an architect plans and builds a house.

I do not think seventy years is the time of a man or woman,

Nor that seventy millions of years is the time of a man or woman, Nor
that years will ever stop the existence of me, or any one else.

Is it wonderful that I should be immortal? as every one is immortal;
(20) I know it is wonderful, but my eyesight is equally wonderful,
and how I was conceived in my mother's womb is equally
wonderful, And pass'd from a babe in the creeping trance of a
couple of summers and winters to articulate and walk – all this is
equally wonderful.

And that my soul embraces you this hour, and we affect each other
without ever seeing each other, and never perhaps to see each
other, is every bit as wonderful.

And that I can think such thoughts as these is just as wonderful, And
that I can remind you, and you think them and know them to be
true, is just as wonderful.

And that the moon spins round the earth and on with the earth, is
equally wonderful, And that they balance themselves with the sun
and stars is equally wonderful.

Tests

All submit to them where they sit, inner, secure, unapproachable to
analysis in the soul, Not traditions, not the outer authorities are
the judges,

They are the judges of outer authorities and of all traditions, They
corroborate as they go only whatever corroborates themselves

corroborate as they go only whatever corroborates themselves,
and touches themselves; For all that, they have it forever in
themselves to corroborate far and near without one exception.

The Torch

On my Northwest coast in the midst of the night a fisherman's group
stands watching, Out on the lake that expands before them, others
are spearing salmon, The canoe, a dim shadowy thing, moves
across the black water, Bearing a torch ablaze at the prow.

O Star of France (1870-71)

O star of France,
The brightness of thy hope and strength and fame,
Like some proud ship that led the fleet so long,
Beseems to-day a wreck driven by the gale, a mastless hulk,
And 'mid its teeming madden'd half-drown'd crowds,
Nor helm nor helmsman.

Dim smitten star,
Orb not of France alone, pale symbol of my soul, its dearest hopes,
The struggle and the daring, rage divine for liberty,
(10) Of aspirations toward the far ideal, enthusiast's dreams of
brotherhood, Of terror to the tyrant and the priest.

Star crucified – by traitors sold,
Star panting o'er a land of death, heroic land,
Strange, passionate, mocking, frivolous land.

Miserable! yet for thy errors, vanities, sins, I will not now rebuke thee,
Thy unexampled woes and pangs have quell'd them all,
And left thee sacred.

In that amid thy many faults thou ever aimedst highly,
In that thou wouldst not really sell thyself however great the price,
(20) In that thou surely wakedst weeping from thy drugg'd sleep,
In that alone among thy sisters thou, giantess, didst rend the ones
that shamed thee, In that thou couldst not, wouldst not, wear the
usual chains,
This cross, thy livid face, thy pierced hands and feet, The spear thrust
in thy side.

O star! O ship of France, beat back and baffled long!
Bear up O smitten orb! O ship continue on!
Sure as the ship of all, the Earth itself,
Product of deathly fire and turbulent chaos,
Forth from its spasms of fury and its poisons,

(30) Issuing at last in perfect power and beauty,
Onward beneath the sun following its course,
So thee O ship of France!
Finish'd the days, the clouds dispel'd,
The travail o'er, the long-sought extrication,
When lo! reborn high o'er the European world,
(In gladness answering thence, as face afar to face, reflecting ours
Columbia,) Again thy star O France, fair lustrous star,
In heavenly peace, clearer, more bright than ever,
Shall beam immortal.

The Ox-Tamer

In a far-away northern county in the placid pastoral region,
Lives my farmer friend, the theme of my recitative, a famous tamer of
oxen, There they bring him the threes year-olds and the four-year-
olds to break them, He will take the wildest steer in the world and
break him and tame him, He will go fearless without any whip
where the young bullock chafes up and down the yard, The
bullock's head tosses restless high in the air with raging eyes, Yet
see you! how soon his rage subsides – how soon this tamer tames
him; See you! on the farms hereabout a hundred oxen young and
old, and he is the man who has tamed them, They all know him,
all are affectionate to him; (10) See you! some are such beautiful

animals, so lofty looking; Some are buff-color'd, some mottled,
one has a white line running along his back, some are brindled,
Some have wide flaring horns (a good sign) – see you! the bright
hides, See, the two with stars on their foreheads – see, the round
bodies and broad backs, How straight and square they stand on
their legs – what fine sagacious eyes I How they watch their
tamer – they wish him near them – how they turn to look after
him!

What yearning expression! how uneasy they are when he moves away
from them; Now I marvel what it can be he appears to them,
(books, politics, poems, depart – all else departs,) I confess I envy
only his fascination – my silent, illiterate friend, Whom a hundred
oxen love there in his life on farms,

(20) In the northern county far, in the placid pastoral region.

An Old Man's Thought of School

FOR THE INAUGURATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL,

CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY, 1874

An old man's thought of school,

An old man gathering youthful memories and blooms that youth itself
cannot.

Now only do I know you,

O fair auroral skies – O morning dew upon the grass!

And these I see, these sparkling eyes,
These stores of mystic meaning, these young lives,
Building, equipping like a fleet of ships, immortal ships,
Soon to sail out over the measureless seas,
On the soul's voyage.

(10) Only a lot of boys and girls?

Only the tiresome spelling, writing, ciphering classes?

Only a public school?

Ah more, infinitely more;

(As George Fox rais'd his warning cry,' Is it this pile of brick and
mortar, these dead floors, windows, rails, you call the church?

Why this is not the church at all – the church is living, ever living
souls.')

And you America,

Cast you the real reckoning for your present?

The lights and shadows of your future, good or evil?

To girlhood, boyhood look, the teacher and the school.

Wandering at Morn

Wandering at morn,

Emerging from the night from gloomy thoughts, thee in my thoughts,
Yearning for thee harmonious Union! thee, singing bird divine!

Thee coil'd in evil times my country, with craft and black dismay, with
every meanness, treason thrust upon thee, This common marvel I
beheld – the parent thrush I watch'd feeding its young, The
singing thrush whose tones of joy and faith ecstatic,
Fail not to certify and cheer my soul.

There ponder'd, felt I,
If worms, snakes, loathsome grubs, may to sweet spiritual songs be
turn'd, (10) If vermin so transposed, so used and bless'd may be,
Then may I trust in you, your fortunes, days, my country;
Who knows but these may be the lessons fit for you?
From these your future song may rise with joyous trills,
Destin'd to fill the world.

Italian Music in Dakota

(‘THE SEVENTEENTH-THE FINEST REGIMENTAL
BAND I EVER HEARD.’)

Through the soft evening air enwinding all,
Rocks, woods, fort, cannon, pacing sentries, endless wilds,
In dulcet streams, in flutes’ and cornets’ notes,

Electric, pensive, turbulent, artificial,
(Yet strangely fitting even here, meanings unknown before,
Subtler than ever, more harmony, as if born here, related here, Not to
the city's fresco'd rooms, not to the audience of the opera house,
Sounds, echoes, wandering strains, as really here at home,
Sonnambula's innocent love, trios with *Norma's* anguish, (10) And thy
ecstatic chorus *Poliuto*;)
Ray'd in the limpid yellow slanting sundown,
Music, Italian music in Dakota.

While Nature, sovereign of this gnarl'd realm,
Lurking in hidden barbaric grim recesses,
Acknowledging rapport however far remov'd,
(As some old root or soil of earth its last-born flower or fruit,) Listens
well pleas'd.

With All Thy Gifts

With all thy gifts America,
Standing secure, rapidly tending, overlooking the world,
Power, wealth, extent, vouchsafed to thee – with these and like of
these vouchsafed to thee, What if one gift thou lackest? (the
ultimate human problem never solving,) The gift of perfect

women fit for thee – what if that gift of gifts thou lackest?

The towering feminine of thee? the beauty, health, completion, fit for thee?

The mothers fit for thee?

My Picture-gallery

In a little house keep I pictures suspended, it is not a fix'd house, It is round, it is only a few inches from one side to the other; Yet behold, it has room for all the shows of the world, all memories!

Here the tableaux of life, and here the groupings of death;

Here, do you know this? this is cicerone himself,

With finger rais'd he points to the prodigal pictures.

The Prairie States

A newer garden of creation, no primal solitude,

Dense, joyous, modern, populous millions, cities and farms,

With iron interlaced, composite, tied, many in one,

By all the world contributed – freedom's and law's and thrift's society,

The crown and teeming paradise, so far, of time's accumulations,

To justify the past

Proud Music of the Storm

Proud music of the storm,
Blast that careers so free, whistling across the prairies,
Strong hum of forest tree-tops – wind of the mountains,
Personified dim shapes – you hidden orchestras,
You serenades of phantoms, with instruments alert,
Blending with Nature's rhythmus all the tongues of nations;
You chords left as by vast composers – you choruses,
You formless, free, religious dances – you from the Orient,
You undertone of rivers, roar of pouring cataracts,
(10) You sounds from distant guns with galloping cavalry,
Echoes of camps with all the different bugle-calls,
Trooping tumultuous, filling the midnight late, bending me powerless,
 Entering my lonesome slumber-chamber, why have you seiz'd
 me?

2

Come forward O my soul, and let the rest retire,
Listen, lose not, it is toward thee they tend,
Parting the midnight, entering my slumber-chamber,
For thee they sing and dance O soul.

A festival song,

The duet of the bridegroom and the bride, a marriage-march,
(20) With lips of love, and hearts of lovers fill'd to the brim with love,
The red-flush'd cheeks and perfumes, the cortege swarming full of
friendly faces young and old, To flutes' clear notes and sounding
harps' cantabile.

Now loud approaching drums,
Victoria! see'st thou in powder-smoke the banners torn but flying? the
rout of the baffled?
Hearest those shouts of a conquering army?
(Ah soul, the sobs of women, the wounded groaning in agony, The hiss
and crackle of flames, the blacken'd ruins, the embers of cities,
The dirge and desolation of mankind.)

Now airs antique and mediaeval fill me,
(30) I see and hear old harpers with their harps at Welsh festivals, I
hear the minnesingers singing their lays of love,
I hear the minstrels, gleemen, troubadours, of the middle ages.
Now the great organ sounds,
Tremulous, while underneath, (as the hid footholds of the earth, On
which arising rest, and leaping forth depend,
All shapes of beauty, grace and strength, all hues we know,
Green blades of grass and warbling birds, children that gambol and

play, the clouds of heaven above,) The strong base stands, and its
pulsations intermits not,

Bathing, supporting, merging all the rest, maternity of all the rest, (40)

And with it every instrument in multitudes,

The players playing, all the world's musicians,

The solemn hymns and masses rousing adoration,

All passionate heart-chants, sorrowful appeals,

The measureless sweet vocalists of ages,

And for their solvent setting earth's own diapason,

Of winds and woods and mighty ocean waves,

A new composite orchestra, binder of years and climes, ten-fold
renewer, As of the far-back days the poets tell, the Paradiso,

The straying thence, the separation long, but now the wandering done,
(50) The journey done, the journeyman come home,

And man and art with Nature fused again.

Tutti! for earth and heaven;

(The Almighty leader now for once has signal'd with his wand.)

The manly strophe of the husbands of the world, And all the wives
responding.

The tongues of violins,

(I think O tongues we tell this heart that cannot tell itself. This

(I think O tongues ye tell this heart, that cannot tell itself, this
brooding yearning heart, that cannot tell itself.)

3

Ah from a little child,

(60) Thou knowest soul how to me all sounds became music,

My mother's voice in lullaby or hymn,

(The voice, O tender voices, memory's loving voices,

Last miracle of all, O dearest mother's, sister's, voices;)

The rain, the growing corn, the breeze among the long-leav'd corn,

The measur'd sea-surf beating on the sand,

The twittering bird, the hawk's sharp scream,

The wild-fowl's notes at night as flying low migrating north or south,

The psalm in the country church or mid the clustering trees, the

open air camp-meeting, The fiddler in the tavern, the glee, the

long-strung sailor-song, (70) The lowing cattle, bleating sheep,

the crowing cock at dawn.

All songs of current lands come sounding round me,

The German airs of friendship, wine and love,

Irish ballads, merry jigs and dances, English warbles,

Chansons of France, Scotch tunes, and o'er the rest,

Italia's peerless compositions.

Across the stage with pallor on her face, yet lurid passion,
Stalks Norma brandishing the dagger in her hand.

I see poor crazed Lucia's eyes' unnatural gleam,
Her hair down her back falls loose and dishevel'd.

(80) I see where Ernani walking the bridal garden,
Amid the scent of night-roses, radiant, holding his bride by the hand,
Hears the infernal call, the death-pledge of the horn.
To crossing swords and gray hairs bared to heaven, The clear electric
base and baritone of the world,
The trombone duo, Libertad forever !
From Spanish chestnut trees' dense shade,
By old and heavy convent walls a wailing song,
Song of lost love, the torch of youth and life quench'd in despair, Song
of the dying swan, Fernando's heart is breaking.

(90) Awaking from her woes at last retriev'd Amina sings,
Copious as stars and glad as morning light the torrents of her joy.

(The teeming lady comes,
The lustrous orb, Venus contralto, the blooming mother,

Sister of loftiest gods, Alboni's self I hear.)

4

I hear those odes, symphonies, operas,

I hear in the *William Tell* the music of an arous'd and angry people, I
hear Meyerbeer's *Huguenots*, the *Prophet*, or *Robert*, Gounod's
Faust, or Mozart's *Don Fuan*.

I hear the dance-music of all nations,

(100) The waltz, some delicious measure, lapsing, bathing me in bliss,
The bolero to tinkling guitars and clattering castanets.

I see religious dances old and new,

I hear the sound of the Hebrew lyre,

I see the crusaders marching bearing the cross on high, to the martial
clang of cymbals, I hear dervishes monotonously chanting,
interspers'd with frantic shouts, as they spin around turning
always towards Mecca, I see the rapt religious dances of the
Persians and the Arabs,

Again, at Eleusis, home of Ceres, I see the modern Greeks dancing, I
hear them clapping their hands as they bend their bodies,

I hear the metrical shuffling of their feet.

(110) I see again the wild old Corybantic dance, the performers
wounding each other, I see the Roman youth to the shrill sound of
flageolets throwing and catching their weapons, As they fall on
their knees and rise again.

I hear from the Mussulman mosque the muezzin calling,
I see the worshippers within, nor form nor sermon, argument nor
word, But silent, strange, devout, rais'd, glowing heads, ecstatic
faces.

I hear the Egyptian harp of many strings,
The primitive chants of the Nile boatmen,
The sacred imperial hymns of China,
To the delicate sounds of the king, (the stricken wood and stone,)
(120) Or to Hindu flutes and the fretting twang of the vina,
A band of bayaderes.

5

Now Asia, Africa leave me, Europe seizing inflates me,
To organs huge and bands I hear as from vast concourses of voices,
Luther's strong hymn *Eine feste Burg ist unser Gott*,
Rossini's *Stabat Mater dolorosa*,

Or floating in some high cathedral dim with gorgeous color'd
windows, The passionate *Agnus Dei* or *Gloria in Excelsis*.

Composers! mighty maestros!

And you, sweet singers of old lands, soprani, tenon, bassi!

(130) To you a new bard caroling in the West,

Obeisant sends his love.

(Such led to thee O soul,

All senses, shows and objects, lead to thee,

But now it seems to me sound leads o'er all the rest.)

I hear the annual singing of the children in St Paul's cathedral, Or,
under the high roof of some colossal hall, the symphonies,
oratorios of Beethoven, Handel, or Haydn, The *Creation* in billows
of godhood laves me.

Give me to hold all sounds, (I madly struggling cry,)

Fill me with all the voices of the universe,

(140) Endow me with their throbbings, Nature's also,

The tempests, waters, winds, operas and chants, marches and dances,
Utter, pour in, for I would take them all!

Then I woke softly,
And pausing, questioning awhile the music of my dream,
And questioning all those reminiscences, the tempest in its fury, And
all the songs of sopranos and tenors,
And those rapt oriental dances of religious fervor,
And the sweet varied instruments, and the diapason of organs,
And all the artless plaints of love and grief and death,
(150) I said to my silent curious soul out of the bed of the slumber-
chamber, Come, for I have found the clew I sought so long,
Let us go forth refresh'd amid the day,
Cheerfully tallying life, walking the world, the real,
Nourish'd henceforth by our celestial dream.

And I said, moreover,
Haply what thou hast heard O soul was not the sound of winds,
Nor dream of raging storm, nor sea-hawk's flapping wings nor harsh
scream, Nor vocalism of sun-bright Italy,
Nor German organ majestic, nor vast concourse of voices, nor layers of
harmonies, (160) Nor strophes of husbands and wives, nor sound
of marching soldiers, Nor flutes, nor harps, nor the bugle-calls of
camps,
But to a new rhythmus fitted for thee,
Poems bridging the way from Life to Death, vaguely wafted in night

air, uncaught, unwritten, Which let us go forth in the bold day
and write.

Passage to India

1

Singing my days,
Singing the great achievements of the present,
Singing the strong light works of engineers,
Our modern wonders, (the antique ponderous Seven outvied,)
In the Old World the east the Suez canal,
The New by its mighty railroad spann'd,
The seas inlaid with eloquent gentle wires;
Yet first to sound, and ever sound, the cry with thee O soul,
The Past! the Past! the Past!
(10) The Past – the dark unfathom'd retrospect!
The teeming gulf-the sleepers and the shadows!
The past – the infinite greatness of the past!
For what is the present after all but a growth out of the past?
(As a projectile form'd, impell'd, passing a certain line, still keeps on,
So the present, utterly form'd, impell'd by the past.)

4

Passage O soul to India!

Eclaircise the myths Asiatic, the primitive fables.

Not you alone proud truths of the world,

Nor you alone ye facts of modern science,

(20) But myths and fables of eld, Asia's, Africa's fables,

The far-darting beams of the spirit, the unloos'd dreams,

The deep diving bibles and legends,

The daring plots of the poets, the elder religions;

O you temples fairer than lilies pour'd over by the rising sun!

O you fables spurning the known, eluding the hold of the known,
mounting to heaven!

You lofty and dazzling towers, pinnacled, red as roses, burnish'd with
gold!

Towers of fables immortal fashion'd from mortal dreams!

You too I welcome and fully the same as the rest!

You too with joy I sing.

(30) Passage to India!

Lo, soul, seest thou not God's purpose from the first?

The earth to be spann'd, connected by network,

The races, neighbors, to marry and be given in marriage,
The oceans to be cross'd, the distant brought near,
The lands to be welded together.

A worship new I sing,
You captains, voyagers, explorers, yours,
You engineers, you architects, machinists, yours,
You, not for trade or transportation only,
(40) But in God's name, and for thy sake O soul.

3

Passage to India!

Lo soul for thee of tableaux twain,
I see in one the Suez canal initiated, open'd,
I see the procession of steamships, the Empress Eugenie's leading the
van, I mark from on deck the strange landscape, the pure sky, the
level sand in the distance, I pass swiftly the picturesque groups,
the workmen gather'd,
The gigantic dredging machines.

In one again, different, (yet thine, all thine, O soul, the same,) I see
over my own continent the Pacific railroad surmounting every

barrier, (50) I see continual trains of cars winding along the Platte carrying freight and passengers, I hear the locomotives rushing and roaring, and the shrill steam-whistle, I hear the echoes reverberate through the grandest scenery in the world, I cross the Laramie plains, I note the rocks in grotesque shapes, the buttes, I see the plentiful larkspur and wild onions, the barren, colorless, sage-deserts, I see in glimpses afar or towering immediately above me the great mountains, I see the Wind river and the Wahsatch mountains, I see the Monument mountain and the Eagle's Nest, I pass the Promontory, I ascend the Nevadas, I scan the noble Elk mountain and wind around its base,

I see the Humboldt range, I thread the valley and cross the river, I see the clear waters of lake Tahoe, I see forests of majestic pines, (60) Or crossing the great desert, the alkaline plains, I behold enchanting mirages of waters and meadows, Marking through these and after all, in duplicate slender lines, Bridging the three or four thousand miles of land travel,

Tying the Eastern to the Western sea,

The road between Europe and Asia.

(Ah Genoese thy dream! thy dream!

Centuries after thou art laid in thy grave,

The shore thou foundest verifies thy dream.)

Passage to India!

Struggles of many a captain, tales of many a sailor dead,

(70) Over my mood stealing and spreading they come,

Like clouds and cloudlets in the unreach'd sky.

Along all history, down the slopes,

As a rivulet running, sinking now, and now again to the surface rising,

A ceaseless thought, a varied train – lo, soul, to thee, thy sight,
they rise, The plans, the voyages again, the expeditions;

Again Vasco de Gama sails forth,

Again the knowledge gain'd, the mariner's compass,

Lands found and nations born, thou born America,

For purpose vast, man's long probation fill'd,

(80) Thou rondure of the world at last accomplish'd.

5

O vast Rondure, swimming in space,

Cover'd all over with visible power and beauty,

Alternate light and day and the teeming spiritual darkness,

Unspeakable high processions of sun and moon and countless stars

above, Below, the manifold grass and waters, animals, mountains,
trees With inscrutable purpose some hidden prophetic intention

...trees, with inscrutable purpose, some hidden prophetic intention,
Now first it seems my thought begins to span thee.

Down from the gardens of Asia descending radiating,
Adam and Eve appear, then their myriad progeny after them,
(90) Wandering, yearning, curious, with restless explorations,
With questionings, baffled, formless, feverish, with never-happy
 hearts, With that sad incessant refrain, *Wherefore unsatisfied soul?*
 and *Wither O mocking life?*

Ah who shall soothe these feverish children?

Who justify these restless explorations?

Who speak the secret of impassive earth?

Who bind it to us? what is this separate Nature so unnatural?

What is this earth to our affections? (unloving earth, without a throb
 to answer ours, Cold earth, the place of graves.)

Yet soul be sure the first intent remains, and shall be carried out, 100
 Perhaps even now the time has arrived.

After the seas are all cross'd, (as they seem already cross'd,) After the
 great captains and engineers have accomplish'd their work, After
 the noble inventors, after the scientists, the chemist, the geologist,
 ethnologist, Finally shall come the poet worthy that name,

The true son of God shall come singing his songs.

Then not your deeds only O voyagers, O scientists and inventors, shall
be justified, All these hearts as of fretted children shall be sooth'd,

All affection shall be fully responded to, the secret shall be told, All
these separations and gaps shall be taken up and hook'd and
link'd together, (110) The whole earth, this cold, impassive,
voiceless earth, shall be completely justified, Trinitas divine shall
be gloriously accomplish'd and compacted by the true son of God,
the poet, (He shall indeed pass the straits and conquer the
mountains,

He shall double the cape of Good Hope to some purpose,)

Nature and Man shall be disjoin'd and diffused no more,

The true son of God shall absolutely fuse them.

6

Year at whose wide-flung door I sing!

Year of the purpose accomplish'd!

Year of the marriage of continents, climates and oceans!

(No mere doge of Venice now wedding the Adriatic,)

(120) I see O year in you the vast terraqueous globe given and giving
all, Europe to Asia, Africa join'd, and they to the New World, The
lands, geographies, dancing before you, holding a festival garland,

As brides and bridegrooms hand in hand.

Passage to India]

Cooling airs from Caucasus far, soothing cradle of man,

The river Euphrates flowing, the past lit up again.

Lo soul, the retrospect brought forward,

The old, most populous, wealthiest of earth's lands,

The streams of the Indus and the Ganges and their many affluents,

(130) (I my shores of America walking to-day behold, resuming
all,) The tale of Alexander on his warlike marches suddenly dying,

On one side China and on the other side Persia and Arabia,

To the south the great seas and the bay of Bengal,

The flowing literatures, tremendous epics, religions, castes,

Old occult Brahma interminably far back, the tender and junior

Buddha, Central and southern empires and all their belongings,
possessors, The wars of Tamerlane, the reign of Aurungzebe,

The traders, rulers, explorers, Moslems, Venetians, Byzantium, the

Arabs, Portuguese, The first travelers famous yet, Marco Polo,
Batouta the

Moor,

(140) Doubts to be solv'd, the map incognita, blanks to be fill'd, The

foot of man unstay'd, the hands never at rest,
Thyself O soul that will not brook a challenge.

The mediaeval navigators rise before me,
The world of 1492, with its awaken'd enterprise,
Something swelling in humanity now like the sap of the earth in
spring, The sunset splendor of chivalry declining.

And who art thou sad shade?
Gigantic, visionary, thyself a visionary,
With majestic limbs and pious beaming eyes,
(150) Spreading around with every look of thine a golden word,
Enhuing it with gorgeous hues.

As the chief histrion,
Down to the footlights walks in some great scena,
Dominating the rest I see the Admiral himself,
(History's type of courage, action, faith,)
Behold him sail from Palos leading his little fleet,
His voyage behold, his return, his great fame,
His misfortune, calumniators, behold him a prisoner, chain'd,

— 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1

Behold his dejection, poverty, death.

(160) (Curious in time I stand, noting the efforts of heroes,
Is the deferment long? bitter the slander, poverty, death?
Lies the seed unreck'd for centuries in the ground? lo, to
God's due occasion,
Uprising in the night, it sprouts, blooms,
And fills the earth with use and beauty.)

7

Passage indeed O soul to primal thought,
Not lands and seas alone, thy own clear freshness,
The young maturity of brood and bloom,
To realms of budding bibles.

O soul, repressless, I with thee and thou with me,
(170) The circumnavigation of the world begin,
Of man, the voyage of his mind's return,
To reason's early paradise,
Back, back to wisdom's birth, to innocent intuitions,
Again with fair creation.

O we can wait no longer,
 We too take ship O soul,
 Joyous we too launch out on trackless seas,
 Fearless for unknown shores on waves of ecstasy to sail, Amid the
 wafting winds, (thou pressing me to thee, I thee to me, O soul,) (180)
 Caroling free, singing our song of God,
 Chanting our chant of pleasant exploration.

With laugh and many a kiss,
 (Let others deprecate, let others weep for sin, remorse, humiliation,) O
 soul thou pleasest me, I thee.

Ah more than any priest O soul we too believe in God,
 But with the mystery of God we dare not dally.

O soul thou pleasest me, I thee,
 Sailing these seas or on the hills, or waking in the night,
 Thoughts, silent thoughts, of Time and Space and Death, like waters
 flowing, (190) Bear me indeed as through the regions infinite,
 Whose air I breathe, whose ripples hear, lave me all over,
 Bathe me O God in thee, mounting to thee

bathe me O God in thee, moulding to thee,

I and my soul to range in range of thee.

O Thou transcendent,

Nameless, the fibre and the breath,

Light of the light, shedding forth universes, thou centre of them, Thou
mightier centre of the true, the good, the loving,

Thou moral, spiritual fountain – affection's source – thou reservoir, (O
pensive soul of me – O thirst unsatisfied – waitest not there?

(200) Waitest not haply for us somewhere there the Comrade perfect?)
Thou pulse – thou motive of the stars, suns, systems,

That, circling, move in order, safe, harmonious,

Athwart the shapeless vastnesses of space,

How should I think, how breathe a single breath, how speak if, out of
myself, I could not launch, to those, superior universes?

Swiftly I shrivel at the thought of God,

At Nature and its wonders, Time and Space and Death,

But that I, turning, call to thee O soul, thou actual Me,

And lo, thou gently masterest the orbs,

(210) Thou matest Time, smilest content at Death,

And fillest, swellest full the vastnesses of Space.

Greater than stars or suns,

Thou art the soul of all that is, that was, that shall be.

Bounding O soul thou journeyest forth;
What love than thine and ours could wider amplify?
What aspirations, wishes, outvie thine and ours O soul?
What dreams of the ideal? what plans of purity, perfection, strength?
What cheerful willingness for others' sake to give up all?
For others' sake to suffer all?
Reckoning ahead O soul, when thou, the time achiev'd,
(220) The seas all cross'd, weather'd the capes, the voyage done,
Surrounded, copest, frontest God, yieldest, the aim attain'd,
As fill'd with friendship, love complete, the Elder Brother found, The
Younger melts in fondness in his arms.

9

Passage to more than India!
Are thy wings plumed indeed for such far flights?
O soul, voyagest thou indeed on voyages like those?
Disportest thou on waters such as those?
Soundest below the Sanscrit and the Vedas?
Then have they bent unleash'd.

(230) Passage to you, your shores, ye aged fierce enigmas!
Passage to you, to mastership of you, ye strangling problems!

You, strewn with the wrecks of skeletons, that, living, never reach'd
you.

Passage to more than India!

O secret of the earth and sky!

Of you O waters of the sea! O winding creeks and rivers!

Of you O woods and fields! of you strong mountains of my land!

Of you O prairies! of you gray rocks!

O morning red! O clouds! O rain and snows!

O day and night, passage to you!

(240) O sun and moon and all you stars 1 Sirius and Jupiter!

Passage to you!

Passage, immediate passage! the blood burns in my veins I

Away O soul! hoist instantly the anchor!

Cut the hawsers – haul out – shake out every sail!

Have we not stood here like trees in the ground long enough?

Have we not grovel'd here long enough, eating and drinking like mere
brutes?

Have we not darkened and dazed ourselves with books long enough?

Sail forth – steer for the deep waters only,

Reckless O soul, exploring, I with thee, and thou with me,

(250) For we are bound where mariner has not yet dared to go

(250) For we are bound where mankind has not yet dared to go,
And we will risk the ship, ourselves and all.

O my brave soul!

O farther farther sail!

O daring joy, but safe! are they not all the seas of God?

O farther, farther, farther sail!

Prayer of Columbus

A batter'd, wreck'd old man,

Thrown on this savage shore, far, far from home,

Pent by the sea and dark rebellious brows, twelve dreary months,

Sore, stiff with many toils, sicken'd and nigh to death,

I take my way along the island's edge,

Venting a heavy heart.

I am too full of woe!

Haply I may not live another day;

I cannot rest O God, I cannot eat or drink or sleep,

(10) Till I put forth myself, my prayer, once more to Thee,

Breathe, bathe myself once more in Thee, commune with

Thee,

Report myself once more to Thee.

Thou knowest my years entire, my life,

My long and crowded life of active work, not adoration merely;

Thou knowest the prayers and vigils of my youth,

Thou knowest my manhood's solemn and visionary meditations,

Thou knowest how before I commenced I devoted all to come to Thee,

Thou knowest I have in age ratified all those vows and strictly
kept them, Thou knowest I have not once lost nor faith nor
ecstasy in

Thee,

(20) In shackles, prison'd, in disgrace, repining not,

Accepting all from Thee, as duly come from Thee.

All my emprises have been fill'd with Thee,

My speculations, plans, begun and carried on in thoughts of

Thee,

Sailing the deep or journeying the land for Thee;

Intentions, purports, aspirations mine, leaving results to

Thee.

O I am sure they really came from Thee,

The urge, the ardor, the unconquerable will,
The potent, felt, interior command, stronger than words,
A message from the Heavens whispering to me even in sleep,
(30) These sped me on.

By me and these the work so far accomplish'd, By me earth's elder
cloy'd and stifled lands uncloy'd, unloos'd, By me the hemispheres
rounded and tied, the unknown to the known.

The end I know not, it is all in Thee,
Or small or great I know not – haply what broad fields, what lands,
Haply the brutish measureless human undergrowth I know,
Transplanted there may rise to stature, knowledge worthy
Thee,
Haply the swords I know may there indeed be turn'd to reaping-tools,
Haply the lifeless cross I know, Europe's dead cross, may bud and
blossom there.

(40) One effort more, my altar this bleak sand;
That Thou O God my life hast lighted,
With ray of light, steady, ineffable, vouchsafed of Thee,
Light rare untellable, lighting the very light,

Beyond all signs, descriptions, languages;
For that O God, be it my latest word, here on my knees,
Old, poor, and paralyzed, I thank Thee.

My terminus near,
The clouds already closing in upon me,
The voyage balk'd the course disputed, lost,
(50) I yield my ships to Thee.

My hands, my limbs grow nerveless,
My brain feels rack'd, bewilder'd,
Let the old timbers part, I will not part,
I will cling fast to Thee, O God, though the waves buffet me,
Thee, Thee at least I know.

Is it the prophet's thought I speak, or am I raving?
What do I know of life? what of myself?
I know not even my own work past or present,
Dim ever-shifting guesses of it spread before me, (60) Of newer better
worlds, their mighty paturition,
Mocking, perplexing me.

And these things I see suddenly, what mean they?
As if some miracle, some hand divine unseal'd my eyes,
Shadowy vast shapes smile through the air and sky,
And on the distant waves sail countless ships,
And anthems in new tongues I hear saluting me.

The Sleepers

1

I wander all night in my vision,
Stepping with light feet, swiftly and noiselessly stepping and stopping,
 Bending with open eyes over the shut eyes of sleepers,
Wandering and confused, lost to myself, ill-assorted, contradictory,
 Pausing, gazing, bending, and stopping.

How solemn they look there, stretch'd and still,
How quiet they breathe, the little children in their cradles.

The wretched features of ennuyés, the white features of corpses, the
 livid faces of drunkards, the sick-gray faces of onanists, The
 gash'd bodies on battle-fields, the insane in their strong-door'd
 rooms, the sacred idiots, the new-born emerging from gates, and

the dying emerging from gates, (10) The night pervades them and
infolds them.

The married couple sleep calmly in their bed, he with his palm on the
hip of the wife, and she with her palm on the hip of the husband,
The sisters sleep lovingly side by side in their bed,
The men sleep lovingly side by side in theirs,
And the mother sleeps with her little child carefully wrapt.

The blind sleep, and the deaf and dumb sleep,
The prisoner sleeps well in the prison, the runaway son sleeps, The
murderer that is to be hung next day, how does he sleep?
And the murder'd person, how does he sleep?
The female that loves unrequited sleeps,
(20) And the male that loves unrequited sleeps,
The head of the money-maker that plotted all day sleeps,
And the enraged and treacherous dispositions, all, all sleep.

I stand in the dark with drooping eyes by the worst-suffering and the
most restless, I pass my hands soothingly to and fro a few inches
from them,
The restless sink in their beds, they fitfully sleep.

Now I pierce the darkness, new beings appear,
The earth recedes from me into the night,
I saw that it was beautiful, and I see that what is not the earth is
beautiful.

I go from bedside to bedside, I sleep close with the other sleepers each
in turn, (30) I dream in my dream all the dreams of the other
dreamers,
And I become the other dreamers.

I am a dance – play up there! the fit is whirling me fast!
I am the ever-laughing – it is new moon and twilight,
I see the hiding of douceurs, I see nimble ghosts whichever way I look,
Cache and cache again deep in the ground and sea, and where it
is neither ground nor sea.

Well do they do their jobs those journeymen divine,
Only from me can they hide nothing, and would not if they could, I
reckon I am their boss and they make me a pet besides,
And surround me and lead me and run ahead when I walk,
(40) To lift their cunning covers to signify me with stretch'd arms, and
resume the way; Onward we move, a gay gang of blackguards!

with mirth-shouting music and wild-flapping pennants of joy I I
am the actor, the actress, the voter, the politician,

The emigrant and the exile, the criminal that stood in the box, He who
has been famous and he who shall be famous after to-day, The
stammerer, the well-form'd person, the wasted or feeble person.

I am she who adorn'd herself and folded her hair expectantly,
My truant lover has come, and it is dark.

Double yourself and receive me darkness,
Receive me and my lover too, he will not let me go without him.

(50) I roll myself upon you as upon a bed, I resign myself to the dusk.

He whom I call answers me and takes the place of my lover,
He rises with me silently from the bed.

Darkness, you are gentler than my lover, his flesh was sweaty and
panting, I feel the hot moisture yet that he left me.

My hands are spread forth, I pass them in all directions,
I would sound up the shadowy shore to which you are journeying.

Be careful darkness! already what was it touch'd me?
I thought my lover had gone, else darkness and he are one,
I hear the heart-beat, I follow, I fade away.

2

(60) I descend my western course, my sinews are flaccid,
Perfume and youth course through me and I am their wake.
It is my face yellow and wrinkled instead of the old woman's, I sit low
in a straw-bottom chair and carefully darn my grandson's
stockings.

It is I too, the sleepless widow looking out on the winter midnight, I
see the sparkles of starshine on the icy and pallid earth.

A shroud I see and I am the shroud, I wrap a body and lie in the
coffin, It is dark here under ground, it is not evil or pain here, it is
blank here, for reasons.

(It seems to me that every thing in the light and air ought to be happy,
Whoever is not in his coffin and the dark grave let him know he
has enough.)

3

(70) I see a beautiful gigantic swimmer swimming naked through the
eddie of the sea, His brown hair lies close and even to his head,
he strikes out with courageous arms, he urges himself with his
legs, I see his white body, I see his undaunted eyes,
I hate the swift-running eddies that would dash him head-foremost on
the rocks.

What are you doing you ruffianly red-trickled waves?

Will you kill the courageous giant? will you kill him in the prime of
his middle age?

Steady and long he struggles,

He is baffled, bang'd, bruise'd, he holds out while his strength holds
out, The slapping eddies are spotted with his blood, they bear him
away, they roll him, swing him, turn him, His beautiful body is
borne in the circling eddies, it is continually bruise'd on rocks, (80)
Swiftly and out of sight is borne the brave corpse.

4

I turn but do not extricate myself,

Confused, a past-reading, another, but with darkness yet.

The beach is cut by the razory ice-wind, the wreck-guns sound,

The tempest lulls, the moon comes floundering through the drifts.

I look where the ship helplessly heads end on, I hear the burst as she strikes, I hear the howls of dismay, they grow fainter and fainter.

I cannot aid with my wringing fingers,

I can but rush to the surf and let it drench me and freeze upon me.

I search with the crowd, not one of the company is wash'd to us alive,
In the morning I help pick up the dead and lay them in rows in a barn.

5

(90) Now of the older war-days, the defeat at Brooklyn,

Washington stands inside the lines, he stands on the intrench'd hills
amid a crowd of officers, His face is cold and damp, he cannot
repress the weeping drops, He lifts the glass perpetually to his
eyes, the color is blanch'd from his cheeks, He sees the slaughter
of the southern braves confided to him by their parents.

The same at last and at last when peace is declared,

He stands in the room of the old tavern, the well-belov'd soldiers all
pass through, The officers speechless and slow draw near in their
turns

turns,

The chief encircles their necks with his arm and kisses them on the cheek, He kisses lightly the wet cheeks one after another, he shakes hands and bids good-by to the army.

6

(100) Now what my mother told me one day as we sat at dinner together, Of when she was a nearly grown girl living home with her parents on the old homestead.

A red squaw came one breakfast-time to the old homestead,
On her back she carried a bundle of rushes for rush-bottoming chairs,
Her hair, straight, shiny, coarse, black, profuse, half-envelop'd her face,
Her step was free and elastic, and her voice sounded exquisitely as she spoke.

My mother look'd in delight and amazement at the stranger,
She look'd at the freshness of her tall-borne face and full and pliant limbs,
The more she look'd upon her she loved her,
Never before had she seen such wonderful beauty and purity,
(110) She made her sit on a bench by the jamb of the fireplace, she cook'd food for her, She had no work to give her, but she gave her remembrance and fondness.

The red squaw staid all the forenoon, and toward the middle of the
afternoon she went away, O my mother was loth to have her go
away,

All the week she thought of her, she watch'd for her many a month,
She remember'd her many a winter and many a summer,
But the red squaw never came nor was heard of there again.

7

A show of the summer softness – a contact of something unseen – an
amour of the light and air, I am jealous and overwhelm'd with
friendliness,

And will go gallivant with the light and air myself.

(120) O love and summer, you are in the dreams and in me, Autumn
and winter are in the dreams, the farmer goes with his thrift, The
droves and crops increase, the barns are well-fill'd.

Elements merge in the night, ships make tracks in the dreams,

The sailor sails, the exile returns home,

The fugitive returns unharm'd, the immigrant is back beyond months
and years, The poor Irishman lives in the simple house of his
childhood with the well-known neighbors and faces, They warmly
welcome him, he is barefoot again, he forgets he is well off, The
Dutchman voyages home, and the Scotchman and

Welshman voyage home, and the native of the

Mediterranean voyages home,

To every port of England, France, Spain, enter well-fill'd ships, (130)

The Swiss foots it toward his hills, the Prussian goes his way, the
Hungarian his way, and the Pole his way, The Swede returns, and
the Dane and Norwegian return.

The homeward bound and the outward bound,

The beautiful lost swimmer, the ennuye, the onanist, the female that
loves unrequited, the money-maker, The actor and actress, those
through with their parts and those waiting to commence, The
affectionate boy, the husband and wife, the voter, the nominee
that is chosen and the nominee that has fail'd, The great already
known and the great any time after to-day,

The stammerer, the sick, the perfect-form'd, the homely,

The criminal that stood in the box, the judge that sat and sentenced
him, the fluent lawyers, the jury, the audience, The laughter and
weeper, the dancer, the midnight widow, the red squaw, (140)

The consumptive, the erysipalite, the idiot, he that is wrong'd,
The antipodes, and every one between this and them in the dark, I
swear they are averaged now – one is no better than the other,
The night and sleep have liken'd them and restored them.

I swear they are all beautiful,

Every one that sleeps is beautiful, every thing in the dim light is
beautiful, The wildest and bloodiest is over, and all is peace.

Peace is always beautiful,

The myth of heaven indicates peace and night.

The myth of heaven indicates the soul,

(150) The soul is always beautiful, it appears more or it appears less,
it comes or it lags behind, It comes from its embower'd garden
and looks pleasantly on itself and encloses the world, Perfect and
clean the genitals previously jetting, and perfect and clean the
womb cohering, The head well-grown proportion'd and plumb,
and the bowels and joints proportion'd and plumb.

The soul is always beautiful,

The universe is duly in order, every thing is in its place,

What has arrived is in its place and what waits shall be in its place,

The twisted skull waits, the watery or rotten blood waits,

The child of the glutton or venerealee waits long, and the child of the
drunkard waits long, and the drunkard himself waits long, The
sleepers that lived and died wait, the far advanced are to go on in
their turns, and the far behind are to come on in their turns, (160)
The diverse shall be no less diverse, but they shall flow and unite
– they unite now.

The sleepers are very beautiful as they lie unclothed,

They flow hand in hand over the whole earth from east to west as they
lie unclothed, The Asiatic and African are hand in hand, the
European and

American are hand in hand,

Learn'd and unlearn'd are hand in hand, and male and female are
hand in hand, The bare arm of the girl crosses the bare breast of
her lover, they press close without lust, his lips press her neck,
The father holds his grown or ungrown son in his arms with
measureless love, and the son holds the father in his arms with
measureless love, The white hair of the mother shines on the
white wrist of the daughter, The breath of the boy goes with the
breath of the man, friend is inarm'd by friend, The scholar kisses
the teacher and the teacher kisses the scholar, the wrong'd is
made right, (170) The call of the slave is one with the master's
call, and the master salutes the slave, The felon steps forth from
the prison, the insane becomes sane, the suffering of sick persons
is reliev'd, The sweatings and fevers stop, the throat that was
unsound is sound, the lungs of the consumptive are resumed, the
poor distress'd head is free, The joints of the rheumatic move as
smoothly as ever, and smoother than ever, Stiflings and passages
open, the paralyzed become supple,

The swell'd and convuls'd and congested awake to themselves in
condition, They pass the invigoration of the night and the
chemistry of the night, and awake.

I too pass from the night,

I stay a while away O night, but I return to you again and love you.

Why should I be afraid to trust myself to you?

(180) I am afraid, I have been well brought forward by you,

I love the rich running day, but I do not desert her in whom I lay so
long, I know not how I came of you and I know not where I go
with you, but I know I came well and shall go well.

I will stop only a time with the night, and rise betimes,

I will duly pass the day O my mother, and duly return to you.

Transpositions

Let the reformers descend from the stands where they are forever
bawling – let an idiot or insane person appear on each of the
stands; Let judges and criminals be transposed – let the prison-
keepers be put in prison – let those that were prisoners take the
keys; Let them that distrust birth and death lead the rest.

To Think of Time

1

To think of time – of all that retrospection,

To think of time – of all that retrospection, of all that retrospection, of all that retrospection,

to think of to-day, and the ages continued henceforward.

Have you guess'd you yourself would not continue?

Have you dreaded these earth-beetles?

Have you fear'd the future would be nothing to you?

Is to-day nothing? is the beginningless past nothing?

If the future is nothing they are just as surely nothing.

To think that the sun rose in the east – that men and women were
flexible, real, alive – that every thing was alive, To think that you
and I did not see, feel, think, nor bear our part, (10) To think that
we are now here and bear our part.

2

Not a day passes, not a minute or second without an accouchement,
Not a day passes, not a minute or second without a corpse.

The dull nights go over and the dull days also,

The soreness of lying so much in bed goes over,

The physician after long putting off gives the silent and terrible look
for an answer, The children come hurried and weeping, and the
brothers and sisters are sent for, Medicines stand unused on the
shelf, (the camphor-smell has long pervaded the rooms,) The

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faithful hand of the living does not desert the hand of the dying,  
The twitching lips press lightly on the forehead of the dying,  
(20) The breath ceases and the pulse of the heart ceases,  
The corpse stretches on the bed and the living look upon it,  
It is palpable as the living are palpable.

The living look upon the corpse with their eyesight,  
But without eyesight lingers a different living and looks curiously on  
the corpse.

3

To think the thought of death merged in the thought of materials, To  
think of all these wonders of city and country, and others taking  
great interest in them, and we taking no interest in them.

To think how eager we are in building our houses, To think others  
shall be just as eager, and we quite indifferent.

(I see one building the house that serves him a few years, or seventy  
or eighty years at most, (30) I see one building the house that  
serves him longer than that.)

Slow-moving and black lines creep over the whole earth – they never

cease – they are the burial lines, He that was President was  
buried, and he that is now  
President shall surely be buried.

4

A reminiscence of the vulgar fate,  
A frequent sample of the life and death of workmen,  
Each after his kind.

Cold dash of waves at the ferry-wharf, posh and ice in the river, half-  
frozen mud in the streets, A gray discouraged sky overhead, the  
short last daylight of

December,

A hearse and stages, the funeral of an old Broadway stage-driver, the  
cortege mostly drivers.

Steady the trot to the cemetery, duly rattles the death-bell,

(40) The gate is pass'd, the new-dug grave is halted at, the living  
alight, the hearse uncloses, The coffin is pass'd out, lower'd and  
settled, the whip is laid on the coffin, the earth is swiftly shovel'd  
in, The mound above is flatted with the spades – silence,

A minute – no one moves or speaks – it is done,

He is decently put away – is there any thing more?

He was a good fellow, free-mouth'd, quick-temper'd, not bad-looking,  
Ready with life or death for a friend, fond of women, gambled,  
ate hearty, drank hearty, Had known what it was to be flush,  
grew low-spirited toward the last, sicken'd, was help'd by a  
contribution, Died, aged forty-one years – and that was his  
funeral.

Thumb extended, finger uplifted, apron, cape, gloves, strap, wet-  
weather clothes, whip carefully chosen, (50) Boss, spotter, starter,  
hostler, somebody loafing on you, you loafing on somebody,  
headway, man before and man behind, Good day's work, bad  
day's work, pet stock, mean stock, first out, last out, tuming-in at  
night, To think that these are so much and so nigh to other  
drivers, and he that takes no interest in them.

5

The markets, the government, the working-man's wages, to think what  
account they are through our nights and days, To think that other  
working-men will make just as great account of them, yet we  
make little or no account.

The vulgar and the refined, what you call sin and what you call  
goodness, to think how wide a difference, To think the difference  
will still continue to others, yet we lie beyond the difference.

To think how much pleasure there is,

Do you enjoy yourself in the city? or engaged in business? or planning  
a nomination and election? or with your wife and family?

Or with your mother and sisters? or in womanly housework? or the  
beautiful maternal cares?

(60) These also flow onward to others, you and I flow onward,

But in due time you and I shall take less interest in them.

Your farm, profits, crops – to think how engross'd you are,

To think there will still be farms, profits, crops, yet for you of what  
avail?

6

What will be will be well, for what is is well,

To take interest is well, and not to take interest shall be well.

The domestic joys, the daily housework or business, the building of  
houses, are not phantasms, they have weight, form, location,  
Farms, profits, crops, markets, wages, government, are none of  
them phantasms, The difference between sin and goodness is no  
delusion,

The earth is not an echo, man and his life and all the things of his life  
are well-consider'd.

(70) You are not thrown to the winds, you gather certainly and safely  
around yourself, Yourself! yourself 1 yourself, for ever and ever!

7

It is not to diffuse you that you were born of your mother and father,  
it is to identify you, It is not that you should be undecided, but  
that you should be decided, Something long preparing and  
formless is arrived and form'd in you, You are henceforth secure,  
whatever comes or goes.

The threads that were spun are gather'd, the weft crosses the warp,  
the pattern is systematic.

The preparations have every one been justified,

The orchestra have sufficiently tuned their instruments, the baton has  
given the signal.

The guest that was coming, he waited long, he is now housed,

(80) He is one of those who are beautiful and happy, he is one of those  
that to look upon and be with is enough.

The law of the past cannot be eluded,

The law of the present and future cannot be eluded,

The law of the living cannot be eluded, it is eternal,

The law of promotion and transformation cannot be eluded, The law  
of heroes and good-doers cannot be eluded,

The law of drunkards, informers, mean persons, not one iota thereof  
can be eluded.

8

Slow moving and black lines go ceaselessly over the earth,

Northerner goes carried and Southerner goes carried, and they on the  
Atlantic side and they on the Pacific, And they between, and all  
through the Mississippi country, and all over the earth.

(90) The great masters and kosmos are well as they go, the heroes and  
good-doers are well, The known leaders and inventors and the  
rich owners and pious and distinguish'd may be well, But there is  
more account than that, there is strict account of all.

The interminable hordes of the ignorant and wicked are not nothing,  
The barbarians of Africa and Asia are not nothing,

The perpetual successions of shallow people are not nothing as they  
go.

Of and in all these things,

I have dream'd that we are not to be changed so much, nor the law of  
us changed. I have dream'd that heroes and good-doers shall be

as changed, I have dream'd that heroes and good-doers shall be  
under the present and past law, And that murderers, drunkards,  
liars, shall be under the present and past law, (100) For I have  
dream'd that the law they are under now is enough.

And I have dream'd that the purpose and essence of the known life,  
the transient, Is to form and decide identity for the unknown life,  
the permanent.

If all came but to ashes of dung,

If maggots and rats ended us, then Alarum! for we are betray'd, Then  
indeed suspicion of death.

Do you suspect death? if I were to suspect death I should die now, Do  
you think I could walk pleasantly and well-suited toward  
annihilation?

Pleasantly and well-suited I walk,

Whither I walk I cannot define, but I know it is good,

(110) The whole universe indicates that it is good,

The past and the present indicate that it is good.

How beautiful and perfect are the animals!

How perfect the earth, and the minutest thing upon it!

What is called good is perfect, and what is called bad is just as perfect



what is called good is perfect, and what is called bad is just as perfect,  
The vegetables and minerals are all perfect, and the imponderable  
fluids perfect; Slowly and surely they have pass'd on to this, and  
slowly and surely they yet pass on.

9

I swear I think now that every thing without exception has an eternal  
soul!

The trees have, rooted in the ground! the weeds of the sea have! the  
animals!

I swear I think there is nothing but immortality!

(120) That the exquisite scheme is for it, and the nebulous float is for  
it, and the cohering is for it!

And all preparation is for it – and identity is for it – and life and  
materials are altogether for it!

## WHISPERS OF HEAVENLY DEATH

### *Darest Thou Now O Soul*

Darest thou now O soul,  
Walk out with me toward the unknown region,  
Where neither ground is for the feet nor any path to follow?  
No map there, nor guide,  
Nor voice sounding, nor touch of human hand,  
Nor face with blooming flesh, nor lips, nor eyes, are in that land.

I know it not O soul,  
Nor dost thou, all is a blank before us,  
All waits undream'd of in that region, that inaccessible land.

(10) Till when the ties loosen,  
All but the ties eternal, Time and Space,  
Nor darkness, gravitation, sense, nor any bounds bounding us.

Then we burst forth, we float,  
In Time and Space O soul, prepared for them,  
Equal, equipt at last, O soul, O fruit of all, O them to fulfil O soul

Equal, equal at last, (O joy: O fruit of all :) them to turn O soul.

### ***Whispers of Heavenly Death***

Whispers of heavenly death murmur'd I hear,

Labial gossip of night, sibilant chorals,

Footsteps gently ascending, mystical breezes wafted soft and low,

Ripples of unseen rivers, tides of a current flowing, forever

flowing, (Or is it the plashing of tears? the measureless waters of  
human tears?) I see, just see skyward, great cloud-masses,

Mournfully slowly they roll, silently swelling and mixing, With at  
times a half-dimm'd sadden'd far-off star,

Appearing and disappearing.

(10) (Some parturition rather, some solemn immortal birth; On the  
frontiers to eyes impenetrable,

Some soul is passing over.)

### ***Chanting the Square Deific***

1

Chanting the square deific, out of the One advancing, out of the sides,

Out of the old and new, out of the square entirely divine, Solid,  
four-sided, (all the sides needed,) from this side Jehovah am I,

Old Brahm I, and I Saturnius am;

Not Time affects me -I am Time, old, modern as any, Unpersuadable,  
relentless, executing righteous judgments, As the Earth, the  
Father, the brown old Kronos, with laws, Aged beyond  
computation, yet ever new, ever with those mighty laws rolling,  
Relentless I forgive no man – whoever sins dies -I will have that  
man's life; (10) Therefore let none expect mercy – have the  
seasons, gravitation, the appointed days, mercy? no more have I,  
But as the seasons and gravitation, and as all the appointed days  
that forgive not, I dispense from this side judgments inexorable  
without the least remorse.

2

Consolator most mild, the promis'd one advancing,

With gentle hand extended, the mightier God am I,

Foretold by prophets and poets in their most rapt prophecies and  
poems, From this side, lo! the Lord Christ gazes – lo! Hermes I –  
lo ! mine is Hercules' face, All sorrow, labor, suffering, I, tallying  
it, absorb in myself, Many times have I been rejected, taunted, put  
in prison, and crucified, and many times shall be again, All the  
world have I given up for my dear brothers' and sisters' sake, for  
the soul's sake, (20) Wending my way through the homes of men,  
rich or poor, with the kiss of affection, For I am affection, I am  
the cheer-bringing God, with hope and all-enclosing charity, With  
indulgent words as to children, with fresh and sane words, mine

only, Young and strong I pass knowing well I am destin'd myself  
to an early death; But my charity has no death – my wisdom dies  
not, neither early nor late, And my sweet love bequeath'd here  
and elsewhere never dies.

3

Aloof, dissatisfied, plotting revolt,  
Comrade of criminals, brother of slaves,  
Crafty, despised, a drudge, ignorant,  
With sudra face and worn brow, black, but in the depths of my heart,  
proud as any, (30) Lifted now and always against whoever  
scorning assumes to rule me, Morose, full of guile, full of  
reminiscences, brooding, with many wiles, (Though it was  
thought I was baffled and dispel'd, and my wiles done, but that  
will never be,) Defiant, I, Satan, still live, still utter words, in new  
lands duly appearing, (and old ones also,) Permanent here from  
my side, warlike, equal with any, real as any, Nor time nor  
change shall ever change me or my words.

Santa Spirita, breather, life, Beyond the light, lighter than light,  
Beyond the flames of hell, joyous, leaping easily above hell, Beyond  
Paradise, perfumed solely with mine own perfume, (40) Including  
all life on earth, touching, including God, including Saviour and  
Satan, Ethereal, pervading all, (for without me what were all?  
what were God?) Essence of forms. life of the real identities.

that were dead, Essence of forms, life of the four elements,  
permanent, positive, (namely the unseen,) Life of the great round  
world, the sun and stars, and of man, I, the general soul,  
Here the square finishing, the solid, I the most solid, Breathe my  
breath also through these songs.

### *Of Him I Love Day and Night*

Of him I love day and night I dream'd I heard he was dead, And I  
dream'd I went where they had buried him I love, but he was not  
in that place, And I dream'd I wander'd searching among burial-  
places to find him, And I found that every place was a burial-  
place;

The houses full of life were equally full of death, (this house is now,)  
The streets, the shipping, the places of amusement, the Chicago,  
Boston, Philadelphia, the Mannahatta, were as full of the dead as  
of the living, And fuller, O vastly fuller of the dead than of the  
living; And what I dream'd I will henceforth tell to every person  
and age, And I stand henceforth bound to what I dream'd,

(10) And now I am willing to disregard burial-places and dispense  
with them, And if the memorials of the dead were put up  
indifferently everywhere, even in the room where I eat or sleep, I  
should be satisfied, And if the corpse of any one I love, or if my  
own corpse, be duly rendered to powder and pour'd in the sea, I  
shall be satisfied, Or if it be distributed to the winds I shall be  
satisfied.

***Yet, Yet, Ye Downcast Hours***

Yet, yet, ye downcast hours, I know ye also,  
Weights of lead, how ye clog and cling at my ankles, Earth to a  
chamber of mourning turns - I hear the o'erweening, mocking  
voice, *Matter is conqueror – matter, triumphant only, continues  
onward.*

Despairing cries float ceaselessly toward me,  
The call of my nearest lover, putting forth, alarm'd, uncertain, *The  
sea I am quickly to sail, come tell me, Come tell me where I am  
speeding, tell me my destination.*

I understand your anguish, but I cannot help you,  
(10) I approach, hear, behold, the sad mouth, the look out of the eyes,  
your mute inquiry, *Whither I go from the bed I recline on, come tell  
me;*

Old age, alarm'd, uncertain – a young woman's voice, appealing to me  
for comfort; A young man's voice, *Shall I not escape?*

***As if Phantom Caress'd Me***

As if a phantom caress'd me,

I thought I was not alone walking here by the shore; But the one I  
thought was with me as now I walk by the shore, the one I loved  
that caress'd me, As I lean and look through the glimmering light,  
that one has utterly disappear'd, And those appear that are  
hateful to me and mock me.

### *Assurances*

I need no assurances, I am a man who is pre-occupied of his own soul;  
I do not doubt that from under the feet and beside the hands and  
face I am cognizant of, are now looking faces I am not cognizant  
of, calm and actual faces, I do not doubt but the majesty and  
beauty of the world are latent in any iota of the world, I do not  
doubt I am limitless, and that the universes are limitless, in vain I  
try to think how limitless, I do not doubt that the orbs and the  
systems of orbs play their swift sports through the air on purpose,  
and that I shall one day be eligible to do as much as they, and  
more than they, I do not doubt that temporary affairs keep on and  
on millions of years, I do not doubt interiors have their interiors,  
and exteriors have their exteriors, and that the eyesight has  
another eyesight, and the hearing another hearing, and the voice  
another voice, I do not doubt that the passionately wept deaths of  
young men are provided for, and that the deaths of the young  
women and the deaths of little children are provided for, (Did you  
think Life was so well provided for, and Death, the purport of all  
Life, is not well provided for?) (10) I do not doubt that wrecks at



sea, no matter what the horrors of them, no matter whose wife, child, husband, father, lover, has gone down, are provided for, to the minutest points, I do not doubt that whatever can possibly happen anywhere at any time, is provided for in the inferences of things, I do not think Life provides for all and for Time and Space, but I believe Heavenly Death provides for all.

### ***Quicksand Years***

Quicksand years that whirl me I know not whither,  
Your schemes, politics, fail, lines give way, substances mock and elude  
me, Only the theme I sing, the great and strong-possess'd soul,  
eludes not, One's-self must never give way – that is the final  
substance – that out of all is sure, Out of politics, triumphs,  
battles, life, what at last finally remains?  
When shows break up what but One's-Self is sure?

### ***That Music Always Round Me***

That music always round me, unceasing, unbeginning, yet long  
untaught I did not hear, But now the chorus I hear and am elated,  
A tenor, strong, ascending with power and health, with glad notes of  
daybreak I hear, A soprano at intervals sailing buoyantly over the  
tops of immense waves, A transparent base shuddering lusciously  
under and through the universe, The triumphant tutti, the funeral

wailings with sweet flutes and violins, all these I fill myself with, I hear not the volumes of sound merely, I am moved by the exquisite meanings, I listen to the different voices winding in and out, striving, contending with fiery vehemence to excel each other in emotion; I do not think the performers know themselves – but now I think I begin to know them.

### ***What Ship Puzzled at Sea***

What ship puzzled at sea, cons for the true reckoning?

Or coming in, to avoid the bars and follow the channel a perfect pilot needs?

Here, sailor! here, ship! take aboard the most perfect pilot, Whom, in a little boat, putting off and rowing, I hailing you offer.

### ***A Noiseless Patient Spider***

A noiseless patient spider,

I mark'd where on a little promontory it stood isolated, Mark'd how to explore the vacant vast surrounding,

It launch'd forth filament, filament, filament, out of itself, Ever unreeling them, ever tirelessly speeding them.

And you O my soul! where you stand

And you O my soul, where you stand,

Surrounded, detached, in measureless oceans of space, Ceaselessly  
musing, venturing, throwing, seeking the spheres to connect  
them, Till the bridge you will need be form'd, till the ductile  
anchor hold, (10) Till the gossamer thread you fling catch  
somewhere, O my soul.

### ***O Living Always, Always Dying***

O living always, always dying!

O the burials of me past and present,

O me while I stride ahead, material, visible, imperious as ever; O me,  
what I was for years, now dead, (I lament not, I am content;) O to  
disengage myself from those corpses of me, which I turn and look  
at where I cast them, To pass on, (O living! always living!) and  
leave the corpses behind.

### ***To One Shortly to Die***

From all the rest I single out you, having a message for you, You are to  
die – let others tell you what they please, I cannot prevaricate, I  
am exact and merciless, but I love you – there is no escape for  
you.

Softly I lay my right hand upon you, you just feel it, I do not argue, I  
bend my head close and half envelop it, I sit quietly by, I remain  
faithful,

I am more than nurse, more than parent or neighbor, I absolve you  
from all except yourself spiritual bodily, that is eternal, you  
yourself will surely escape, The corpse you will leave will be but  
excrementitious.

(10) The sun bursts through in unlooked-for directions, Strong  
thoughts fill you and confidence, you smile, You forget you are  
sick, as I forget you are sick,

You do not see the medicines, you do not mind the weeping friends, I  
am with you, I exclude others from you, there is nothing to be  
commiserated, I do not commiserate, I congratulate you.

### ***Night on the Prairies***

Night on the prairies,

The supper is over, the fire on the ground burns low, The wearied  
emigrants sleep, wrapt in their blankets; I walk by myself-I stand  
and look at the stars, which I think now I never realized before.

Now I absorb immortality and peace,

I admire death and test propositions.

How plenteous! how spiritual! how resume!

The same old man and soul – the same old aspirations, and the same

content.

I was thinking the day most splendid till I saw what the not-day  
exhibited, (10) I was thinking this globe enough till there sprang  
out so noiseless around me myriads of other globes.

Now while the great thoughts of space and eternity fill me I will  
measure myself by them, And now touch'd with the lives of other  
globes arrived as far along as those of the earth, Or waiting to  
arrive, or pass'd on farther than those of the earth, I henceforth  
no more ignore them than I ignore my own life, Or the lives of the  
earth arrived as far as mine, or waiting to arrive.

O I see now that life cannot exhibit all to me, as the day cannot, I see  
that I am to wait for what will be exhibited by death.

### *Thought*

As I sit with others at a great feast, suddenly while the music is  
playing, To my mind, (whence it comes I know not,) spectral in  
mist of a wreck at sea, Of certain ships, how they sail from port  
with flying streamers and wafted kisses, and that is the last of  
them, Of the solemn and murky mystery about the fete of the  
President,

Of the flower of the marine science of fifty generations founder'd off  
the Northeast coast and going down – of the steamship Arctic

going down, Of the veil'd tableau – women gather'd together on  
deck, pale, heroic, waiting the moment that draws so close – O the  
moment!

A huge sob – a few bubbles – the white foam spirting up – and then  
the women gone, Sinking there while the passionless wet flows on  
– and I now pondering, Are those women indeed gone?

Are souls drown'd and destroy'd so?

(10) Is only matter triumphant?

### ***The Last Invocation***

At the last, tenderly,

From the walls of the powerful fortress'd house,

From the clasp of the knitted locks, from the keep of the well-closed  
doors, Let me be wafted.

Let me glide noiselessly forth;

With the key of softness unlock the locks – with a whisper, Set ope the  
doors O soul.

Tenderly – be not impatient,

(Strong is your hold O mortal flesh,

(10) Strong is your hold O love.)

***As I Watch'd the Ploughman Ploughing***

As I watch'd the ploughman ploughing,  
Or the sower sowing in the fields, or the harvester harvesting, I saw  
there too, O life and death, your analogies;  
(Life, life is the tillage, and Death is the harvest according.)

***Pensive and Faltering***

Pensive and faltering,  
The words *the Dead* I write,  
For living are the Dead,  
(Haply the only living, only real,  
And I the apparition, I the spectre.)

***Thou Mother with Thy Equal Brood***

1

Thou Mother with thy equal brood,  
Thou varied chain of different States, yet one identity only, A special  
song before I go I'd sing o'er all the rest, For thee, the future.  
  
I'd sow a seed for thee of endless Nationality,  
I'd fashion thy ensemble including body and soul.

I'd show away ahead thy real Union, and how it may be accomplish'd.

The paths to the house I seek to make,  
But leave to those to come the house itself

(10) Belief I sing, and preparation;

As Life and Nature are not great with reference to the present only,  
But greater still from what is yet to come,  
Out of that formula for thee I sing.

2

As a strong bird on pinions free,  
Joyous, the amplest spaces heavenward cleaving,  
Such be the thought I'd think of thee America,  
Such be the recitative I'd bring for thee.

The conceits of the poets of other lands I'd bring thee not, Nor the  
compliments that have served their turn so long, (20) Nor rhyme,  
nor the classics, nor perfume of foreign court or indoor library;  
But an odor I'd bring as from forests of pine in Maine, or breath of  
an Illinois prairie, With open airs of Virginia or Georgia or  
Tennessee, or from Texas uplands, or Florida's glades,  
Or the Saguenay's black stream, or the wide blue spread of Huron,



With presentment of Yellowstone's scenes, or Yosemite, And  
murmuring under, pervading all, I'd bring the rustling sea-sound,  
That endlessly sounds from the two Great Seas of the world.

And for thy subtler sense subtler refrains dread Mother, Preludes of  
intellect tallying these and thee, mind-formulas fitted for thee,  
real and sane and large as these and thee, Thou! mounting higher,  
diving deeper than we knew, thou transcendental Union!

(30) By thee fact to be justified, blended with thought, Thought of  
man justified, blended with God,

Through thy idea, lo, the immortal reality!

Through thy reality, lo, the immortal ideal

3

Brain of the New World, what a task is thine,

To formulate the Modern – out of the peerless grandeur of the  
modern, Out of thyself, comprising science, to recast poems,  
churches, art, (Recast, may-be discard them, end them – may-be  
their work is done, who knows?) By vision, hand conception, on  
the background of the mighty past, the dead, To limn with  
absolute faith the mighty living present.

(40) And yet thou living present brain, heir of the dead, the Old World  
brain,

Thou that lay folded like an unborn babe within its folds so long, Thou

carefully prepared by it so long – haply thou but unfoldest it, only  
maturest it, It to eventuate in thee – the essence of the by-gone  
time contain'd in thee, Its poems, churches, arts, unwitting to  
themselves, destined with reference to thee; Thou but the apples,  
long, long, longa-growing,

The fruit of all the Old ripening to-day in thee.

4

Sail, sail thy best, ship of Democracy,

Of value is thy freight, 'tis not the Present only, The Past is also stored  
in thee,

(50) Thou holdest not the venture of thyself alone, not of the Western  
continent alone,

Earth's *résumé* entire floats on thy keel O ship, is steadied by thy spars,  
With thee Time voyages in trust, the antecedent nations sink or  
swim with thee, With all their ancient struggles, martyrs, heroes,  
epics, wars, thou bear'st the other continents, Theirs, theirs as  
much as thine, the destination-port triumphant; Steer then with  
good strong hand and wary eye O helmsman, thou earnest great  
companions, Venerable priestly Asia sails this day with thee,

And royal feudal Europe sails with thee.

5

Beautiful world of new superber birth that rises to my eyes, Like a

limitless golden cloud Riling the western sky, (60) Emblem of  
general maternity lifted above all,

Sacred shape of the bearer of daughters and sons,

Out of thy teeming womb thy giant babes in ceaseless procession  
issuing, Acceding from such gestation, taking and giving continual  
strength and life, World of the real – world of the twain in one,

World of the soul, born by the world of the real alone, led to identity,  
body, by it alone, Yet in beginning only, incalculable masses of  
composite precious materials, By history's cycles forwarded, by  
every nation, language, hither sent, Ready, collected here, a freer,  
vast, electric world, to be constructed here, (The true New World,  
the world of orbic science, morals, literatures to come,) (70) Thou  
wonder world yet undefined, unform'd, neither do I define thee,  
How can I pierce the impenetrable blank of the future?

I feel thy ominous greatness evil as well as good,

I watch thee advancing, absorbing the present, transcending the past, I  
see thy light lighting, and thy shadow shadowing, as if the entire  
globe, But I do not undertake to define thee, hardly to  
comprehend thee, I but thee name, thee prophesy, as now,

I merely thee ejaculate!

Thee in thy future,

Thee in thy only permanent life, career, thy own unloosen'd mind, thy  
soaring spirit, (80) Thee as another equally needed sun, radiant,  
ablaze, swift-moving, fructifying all, Thee risen in potent  
cheerfulness and joy, in endless great hilarity, Scattering for good

the cloud that hung so long, that weigh'd so long upon the mind  
of man, The doubt, suspicion, dread, of gradual, certain  
decadence of man; Thee in thy larger, saner brood of female, male  
– thee in thy athletes, moral, spiritual, South, North, West, East,  
(To thy immortal breasts, Mother of All, thy every daughter, son,  
endear'd alike, forever equal,) Thee in thy own musicians, singers,  
artists, unborn yet, but certain, Thee in thy moral wealth and  
civilization, (until which thy proudest material civilization must  
remain in vain,) Thee in thy all-supplying, all-enclosing worship –  
thee in no single bible, saviour, merely, Thy saviours countless,  
latent within thyself, thy bibles incessant within thyself, equal to  
any, divine as any, (90) (Thy soaring course thee formulating, not  
in thy two great wars, nor in thy century's visible growth, But far  
more in these leaves and chants, thy chants, great Mother!)

Thee in an education grown of thee, in teachers, studies, students,  
born of thee, Thee in thy democratic fetes en-masse, thy high  
original festivals, operas, lecturers, preachers, Thee in thy  
ultimate, (the preparations only now completed, the edifice on  
sure foundations tied,) Thee in thy pinnacles, intellect, thought,  
thy topmost rational joys, thy love and godlike aspiration, In thy  
resplendent coming literati, thy full-lung'd orators, thy sacerdotal  
bards, kosmic savans, These 1 these in thee, (certain to come,) to-  
day I prophesy.

thee, Land in the realms of God to be a realm unto thyself, (100)  
Under the rule of God to be a rule unto thyself.

(Lo, where arise three peerless stars,  
To be thy natal stars my country, Ensemble, Evolution, Freedom,  
Set in the sky of Law.)

Land of unprecedented faith, God's faith,  
Thy soil, thy very subsoil, all upheav'd,  
The general inner earth so long so sedulously draped over, now hence  
for what it is boldly laid bare, Open'd by thee to heaven's light for  
benefit or bale.

Not for success alone,  
Not to fair-sail unintermitted always,

(110) The storm shall dash thy face, the murk of war and worse than  
war shall cover thee all over, (Wert capable of war, its tug and  
trials? be capable of peace, its trials, For the tug and mortal strain  
of nations come at last in prosperous peace, not war;) In many a  
smiling mask death shall approach beguiling thee, thou in disease  
shalt swelter, The livid cancer spread its hideous claws, clinging  
upon thy breasts, seeking to strike thee deep within, Consumption  
of the worst, moral consumption, shall rouge thy face with hectic,

But thou shalt face thy fortunes, thy diseases, and surmount them  
all, Whatever they are to-day and whatever through time they  
may be, They each and all shall lift and pass away and cease from  
thee, While thou, Time's spirals rounding, out of thyself, thyself  
still extricating, fusing, (120) Equable, natural, mystical Union  
thou, (the mortal with immortal blent,) Shalt soar toward the  
fulfilment of the future, the spirit of the body and the mind, The  
soul, its destinies.

The soul, its destinies, the real real,  
(Purport of all these apparitions of the real;)  
In thee America, the soul, its destinies,  
Thou globe of globes! thou wonder nebulous!

By many a throe of heat and cold convuls'd, (by these thyself  
solidifying,) Thou mental, moral orb – thou New, indeed new,  
Spiritual World!

The Present holds thee not – for such vast growth as thine, (130) For  
such unparallel'd flight as thine, such brood as thine, The FUTURE  
only holds thee and can hold thee.

### ***A Paumanok Picture***

Two boats with nets lying off the sea-beach, quite still, Ten fishermen  
waiting – they discover a thick school of mossbonkers – they drop  
the join'd seine-ends in the water, The boats separate and row off,  
each on its rounding course to the beach, enclosing the

each on its rounding course to the beach, enclosing the  
mossbonkers, The net is drawn in by a windlass by those who stop  
ashore, Some of the fishermen lounge in their boats, others stand  
ankle-deep in the water, pois'd on strong legs, The boats partly  
drawn up, the water slapping against them, Strew'd on the sand  
in heaps and windrows, well out from the water, the green-back'd  
spotted mossbonkers.

## FROM NOON TO STARRY NIGHT

### *Thou Orb Aloft Full-Dazzling*

Thou orb aloft full-dazzling! thou hot October noon!  
Flooding with sheeny light the gray beach sand,  
The sibilant near sea with vistas far and foam,  
And tawny streaks and shades and spreading blue;  
O sun of noon refulgent! my special word to thee.

Hear me illustrious!

Thy lover me, for always I have loved thee,  
Even as basking babe, then happy boy alone by some wood edge, thy  
touching-distant beams enough, Or man matured, or young or  
old, as now to thee I launch my invocation.

(10) (Thou canst not with thy dumbness me deceive,

I know before the fitting man all Nature yields,

Though answering not in words, the skies, trees, hear his voice – and  
thou O sun, As for thy throes, thy perturbations, sudden breaks  
and shafts of flame gigantic, I understand them, I know those  
flames, those perturbations well.)



Thou that with fructifying heat and light,

O'er myriad farms, o'er lands and waters North and South, O'er  
Mississippi's endless course, o'er Texas' grassy plains, Kanada's  
woods,

O'er all the globe that turns its face to thee shining in space, Thou that  
impartially infoldest all, not only continents, seas, (20) Thou that  
to grapes and weeds and little wild flowers givest so liberally,  
Shed, shed thyself on mine and me, with but a fleeting ray out of  
thy million millions, Strike through these chants.

Nor only launch thy subtle dazzle and thy strength for these, Prepare  
the later afternoon of me myself-prepare my lengthening  
shadows, Prepare my starry nights.

### ***Faces***

1

Sauntering the pavement or riding the country by-road, lo, such faces!

Faces of friendship, precision, caution, suavity, ideality, The spiritual-  
prescient face, the always welcome common benevolent face, The  
face of the singing of music, the grand faces of natural lawyers  
and judges broad at the back-top, The faces of hunters and fishers  
bulged at the brows, the shaved blanch'd faces of orthodox  
citizens, The pure, extravagant, yearning, questioning artist's face,  
The ugly face of some beautiful soul, the handsome detested or

despised face, The sacred faces of infants, the illuminated face of  
the mother of many children, The face of an amour, the face of  
veneration,

(10) The face as of a dream, the face of an immobile rock, The face  
withdrawn of its good and bad, a castrated face, A wild hawk, his  
wings clipp'd by the clipper,

A stallion that yielded at last to the thongs and knife of the gelder.

Sauntering the pavement thus, or crossing the ceaseless ferry, faces  
and faces and faces, I see them and complain not, and am content  
with all.

2

Do you suppose I could be content with all if I thought them their own  
finalé?

FACES

This now is too lamentable a face for a man,

Some abject louse asking leave to be, cringing for it, Some milk-nosed  
maggot blessing what lets it wrig to its hole.

(20) This face is a dog's snout sniffing for garbage,

Snakes nest in that mouth, I hear the sibilant threat

This face is a haze more chill than the arctic sea,

Its sleepy and wabbling icebergs crunch as they go.

This is a face of bitter herbs, this an emetic, they need no label, And  
more of the drug-shelf, laudanum, caoutchouc, or hog's-lard.

This face is an epilepsy, its wordless tongue gives out the unearthly  
cry, Its veins down the neck distend, its eyes roll till they show  
nothing but their whites, Its teeth grit, the palms of the hands are  
cut by the turn'd-in nails, The man falls struggling and foaming to  
the ground, while he speculates well.

(30) This face is bitten by vermin and worms,  
And this is some murderer's knife with a half-pull'd scabbard.

This face owes to the sexton his dismalest fee,  
An unceasing death-bell tolls there.

3

Features of my equals would you trick me with your creas'd and  
cadaverous march?

Well, you cannot trick me.

I see your rounded never-erased flow,

I see 'neath the rims of your haggard and mean disguises.

Splay and twist as you like, poke with the tangling fores of fishes or rats, You'll be unmuzzled, you certainly will.

(40) I saw the face of the most smear'd and slobbering idiot they had at the asylum, And I knew for my consolation what they knew not,

I knew of the agents that emptied and broke my brother, The same wait to clear the rubbish from the fallen tenement, And I shall look again in a score or two of ages,

And I shall meet the real landlord perfect and unharm'd, every inch as good as myself.

4

The Lord advances, and yet advances,

Always the shadow in front, always the reach'd hand bringing up the laggards.

Out of this face emerge banners and horses – O superb! I see what is coming, I see the high pioneer-caps, see staves of runners clearing the way, (50) I hear victorious drums.

This face is a life-boat,

This is the face commanding and bearded, it asks no odds of the rest,

This face is flavor'd fruit ready for eating,

This face of a healthy honest boy is the programme of all good.

These faces bear testimony slumbering or awake,

They show their descent from the Master himself.

Off the word I have spoken I except not one – red, white, black, are all  
deific, In each house is the ovum, it comes forth after a thousand  
years.

Spots or cracks at the windows do not disturb me, (60) Tall and  
sufficient stand behind and make signs to me, I read the promise  
and patiently wait.

This is a full-grown lily's face,

She speaks to the limber-hipp'd man near the garden pickets, *Come  
here she blushingly cries, Come nigh to me*

*limber-hipp'd man,*

*Stand at my side till I lean as high as I can upon you, Fill me with albescent  
honey, bend dorm to me, Rub to me with your chafing beard, rub to  
my breast and*

*shoulders.*

5

The old face of the mother of many children,

Whist! I am fully content.

(70) Lull'd and late in the smoke of the First-day morning, It hangs  
low over the rows of trees by the fences,

It hangs thin by the sassafras and wild-cherry and cat-brier under  
them.

I saw the rich ladies in full dress at the soiree,

I heard what the singers were singing so long,

Heard who sprang in crimson youth from the white froth and the  
water-blue.

Behold a woman!

She looks out from her quaker cap, her face is clearer and more  
beautiful than the sky.

She sits in an armchair under the shaded porch of the farmhouse, The  
sun just shines on her old white head.

(80) Her ample gown is of cream-hued linen,  
Her grandsons raised the flax, and her grand-daughters spun it with  
the distaff and the wheel.

The melodious character of the earth, The finish beyond which  
philosophy cannot go and does not wish to go, The justified  
mother of men.

### *The Mystic Trumpeter*

1

Hark, some wild trumpeter, some strange musician,  
Hovering unseen in air, vibrates capricious tunes to-night.

I hear thee trumpeter, listening alert I catch thy notes, Now pouring,  
whirling like a tempest round me,  
Now low, subdued, now in the distance lost.

2

Come nearer bodiless one, haply in thee resounds  
Some dead composer, haply thy pensive life  
Was fill'd with aspirations high, unform'd ideals,  
Waves. oceans musical. chaotically surging.

...and, come, come, come, come,  
(10) That now ecstatic ghost, close to me bending, thy cornet echoing,  
pealing, Gives out to no one's ears but mine, but freely gives to  
mine, That I may thee translate.

3

Blow trumpeter free and clear, I follow thee,  
While at thy liquid prelude, glad, serene,  
The fretting world, the streets, the noisy hours of day withdraw, A  
holy calm descends like dew upon me,  
I walk in cool refreshing night the walks of Paradise, I scent the grass,  
the moist air and the roses;  
Thy song expands my numb'd imbonded spirit, thou freest, launchest  
me, (20) Floating and basking upon heaven's lake.

4

Blow again trumpeter! and for my sensuous eyes,  
Bring the old pageants, show the feudal world.

What charm thy music works! thou makest pass before me, Ladies and  
cavaliers long dead, barons are in their castle halls, the  
troubadours are singing, Arm'd knights go forth to redress  
wrongs, some in quest of the holy Graal; I see the tournament, I  
see the contestants incased in heavy armor seated on stately



champing horses, I hear the shouts, the sounds of blows and  
smiting steel; I see the Crusaders' tumultuous armies – hark, how  
the cymbals clang, Lo, where the monks walk in advance, bearing  
the cross on high.

5

(30) Blow again trumpeter! and for thy theme,

Take now the enclosing theme of all, the solvent and the setting, Love,  
that is pulse of all, the sustenance and the pang, The heart of man  
and woman all for love,

No other theme but love – knitting, enclosing, all-diffusing love.

O how the immortal phantoms crowd around me!

I see the vast alembic ever working, I see and know the flames that  
heat the world, The glow, the blush, the beating hearts of lovers,

So blissful happy some, and some so silent, dark, and nigh to death;  
Love, that is all the earth to lovers – love, that mocks time and  
space, (40) Love, that is day and night – love, that is sun and  
moon and stars, Love, that is crimson, sumptuous, sick with  
perfume,

No other words but words of love, no other thought but love.

6

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Blow again trumpeter – conjure war's alarms.

Swift to thy spell a shuddering hum like distant thunder rolls, Lo,  
where the arm'd men hasten – lo, mid the clouds of dust the glint  
of bayonets, I see the grime-faced cannoneers, I mark the rosy  
flash amid the smoke, I hear the cracking of the guns; Nor war  
alone – thy fearful music-song, wild player, brings every sight of  
fear, The deeds of ruthless brigands, rapine, murder -I hear the  
cries for help!

I see ships foundering at sea, I behold on deck and below deck the  
terrible tableaux.

7

(50) O trumpeter, methinks I am myself the instrument thou playest,  
Thou melt'st my heart, my brain – thou movest, drawest, changest  
them at will; And now thy sullen notes send darkness through me,  
Thou takest away all cheering light, all hope,

I see the enslaved, the overthrown, the hurt, the opprest of the whole  
earth, I feel the measureless shame and humiliation of my race, it  
becomes all mine, Mine too the revenges of humanity, the wrongs  
of ages, baffled feuds and hatreds, Utter defeat upon me weighs –  
all lost – the foe victorious, (Yet 'mid the ruins Pride colossal  
stands unshaken to the last, Endurance, resolution to the last.)

(60) Now trumpeter for thy close,  
 Vouchsafe a higher strain than any yet,  
 Sing to my soul, renew its languishing faith and hope, Rouse up my  
     slow belief, give me some vision of the future, Give me for once  
     its prophecy and joy.

O glad, exulting, culminating song!  
 A vigor more than earth's is in thy notes,  
 Marches of victory – man disenthral'd – the conqueror at last, Hymns  
     to the universal God from universal man – all joy!  
 A reborn race appears – a perfect world, all joy!  
 (70) Women and men in wisdom innocence and health – all joy!  
 Riotous laughing bacchanals fill'd with joy!  
 War, sorrow, suffering gone – the rank earth purged – nothing but joy  
     left!  
 The ocean fill'd with joy – the atmosphere all joy!  
 Joy! joy! in freedom, worship, love! joy in the ecstasy of life!  
 Enough to merely be! enough to breathe!  
 Joy! joy! all over joy!

***To a Locomotive in Winter***

Thee for my recitative,

Thee in the driving storm even as now, the snow, the winter-day  
declining, Thee in thy panoply, thy measur'd dual throbbing and  
thy beat convulsive, Thy black cylindric body, golden brass and  
silvery steel, Thy ponderous side-bars, parallel and connecting  
rods, gyrating, shuttling at thy sides, Thy metrical, now swelling  
pant and roar, now tapering in the distance, Thy great protruding  
head-light fix'd in front,

Thy long, pale, floating vapor-pennants, tinged with delicate purple,  
The dense and murky clouds out-belching from thy smoke-stack,  
(10) Thy knitted frame, thy springs and valves, the tremulous  
twinkle of thy wheels, Thy train of cars behind, obedient, merrily  
following, Through gale or calm, now swift, now slack, yet  
steadily careering; Type of the modern – emblem of motion and  
power – pulse of the continent, For once come serve the Muse and  
merge in verse, even as here I see thee, With storm and buffeting  
gusts of wind and falling snow, By day thy warning ringing bell to  
sound its notes,

By night thy silent signal lamps to swing.

Fierce-throated beauty!

Roll through my chant with all thy lawless music, thy swinging lamps  
at night, (20) Thy madly-whistled laughter, echoing, rumbling  
like an earthquake, rousing all, Law of thyself complete, thine  
own track firmly holding, (No sweetness debonair of tearful harp  
or oliv piano thine ) Thy trills of shrieks by rocks and hills

of the plain time, my arms of sinners by rocks and hills  
return'd,

Launch'd o'er the prairies wide, across the lakes,  
To the free skies unpent and glad and strong.

### ***O Magnet-South***

O Magnet-South! O glistening perfumed South! my South!

O quick mettle, rich blood, impulse and love! good and evil!

O all dear to me!

O dear to me my birth-pangs – all moving things and the trees where I  
was born – the grains, plants, rivers, Dear to me my own slow  
sluggish rivers where they flow, distant, over flats of silvery sands  
or through swamps, Dear to me the Roanoke, the Savannah, the  
Altamahaw,

the Pedee, the Tombigbee, the Santee, the Coosa and the Sabine,

O pensive, far away wandering, I return with my soul to haunt their  
banks again, Again in Florida I float on transparent lakes, I float  
on the Okeechobee, I cross the hummock-land or through pleasant  
openings or dense forests, I see the parrots in the woods, I see the  
papaw-tree and the blossoming titi; Again, sailing in my coaster  
on deck, I coast off Georgia, I coast up the Carolinas, (10) I see  
where the live-oak is growing, I see where the yellow-pine, the  
scented bay-tree, the lemon and orange, the cypress, the graceful  
palmetto, I pass rude sea-headlands and enter Pamlico sound  
through an inlet, and dart my vision inland; O the cotton plant!

the growing fields of rice, sugar, hemp!

The cactus guarded with thorns, the laurel-tree with large white flowers, The range afar, the richness and barrenness, the old woods charged with mistletoe and trailing moss, The piney odor and the gloom, the awful natural stillness, (here in these dense swamps the freebooter carries his gun, and the fugitive has his conceal'd hut;) O the strange fascination of these half-known half-impassable swamps, infested by reptiles, resounding with the bellow of the alligator, the sad noises of the night-owl and the wild-cat, and the whirr of the rattlesnake, The mocking-bird, the American mimic, singing all the forenoon, singing through the moon-lit night, The humming-bird, the wild turkey, the raccoon, the opossum; A Kentucky corn-field, the tall, graceful, long-leav'd corn, slender, flapping, bright green, with tassels, with beautiful ears each well-sheath'd in its husk; (20) O my heart! O tender and fierce pangs, I can stand them not, I will depart; O to be a Virginian where I grew up! O to be a Carolinian!

O longings irrepressible! OI will go back to old  
Tennessee and never wander more.

### ***Mannahatta***

I was asking for something specific and perfect for my city,  
Whereupon lo! upsprang the aboriginal name.

Now I see what there is in a name, a word, liquid, sane, unruly,

musical, self-sufficient, I see that the word of my city is that word  
from of old, Because I see that word nested in nests of water-bays,  
superb, Rich, hemm'd thick all around with sailships and  
steamships, an island sixteen miles long, solid-founded,  
Numberless crowded streets, high growths of iron, slender, strong,  
light, splendidly uprising toward clear skies, Tides swift and  
ample, well-loved by me, toward sundown, The flowing sea-  
currents, the little islands, larger adjoining islands, the heights,  
the villas, (10) The countless masts, the white shore-steamers, the  
lighters, the ferry-boats, the black sea-steamers well-model'd, The  
down-town streets, the jobbers' houses of business, the houses of  
business of the ship-merchants and money-brokers, the river-  
streets, Immigrants arriving, fifteen or twenty thousand in a week,  
The carts hauling goods, the manly race of drivers of horses, the  
brown-faced sailors, The summer air, the bright sun shining, and  
the sailing clouds aloft, The winter snows, the sleigh-bells, the  
broken ice in the river, passing along up or down with the flood-  
tide or ebb-tide, The mechanics of the city, the masters, well-  
form'd, beautiful-faced, looking you straight in the eyes, Trottoirs  
throng'd, vehicles, Broadway, the women, the shops and shows, A  
million people – manners free and superb – open voices –  
hospitality – the most courageous and friendly young men, City of  
hurried and sparkling waters! city of spires and masts!

(20) City nested in bays! my city!

***All is Truth***

O me, man of slack faith so long,  
Standing aloof, denying portions so long,  
Only aware to-day of compact all-diffused truth,  
Discovering to-day there is no lie or form of lie, and can be none, but  
grows as inevitably upon itself as the truth does upon itself, Or as  
any law of the earth or any natural production of the earth does.

(This is curious and may not be realized immediately, but it must be  
realized, I feel in myself that I represent falsehoods equally with  
the rest, And that the universe does.)

Where has fail'd a perfect return indifferent of lies or the truth?

(10) Is it upon the ground, or in water or fire? or in the spirit of man?  
or in the meat and blood?

Meditating among liars and retreating sternly into myself, I see that  
there are really no liars or lies after all, And that nothing fails its  
perfect return, and that what are called lies are perfect returns,  
And that each thing exactly represents itself and what has  
preceded it, And that the truth includes all, and is compact just as  
much as space is compact, And that there is no flaw or vacuum in  
the amount of the truth – but that all is truth without exception;  
And henceforth I will go celebrate any thing I see or am, And sing  
and laugh and deny nothing.



### ***A Riddle Song***

That which eludes this verse and any verse,  
Unheard by sharpest ear, unform'd in clearest eye or cunningest mind,  
Nor lore nor fame, nor happiness nor wealth,  
And yet the pulse of every heart and life throughout the world  
incessantly, Which you and I and all pursuing ever ever miss,  
Open but still a secret, the real of the real, an illusion, Costless,  
vouchsafed to each, yet never man the owner, Which poets vainly  
seek to put in rhyme, historians in prose, Which sculptor never  
chisel d yet, nor painter painted, (10) Which vocalist never sung,  
nor orator nor actor ever utter'd, Invoking here and now I  
challenge for my song.

Indifferently, 'mid public, private haunts, in solitude, Behind the  
mountain and the wood,  
Companion of the city's busiest streets, through the assemblage, It and  
its radiations constantly glide.

In looks of fair unconscious babes,  
Or strangely in the coffin'd dead,  
Or show of breaking dawn or stars by night,  
As some dissolving delicate film of dreams,  
(20) Hiding yet lingering.

Two little breaths of words comprising it,  
Two words, yet all from first to last comprised in it.

How ardently for it!

How many ships have sail'd and sunk for it!

How many travelers started from their homes and ne'er return'd!

How much of genius boldly staked and lost for it!

What countless stores of beauty, love, ventur'd for it!

How all superbest deeds since Time began are traceable to it – and  
shall be to the end!

How all heroic martyrdoms to it!

(30) How, justified by it, the horrors, evils, battles of the earth!

How the bright fascinating lambent flames of it, in every age and land,  
have drawn men's eyes, Rich as a sunset on the Norway coast, the  
sky, the islands, and the cliffs, Or midnight's silent glowing  
northern lights unreachable.

Haply God's riddle it, so vague and yet so certain,

The soul for it, and all the visible universe for it,

And heaven at last for it.

### ***Excelsior***

Who has gone farthest? for I would go farther,  
And who has been just? for I would be the most just person of the  
earth, And who most cautious? for I would be more cautious,  
And who has been happiest? O I think it is I - I think no one was ever  
happier than I, And who has lavished all? for I lavish constantly  
the best I have, And who proudest? for I think I have reason to be  
the proudest son alive – for I am the son of the brawny and tall-  
topt city, And who has been bold and true? for I would be the  
boldest and truest being of the universe, And who benevolent? for  
I would show more benevolence than all the rest, And who has  
received the love of the most friends? for I know what it is to  
receive the passionate love of many friends, (10) And who  
possesses a perfect and enamoured body? for I do not believe any  
one possesses a more perfect or enamoured body than mine, And  
who thinks the amplest thoughts? for I would surround those  
thoughts, And who has made hymns fit for the earth? for I am  
mad with devouring ecstasy to make joyous hymns for the whole  
earth.

### ***Ah Poverties, Wincings, and Sulky Retreats***

Ah poverties, wincings, and sulky retreats,  
Ah you foes that in conflict have overcome me,  
(For what is my life or any man's life but a conflict with foes, the old,  
the incessant war?) You degradations, you tussle with passions

and appetites, You smarts from dissatisfied friendships, (ah wounds the sharpest of all!) You toil of painful and choked articulations, you meannesses, You shallow tongue-talks at tables, (my tongue the shallowest of any;) You broken resolutions, you racking angers, you smother'd ennui!

Ah think not you finally triumph, my real self has yet to come forth,  
(10) It shall yet march forth o'ermastering, till all lies beneath me,  
It shall yet stand up the soldier of ultimate victory.

### ***Thoughts***

Of public opinion,

Of a calm and cool fiat sooner or later, (how impassive! how certain and final!) Of the President with pale face asked secretly to himself, *What will the people say at last?*

Of the frivolous Judge – of the corrupt Congressman,

Governor, Mayor – of such as these standing helpless and exposed, Of the mumbling and screaming priest, (soon, soon deserted,) Of the lessening year by year of venerableness, and of the dicta of officers, statutes, pulpits, school, Of the rising forever taller and stronger and broader of the intuitions of men and women, and of Self-esteem and Personality;

Of the true New World – of the Democracies resplendent en-masse, Of the conformity of politics, armies, navies, to them, (10) Of the shining sun by them – of the inherent light, greater than the rest, Of the envelopment of all by them, and the effusion of all from

them.

### ***Mediums***

They shall arise in the States,

They shall report Nature, laws, physiology, and happiness, They shall  
illustrate Democracy and the kosmos,

They shall be alimentive, amative, perceptive,

They shall be complete women and men, their pose brawny and  
supple, their drink water, their blood clean and clear, They shall  
fully enjoy materialism and the sight of products, they shall enjoy  
the sight of the beef, lumber, bread-stuffs, of Chicago the great  
city, They shall train themselves to go in public to become orators  
and oratresses, Strong and sweet shall their tongues be, poems  
and materials of poems shall come from their lives, they shall be  
makers and finders, Of them and of their works shall emerge  
divine conveyers, to convey gospels, (10) Characters, events,  
retrospections, shall be convey'd in gospels, trees, animals,  
waters, shall be convey'd, Death, the future, the invisible faith,  
shall all be convey'd.

### ***Weave in, My Hardy Life***

Weave in, weave in, my hardy life,

Weave yet a soldier strong and full for great campaigns to come,

Weave in red blood, weave sinews in like ropes, the senses, sight  
weave in. Weave lasting cure, weave day and night the weft, the

weave in, weave lasting sure, weave day and night the web, the  
warp, incessant weave, tire not, (We know not what the use O  
life, nor know the aim, the end, nor really aught we know, But  
know the work, the need goes on and shall go on, the death-  
envelop'd march of peace as well as war goes on,) For great  
campaigns of peace the same the wiry threads to weave, We know  
not why or what, yet weave, forever weave.

### ***Spain, 1873-74***

Out of the murk of heaviest clouds,

Out of the feudal wrecks and heap'd-up skeletons of kings, Out of that  
old entire European debris, the shatter'd mummeries, Ruin'd  
cathedrals, crumble of palaces, tombs of priests, Lo, Freedom's  
features fresh undimm'd look forth – the same immortal face  
looks forth;

(A glimpse as of thy Mother's face Columbia,

A flash significant as of a sword,

Beaming towards thee.)

Nor think we forget thee maternal;

(10) Lag'd'st thou so long? shall the clouds close again upon thee?

Ah, but thou hast thyself now appear'd to us – we know thee, Thou  
hast given us a sure proof, the glimpse of thyself, Thou waitest  
there as everywhere thy time.

***By Broad Potomac's Shore***

By broad Potomac's shore, again old tongue,

(Still uttering, still ejaculating, canst never cease this babble?) Again  
old heart so gay, again to you, your sense, the full flush spring  
returning, Again the freshness and the odors, again Virginia's  
summer sky, pellucid blue and silver, Again the forenoon purple  
of the hills,

Again the deathless grass, so noiseless soft and green, Again the blood-  
red roses blooming.

Perfume this book of mine O blood-red roses!

Lave subtly with your waters every line Potomac!

(10) Give me of you O spring, before I close, to put between its pages!

O forenoon purple of the hills, before I close, of you!

O deathless grass, of you!

***From Far Dakota's Cañons (June 25, 1876)***

From far Dakota's cañons,

Lands of the wild ravine, the dusky Sioux, the lonesome stretch, the  
silence, Haply to-day a mournful wail, haply a trumpet-note for  
heroes.

The battle-bulletin,

The Indian ambushade, the craft, the fatal environment, The cavalry  
companies fighting to the last in sternest heroism, In the midst of  
their little circle, with their slaughter'd horses for breastworks,  
The fall of Custer and all his officers and men.

Continues yet the old, old legend of our race,

(10) The loftiest of life upheld by death,

The ancient banner perfectly maintain'd,

O lesson opportune, O how I welcome thee!

As sitting in dark days,

Lone, sulky, through the time's thick murk looking in vain for light,  
for hope, From unsuspected parts a fierce and momentary proof,

(The sun there at the centre though conceal'd,

Electric life forever at the centre,)

Breaks forth a lightning flash.

Thou of the tawny flowing hair in battle,

(20) I erewhile saw, with erect head, pressing ever in front, bearing a  
bright sword in thy hand, Now ending well in death the splendid  
fever of thy deeds, (I bring no dirge for it or thee, I bring a glad  
triumphal sonnet,) Desperate and glorious, aye in defeat most  
desperate, most glorious, After thy many battles in which never



yielding up a gun or a color, Leaving behind thee a memory sweet  
to soldiers, Thou yieldest up thyself.

### ***Old War-Dreams***

In midnight sleep of many a face of anguish,  
Of the look at first of the mortally wounded, (of that indescribable  
look,) Of the dead on their backs with arms extended wide,  
I dream, I dream, I dream.

Of scenes of Nature, fields and mountains,  
Of skies so beauteous after a storm, and at night the moon so  
unearthly bright, Shining sweetly, shining down, where we dig  
the trenches and gather the heaps, I dream, I dream, I dream.

Long have they pass'd, faces and trenches and fields,  
Where through the carnage I moved with a callous composure, or  
away from the fallen, Onward I sped at the time – but now of  
their forms at night, I dream, I dream, I dream.

### ***Thick-Sprinkled Bunting***

Thick-sprinkled bunting! flag of stars!

Long yet your road, fatal flag – long yet your road, and lined with  
bloody death, For the prize I see at issue at last is the world,

All its ships and shores I see interwoven with your threads greedy  
banner; Dream'd again the flags of kings, highest borne, to flaunt  
unrival'd?

O hasten flag of man – O with sure and steady step, passing highest  
flags of kings, Walk supreme to the heavens mighty symbol – run  
up above them all, Flag of stars! thick-sprinkled bunting!

***What Best I See in Thee***

(TO U.S.G. RETURN'D FROM HIS WORLD'S TOUR)

What best I see in thee,

Is not that where thou mov'st down history's great highways, Ever  
undimm'd by time shoots warlike victory's dazzle, Or that thou  
sat'st where Washington sat, ruling the land in peace, Or thou the  
man whom feudal Europe feted, venerable Asia swarm'd upon,  
Who walk'd with kings with even pace the round world's  
promenade; But that in foreign lands, in all thy walks with kings,  
Those prairie sovereigns of the West, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois,  
Ohio's, Indiana's millions, comrades, fanners, soldiers, all to the front,  
(10) Invisibly with thee walking with kings with even pace the  
round world's promenade, Were all so justified.

***Spirit That Form'd This Scene***

(WRITTEN IN PLATTE CAÑON, COLORADO)

Spirit that form'd this scene,

These tumbled rock-piles grim and red,  
These reckless heaven-ambitious peaks,  
These gorges, turbulent-clear streams, this naked freshness, These  
formless wild arrays, for reasons of their own,  
I know thee, savage spirit – we have communed together, Mine too  
such wild arrays, for reasons of their own; Was't charged against  
my chants they had forgotten art?  
To fuse within themselves its rules precise and delicatessen?  
(10) The lyrist's measur'd beat, the wrought-out temple's grace –  
column and polish'd arch forgot?  
But thou that revelest here – spirit that form'd this scene, They have  
remember'd thee.

***As I Walk These Broad Majestic Days***

As I walk these broad majestic days of peace,  
(For the war, the struggle of blood finish'd, wherein, O terrific Ideal,  
Against vast odds erewhile having gloriously won,  
Now thou stridest on, yet perhaps in time toward denser wars, Perhaps  
to engage in time in still more dreadful contests, dangers, Longer  
campaigns and crises, labors beyond all others,) Around me I hear  
that eclat of the world, politics, produce, The announcements of  
recognized things, science,  
The approved growth of cities and the spread of inventions.

(10) I see the ships, (they will last a few years,)  
The vast factories with their foremen and workmen,  
And hear the indorsement of all, and do not object to it.

But I too announce solid things,  
Science, ships, politics, cities, factories, are not nothing, Like a grand  
procession to music of distant bugles pouring, triumphantly  
moving, and grander heaving in sight, They stand for realities –  
all is as it should be.

Then my realities;

What else is so real as mine?

Libertad and the divine average, freedom to every slave on the face of  
the earth, (20) The rapt promises and luminè of seers, the  
spiritual world, these centuries-lasting songs, And our visions, the  
visions of poets, the most solid announcements of any.

### ***A Clear Midnight***

This is thy hour O Soul, thy free flight into the wordless, Away from  
books, away from art, the day erased, the lesson done, Thee fully  
forth emerging, silent, gazing, pondering the themes thou lovest  
best, Night, sleep, death and the stars.

## SONGS OF PARTING

### *As the Time Draws Nigh*

As the time draws nigh glooming a cloud,  
A dread beyond of I know not what darkens me.

I shall go forth,  
I shall traverse the States awhile, but I cannot tell whither or how  
long, Perhaps soon some day or night while I am singing my voice  
will suddenly cease.

O book, O chants! must all then amount to but this?  
Must we barely arrive at this beginning of us? – and yet it is enough,  
O soul; O soul, we have positively appear'd – that is enough.

### *Years of the Modern*

Years of the modern! years of the unperform'd!  
Your horizon rises, I see it parting away for more august dramas, I see  
not America only, not only Liberty's nation but other nations  
preparing, I see tremendous entrances and exits, new  
combinations, the solidarity of races, I see that force advancing

with irresistible power on the world's stage, (Have the old forces, the old wars, played their parts? are the acts suitable to them closed?) I see Freedom, completely arm'd and victorious and very haughty, with Law on one side and Peace on the other, A stupendous trio all issuing forth against the idea of caste;

What historic denouements are these we so rapidly approach?

(10) I see men marching and countermarching by swift millions,

I see the frontiers and boundaries of the old aristocracies broken, I see the landmarks of European kings removed,

I see this day the People beginning their landmarks, (all others give way;) Never were such sharp questions ask'd as this day,

Never was average man, his soul, more energetic, more like a God, Lo, how he urges and urges, leaving the masses no rest!

His daring foot is on land and sea everywhere, he colonizes the Pacific, the archipelagoes, With the steamship, the electric telegraph, the newspaper,, the wholesale engines of war, With these and the world-spreading factories he interlinks all geography, all lands; (20) What whispers are these O lands, running ahead of you, passing under the seas?

Are all nations communing? is there going to be but one heart to the globe?

Is humanity forming en-masse? for lo, tyrants tremble, crowns grow dim, The earth, restive, confronts a new era, perhaps a general divine war, No one knows what will happen next, such portents fill the days and nights; Years prophetic! the space ahead as I

walk, as I vainly try to pierce it, is full of phantoms, Unborn  
deeds, things soon to be, project their shapes around me, This  
incredible rush and heat, this strange ecstatic fever of dreams O  
years!

Your dreams O years, how they penetrate through me! (I know not  
whether I sleep or wake;) The perform'd America and Europe  
grow dim, retiring in shadow behind me, (30) The unperform'd,  
more gigantic than ever, advance, advance upon me.

### ***Ashes of Soldiers***

Ashes of soldiers South or North,  
As I muse retrospective murmuring a chant in thought,  
The war resumes, again to my sense your shapes,  
And again the advance of the armies.

Noiseless as mists and vapors,  
From their graves in the trenches ascending,  
From cemeteries all through Virginia and Tennessee,  
From every point of the compass out of the countless graves,  
In wafted clouds, in myriads large, or squads of twos or threes or  
single ones they come, (10) And silently gather round me.

Now sound no note O trumpeters,

Not at the head of my cavalry parading on spirited horses,  
With sabres drawn and glistening, and carbines by their thighs, (ah my  
brave horsemen!

My handsome tan-faced horsemen! what life, what joy and pride,  
With all the perils were yours.)

Nor you drummers, neither at reveille at dawn,  
Nor the long roll alarming the camp, nor even the muffled beat for a  
burial, Nothing from you this time O drummers bearing my  
warlike drums.

But aside from these and the marts of wealth and the crowded  
promenade, (20) Admitting around me comrades close unseen by  
the rest and voiceless, The slain elate and alive again, the dust  
and debris alive,

I chant this chant of my silent soul in the name of all dead soldiers.

Faces so pale with wondrous eyes, very dear, gather closer yet,

Draw close, but speak not.

Phantoms of countless lost,

Invisible to the rest henceforth become my companions,

Follow me ever – desert me not while I live.



Sweet are the blooming cheeks of the living – sweet are the musical  
voices sounding, But sweet, ah sweet, are the dead with their  
silent eyes.

(30) Dearest comrades, all is over and long gone,  
But love is not over – and what love, O comrades!  
Perfume from battlefields rising, up from the foetor arising.

Perfume therefore my chant, O love, immortal love,  
Give me to bathe the memories of all dead soldiers,  
Shroud them, embalm them, cover them all over with tender pride.

Perfume all – make all wholesome,  
Make these ashes to nourish and blossom,  
O love, solve all, fructify all with the last chemistry.

Give me exhaustless, make me a fountain,  
(40) That I exhale love from me wherever I go like a moist perennial  
dew, For the ashes of all dead soldiers South or North.

*Thoughts*

Of these years I sing,

How they pass and have pass'd through convuls'd pains, as through  
parturitions, How America illustrates birth, muscular youth, the  
promise, the sure fulfilment, the absolute success, despite of  
people – illustrates evil as well as good, The vehement struggle so  
fierce for unity in one's-self;

How many hold despairingly yet to the models departed, caste, myths,  
obedience, compulsion, and to infidelity, How few see the arrived  
models, the athletes, the Western

States, or see freedom or spirituality, or hold any faith in results, (But  
I see the athletes, and I see the results of the war glorious and  
inevitable, and they again leading to other results.) How the great  
cities appear – how the Democratic masses, turbulent, wilful, as I  
love them, How the whirl, the contest, the wrestle of evil with  
good, the sounding and resounding, keep on and on, (10) How  
society waits unform'd, and is for a while between things ended  
and things begun, How America is the continent of glories, and of  
the triumph of freedom and of the Democracies, and of the fruits  
of society, and of all that is begun, And how the States are  
complete in themselves – and how all triumphs and glories are  
complete in themselves, to lead onward, And how these of mine  
and of the States will in their turn be convuls'd, and serve other  
parturitions and transitions, And how all people, sights,  
combinations, the democratic masses too, serve – and how every  
fact, and war itself, with all its horrors, serves, And how now or at

any time each serves the exquisite transition of death.

2

Of seeds dropping into the ground, of births,

Of the steady concentration of America, inland, upward, to  
impregnable and swarming places, Of what Indiana, Kentucky,  
Arkansas, and the rest, are to be,

Of what a few years will show there in Nebraska, Colorado,  
Nevada, and the rest,

(20) (Or afar, mounting the Northern Pacific to Sitka or Aliaska,) Of  
what the feuillage of America is the preparation for – and of what  
all sights, North, South, East and West are, Of this Union welded  
in blood, of the solemn price paid, of the unnamed lost ever  
present in my mind; Of the temporary use of materials for  
identity's sake,

Of the present, passing, departing – of the growth of completer men  
than any yet, Of all sloping down there where the fresh free giver  
the mother, the Mississippi flows, Of mighty inland cities yet  
unsurvey'd and unsuspected,

Of the new and good names, of the modern developments, of  
inalienable homesteads, Of a free and original life there, of simple  
diet and clean and sweet blood, Of litheness, majestic faces, clear  
eyes, and perfect physique there, (30) Of immense spiritual results  
future years far West, each side of the Anahuacs, Of these songs,  
well understood there (being made for that area ) Of the native

well understood there, (being made for that area,) of the native  
scorn of grossness and gain there,

(O it lurks in me night and day – what is gain after all to savageness  
and freedom?)

### ***Song at Sunset***

Splendor of ended day floating and filling me,  
Hour prophetic, hour resuming the past,  
Inflating my throat, you divine average,  
You earth and life till the last ray gleams I sing.

Open mouth of my soul uttering gladness,  
Eyes of my soul seeing perfection,  
Natural life of me faithfully praising things,  
Corroborating forever the triumph of things.

Illustrious every one!

(10) Illustrious what we name space, sphere of unnumber'd spirits,  
Illustrious the mystery of motion in all beings, even the tiniest  
insect, Illustrious the attribute of speech, the senses, the body,

Illustrious the passing light – illustrious the pale reflection on the new  
moon in the western sky, Illustrious whatever I see or hear or  
touch, to the last.

Good in all,

In the satisfaction and aplomb of animals,

In the annual return of the seasons,

In the hilarity of youth,

In the strength and flush of manhood,

(20) In the grandeur and exquisiteness of old age,

In the superb vistas of death.

Wonderful to depart!

Wonderful to be here!

The heart, to jet the all-alike and innocent blood!

To breathe the air, how delicious!

To speak – to walk – to seize something by the hand!

To prepare for sleep, for bed, to look on my rose-color'd flesh!

To be conscious of my body, so satisfied, so large!

To be this incredible God I am!

(30) To have gone forth among other Gods, these men and women I  
love.

Wonderful how I celebrate you and myself!

How my thoughts play subtle at the spectacles around!

How my thoughts play subtly at the spectacles around!

How the clouds pass silently overhead!

How the earth darts on and on! and how the sun, moon, stars, dart on  
and on!

How the water sports and sings! (surely it is alive!)

How the trees rise and stand up, with strong trunks, with branches  
and leaves!

(Surely there is something more in each of the trees, some living soul.)

O amazement of things – even the least particle!

O spirituality of things!

(40) O strain musical flowing through ages and continents, now  
reaching me and America!

I take your strong, chords, intersperse them, and cheerfully pass them  
forward.

I too carol the sun, usher'd or at noon, or as now, setting,

I too throb to the brain and beauty of the earth and of all the growths  
of the earth, I too have felt the resistless call of myself.

As I steam'd down the Mississippi,

As I wander'd over the prairies,

As I have lived, as I have look'd through my windows my eyes,

As I went forth in the morning, as I beheld the light breaking in the

east, As I bathed on the beach of the Eastern Sea, and again on  
the beach of the Western Sea, (50) As I roam'd the streets of  
inland Chicago, whatever streets I have roam'd,  
Or cities or silent woods, or even amid the sights of war,  
Wherever I have been I have charged myself with contentment and  
triumph.

I sing to the last the equalities modern or old,  
I sing the endless finales of things,  
I say Nature continues, glory continues,  
I praise with electric voice,  
For I do not see one imperfection in the universe,  
And I do not see one cause or result lamentable at last in the universe.

O setting sun! though the time has come,  
(60) I still warble under you, if none else does, unmitigated adoration.

***As at Thy Portals Also Death***

As at thy portals also death,  
Entering thy sovereign, dim, illimitable grounds,  
To memories of my mother, to the divine blending, maternity,  
To her, buried and gone, yet buried not, gone not from me,

(I see again the calm benignant face fresh and beautiful still,  
I sit by the form in the coffin,  
I kiss and kiss convulsively again the sweet old lips, the cheeks, the  
closed eyes in the coffin;) To her, the ideal woman, practical,  
spiritual, of all of earth, life, love, to me the best, I grave a  
monumental line, before I go, amid these songs,  
(10) And set a tombstone here.

### ***My Legacy***

The business man the acquirer vast,  
After assiduous years surveying results, preparing for departure,  
Devises houses and lands to his children, bequeaths stocks, goods,  
funds for a school or hospital, Leaves money to certain  
companions to buy tokens, souvenirs of gems and gold.

But I, my life surveying, closing,  
With nothing to show to devise from its idle years,  
Nor houses nor lands, nor tokens of gems or gold for my friends, Yet  
certain remembrances of the war for you, and after you,  
And little souvenirs of camps and soldiers, with my love,  
(10) I bind together and bequeath in this bundle of songs.



### ***Pensive on Her Dead Gazing***

Pensive on her dead gazing I heard the Mother of All,  
Desperate on the torn bodies, on the forms covering the battlefields  
gazing, (As the last gun ceased, but the scent of the powder-  
smoke linger'd,) As she call'd to her earth with mournful voice  
while she stalk'd, Absorb them well O my earth, she cried, I  
charge you lose not my sons, lose not an atom, And you streams  
absorb them well, taking their dear blood,  
And you local spots, and you airs that swim above lightly impalpable,  
And all you essences of soil and growth, and you my rivers'  
depths, And you mountain sides, and the woods where my dear  
children's blood trickling redden'd, (10) And you trees down in  
your roots to bequeath to all future trees, My dead absorb or  
South or North – my young men's bodies absorb, and their  
precious precious blood, Which holding in trust for me faithfully  
back again give me many a year hence, In unseen essence and  
odor of surface and grass, centuries hence, In blowing airs from  
the fields back again give me my darlings, give my immortal  
heroes, Exhale me them centuries hence, breathe me their breath,  
let not an atom be lost, O years and graves! O air and soil! O my  
dead, an aroma sweet!

Exhale them perennial sweet death, years, centuries hence.

### ***Camps of Green***

Not alone those camps of white, old comrades of the wars,

When as order'd forward, after a long march,  
Footsore and weary, soon as the light lessens we halt for the night,  
Some of us so fatigued carrying the gun and knapsack, dropping  
asleep in our tracks, Others pitching the little tents, and the fires  
lit up begin to sparkle, Outposts of pickets posted surrounding  
alert through the dark,  
And a word provided for countersign, careful for safety,  
Till to the call of the drummers at daybreak loudly beating the drums,  
We rise up refresh'd, the night and sleep pass'd over, and resume  
our journey, (10) Or proceed to battle.

Lo, the camps of the tents of green,  
Which the days of peace keep filling, and the days of war keep filling,  
With a mystic army, (is it too order'd forward? is it too only  
halting awhile, Till night and sleep pass over?)  
Now in those camps of green, in their tents dotting the world,  
In the parents, children, husbands, wives, in them, in the old and  
young, Sleeping under the sunlight, sleeping under the moonlight,  
content and silent there at last, Behold the mighty bivouac-field  
and waiting-camp of all,  
Of the corps and generals all, and the President over the corps and  
generals all, (20) And of each of us O soldiers, and of each and all  
in the ranks we fought, (Thee without hatred we all, all meet.)  
For presently O soldiers, we too camp in our place in the bivouac-

camp of green, But we need not provide for outposts, nor word  
for the countersign, Nor drummer to beat the morning drum.

### ***The Sobbing of the Bells***

(MIDNIGHT, SEPT. 19-20, 1881)

The sobbing of the bells, the sudden death-news everywhere,  
The slumberers rouse, the rapport of the People,  
(Full well they know that message in the darkness,  
Full well return, respond within their breasts, their brains, the sad  
reverberations,) The passionate toll and clang – city to city,  
joining, sounding, passing, Those heart-beats of a Nation in the  
night.

### ***As They Draw to a Close***

As they draw to a close,  
Of what underlies the precedent songs – of my aims in them,  
Of the seed I have sought to plant in them,  
Of joy, sweet joy, through many a year, in them,  
(For them, for them have I lived, in them my work is done,)  
Of many an aspiration fond, of many a dream and plan;  
Through Space and Time fused in a chant, and the flowing eternal  
identity, To Nature encompassing these, encompassing God – to  
the joyous, electric all, To the sense of Death, and accepting

exulting in Death in its turn the same as life, (10) The entrance of  
man to sing;

To compact you, ye parted, diverse lives,

To put rapport the mountains and rocks and streams, And the winds of  
the north, and the forests of oak and pine,

With you O soul.

### ***Joy, Shipmate, Joy !***

Joy, shipmate, joy!

(Pleas'd to my soul at death I cry,)

Our life is closed, our life begins,

The long, long anchorage we leave,

The ship is clear at last, she leaps!

She swiftly courses from the shore,

Joy, shipmate, joy.

### ***The Untold Want***

The untold want by life and land ne'er granted,

Now voyager sail thou forth to seek and find.

### ***Portals***

What are those of the known but to ascend and enter the

Unknown?

And what are those of life but for Death?

***These Carols***

These carols sung to cheer my passage through the world

I see,

For completion I dedicate to the Invisible World.

***Now Finalè to the Shore***

Now finale to the shore,

Now land and life finale and farewell,

Now Voyager depart, (much, much for thee is yet in store,)

Often enough hast thou adventur'd o'er the seas,

Cautiously cruising, studying the charts,

Duly again to port and hawser's tie returning;

But now obey thy cherish'd secret wish,

Embrace thy friends, leave all in order,

To port and hawser's tie no more returning,

(10) Depart upon thy endless cruise old Sailor.

***So Long!***

To conclude, I announce what comes after me.

I remember I said before my leaves sprang at all,

I would raise my voice jocund and strong with reference to  
consummations.

When America does what was promis'd,

When through these States walk a hundred millions of superb persons,

When the rest part away for superb persons and contribute to  
them, When breeds of the most perfect mothers denote America,

Then to me and mine our due fruition.

I have press'd through in my own right,

(10) I have sung the body and the soul, war and peace have I sung,  
and the songs of life and death, And the songs of birth, and shown  
that there are many births.

I have offer'd my style to every one, I have journey'd with confident  
step; While my pleasure is yet at the full I whisper *So long!*

And take the young woman's hand and the young man's hand for the  
last time.

I announce natural persons to arise,

I announce justice triumphant,

I announce uncompromising liberty and equality,

I announce the justification of candor and the justification of pride.

I announce that the identity of these States is a single identity only,

(20) I announce the Union more and more compact, indissoluble,

I announce splendors and majesties to make all the previous politics of the earth insignificant.

I announce adhesiveness, I say it shall be limitless, unloosen'd, I say you shall yet find the friend you were looking for.

I announce a man or woman coming, perhaps you are the one, (*So long!*)

I announce the great individual, fluid as Nature, chaste, affectionate, compassionate, fully arm'd.

I announce a life that shall be copious, vehement, spiritual, bold, I announce an end that shall lightly and joyfully meet its translation.

I announce myriads of youths, beautiful, gigantic, sweet-blooded, I announce a race of splendid and savage old men.

(30) O thicker and faster – (*So long!*)

O crowding too close upon me,  
I foresee too much, it means more than I thought,  
It appears to me I am dying.

Hasten throat and sound your last,  
Salute me – salute the days once more. Peel the old cry once more.  
Screaming electric, the atmosphere using,  
At random glancing, each as I notice absorbing,  
Swiftly on, but a little while alighting,  
Curious envelop'd messages delivering,  
(40) Sparkles hot, seed ethereal down in the dirt drooping,  
Myself unknowing, my commission obeying, to question it never  
daring, To ages and ages yet the growth of the seed leaving,  
To troops out of the war arising, they the tasks I have set promulging,  
To women certain whispers of myself bequeathing, their affection  
me more clearly explaining, To young men my problems offering  
– no dallier I -1 the muscle of their brains trying, So I pass, a little  
time vocal, visible, contrary,  
Afterward a melodious echo, passionately bent for, (death making me  
really undying,) The best of me then when no longer visible, for  
toward that  
I have been incessantly preparing.



What is there more, that I lag and pause and crouch extended with  
unshut mouth?

(50) Is there a single final farewell?

My songs cease, I abandon them,

From behind the screen where I hid I advance personally solely to you.

Camerado, this is no book,

Who touches this touches a man,

(Is it night? are we here together alone?)

It is I you hold and who holds you,

I spring from the pages into your arms – deace calls me forth.

O how your fingers drowse me,

Your breath falls around me like dew, your pulse lulls the tympan of  
my ears, (60) I feel immersed from head to foot,

Delicious, enough.

Enough O deed impromptu and secret,

Enough O gliding present – enough O summ'd-up past.

Dear friend whoever you are take this kiss,

I give it especially to you, do not forget me,

— — — — —

I feel like one who has done work for the day to retire awhile,  
I receive now again of my many translations, from my avatars  
ascending, while others doubtless await me, An unknown sphere  
more real than I dream'd, more direct, darts awakening rays  
about me, *So long!*

Remember my words, I may again return,  
(70) I love you, I depart from materials,  
I am as one disembodied, triumphant, dead.

### ***Annex to Preceding Pages***

#### **SANDS AT SEVENTY**

##### ***Mannahatta***

My city's fit and noble name resumed,  
Choice aboriginal name, with marvellous beauty, meaning,  
*A rocky founded island – shores where ever gayly dash the  
coming, going, hurrying sea waves.*

##### ***Paumanok***

Sea-beauty! stretch'd and basking!  
One side thy inland ocean laving, broad, with copious commerce,  
steamers, sails, And one the Atlantic's wind caressing, fierce or  
gentle – mighty hulls dark-sliding in the distance.

some mighty eagle's beak, gazing in the distance.

Isle of sweet brooks of drinking-water – healthy air and soil!

Isle of the salty shore and breeze and brine I

### ***From Montauk Point***

I stand as on some mighty eagle's beak,

Eastward the sea absorbing, viewing, (nothing but sea and sky,)

The tossing waves, the foam, the ships in the distance,

The wild unrest, the snowy, curling caps – that inbound urge and urge  
of waves, Seeking the shores forever.

### ***To Those Who've Fail'd***

To those who've fail'd, in aspiration vast,

To unnam'd soldiers fallen in front on the lead,

To calm, devoted engineers – to over-ardent travelers – to pilots of  
their ships, To many a lofty song and picture without recognition  
– I'd rear a laurel-cover'd monument, High, high above the rest –  
To all cut off before their time,

Possess'd by some strange spirit of fire,

Quench'd by an early death.

### ***A Carol Closing Sixty-Nine***

A carol closing sixty-nine – a *resume*- a repetition,  
My lines in joy and hope continuing on the same,  
Of ye, O God, Life, Nature, Freedom, Poetry;  
Of you, my Land – your rivers, prairies, States – you, mottled Flag I  
    love, Your aggregate retain'd entire-Of north, south, east and  
    west, your items all; Of me myself-the jocund heart yet beating in  
    my breast,  
The body wreck'd, old, poor and paralyzed – the strange inertia falling  
    pall-like round me, The burning fires down in my sluggish blood  
    not yet extinct,  
The undiminish'd faith – the groups of loving friends.

### ***The Bravest Soldiers***

Brave, brave were the soldiers (high named to-day) who lived through  
    the fight; But the bravest press'd to the front and fell, unnamed,  
    unknown.

### ***A Font of Type***

This latent mine – these unlaunch'd voices – passionate powers,  
Wrath, argument, or praise, or comic leer, or prayer devout,  
(Not nonpareil, brevier, bourgeois, long primer merely,)  
These ocean waves arousable to fury and to death,  
Or sooth'd to ease and sheeny sun and sleep,

Within the pallid slivers slumbering.

***As I Sit Writing Here***

As I sit writing here, sick and grown old,  
Not my least burden is that dulness of the years, querilities,  
Ungracious glooms, aches, lethargy, constipation, whimpering *ennui*,  
May filter in my daily songs.

***My Canary Bird***

Did we count great, O soul, to penetrate the themes of mighty books,  
Absorbing deep and full from thoughts, plays, speculations?  
But now from thee to me, caged bird, to feel thy joyous warble,  
Filling the air, the lonesome room, the long forenoon,  
Is it not just as great, O soul?

***Queries to My Seventieth Year***

Approaching, nearing, curious,  
Thou dim, uncertain spectre – bringest thou life or death?  
Strength, weakness, blindness, more paralysis and heavier?  
Or placid skies and sun? Wilt stir the waters yet?  
Or haply cut me short for good? Or leave me here as now,  
Dull, parrot-like and old, with crack'd voice harping, screeching?

### ***The Wallabout Martyrs***

(In Brooklyn, in an old vault, mark'd by no special recognition, lie  
huddled at this moment the undoubtedly authentic remains of the  
stanchest and earliest revolutionary patriots from the British  
prison ships and prisons of the times of 1776-83, in and around  
New York, and from all over Long Island; originally buried –  
many thousands of them – in trenches in the Wallabout sands.)  
Greater than memory of Achilles or Ulysses,

More, more by far to thee than tomb of Alexander,

Those cart loads of old charnel ashes, scales and splints of mouldy  
bones, Once living men – once resolute courage, aspiration,  
strength,

The stepping stones to thee to-day and here, America.

### ***The First Dandelion***

Simple and fresh and fair from winter's close emerging,

As if no artifice of fashion, business, politics, had ever been, Forth  
from its sunny nook of shelter'd grass – innocent, golden, calm as  
the dawn, The spring's first dandelion shows its trustful face.

### ***America***

Centre of equal daughters, equal sons,

All, all alike endear'd, grown, ungrown, young or old,

Strong, simple, fair, enduring, capable, rich

Strong, ample, fair, enduring, capable, rich,  
Perennial with the Earth, with Freedom, Law and Love,  
A grand, sane, towering, seated Mother,  
Chair'd in the adamant of Time.

### ***Memories***

How sweet the silent backward tracings!  
The wanderings as in dreams – the meditation of old times resumed –  
their loves, joys, persons, voyages.

### ***To-day and Thee***

The appointed winners in a long-stretch'd game;  
The course of Time and nations – Egypt, India, Greece and  
Rome;  
The past entire, with all its heroes, histories, arts, experiments, Its  
store of songs, inventions, voyages, teachers, books,  
Garner'd for now and thee – To think of it!  
The heirdom all converged in thee!

### ***After the Dazzle of Day***

After the dazzle of day is gone,  
Only the dark, dark night shows to my eyes the stars;

After the clangor of organ majestic, or chorus, or perfect band, Silent,  
athwart my soul, moves the symphony true.

***Abraham Lincoln, Born Feb. 12, 1809***

To-day, from each and all, a breath of prayer – a pulse of thought, To  
memory of Him – to birth of Him.

Published Feb. 12, 1888

*Out of May's Shows Selected*

Apple orchards, the trees all cover'd with blossoms;  
Wheat fields carpeted far and near in vital emerald green;  
The eternal, exhaustless freshness of each early morning;  
The yellow, golden, transparent haze of the warm afternoon sun;  
The aspiring lilac bushes with profuse purple or white flowers.

***Halcyon Days***

Not from successful love alone,  
Nor wealth, nor honor'd middle age, nor victories of politics or war;  
But as life wanes, and all the turbulent passions calm,  
As gorgeous, vapory, silent hues cover the evening sky,  
As softness, fulness, rest, suffuse the frame, like fresher, balmier air,  
As the days take on a mellower light, and the apple at last hangs  
really finish'd and indolent-ripe on the tree, Then for the teeming



quietest, happiest days of all!

The brooding and blissful halcyon days!

### ***Fancies at Navesink***

#### *The Pilot in the Mist*

Steaming the northern rapids – (an old St Lawrence reminiscence, A  
sudden memory-flash comes back, I know not why,

Here waiting for the sunrise, gazing from this hill;) <sup>1</sup>

Again 'tis just at morning – a heavy haze contends with daybreak,  
Again the trembling, laboring vessel veers me -1 press through  
foam-dash'd rocks that almost touch me, Again I mark where aft  
the small thin Indian helmsman

Looms in the mist, with brow elate and governing hand.

### ***Had I the Choice***

Had I the choice to tally greatest bards,

To limn their portraits, stately, beautiful, and emulate at will, Homer  
with all his wars and warriors – Hector, Achilles,

Ajax,

Or Shakspeare's woe-entangled Hamlet, Lear, Othello -

Tennyson's fair ladies,

<sup>1</sup> For a more detailed description of the scene, see the poem "The Pilot in the Mist" in the same collection.

metre or wit the best, or choice conceit to wield in perfect rhyme,  
delight of singers; These, these, O sea, all these I'd gladly barter,  
Would you the undulation of one wave, its trick to me transfer,  
Or breathe one breath of yours upon my verse,  
And leave its odor there.

*You Tides with Ceaseless Swell*

You tides with ceaseless swell! you power that does this work!  
You unseen force, centripetal, centrifugal, through space's spread,  
Rapport of sun, moon, earth, and all the constellations,  
1. Navesink – a sea-side mountain, lower entrance of New York Bay.  
What are the messages by you from distant stars to us? what Sirius'?  
what Capella's?  
What central heart – and you the pulse – vivifies all? what boundless  
aggregate of all?  
What subtle indirection and significance in you? what clue to all in  
you? what fluid, vast identity, Holding the universe with all its  
parts as one – as sailing in a ship?

*Last of Ebb, and Daylight Waning*

Last of ebb, and daylight waning,  
Scented sea-cool landward making, smells of sedge and salt incoming,  
With many a half-caught voice sent up from the eddies,  
Many a muffled confession – many a sob and whisper'd word,

As of speakers far or hid.

How they sweep down and out! how they mutter!

Poets unnamed – artists greatest of any, with cherish'd lost designs,  
Love's unresponse – a chorus of age's complaints – hope's last  
words, Some suicide's despairing cry, *Away to the boundless waste,  
and never again return.*

(10) On to oblivion then!

On, on, and do your part, ye burying, ebbing tide!

On for your time, ye furious debouche!

### ***And Yet Not You Alone***

And yet not you alone, twilight and burying ebb,  
Nor you, ye lost designs alone – nor failures, aspirations;  
I know, divine deceitful ones, your glamour's seeming;  
Duly by you, from you, the tide and light again – duly the hinges  
turning, Duly the needed discord-parts offsetting, blending,  
Weaving from you, from Sleep, Night, Death itself,  
The rhythmus of Birth eternal.

### ***Proudly the Flood Comes In***

Proudly the flood comes in, shouting, foaming, advancing,  
Long it holds at the high, with bosom broad outswelling,  
All throbs, dilates – the farms, woods, streets of cities – workmen at  
work, Mainsails, topsails, jibs, appear in the offing – steamers’  
pennants of smoke – and under the forenoon sun, Freightened with  
human lives, gaily the outward bound, gaily the inward bound,  
Flaunting from many a spar the flag I love.

### ***By That Long Scan of Waves***

By that long scan of waves, myself call’d back, resumed upon myself,  
In every crest some undulating light or shade – some retrospect,  
Joys, travels, studies, silent panoramas – scenes ephemeral,  
The long past war, the battles, hospital sights, the wounded and the  
dead, Myself through every by-gone phase – my idle youth – old  
age at hand, My three-score years of life summ’d up, and more,  
and past,  
By any grand ideal tried, intentionless, the whole a nothing,  
And haply yet some drop within God’s scheme’s ensemble – some  
wave, or part of wave, Like one of yours, ye multitudinous ocean.

### ***Then Last of All***

Then last of all, caught from these shores, this hill,  
Of you O tides, the mystic human meaning:  
Only by law of you, your swell and ebb, enclosing me the same,  
The brain that shapes, the voice that chants this song.

### ***Election Day, November, 1884***

If I should need to name, O Western World, your powerfulest scene  
and show, 'Twould not be you, Niagara – nor you, ye limitless  
prairies – nor your huge rifts of canyons, Colorado, Nor you,  
Yosemite – nor Yellowstone, with all its spasmic geyser-loops  
ascending to the skies, appearing and disappearing, Nor Oregon's  
white cones – nor Huron's belt of mighty lakes – nor Mississippi's  
stream: - This seething hemisphere's humanity, as now, I'd name -  
*the still small voice* vibrating – America's choosing day, (The heart of it  
not in the chosen – the act itself the main, the quadriennial  
choosing,) The stretch of North and South arous'd – sea-board and  
inland – Texas to Maine – the Prairie States – Vermont, Virginia,  
California,  
The final ballot-shower from East to West – the paradox and conflict,  
The countless snow-flakes falling – (a swordless conflict,  
(10) Yet more than all Rome's wars of old, or modern  
Napoleon's:) the peaceful choice of all,  
Or good or ill humanity – welcoming the darker odds, the dress-

Of good or in humanity – welcoming the darker odds, the cross.

- Foams and ferments the wine? it serves to purify – while the heart  
pants, life glows: These stormy gusts and winds waft precious  
ships,

Swell'd Washington's, Jefferson's, Lincoln's sails.

***With Husky-Haughty Lips, O Sea!***

With husky-haughty lips, O sea!

Where day and night I wend thy surf-beat shore,

Imaging to my sense thy varied strange suggestions,

(I see and plainly list thy talk and conference here,)

Thy troops of white-maned racers racing to the goal,

Thy ample, smiling face, dash'd with the sparkling dimples of the sun,

Thy brooding scowl and murk – thy unloos'd hurricanes,

Thy unsubduedness, caprices, wilfulness;

Great as thou art above the rest, thy many tears – a lack from all

eternity in thy content, (10) (Naught but the greatest struggles,

wrongs, defeats, could make thee greatest – no less could make

thee,) Thy lonely state – something thou ever seek'st and seek'st,

yet never gain'st, Surely some right withheld – some voice, in

huge monotonous rage, of freedom-lover pent, Some vast heart,

like a planet's, chain'd and chafing in those breakers, By

lengthen'd swell, and spasm, and panting breath,

And rhythmic rasping of thy sand and waves,

And serpent hiss, and savage peals of laughter,  
And undertones of distant lion roar,  
(Sounding, appealing to the sky's deaf ear – but now, rapport for once,  
A phantom in the night thy confidant for once,)  
(20) The first and last confession of the globe,  
Outsurging, muttering from thy soul's abysses,  
The tale of cosmic elemental passion,  
Thou tellest to a kindred soul.

### ***Death of General Grant***

As one by one withdraw the lofty actors,  
From that great play on history's stage eterne,  
That lurid, partial act of war and peace – of old and new contending,  
Fought out through wrath, fears, dark dismays, and many a long  
suspense; All past – and since, in countless graves receding,  
mellowing,  
Victor's and vanquish'd – Lincoln's and Lee's – now thou with them,  
Man of the mighty days – and equal to the days!  
Thou from the prairies! – tangled and many-vein'd and hard has been  
thy part, To admiration has it been enacted!

### ***Red Jacket (from Aloft)***

(IMPROMPTU ON BUFFALO CITY'S MONUMENT TO,  
AND RE-BURIAL OF THE OLD IROQUOIS ORATOR,  
OCTOBER 9, 1884)

Upon this scene, this show,  
Yielded to-day by fashion, learning, wealth,  
(Nor in caprice alone – some grains of deepest meaning,) Haply, aloft, (who knows?) from distant sky-clouds' blended shapes,  
As some old tree, or rock or cliff, thrill'd with its soul,  
Product of Nature's sun, stars, earth direct – a towering human form,  
In hunting-shirt of film, arm'd with the rifle, a half-ironical smile  
curving its phantom lips, Like one of Ossian's ghosts looks down.

*Washington's Monument, February, 1885*

Ah, not this marble, dead and cold:

Far from its base and shaft expanding – the round zones circling,  
comprehending, Thou, Washington, art all the world's, the  
continents' entire – not yours alone, America, Europe's as well, in  
every part, castle of lord or laborer's cot, Or frozen North, or  
sultry South – the African's – the

Arab's in his tent,

Old Asia's there with venerable smile, seated amid her ruins;

(Greets the antique the hero new? 'tis but the same – the heir  
legitimate, continued ever, The indomitable heart and arm –  
proofs of the never-broken line, Courage, alertness, patience,



faith, the same – e'en in defeat defeated not, the same:) (10)  
Wherever sails a ship, or house is built on land, or day or night,  
Through teeming cities' streets, indoors or out, factories or farms,  
Now, or to come, or past – where patriot wills existed or exist,  
Wherever Freedom, pois'd by Toleration, sway'd by Law,

Stands or is rising thy true monument.

*Of That Blithe Throat of Thine*

(MORE THAN EIGHTY-THREE DEGREES NORTH-  
ABOUT A GOOD DAY'S STEAMING DISTANCE TO  
THE POLE BY ONE OF OUR FAST OCEANERS IN  
CLEAR WATER-GREELY THE EXPLORER HEARD THE  
SONG OF A SINGLE SNOW-BIRD MERRILY SOUNDING  
OVER THE DESOLATION)

Of that blithe throat of thine from arctic bleak and blank,  
I'll mind the lesson, solitary bird – let me too welcome chilling drifts,  
E'en the profoundest chill, as now – a torpid pulse, a brain  
unnerv'd, Old age land-lock'd within its winter bay – (cold, cold,  
O cold!) These snowy hairs, my feeble arm, my frozen feet,  
For them thy faith, thy rule I take, and grave it to the last;  
Not summer's zones alone – not chants of youth, or south's warm tides  
alone, But held by sluggish floes, pack'd in the northern ice, the  
cumulus of years, These with gay heart I also sing.

## ***Broadway***

What hurrying human tides, or day or night!

What passions, winnings, losses, ardours, swim thy waters!

What whirls of evil, bliss and sorrow, stem thee!

What curious questioning glances – glints of love!

Leer, envy, scorn, contempt, hope, aspiration!

Thou portal – thou arena – thou of the myriad long-drawn lines and  
groups!

(Could but thy flagstones, curbs, facades, tell their inimitable tales;  
Thy windows rich, and huge hotels – thy side-walks wide;)

Thou of the endless sliding, mincing, shuffling feet!

(10) Thou, like the parti-colored world itself-like infinite, teeming,  
mocking life!

Thou visor'd, vast, unspeakable show and lesson!

## ***To Get the Final Lilt of Songs***

To get the final lilt of songs,

To penetrate the inmost lore of poets – to know the mighty ones, Job,  
Homer, Eschylus, Dante, Shakspeare, Tennyson,

Emerson;

To diagnose the shifting-delicate tints of love and pride and doubt – to  
truly understand, To encompass these, the last keen faculty and

entrance-price,

Old age, and what it brings from all its past experiences.

### ***Old Salt Kossabone***

Far back, related on my mother's side,

Old Salt Kossabone, I'll tell you how he died:

(Had been a sailor all his life – was nearly 90 – lived with his married grandchild, Jenny; House on a hill, with view of bay at hand, and distant cape, and stretch to open sea;) The last of afternoons, the evening hours, for many a year his regular custom, In his great arm chair by the window seated,

(Sometimes, indeed, through half the day,)

Watching the coming, going of the vessels, he mutters to himself-And now the close of all: One struggling outbound brig, one day, baffled for long – cross-tides and much wrong going, (10) At last at nightfall strikes the breeze aright, her whole luck veering, And swiftly bending round the cape, the darkness proudly entering, cleaving, as he watches, ' She's free – she's on her destination' – these the last words – when Jenny came, he sat there dead, Dutch Kossabone, Old Salt, related on my mother's side, far back.

### ***The Dead Tenor***

As down the stage again,

With Spanish hat and plumes, and gait inimitable,

Back from the fading lessons of the past, I'd call, I'd tell and own, How  
much from thee! the revelation of the singing voice from thee!

(So firm – so liquid-soft – again that tremulous, manly timbre!

The perfect singing voice-deepest of all to me the lesson-trial and test  
of all:) How through those strains distill'd – how the rapt ears, the  
soul of me, absorbing *Fernando* 's heart, *Manrico*'s passionate call,  
*Ernani*'s, sweet *Gennaro*'s,

I fold thenceforth, or seek to fold, within my chants transmuting, (10)  
Freedom's and Love's and Faith's unloos'd cantabile,

(As perfume's, color's, sunlight's correlation:)

From these, for these, with these, a hurried line, dead tenor,

A wafted autumn leaf, dropt in the closing grave, the shovel'd earth,  
To memory of thee.

### ***Continuities***

(FROM A TALK I HAD LATELY WITH A  
GERMAN SPIRITUALIST)

Nothing is ever really lost, or can be lost,  
No birth, identity, form – no object of the world.

Nor life, nor force, nor any visible thing;

Appearance must not foil, nor shifted sphere confuse thy brain.

Ample are time and space – ample the fields of Nature.

The body, sluggish, aged, cold – the embers left from earlier fires, The  
light in the eye grown dim, shall duly flame again;

The sun now low in the west rises for mornings and for noons  
continual; To frozen clods ever the spring's invisible law returns,

(10) With grass and flowers and summer fruits and corn.

### ***Yonnondio***

(THE SENSE OF THE WORD IS *lament for the aborigines*.

IT IS AN IROQUOIS TERM; AND HAS BEEN USED FOR  
A PERSONAL NAME)

A song, a poem of itself – the word itself a dirge,

Amid the wilds, the rocks, the storm and wintry night,

To me such misty, strange tableaux the syllables calling up;

Yonnondio -I see, far in the west or north, a limitless ravine, with  
plains and mountains dark, I see swarms of stalwart chieftains,  
medicine-men, and warriors, As flitting by like clouds of ghosts,  
they pass and are gone in the twilight, (Race of the woods, the  
landscapes free, and the falls!

No picture, poem, statement, passing them to the future:)

Yonnondio! Yonnondio! – unlimn'd they disappear;

(10) To-day gives place, and fades – the cities, farms, factories fade; A  
muffled sonorous sound, a wailing word is borne through the air  
for a moment, Then blank and gone and still, and utterly lost.

### *Life*

Ever the undiscouraged, resolute, struggling soul of man;

(Have former armies fail'd? then we send fresh armies – and fresh  
again;) Ever the grappled mystery of all earth's ages old or new;

Ever the eager eyes, hurrahs, the welcome-clapping hands, the loud  
applause; Ever the soul dissatisfied, curious, unconvinced at last;

Struggling to-day the same – battling the same.

### *‘ Going Somewhere ’*

My science-friend, my noblest woman-friend,

(Now buried in an English grave – and this a memory-leaf for her dear  
sake,) Ended our talk - ‘ The sum, concluding all we know of old  
or modern learning, intuitions deep, Of all Geologies – Histories –  
of all Astronomy – of

Evolution, Metaphysics all,

Is, that we all are onward, onward, speeding slowly, surely bettering,

Life, life an endless march, an endless army, (no halt, but it is  
duly over,) The world, the race, the soul – in space and time the  
universes, All bound as is befitting each – all surely going  
somewhere.'

### ***Small the Theme of My Chant***

(FROM THE 1867 EDITION OF *Leaves of Grass*)

Small the theme of my Chant, yet the greatest – namely,  
One's-Self- a simple, separate person. That, for the use of the New  
World, I sing.

Man's physiology complete, from top to toe, I sing. Not physiognomy  
alone, nor brain alone, is worthy for the Muse; -I say the Form  
complete is worthier far. The

Female equally with the Male, I sing.

Nor cease at the theme of One's-Self. I speak the word of the modern,  
the word En-Masse.

My Days I sing, and the Lands – with interstice I knew of hapless War.

(O friend, whoe'er you are, at last arriving hither to commence, I feel  
through every leaf the pressure of your hand, which I return.

And thus upon our journey, footing the road, and more than once, and  
link'd together let us go.)

### ***True Conquerors***

Old farmers, travelers, workmen (no matter how crippled or bent,) Old  
sailors, out of many a perilous voyage, storm and wreck,  
Old soldiers from campaigns, with all their wounds, defeats and scars;  
Enough that they've survived at all – long life's unflinching ones?  
Forth from their struggles ', trials, fights, to have emerged at all – in  
that alone, True conquerors o'er all the rest.

### ***The United States to Old World Critics***

Here first the duties of to-day, the lessons of the concrete,  
Wealth, order, travel, shelter, products, plenty;  
As of the building of some varied, vast, perpetual edifice,  
Whence to arise inevitable in time, the towering roofs, the lamps, The  
solid-planted spires tall shooting to the stars.

### ***The Calming Thought of All***

That coursing on, whate 'er men's speculations,  
Amid the changing schools, theologies, philosophies,  
Amid the bawling presentations new and old,



The round earth's silent vital laws, facts, modes continue.

### *Thanks in Old Age*

Thanks in old age – thanks ere I go,

For health, the midday sun, the impalpable air – for life, mere life, For  
precious ever-lingering memories, (of you my mother dear – you,  
father – you, brothers, sisters, friends,) For all my days – not those  
of peace alone – the days of war the same, For gentle words,  
caresses, gifts from foreign lands,

For shelter, wine and meat – for sweet appreciation,

(You distant, dim unknown – or young or old – countless, unspecified,  
readers belov'd, We never met, and ne'er shall meet – and yet our  
souls embrace, long, close and long;) For beings, groups, love,  
deeds, words, books – for colors, forms, (10) For all the brave  
strong men – devoted, hardy men – who've forward sprung in  
freedom's help, all years, all lands, For braver, stronger, more  
devoted men – (a special laurel ere I go, to life's war's chosen  
ones, The cannoneers of song and thought – the great artillerists?  
the foremost leaders, captains of the soul:) As soldier from an  
ended war return'd – As traveler out of myriads, to the long  
procession retrospective, Thanks – joyful thanks! – a soldier's,  
traveler's thanks.

### ***Life and Death***

The two old, simple problems ever intertwined,  
Close home, elusive, present, baffled, grappled.

By each successive age insoluble, pass'd on,  
To ours to-day – and we pass on the same.

### ***The Voice of the Rain***

And who art thou? said I to the soft-falling shower,  
Which, strange to tell, gave me an answer, as here translated:  
I am the Poem of Earth, said the voice of the rain,  
Eternal I rise impalpable out of the land and the bottomless sea,  
Upward to heaven, whence, vaguely form'd, altogether changed,  
and yet the same, I descend to lave the drouths, atomies, dust-  
layers of the globe, And all that in them without me were seeds  
only, latent, unborn; And forever, by day and night, I give back  
life to my own origin, and make pure and beautify it; (For song,  
issuing from its birth-place, after fulfilment, wandering, (10)  
Reck'd or unreck'd, duly with love returns.)

### ***Soon Shall the Winter's Foil Be Here***

Soon shall the winter's foil be here;

Soon shall these icy ligatures unbind and melt – A little while, And air,  
soil, wave, suffused shall be in softness, bloom and growth – a  
thousand forms shall rise From these dead clods and chills as from  
low burial graves.

Thine eyes, ears – all thy best attributes – all that takes cognizance of  
natural beauty, Shall wake and fill. Thou shalt perceive the simple  
shows, the delicate miracles of earth, Dandelions, clover, the  
emerald grass, the early scents and flowers, The arbutus under  
foot, the willow's yellow-green, the blossoming plum and cherry;  
With these the robin, lark and thrush, singing their songs – the  
flitting bluebird; (10) For such the scenes the annual play brings  
on.

### ***While Not the Past Forgetting***

(PUBLISH'd MAY 30, 1888

While not the past forgetting,

To-day, at least, contention sunk entire – peace, brotherhood uprisen;

For sign reciprocal our Northern, Southern hands,

Lay on the graves of all dead soldiers, North or South,

(Nor for the past alone – for meanings to the future,)

Wreaths of roses and branches of palm.

## *The Dying Veteran*

(A LONG ISLAND INCIDENT-EARLY PART OF THE PRESENT  
CENTURY)

Amid these days of order, ease, prosperity,  
Amid the current songs of beauty, peace, decorum,  
I cast a reminiscence – (likely ‘twill offend you,  
I heard it in my boyhood;) – More than a generation since,  
A queer old savage man, a fighter under Washington himself,  
(Large, brave, cleanly, hot-blooded, no talker, rather spiritualistic, Had  
fought in the ranks – fought well – had been all through the  
Revolutionary war,) Lay dying – sons, daughters, church-deacons,  
lovingly tending him, Sharpening their sense, their ears, towards his  
murmuring, half-caught words: (10) ‘Let me return again to my  
war-days,  
To the sights and scenes – to forming the line of battle,  
To the scouts ahead reconnoitering,  
To the cannons, the grim artillery,  
To the galloping aids, carrying orders,  
To the wounded, the fallen, the heat, the suspense,  
The perfume strong, the smoke, the deafening noise;  
Away with your life of peace! – your joys of peace!  
Give me my old wild battle-life again!’

### ***Stronger Lessons***

Have you learn'd lessons only of those who admired you, and were  
tender with you, and stood aside for you?

Have you not learn'd great lessons from those who reject you, and  
brace themselves against you? or who treat you with contempt, or  
dispute the passage with you?

### ***A Prairie Sunset***

Shot gold, maroon and violet, dazzling silver, emerald, fawn,

The earth's whole amplitude and Nature's multiform power consign'd  
for once to colors; The light, the general air possess'd by them –  
colors till now unknown, No limit, confine – not the Western sky  
alone – the high meridian – North, South, all, Pure luminous color  
fighting the silent shadows to the last.

### ***Twenty Years***

Down on the ancient wharf, the sand, I sit, with a new-comer chatting:  
He shipp'd as green-hand boy, and sail'd away, (took some  
sudden, vehement notion;) Since, twenty years and more have  
circled round and round,

While he the globe was circling round and round, – and now returns:  
How changed the place – all the old landmarks gone – the parents  
dead; (Yes, he comes back *to lay in port for good-to settle* – has a

well-fill'd purse – no spot will do but this;) The little boat that  
scull'd him from the sloop, now held in leash I see, I hear the  
slapping waves, the restless keel, the rocking in the sand, I see the  
sailor kit, the canvas bag, the great box bound with brass, (10) I  
scan the face all berry-brown and bearded – the stout-strong  
frame, Dress'd in its russet suit of good Scotch cloth:

(Then what the told-out story of those twenty years? What of the  
future?)

### ***Orange Buds by Mail from Florida***

(VOLTAIRE CLOSED A FAMOUS ARGUMENT BY CLAIMING THAT A SHIP OF WAR AND THE  
GRAND OPERA WERE PROOFS ENOUGH OF CIVILIZATION'S AND FRANCE'S  
PROGRESS, IN HIS DAY) A lesser proof than old Voltaire's, yet  
greater,

Proof of this present time, and thee, thy broad expanse,

America,

To my plain Northern hut, in outside clouds and snow,

Brought safely for a thousand miles o'er land and tide,

Some three days since on their own soil live-sprouting,

Now here their sweetness through my room unfolding,

A bunch of orange buds by mail from Florida.

### ***Twilight***

The soft voluptuous opiate shades,  
The sun just gone, the eager light dispell'd – (I too will soon be gone,  
dispell'd,) A haze – nirwana – rest and night – oblivion.

***You Linger Sparse Leaves of Me***

You lingering sparse leaves of me on winter-nearing boughs,  
And I some well-shorn tree of field or orchard-row;  
You tokens diminute and lorn – (not now the flush of May, or July  
clover-bloom – no grain of August now;) You pallid banner-staves  
– you pennants valueless – you over-stay'd of time, Yet my soul-  
dearest leaves confirming all the rest,  
The faithfulest – hardest – last.

***Not Meagre, Latent Boughs Alone***

Not meagre, latent boughs alone, O songs! (scaly and bare, like  
eagles'talons,) But haply for some sunny day (who knows?) some  
future spring, some summer – bursting forth, To verdant leaves,  
or sheltering shade – to nourishing fruit,  
Apples and grapes -the stalwart limbs of trees emerging-the fresh, free,  
open air, And love and faith, like scented roses blooming.

### ***The Dead Emperor***

To-day, with bending head and eyes, thou, too, Columbia,  
Less for the mighty crown laid low in sorrow – less for the  
Emperor,  
Thy true condolence breathest, sendest out o'er many a salt sea mile,  
Mourning a good old man – a faithful shepherd, patriot.

Published March 10, 1888

### ***As the Greek's Signal Flame***

(FOR WHITTIER'S EIGHTIETH BIRTHDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1887)

As the Greek's signal flame, by antique records told,  
Rose from the hill-top, like applause and glory,  
Welcoming in fame some special veteran, hero,  
With rosy tinge reddening the land he'd served,  
So I aloft from Mannahatta's ship-fringed shore,  
Lift high a kindled brand for thee, Old Poet.

### ***The Dismantled Ship***

In some unused lagoon, some nameless bay,  
On sluggish lonesome waters anchor'd near the shore



On sluggish, lonesome waters, anchor'd near the shore,  
An old, dismasted, gray and batter'd ship, disabled, done,  
After free voyages to all the seas of earth, haul'd up at last and  
hawser'd tight, Lies rusting, mouldering.

### ***Now Precedent Songs, Farewell***

Now precedent songs, farewell – by every name farewell,  
(Trains of a staggering line in many a strange procession, waggons,  
From ups and downs – with intervals – from elder years, mid-age,  
or youth,) ‘In Cabin’d Ships ’, or ‘Thee Old Cause’or ‘Poets to  
Come’  
Or ‘Paumanok ’, ‘song of Myself, ‘Calamus ’, or ‘Adam ’,  
Or ‘Beat! Beat! Drums!’or ‘To the Leaven’d Soil they  
Trod ’,  
Or ‘Captain! My Captain!’ ‘Kosmos ’, ‘Quicksand Years ’, or ‘Thoughts ’,  
‘Thou Mother with thy Equal Brood ’, and many, many more  
unspecified, From fibre heart of mine – from throat and tongue –  
(My life’s hot pulsing blood, (10) The personal urge and form for  
me – not merely paper, automatic type and ink,) Each song of  
mine – each utterance in the past – having its long, long history,  
Of life or death, or soldier’s wound, of country’s loss or safety, (O  
heaven! what flash and started endless train of all! compared  
indeed to that!

What wretched shred e 'en at the best of all!)

### ***An Evening Lull***

After a week of physical anguish,  
Unrest and pain, and feverish heat,  
Toward the ending day a calm and lull comes on,  
Three hours of peace and soothing rest of brain.<sup>1</sup>

### ***Old Age's Lambent Peaks***

The touch of flame – the illuminating fire – the loftiest look at last,  
o'er city, passion, sea – o'er prairie, mountain, wood – the earth  
itself; The airy, different, changing hues of all, in falling twilight,  
Objects and groups, bearings, faces, reminiscences;  
The calmer sight – the golden setting, clear and broad:

1. The two songs [*Now Precedent Songs, Farewell* and *An Evening Lull*] on this [and the preceding] page are eked out during an afternoon, June 1888, in my seventieth year, at a critical spell of illness. Of course no reader and probably no human being at any time will ever have such phases of emotional and solemn action as these involve to me. I feel in them an end and close of all.

So much i' the atmosphere, the points of view, the situations whence we scan, Bro'-t out by them alone – so much (perhaps the best) unreck'd before; The lights indeed from them – old age's lambent

peaks.

### ***After the Supper and Talk***

After the supper and talk – after the day is done,  
As a friend from friends his final withdrawal prolonging,  
Good-bye and Good-bye with emotional lips repeating,  
(So hard for his hand to release those hands – no more will they meet,  
No more for communion of sorrow and joy, of old and young,  
A far-stretching journey awaits him, to return no more,)  
Shunning, postponing severance – seeking to ward off the last word  
ever so little, E 'en at the exit-door turning – charges superfluous  
calling back – e 'en as he descends the steps, Something to eke out  
a minute additional – shadows of nightfall deepening, (10)  
Farewells, messages lessening – dimmer the forthgoer's visage and  
form, Soon to be lost for aye in the darkness – loth, O so loth to  
depart!

Garrulous to the very last.

### ***Second Annex***

**GOOD-BYE MY FANCY**

## ***Preface Note to Second Annex***

*concluding L. of G. – 1891*

Had I not better withhold (in this old age and paralysis of me) such little tags and fringe-dots (maybe specks, stains,) as follow a long dusty journey, and witness it afterward? I have probably not been enough afraid of careless touches, from the first – and am not now – nor of parrot-like repetitions – nor platitudes and the commonplace. Perhaps I am too democratic for such avoidances. Besides, is not the verse-field, as originally plann'd by my theory, now sufficiently illustrated – and full time for me to silently retire? – (indeed amid no loud call or market for my sort of poetic utterance.) In answer, or rather defiance, to that kind of well-put interrogation, here comes this little cluster, and conclusion of my preceding clusters. Though not at all clear that, as here collated, it is worth printing (certainly I have nothing fresh to write) - I while away the hours of my 72nd year – hours of forced confinement in my den – by putting in shape this small old age collation: Last droplets of and after spontaneous rain,

From many limpid distillations and past showers; (Will they germinate anything? mere exhalations as they all are – the land's and sea's – America's; Will they filter to any deep emotion? any heart and brain?) However that may be, I feel like improving to-day's opportunity and wind up. During the last two years I have sent out, in the lulls of illness and exhaustion, certain chirps – lingering-dying ones probably (undoubtedly) – which now I may as well gather and put in fair type while able to see correctly – (for my eyes plainly warn me they are

dimming, and my brain more and more palpably neglects or refuses, month after month, even slight tasks or revisions.) In fact, here I am these current years 1890 and 1891, (each successive fortnight getting stiffer and stuck deeper) much like some hard-cased dilapidated grim ancient shell-fish or time-bang'd conch (no legs, utterly non-locomotive) cast up high and dry on the shore-sands, helpless to move anywhere – nothing left but behave myself quiet, and while away the days yet assign'd, and discover if there is anything for the said grim and time-bang'd conch to be got at last out of inherited good spirits and primal buoyant centre-pulses down there deep somewhere within his gray-blurr'd old shell (Reader, you must allow a little fun here – for one reason there are too many of the following poemets about death, etc., and for another the passing hours (July 5, 1890) are so sunny-fine. And old as I am I feel to-day almost a part of some frolicsome wave, or for sporting yet like a kid or kitten – probably a streak of physical adjustment and perfection here and now. I believe I have it in me perennially anyhow.) Then behind all, the deep-down consolation (it is a glum one, but I dare not be sorry for the fact of it in the past, nor refrain from dwelling, even vaunting here at the end) that this late-years palsied old shorn and shell-fish condition of me is the indubitable outcome and growth, now near for twenty years along, of too over-zealous, over-continued bodily and emotional excitement and action through the times of 1862, 63, 64 and 65, visiting and waiting on wounded and sick army volunteers, both sides, in campaigns or contests, or after them, or in hospitals or fields south of Washington City, or in that place and elsewhere – those hot, sad, wrenching times – the army volunteers, all States, – or North or South – the wounded, suffering, dying – the

exhausting, sweating summers, marches, battles, carnage – those  
trenches hurriedly heap'd by the corpse-thousands, mainly unknown –  
Will the America of the future – will this vast rich Union ever realize  
what itself cost, back there after all? – those hecatombs of battle-deaths -  
Those times of which, O far-off reader, this whole book is in deed finally  
but a reminiscent memorial from thence by me to you?

***Sail Out for Good, Eidolon Yacht!***

Heave the anchor short!

Raise main-sail and jib – steer forth,

O little white-hull'd sloop, now speed on really deep waters,

(I will not call it our concluding voyage,

But outset and sure entrance to the truest, best, maturest;)

Depart, depart from solid earth – no more returning to these shores,

Now on for aye our infinite free venture wending,

Spurning all yet tried ports, seas, hawsers, densities, gravitation, Sail  
out for good, eidólon yacht of me!

***Lingering Last Drops***

And whence and why come you?

We know not whence, (was the answer,)

We only know that we drift here with the rest,

That we linger'd and lagg'd – but were wafted at last, and are now

here, To make the passing shower's concluding drops.

### ***Good-Bye My Fancy***

Good-bye<sup>1</sup> my fancy – (I had a word to say, But 'tis not quite the time  
– The best of any man's word or say, Is when its proper place  
arrives – and for its meaning,  
I keep mine till the last.)

### ***On, on the Same, Ye Jocund Twain/***

On, on the same, ye jocund twain!

My life and recitative, containing birth, youth, mid-age years,  
Fitful as motley-tongues of flame, inseparably twined and merged in  
one – combining all, My single soul – aims, confirmations,  
failures, joys – Nor single soul alone, I chant my nation's crucial  
stage, (America's, haply humanity's) – the trial great, the victory  
great, A strange *eclaircissement* of all the masses past, the eastern  
world, the ancient, medieval, Here, here from wanderings,  
strayings, lessons, wars, defeats – here at the west a voice  
triumphant – justifying all, A gladsome pealing cry – a song for  
once of utmost pride and satisfaction; I chant from it the common  
bulk, the general average horde,  
(the best no sooner than the worst) – And now I chant old age,

(10) (My verses, written first for forenoon life, and for the summer's,  
autumn's spread, I pass to snow-white hairs the same, and give to  
pulses winter-cool'd the same;) As here in careless trill, I and my  
recitatives, with faith and love, Wafting to other work, to  
unknown songs, conditions,  
On, on, ye jocund twain! continue on the same!

### ***My 71st Year***

After surmounting three-score and ten,  
With all their chances, changes, losses, sorrows,  
My parents'deaths, the vagaries of my life, the many tearing  
, passions of me, the war of '63 and '64,  
As some old broken soldier, after a long, hot, wearying march, or  
haply after battle, To-day at twilight, hobbling, answering  
company roll-call,  
*Here*, with vital voice,  
Reporting yet, saluting yet the Officer over all.

### ***Apparitions***

A vague mist hanging 'round half the pages:  
(Sometimes how strange and clear to the soul,  
That all these solid things are indeed but apparitions, concepts, non-



realities.)

### ***The Pallid Wreath***

Somehow I cannot let it go yet, funeral though it is,  
Let it remain back there on its nail suspended,  
With pink, blue, yellow, all blanch'd, and the white now gray and  
    ashy, One wither'd rose put years ago for thee, dear friend;  
But I do not forget thee. Hast thou then faded?  
Is the odor exhaled? Are the colors, vitalities, dead?  
No, while memories subtly play – the past vivid as ever;  
For but last night I woke, and in that spectral ring saw thee,  
Thy smile, eyes, face, calm, silent, loving as ever:  
(10) So let the wreath hang still awhile within my eye-reach,  
It is not yet dead to me, nor even pallid.

### ***An Ended Day***

The soothing sanity and blitheness of completion,  
The pomp and hurried contest-glare and rush are done;  
Now triumph 1 transformation! jubilate!<sup>1</sup>

### ***Old Age's Ship & Crafty Death's***

From east and west across the horizon's edge.

From east and west across the horizon's edge,

Two mighty masterful vessels sailers steal upon us:

But we'll make race a-time upon the seas – a battle-contest yet! bear  
lively there!

(Our joys of strife and derring-do to the last!)

Put on the old ship all her power to-day!

Crowd topsail, top-gallant and royal studding-sails,

Out challenge and defiance – flags and flaunting pennants added, As  
we take to the open – take to the deepest, freest waters.

### ***To the Pending Year***

Have I no weapon-word for thee – some message brief and fierce?

(Have I fought out and done indeed the battle?) Is there no shot left,  
For all thy affectations, lisps, scorns, manifold silliness?

Nor for myself-my own rebellious self in thee?

Down, down, proud gorge! – though choking thee;

Thy bearded throat and high-borne forehead to the gutter;

Crouch low thy neck to eleemosynary gifts.

### ***Shakspeare-Bacon's Cipher***

I doubt it not – then more far more.

I could not – then more, far more,

In each old song bequeath'd – in every noble page or text,

(Different – something unreck'd before – some unsuspected author,) In  
every object, mountain, tree, and star – in every birth and life, As  
part of each – evolv'd from each – meaning, behind the ostent, A  
mystic cipher waits infolded.

### ***Long, Long Hence***

After a long, long course, hundreds of years, denials,

Accumulations, rous'd love and joy and thought,

Hopes, wishes, aspirations, ponderings, victories, myriads of readers,  
Coating, compassing, covering – after ages' and ages'  
encrustations, Then only may these songs reach fruition.

### ***Bravo, Paris Exposition!***

Add to your show, before you close it, France,

With all the rest, visible, concrete, temples, towers, goods, machines  
and ores, Our sentiment wafted from many million heart-throbs,  
ethereal but solid, (We grand-sons and great-grand-sons do not  
forget your grand-sires,) From fifty Nations and nebulous Nations,  
compacted, sent oversea to-day, America's applause, love,  
memories and good-will.

## *Interpolation Sounds*

(GENERAL PHILIP SHERIDAN WAS BURIED AT THE CATHEDRAL,  
WASHINGTON, DC, AUGUST, 1888, WITH ALL THE POMP,  
MUSIC AND CEREMONIES OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC SERVICE)  
Over and through the burial chant,

Organ and solemn service, sermon, bending priests,

To me come interpolation sounds not in the show – plainly to me,  
crowding up the aisle and from the window, Of sudden battle's  
hurry and harsh noises – war's grim game to sight and ear in  
earnest; The scout call'd up and forward – the general mounted  
and his aids around him – the new-brought word – the  
instantaneous order issued; The rifle crack – the cannon thud –  
the rushing forth of men from their tents; The clank of cavalry –  
the strange celerity of forming ranks – the slender bugle note; The  
sound of horses' hoofs departing – saddles, arms, accoutrements.

NOTE: CAMDEN, N J, August 7, 1888. – Walt Whitman asks the *New York Herald* 'to add his tribute to Sheridan': 'In the grand constellation of five or six names, under Lincoln's Presidency, that history will bear for ages in her firmament as marking the last life-throbs of secession, and beaming on its dying gasps, Sheridan's will be bright. One consideration rising out of the now dead soldier's example as it passes my mind, is worth taking notice of. If the war had continued any long time these States, in my opinion, would have shown and proved the most conclusive military talents ever evinced by any nation on earth.

That they possess'd a rank and file ahead of all other known in points of quality and limitlessness of number are easily admitted. But we have, too, the eligibility of organizing, handling and officering equal to the other. These two, with modern arms, transportation, and inventive American genius, would make the United States, with earnestness, not only able to stand the whole world, but conquer that world united against us.'

***To the Sun-set Breeze***

Ah, whispering, something again, unseen,  
Where late this heated day thou enterest at my window, door,  
Thou, laving, tempering all, cool-freshing, gently vitalizing  
Me, old, alone, sick, weak-down, melted-worn with sweat;  
Thou, nestling, folding close and firm yet soft, companion better than  
talk, book, art, (Thou hast, O Nature! elements! utterance to my  
heart beyond the rest – and this is of them,) So sweet thy  
primitive taste to breathe within – thy soothing fingers on my face  
and hands, Thou, messenger-magical strange bringer to body and  
spirit of me, (Distances balk'd – occult medicines penetrating me  
from head to foot,) (10) I feel the sky, the prairies vast -I feel the  
mighty northern lakes, I feel the ocean and the forest – somehow I  
feel the globe itself swift-swimming in space; Thou blown from  
lips so loved, now gone – haply from endless store, Godsent, (For  
thou art spiritual, Godly, most of all known to my sense,)  
Minister to speak to me, here and now, what word has never told, and

cannot tell, Art thou not universal concrete's distillation? Law's,  
all

Astronomy's last refinement?

Hast thou no soul? Can I not know, identify thee?

### ***Old Chants***

An ancient song, reciting, ending,

Once gazing toward thee, Mother of All,

Musing, seeking themes fitted for thee,

*Accept for me*, thou saidst, the elder ballads,

And name for me before thou goest each ancient poet.

(Of many debts incalculable,

Haply our New World's chieftest debt is to old poems.)

Ever so far back, preluding thee, America,

Old chants, Egyptian priests, and those of Ethiopia,

(10) The Hindu epics, the Grecian, Chinese, Persian,

The Biblic books and prophets, and deep idyls of the

Nazarene,

The Iliad, Odyssey, plots, doings, wanderings of Eneas,

Hesiod, Eschylus, Sophocles, Merlin, Arthur,

The Cid, Roland at Roncesvalles, the Nibelungen, The troubadours,  
 minstrels, minnesingers, skalds,  
 Chaucer, Dante, flocks of singing birds,  
 The Border Minstrelsy, the bye-gone ballads, feudal tales, essays,  
 plays, Shakspeare, Schiller, Walter Scott, Tennyson,  
 As some vast wondrous weird dream-presences,  
 (20) The great shadowy groups gathering around,  
 Darting their mighty masterful eyes forward at thee,  
 Thou! with as now thy bending neck and head, with courteous hand  
 and word, ascending, Thou! pausing a moment, drooping thine  
 eyes upon them, blent with their music, Well pleased, accepting  
 all, curiously prepared for by them,  
 Thou enterest at thy entrance porch.

### ***A Christmas Greeting***

(FROM A NORTHERN STAR-GROUP TO A  
 SOUTHERN. 1889-90)

Welcome, Brazilian brother – thy ample place is ready;  
 A loving hand – a smile from the north – a sunny instant hail!  
 (Let the future care for itself, where it reveals its troubles,  
 impediments, Ours, ours the present throe, the democratic aim,  
 the acceptance and the faith;) To thee to-day our reaching arm,  
 our hand, our heart, our love, our sympathy, our love, our sympathy,

our turning neck – to thee from us the expectant eye, thou cluster  
free! thou brilliant lustrous one! thou, learning well, The true  
lesson of a nation's light in the sky,

(More shining than the Cross, more than the Crown,)

The height to be superb humanity.

### ***Sounds of the Winter***

Sounds of the winter too,

Sunshine upon the mountains – many a distant strain

From cheery railroad train – from nearer field, barn, house,

The whispering air – even the mute crops, garner'd apples, corn,

Children's and women's tones – rhythm of many a farmer and of  
flail, An old man's garrulous lips among the rest, *Think not we*

*give out yet,*

Forth from these snowy hairs we keep up yet the lilt.

### ***A Twilight Song***

As I sit in twilight late alone by the flickering oak-flame,

Musing on long-pass'd war-scenes – of the countless buried unknown  
soldiers, Of the vacant names, as unindented air's and sea's – the  
unreturn'd, The brief truce after battle, with grim burial-squads,  
and the deep-fill'd trenches Of gather'd dead from all America,

North South East



NORTH, SOUTH, EAST,

West, whence they came up,

From wooded Maine, New-England's farms, from fertile

Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio,

From the measureless West, Virginia, the South, the

Carolinas, Texas,

(Even here in my room-shadows and half-lights in the noiseless

flickering flames, Again I see the stalwart ranks on-filing, rising -I

hear the rhythmic tramp of the armies;) (10) You million unwrit

names all, all – you dark bequest from all the war, A special verse

for you – a flash of duty long neglected – your mystic roll

strangely gather'd here, Each name recall'd by me from out the

darkness and death's ashes, Henceforth to be, deep, deep within

my heart recording, for many a future year, Your mystic roll

entire of unknown names, or North or

South,

Embalm'd with love in this twilight song.

### ***When the Full-Grown Poet Came***

When the full-grown poet came,

Out spake pleased Nature (the round impassive globe, with all its

shows of day and night,) saying, *He is mine;*

But out spake too the Soul of man, proud, jealous and unreconciled,  
*Nay, he is mine alone;*

- Then the full-grown poet stood between the two, and took each by  
the hand; And to-day and ever so stands, as blender, uniter,  
tightly holding hands, Which he will never release until he  
reconciles the two,

And wholly and joyously blends them.

### ***Osceola***

(When I was nearly grown to manhood in Brooklyn, New York (middle  
of 1838) I met one of the return'd US Marines from Fort Moultrie, S.  
C, and had long talks with him – learn'd the occurrence below  
described – death of Osceola. The latter was a young, brave, leading  
Seminole in the Florida war of that time – was surrender'd to our  
troops, imprison'd and literally died of a broken heart ', at Fort  
Moultrie. He sicken'd of his confinement – the doctor and officers  
made every allowance and kindness possible for him; then the close:)  
When his hour for death had come,

He slowly rais'd himself from the bed on the floor,

Drew on his war-dress, shirt, leggings, and girdled the

Call'd for vermilion paint (his looking-glass was held before him,)

Painted half his face and neck, his wrists, and back-hands.

Put the scalp-knife carefully in his belt – then lying down, resting a moment, Rose again, half sitting, smiled, gave in silence his extended hand to each and all, Sank faintly low to the floor (tightly grasping the tomahawk handle,) Fix'd his look on wife and little children – the last:

(10) (And here a line in memory of his name and death.)

### ***A Voice From Death***

(THE JOHNSTOWN, PENN., CATAclysm, MAY 31, 1889)

A voice from Death, solemn and strange, in all his sweep and power,  
With sudden, indescribable blow – towns drown'd – humanity by  
thousands slain, The vaunted work of thrift, goods, dwellings,  
forge, street, iron bridge, Dash'd pell-mell by the blow – yet  
usher'd life continuing on,

(Amid the rest, amid the rushing, whirling, wild debris,

A suffering woman saved – a baby safely born!)

Although I come and unannounc'd, in horror and in pang,

In pouring flood and fire, and wholesale elemental crash,

(this voice so solemn, strange,)

I too a minister of Deity.

(10) Yea, Death, we bow our faces, veil our eyes to thee,

We mourn the old, the young untimely drawn to thee,

The fair, the strong, the good, the capable,  
The household wreck'd, the husband and the wife, the engulf'd forger  
in his forge, The corpses in the whelming waters and the mud,  
The gather'd thousands to their funeral mounds, and thousands never  
found or gather'd.

Then after burying, mourning the dead,  
(Faithful to them found or unfound, forgetting not, bearing the past,  
here new musing,) A day – a passing moment or an hour –  
America itself bends low,  
Silent, resign'd, submissive.

(20) War, death, cataclysm like this, America,  
Take deep to thy proud prosperous heart.

E 'en as I chant, lo! out of death, and out of ooze and slime,  
The blossoms rapidly blooming, sympathy, help, love,  
From West and East, from South and North and over sea,  
Its hot-spurr'd hearts and hands humanity to human aid moves on;  
And from within a thought and lesson yet.

Thou ever-darting Globe! through Space and Air!

Thou waters that encompass us!

Thou waters that encompass us:

Thou that in all the life and death of us, in action or in sleep!

(30) Thou laws invisible that permeate them and all,

Thou that in all, and over all, and through and under all, incessant!

Thou! thou! the vital, universal, giant force resistless, sleepless, calm,

Holding Humanity as in thy open hand, as some ephemeral toy,

How ill to e'er forget thee!

For I too have forgotten,

(Wrapt in these little potencies of progress, politics, culture, wealth,  
inventions, civilization,) Have lost my recognition of your silent  
ever-swaying power, ye mighty, elemental throes, In which and  
upon which we float, and every one of us is buoy'd.

### ***A Persian Lesson***

For his o'erarching and last lesson the greybeard sufi,

In the fresh scent of the morning in the open air,

On the slope of a teeming Persian rose-garden,

Under an ancient chestnut-tree wide spreading its branches,

Spoke to the young priests and students.

'Finally my children, to envelop each word, each part of the rest, Allah  
is all, all, all – is immanent in every life and object,

May-be at many and many-a-more removes – yet Allah,

Allah, Allah is there.

'Has the estray wander'd far? Is the reason-why strangely hidden?

(10) Would you sound below the restless ocean of the entire world?

Would you know the dissatisfaction? the urge and spur of every life;

The something never still'd – never entirely gone? the invisible  
need of every seed?

'It is the central urge in every atom,

(Often unconscious, often evil, downfallen,)

To return to its divine source and origin, however distant,

Latent the same in subject and in object, without one exception.'

### ***The Commonplace***

The commonplace I sing;

How cheap is health! how cheap nobility!

Abstinence, no falsehood, no gluttony, lust;

The open air I sing, freedom, toleration,

(Take here the mainest lesson – less from books – less from the

schools,) The common day and night – the common earth and  
waters, Your farm – your work, trade, occupation,

The democratic wisdom underneath, like solid ground for all.

### ***‘The Rounded Catalogue Divine Complete’***

(Sunday, -. – Went this forenoon to church. A college professor, Rev. Dr -, gave us a fine sermon, during which I caught the above words; but the minister included in his ‘rounded catalogue’ letter and spirit, only the esthetic things, and entirely ignored what I name in the following:) The devilish and the dark, the dying and diseas’d,

The countless (nineteen-twentieths) low and evil, crude and savage,  
The crazed, prisoners in jail, the horrible, rank, malignant,

Venom and filth, serpents, the ravenous sharks, liars, the dissolute;  
(What is the part the wicked and the loathesome bear within  
earth’s orbic scheme?) Newts, crawling things in slime and mud,  
poisons,

The barren soil, the evil men, the slag and hideous rot.

### ***Mirages***

(NOTED VERBATIM AFTER A SUPPER-TALK OUT DOORS

IN NEVADA WITH TWO OLD MINERS)

More experiences and sights, stranger, than you’d think for;

Times again, now mostly just after sunrise or before sunset,

Sometimes in spring, oftener in autumn, perfectly clear weather, in  
plain sight, Camps far or near, the crowded streets of cities and  
the shopfronts, (Account for it or not – credit or not – it is all true,

And my mate there could tell you the like – we have often confab'd  
about it,) People and scenes, animals, trees, colors and lines, plain  
as could be, Farms and dooryards of home, paths border'd with  
box, lilacs in corners, Weddings in churches, thanksgiving  
dinners, returns of long-absent sons, (10) Glum funerals, the  
crape-veil'd mother and the daughters,  
Trials in courts, jury and judge, the accused in the box,  
Contestants, battles, crowds, bridges, wharves,  
Now and then mark'd faces of sorrow or joy,  
(I could pick them out this moment if I saw them again,)  
Show'd to me just aloft to the right in the sky-edge,  
Or plainly there to the left on the hill-tops.

*L. of G.'s Purport*

Not to exclude or demarcate, or pick out evils from their formidable  
masses (even to expose them,) But add, fuse, complete, extend –  
and celebrate the immortal and the good.

Haughty this song, its words and scope,  
To span vast realms of space and time,  
Evolution – the cumulative – growths and generations.



Begun in ripen'd youth and steadily pursued,  
Wandering, peering, dallying with all – war, peace, day and night  
absorbing, Never even for one brief hour abandoning my task,  
I end it here in sickness, poverty, and old age.

(10) I sing of life, yet mind we well of death:

To-day shadowy Death dogs my steps, my seated shape, and has for  
years -

Draws sometimes close to me, as face to face.

### ***The Unexpress'd***

How dare one say it?

After the cycles, poems, singers, plays,

Vaunted Ionia's, India's – Homer, Shakspeare – the long, long times'  
thick dotted roads, areas, The shining clusters and the Milky Ways  
of stars – Nature's pulses reap'd, All retrospective passions,  
heroes, war, love, adoration,

All ages' plummets dropt to their utmost depths,

All human lives, throats, wishes, brains – all experiences' utterance;  
After the countless songs, or long or short, all tongues, all lands,  
Still something not yet told in poesy's voice or print – something  
lacking, (10) (Who knows? the besfyt unexpress'd and lacking.)

### ***Grand Is the Seen***

Grand is the seen, the light, to me – grand are the sky and stars, Grand  
is the earth, and grand are lasting time and space,  
And grand their laws, so multiform, puzzling, evolutionary;  
But grander far the unseen soul of me, comprehending, endowing all  
those, Lighting the light, the sky and stars, delving the earth,  
sailing the sea, (What were all those, indeed, without thee, unseen  
soul? of what amount without thee?) More evolutionary, vast,  
puzzling, O my soul!  
More multiform far – more lasting thou than they.

### ***Unseen Buds***

Unseen buds, infinite, hidden well,  
Under the snow and ice, under the darkness, in every square or cubic  
inch, Germinal, exquisite, in delicate lace, microscopic, unborn,  
Like babes in wombs, latent, folded, compact, sleeping;  
Billions of billions, and trillions of trillions of them waiting, (On earth  
and in the sea – the universe – the stars there in the heavens,)  
Urging slowly, surely forward, forming endless,  
And waiting ever more, forever more behind.

### ***Good-Bye My Fancy!***

Good-bye my Fancy!

Farewell dear mate, dear love!

I'm going away, I know not where,

Or to what fortune, or whether I may ever see you again,

So Good-bye my Fancy.

Now for my last – let me look back a moment;

The slower fainter ticking of the clock is in me,

Exit, nightfall, and soon the heart-thud stopping.

Long have we lived, joy'd, caress'd together;

(10) Delightful! – now separation – Good-bye my Fancy.

Yet let me not be too hasty,

Long indeed have we lived, slept, filter'd, become really blended into  
one; Then if we die we die together, (yes, we'll remain one,)

If we go anywhere we'll go together to meet what happens,

May-be we'll be better off and blither, and learn something,

May-be it is yourself now really ushering me to the true songs, (who  
knows?) May-be it is you the mortal knob really undoing, turning-  
so now finally, Good-bye – and hail! my Fancy.

## A BACKWARD GLANCE O'ER TRAVEL'D ROAD

Perhaps the best of songs heard, or of any and all true love, or life's fairest episodes, or sailors', soldiers' trying scenes on land or sea, is the *resume* of them, or any of them, long afterwards, looking at the actualities away back past, with all their practical excitations gone. How the soul loves to float amid such reminiscences!

So here I sit gossiping in the early candle-light of old age -I and my book – casting backward glances over our travel'd road. After completing, as it were, the journey – (a varied jaunt of years, with many halts and gaps of intervals – or some lengthen'd ship-voyage, wherein more than once the last hour had apparently arrived, and we seem'd certainly going down – yet reaching port in a sufficient way through all discomfitures at last) – After completing my poems, I am curious to review them in the light of their own (at the time unconscious, or mostly unconscious) intentions, with certain unfoldings of the thirty years they seek to embody. These lines, therefore, will probably blend the weft of first purposes and speculations, with the warp of that experience afterwards, always bringing strange developments.

Result of seven or eight stages and struggles extending through nearly thirty years, (as I nigh my three-score-and-ten I live largely on memory,) I look upon *Leaves of Grass* now finish'd to the end of its opportunities and powers, as my definitive *carte visite* to the coming generations of the New World,<sup>1</sup> if I may assume to say so. That I have

not gain'd the acceptance of my own time, but have fallen back on fond dreams of the future – anticipations – ('still lives the song, though Regnar dies') – That from a worldly and business point of view *Leaves of Grass* has been worse than a failure – that public criticism on the book and myself as author of it yet shows mark'd anger and contempt more than anything else – ('I find a solid line of enemies to you everywhere,' - letter from W. S. K., Boston, 28 May 1884) -And that solely for publishing it I have been the object of two or three pretty serious special official bufferings – is all probably no more than I ought to have expected. I had my choice when I commenc'd. I bid neither for soft eulogies, big money returns, nor the approbation of existing schools and conventions. As fulfill'd, or partially fulfill'd, the best comfort of the whole business (after a small band of the dearest friends and upholders ever vouchsafed to man or cause – doubtless all the more faithful and uncompromising – this little phalanx! – for being so few) is that, unstopp'd and unwarp'd by any influence outside the soul within me, I have had my say entirely my own way, and put it unerringly on record – the value thereof to be decided by time.

In calculating that decision, William o'Connor and Dr Bucke are far more peremptory than I am. Behind all else that can be said, I consider *Leaves of Grass* and its theory experimental – as, in the deepest sense, I consider our American republic itself to be, with its theory. (I think I have at least enough philosophy not to be too absolutely certain of any thing, or any results.) In the second place, the volume is a *sortie* – whether to prove triumphant, and conquer its

field of aim and escape and construction, nothing less than a hundred years from now can fully answer. I consider the point that I have positively gain'd a hearing, to far more than make up any and all other lacks and withholdings. Essentially, *that* was from the first, and has remain'd throughout, the main object. Now it seems to be achiev'd, I am certainly contented to waive any otherwise momentous drawbacks, as of little account. Candidly and dispassionately reviewing all my intentions, I feel that they were creditable – and I accept the result, whatever it may be.

After continued personal ambition and effort, as a young fellow, to enter with the rest into competition for the usual rewards, business, political, literary, *etc.* – to take part in the great *melee*, both for victory's prize itself and to do some good – After years of those aims and pursuits, I found myself remaining possess'd, at the age of thirty-one to thirty-three, with a special desire and conviction. Or rather, to be quite exact, a desire that had been flitting through my previous life, or hovering on the flanks, mostly indefinite hitherto, had steadily advanced to the front, defined itself, and finally dominated everything else. This was a feeling or ambition to articulate and faithfully express in literary or poetic form, and uncompromisingly, my own physical, emotional, moral, intellectual, and aesthetic Personality, in the midst of, and tallying, the momentous spirit and facts of its immediate days, and of current America – and to exploit that Personality, identified with place and date, in a far more candid and comprehensive sense than any hitherto poem or book.

Perhaps this is in brief, or suggests, all I have sought to do. Given the Nineteenth Century, with the United States, and what they furnish as area and points of view, *Leaves of Grass* is, or seeks to be, simply a faithful and doubtless self-will'd record. In the midst of all, it gives one man's – the author's – identity, ardors, observations, faiths, and thoughts, color'd hardly at all with any deciding coloring from other faiths or other identities. Plenty of songs had been sung – beautiful, matchless songs – adjusted to other lands than these – another spirit and stage of evolution; but I would sing, and leave out or put in, quite solely with reference to America and to-day. Modern science and democracy seem'd to be throwing out their challenge to poetry to put them in its statements in contradistinction to the songs and myths of the past. As I see it now (perhaps too late,) I have unwittingly taken up that challenge and made an attempt at such statements – which I certainly would not assume to do now, knowing more clearly what it means.

For grounds for *Leaves of Grass*, as a poem, I abandon'd the conventional themes, which do not appear in it: none of the stock ornamentation, or choice plots of love or war, or high, exceptional personages of Old-World song; nothing, as I may say, for beauty's sake – no legend, or myth, or romance, nor euphemism, nor rhyme. But the broadest average of humanity and its identities in the now ripening Nineteenth Century, and especially in each of their countless examples and practical occupations in the United States to-day.

One main contrast of the ideas behind every page of my verses, compared with establish'd poems, is their different relative attitude

towards God, towards the objective universe, and still more (by reflection, confession, assumption, etc.) the quite changed attitude of the ego, the one chanting or talking, towards himself and towards his fellow-humanity. It is certainly time for America, above all, to begin this readjustment in the scope and basic point of view of verse; for everything else has changed. As I write, I see in an article on Wordsworth, in one of the current English magazines, the lines, 'A few weeks ago an eminent French critic said that, owing to the special tendency to science and to its all-devouring force, poetry would cease to be read in fifty years.' But I anticipate the very contrary. Only a firmer, vastly broader, new area begins to exist – nay, is already formed – to which the poetic genius must emigrate. Whatever may have been the case in years gone by, the true use for the imaginative faculty of modern times is to give ultimate vivification to facts, to science, and to common lives, endowing them with the glows and glories and final illustriousness which belong to every real thing, and to real things only. Without that ultimate vivification – which the poet or other artist alone can give – reality would seem incomplete, and science, democracy, and life itself, finally in vain.

Few appreciate the moral revolutions, our age, which have been profounder far than the material or inventive or war-produced ones. The Nineteenth Century, now well towards its close (and ripening into fruit the seeds of the two preceding centuries<sup>1</sup>) – the uprisings of national masses and shiftings of boundary-lines – the historical and other prominent facts of the United States – the war of attempted Secession – the stormy rush and haste of nebulous forces – never can



future years witness more excitement and din of action – never completer change of army front along the whole line, the whole civilized world. For all these new and evolutionary facts, meanings, purposes, new poetic messages, new forms and expressions, are inevitable.

My Book and I – what a period we have presumed to span! those thirty years from 1850 to '80 – and America in them! Proud, proud indeed may we be, if we have cull'd enough of that period in its own spirit to worthily waft a few live breaths of it to the future!

Let me not dare, here or anywhere, for my own purposes, or any purposes, to attempt the definition of Poetry, nor answer the question what it is. Like Religion, Love, Nature, while those terms are indispensable, and we all give a sufficiently accurate meaning to them, in my opinion no definition that has ever been made sufficiently encloses the name Poetry; nor can any rule or convention ever so absolutely obtain but some great exception may arise and disregard and overturn it.

Also it must be carefully remember'd that first-class literature does not shine by any luminosity of its own; nor do its poems. They grow of circumstances, and are evolutionary. The actual living light is always curiously from elsewhere – follows unaccountable sources, and is lunar and relative at the best. There are, I know, certain controlling themes that seem endlessly appropriated to the poets – as war, in the past – in the Bible, religious rapture and adoration – always love, beauty, some fine plot, or pensive or other emotion. But, strange as it may sound at first, I will say there is something striking far deeper and

towering far higher than those themes for the best elements of modern song.

Just as all the old imaginative works rest, after their kind, on long trains of presuppositions, often entirely unmention'd by themselves, yet supplying the most important bases of them, and without which they could have had no reason for being, so *Leaves of Grass*, before a line was written, presupposed something different from any other, and, as it stands, is the result of such presupposition. I should say, indeed, it were useless to attempt reading the book without first carefully tallying that preparatory background and quality in the mind. Think of the United States to-day – the facts of these thirty-eight or forty empires solder'd in one – sixty or seventy millions of equals, with their lives, their passions, their future – these incalculable, modern, American, seething multitudes around us, of which we are inseparable parts! Think, in comparison, of the petty environage and limited area of the poets of past or present Europe, no matter how great their genius. Think of the absence and ignorance, in all cases hitherto, of the multitudinousness, vitality, and the unprecedented stimulants of to-day and here. It almost seems as if a poetry with cosmic and dynamic features of magnitude and limitlessness suitable to the human soul, were never possible before. It is certain that a poetry of absolute faith and equality for the use of the democratic masses never was.

In estimating first-class song, a sufficient Nationality, or, on the other hand, what may be call'd the negative and lack of it, (as in Goethe's case, it sometimes seems to me,) is often, if not always, the first element. One needs only a little penetration to see, at more or less

removes, the material facts of their country and radius, with the coloring of the moods of humanity at the time, and its gloomy or hopeful prospects, behind all poets and each poet, and forming their birth-marks. I know very well that my *Leaves* could not possibly have emerged or been fashion'd or completed, from any other era than the latter half of the Nineteenth Century, nor any other land than democratic America, and from the absolute triumph of the National Union arms.

And whether my friends claim it for me or not, I know well enough, too, that in respect to pictorial talent, dramatic situations, and especially in verbal melody and all the conventional technique of poetry, not only the divine works that to-day stand ahead in the world's reading, but dozens more, transcend (some of them immeasurably transcend) all I have done, or could do. But it seem'd to me, as the objects in Nature, the themes of aestheticism, and all special exploitations of the mind and soul, involve not only their own inherent quality, but the quality, just as inherent and important, of *their point of view*,<sup>1</sup> the time had come to reflect all themes and things, old and new, in the lights thrown on them by the advent of America and democracy – to chant those themes through the utterance of one, not only the grateful and reverent legatee of the past, but the born child of the New World – to illustrate all through the genesis and ensemble of to-day; and that such illustration and ensemble are the chief demands of America's prospective imaginative literature. Not to carry out, in the approved style, some choice plot of fortune or misfortune, or fancy, or fine thoughts, or incidents, or courtesies – all

of which has been done overwhelmingly and well, probably never to be excell'd – but that while in such aesthetic presentation of objects, passions, plots, thoughts, etc., our lands and days do not want, and probably will never have, anything better than they already possess from the bequests of the past, it still remains to be said that there is even towards all those a subjective and contemporary point of view appropriate to ourselves alone, and to our new genius and environments, different from anything hitherto; and that such conception of current or gone-by life and art is for us the only means of their assimilation consistent with the Western world.

Indeed, and anyhow, to put it specifically, has not the time arrived when, (if it must be plainly said, for democratic America's sake, if for no other) there must imperatively come a readjustment of the whole theory and nature of Poetry? The question is important, and I may turn the argument over and repeat it: does not the best thought of our day and Republic conceive of a birth and spirit of song superior to anything past or present? To the effectual and moral consolidation of our lands (already, as materially establish'd, the greatest factors in known history, and far, far greater through what they prelude and necessitate, and are to be in future) – to conform with and build on the concrete realities and theories of the universe furnish'd by science, and henceforth the only irrefragable basis for anything, verse included – to root both influences in the emotional and imaginative action of the modern time, and dominate all that precedes or opposes them – is not either a radical advance and step forward, or a new verteber of the best song indispensable?

The New World receives with joy the poems of the antique, with European feudalism's rich fund of epics, plays, ballads – seeks not in the least to deaden or displace those voices from our ear and area – holds them indeed as indispensable studies, influences, records, comparisons. But though the dawn-dazzle of the sun of literature is in those poems for us of to-day – though perhaps the best parts of current character in nations, social groups, or any man's or woman's individuality, Old World or New, are from them – and though if I were ask'd to name the most precious bequest to current American civilization from all the hitherto ages, I am not sure but I would name those old and less old songs ferried hither' from east and west – some serious words and debts remain; some acrid considerations demand a hearing. Of the great poems receiv'd from abroad and from the ages, and to-day enveloping and penetrating America, is there one that is consistent with these United States, or essentially applicable to them as they are and are to be? Is there one whose underlying basis is not a denial and insult to democracy? What a comment it forms, anyhow, on this era of literary fulfilment, with the splendid day-rise of science and resus-citation of history, that our chief religious and poetical works are not our own, nor adapted to our light, but have been furnish'd by far-back ages out of their arriere and darkness, or, at most, twilight dimness! What is there in those works that so imperiously and scornfully dominates all our advanced civilization, and culture? Even Shakspeare, who so suffuses current letters and art (which indeed have in most degrees grown out of him,) belongs essentially to the buried past. Only he holds the proud distinction for certain important phases of that past, of being the loftiest of the

singers life has yet given voice to. All, however, relate to and rest upon conditions, standards, politics, sociologies, ranges of belief, that have been quite eliminated from the Eastern hemisphere, and never existed at all in the Western. As authoritative types of song they belong in America just about as much as the persons and institutes they depict. True, it may be said, the emotional, moral and aesthetic natures of humanity have not radically changed – that in these the old poems apply to our times and all times, irrespective of date; and that they are of incalculable value as pictures of the past. I willingly make those admissions, and to their fullest extent; then advance the points herewith as of serious, even paramount importance.

I have indeed put on record elsewhere my reverence and eulogy for those never-to-be-excell'd poetic bequests, and their indescribable preciousness as heirlooms for America. Another and separate point must now be candidly stated. If I had not stood before those poems with uncover'd head, fully aware of their colossal grandeur and beauty of form and spirit, I could not have written *Leaves of Grass*. My verdict and conclusions as illustrated in its pages are arrived at through the temper and inculcation of the old works as much as through anything else – perhaps more than through anything else. As America fully and fairly construed is the legitimate result and evolutionary outcome of the past, so I would dare to claim for my verse. Without stopping to qualify the averment, the Old World has had the poems of myths, fictions, feudalism, conquest, caste, dynastic wars, and splendid exceptional characters and affairs, which have been great; but the New World needs the poems of realities and science and of the

democratic average and basic equality, which shall be greater. In the centre of all, and object of all, stands the Human Being, towards whose heroic and spiritual evolution poems and everything directly or indirectly tend, Old World or New.

Continuing the subject, my friends have more than once suggested – or may be the garrulity of advancing age is possessing me – some further embryonic facts of *Leaves of Grass*, and especially how I enter'd upon them. Dr Bucke has, in his volume, already fully and fairly described the preparation of my poetic field, with the particular and general plowing, planting, seeding and occupation of the ground, till everything was fertilized, rooted and ready to start its own way for good or bad. Not till after all this, did I attempt any serious acquaintance with poetic literature. Along in my sixteenth year I had become possessor of a stout, well-cramm'd one thousand page octavo volume (I have it yet,) containing Walter Scott's poetry entire – an inexhaustible mine and treasury of poetic forage (especially the endless forests and jungles of notes) – has been so to me for fifty years, and remains so to this day.<sup>1</sup>

Later, at intervals, summers and falls, I used to go off, some times for a week at a stretch, down in the country, or to Long Island's seashores – there, in the presence of outdoor influences, I went over thoroughly the Old and New Testaments, and absorb'd (probably to better advantage for me than in any library or indoor room – it makes such difference *where* you read) Shakspeare, Ossian, the best translated versions I could get of Homer, Eschylus, Sophocles, the old German Nibelungen, the ancient Hindoo poems, and one or two other

masterpieces, Dante's among them. As it happen'd, I read the latter mostly in an old wood. The *Iliad* (Buckley's prose version) I read first thoroughly on the peninsula of Orient, north-east end of Long Island, in a shelter'd hollow of rocks and sand, with the sea on each side. (I have wonder'd since why I was not overwhelm'd by those mighty masters. Likely because I read them, as described, in the full presence of Nature, under the sun, with the far-spreading landscape and vistas, or the sea rolling in.) Toward the last I had among much else look'd over Edgar Poe's poems – of which I was not an admirer, tho' I always saw that beyond their limited range of melody (like perpetual chimes of music bells, ringing from lower *b* flat up to *g*) they were melodious expressions, and perhaps never excell'd ones, of certain pronounc'd phases of human morbidity. (The Poetic area is very spacious – has room for all – has so many mansions!) But I was repaid in Poe's prose by the idea that (at any rate for our occasions, our day) there can be no such thing as a long poem. The same thought had been haunting my mind before, but Poe's argument, though short, work'd the sum out and proved it to me.

Another point had an early settlement, clearing the ground greatly. I saw, from the time my enterprise and questionings positively shaped themselves (how best can I express my own distinctive era and surroundings, America, Democracy?) that the trunk and centre whence the answer was to radiate, and to which all should return from straying however far a distance, must be an identical body and soul, a personality – which personality, after many considerations and ponderings I deliberately settled should be myself – indeed could not be any other. I also felt strongly (whether I have shown it or not) that



to the true and full estimate of the Present both the Past and the Future are main considerations.

These, however, and much more might have gone on and come to naught (almost positively would have come to naught,) if a sudden, vast, terrible, direct and indirect stimulus for new and national declamatory expression had not been given to me. It is certain, I say, that, although I had made a start before, only from the occurrence of the Secession War, and what it show'd me as by flashes of lightning, with the emotional depths it sounded and arous'd (of course, I don't mean in my own heart only, I saw it just as plainly in others, in millions) – that only from the strong flare and provocation of that war's sights and scenes the final reasons-for-being of an autochthonic and passionate song definitely came forth.

I went down to the war fields in Virginia (end of 1862), lived thenceforward in camp – saw great battles and the days and nights afterward – partook of all the fluctuations, gloom, despair, hopes again arous'd, courage evoked – death readily risk'd – *the cause*, too – along and filling those agonistic and lurid following years, 1863-'64-'65 – the real parturition years (more than 1776-'83) of this henceforth homogeneous Union. Without those three or four years and the experiences they gave, *Leaves of Grass* would not now be existing.

But I set out with the intention also of indicating or hinting some point-characteristics which I since see (though I did not then, at least not definitely) were bases and object-urgings toward those *Leaves* from the first. The word I myself put primarily for the description of them as they stand at last, is the word Suggestiveness. I round and finish

little, if anything; and could not, consistently with my scheme. The reader will always have his or her part to do, just as much as I have had mine. I seek less to state or display any theme or thought, and more to bring you, reader, into the atmosphere of the theme or thought – there to pursue your own flight. Another impetus-word is Comradeship as for all lands, and in a more commanding and acknowledg'd sense than hitherto. Other word-signs would be Good Cheer, Content and Hope.

The chief trait of any given poet is always the spirit he brings to the observation of Humanity and Nature – the mood out of which he contemplates his subjects. What kind of temper and what amount of faith report these things? Up to how recent a date is the song carried? What the equipment, and special raciness of the singer – what his tinge of coloring? The last value of artistic expressers, past and present – Greek aesthetes, Shakspeare – or in our own day Tennyson, Victor Hugo, Carlyle, Emerson – is certainly involv'd in such questions. I say the profoundest service that poems or any other writings can do for their reader is not merely to satisfy the intellect, or supply something polish'd and interesting, nor even to depict great passions, or persons or events, but to fill him with vigorous and clean manliness, religiousness, and give him *good heart* as a radical possession and habit. The educated world seems to have been growing more and more ennuy'd for ages, leaving to our time the inheritance of it all. Fortunately there is the original inexhaustible fund of buoyancy, normally resident in the race, forever eligible to be appeal'd to and relied on.

As for native American individuality, though certain to come, and on a large scale, the distinctive and ideal type of Western character (as consistent with the operative political and even money-making features of United States' humanity in the Nineteenth Century as chosen knights, gentlemen and warriors were the ideals of the centuries of European feudalism) it has not yet appear'd. I have allow'd the stress of my poems from beginning to end to bear upon American individuality and assist it – not only because that is a great lesson in Nature, amid all her generalizing laws, but as counterpoise to the leveling tendencies of Democracy – and for other reasons. Defiant of ostensible literary and other conventions, I avowedly chant 'the great pride of man in himself, and permit it to be more or less a *motif* of nearly all my verse. I think this pride indispensable to an American. I think it not in-consistent with obedience, humility, deference and self-questioning.

Democracy has been so retarded and jeopardized by powerful personalities, that its first instincts are fain to clip, conform, bring in stragglers, and reduce everything to a dead level. While the ambitious thought of my song is to help the forming of a great aggregate Nation, it is, perhaps, altogether through the forming of myriads of fully develop'd and enclosing individuals. Welcome as are equality's and fraternity's doctrines and popular education, a certain liability accompanies them all, as we see. That primal and interior something in man, in his soul's abysses, coloring all, and, by exceptional fruitions, giving the last majesty to him – something continually touch'd upon and attain'd by the old poems and ballads of feudalism,

and often the principal foundation of them – modern science and democracy appear to be endangering, perhaps eliminating. But that forms an appearance only; the reality is quite different. The new influences, upon the whole, are surely preparing the way for grander individualities than ever. To-day and here personal force is behind everything, just the same. The times and depictions from the *Iliad* to Shakspeare inclusive can happily never again be realized – but the elements of courageous and lofty manhood are unchanged.

Without yielding an inch the working-man and working-woman were to be in my pages from first to last. The ranges of heroism and loftiness with which Greek and feudal poets endow'd their god-like or lordly born characters – indeed prouder and better based and with fuller ranges than those – I was to endow the democratic averages of America. I was to show that we, here and to-day, are eligible to the grandest and the best – more eligible now than any times of old were. I will also want my utterances (I said to myself before beginning) to be in spirit the poems of the morning. (They have been founded and mainly written in the sunny forenoon and early midday of my life.) I will want them to be the poems of women entirely as much as men. I have wish'd to put the complete Union of the States in my songs without any preference or partiality whatever. Henceforth, if they live and are read, it must be just as much South as North – just as much along the Pacific as Atlantic – in the valley of the Mississippi, in Canada, up in Maine, down in Texas, and on the shores of Puget Sound.

From another point of view *Leaves of Grass* is avowedly the song of

Sex and Amativeness, and even Animality – though meanings that do not usually go along with those words are behind all, and will duly emerge; and all are sought to be lifted into a different light and atmosphere. Of this feature, intentionally palpable in a few lines, I shall only say the espousing principle of those lines so gives breath of life to my whole scheme that the bulk of the pieces might as well have been left unwritten were those lines omitted. Difficult as it will be, it has become, in my opinion, imperative to achieve a shifted attitude from superior men and women towards the thought and fact of sexuality, as an element in character, personality, the emotions, and a theme in literature. I am not going to argue the question by itself; it does not stand by itself. The vitality of it is altogether in its relations, bearings, significance -like the clef of a symphony. At last analogy the lines I allude to, and the spirit in which they are spoken, permeate all *Leaves of Grass*, and the work must stand or fall with them, as the human body and soul must remain as an entirety.

Universal as are certain facts and symptoms of communities or individuals all times, there is nothing so rare in modern conventions and poetry as their normal recognizance. Literature is always calling in the doctor for consultation and confession, and always giving evasions and swathing suppressions in place of that 'heroic nudity'<sup>1</sup> on which only a genuine diagnosis of serious cases can be built. And in respect to editions of *Leaves of Grass* in time to come (if there should be such) I take occasion now to confirm those lines with the settled convictions and deliberate renewals of thirty years, and to hereby prohibit, as far as word of mine can do so, any elision of them.

Then still a nurse enclosing all and over and beneath all Ever

then saw a purpose enrolling all, and over and beneath all. Ever since what might be call'd thought, or the budding of thought, fairly began in my youthful mind, I had had a desire to attempt some worthy record of that entire faith and acceptance ('to justify the ways of God to man' is Milton's well-known and ambitious phrase) which is the foundation of moral America. I felt it all as positively then in my young days as I do now in my old ones; to formulate a poem whose every thought or fact should directly or indirectly be or connive at an implicit belief in the wisdom, health, mystery, beauty of every process, every concrete object, every human or other existence, not only consider'd from the point of view of all, but of each.

While I can not understand it or argue it out, I fully believe in a clue and purpose in Nature, entire and several; and that invisible spiritual results, just as real and definite as the visible, eventuate all concrete life and all materialism, through Time. My book ought to emanate buoyancy and gladness legitimately enough, for it was grown out of those elements, and has been the comfort of my life since it was originally commenced.

One main genesis-motive of the *Leaves* was my conviction (just as strong to-day as ever) that the crowning growth of the United States is to be spiritual and heroic. To help start and favor that growth – or even to call attention to it, or the need of it – is the beginning, middle and final purpose of the poems. (In fact, when really cipher'd out and summ'd to the last, plowing up in earnest the interminable average fallows of humanity – not 'good government' merely, in the common sense – is the justification and main purpose of these United States.) Isolated advantages in any rank or grace or fortune – the direct or

indirect threads of all the poetry of the past – are in my opinion distasteful to the republican genius, and offer no foundation for its fitting verse. Established poems, I know, have the very great advantage of chanting the already perform'd, so full of glories, reminiscences dear to the minds of men. But my volume is a candidate for the future. 'All original art,' says Taine, anyhow, 'is self-regulated, and no original art can be regulated from without; it carries its own counterpoise, and does not receive it from elsewhere – lives on its own blood' – a solace to my frequent bruises and sulky vanity.

As the present is perhaps mainly an attempt at personal statement or illustration, I will allow myself as further help to extract the following anecdote from a book, *Annals of Old Painters*, conn'd by me in youth. Rubens, the Flemish painter, in one of his wanderings through the galleries of old convents, came across a singular work. After looking at it thoughtfully for a good while, and listening to the criticisms of his suite of students, he said to the latter, in answer to their questions (as to what school the work implied or belong'd,) 'I do not believe the artist, unknown and perhaps no longer living, who has given the world this legacy, ever belong'd to any school, or ever painted anything but this one picture, which is a personal affair – a piece out of a man's life.' *Leaves of Grass* indeed (I cannot too often reiterate) has mainly been the outcropping of my own emotional and other personal nature – an attempt, from first to last, to put *a Person*, a human being (myself, in the latter half of the Nineteenth Century, in America,) freely, fully and truly on record. I could not find any similar personal record in current literature that satisfied me. But it is not on

*Leaves of Grass* distinctively as *literature*, or a specimen thereof, that I feel to dwell, or advance claims. No one will get at my verses who insists upon viewing them as a literary performance, or attempt at such performance, or as aiming mainly toward art or aestheticism.

I say no land or people or circumstances ever existed so needing a race of singers and poems differing from all others, and rigidly their own, as the land and people and circumstances of our United States need such singers and poems to-day, and for the future. Still further, as long as the States continue to absorb and be dominated by the poetry of the Old World, and remain unsupplied with autochthonous song, to express, vitalize and give color to and define their material and political success, and minister to them distinctively, so long will they stop short of first-class Nationality and remain defective.

In the free evening of my day I give to you, reader, the foregoing garrulous talk, thoughts, reminiscences, As idly drifting down the ebb, Such ripples, half-caught voices, echo from the shore.

Concluding with two items for the imaginative genius of the West, when it worthily rises – First, what Herder taught to the young Goethe, that really great poetry is always (like the Homeric or Biblical canticles) the result of a national spirit, and not the privilege of a polish'd and select few; Second, that the strongest and sweetest songs yet remain to be sung.



## APPENDIX I

### *Old Age Echoes*

#### *An Executor's Diary Note, 1891*

I said to W. W. today: 'Though you have put the finishing touches on the *Leaves*, closed them with your good-by, you will go on living a year or two longer and writing more poems. The question is, what will you do with these poems when the time comes to fix their place in the volume?' do with them? I am not unprepared – I have even contemplated that emergency – I have a title in reserve: *Old Age Echoes* – applying not so much to things as to echoes of things, reverberant, an aftermath.' You have dropt enough by the roadside, as you went along, from different editions, to make a volume. Some day the world will demand to have that put together somewhere.' do you think it?' Certainly. Should you put it under ban?' Why should I – how could I? So far as you may have anything to do with it I place upon you the in-junction that whatever may be added to the *Leaves* shall be supplementary, avowed as such, leaving the book complete as I left it, consecutive to the point I left off, marking always an unmistakable, deep down, unobliteratable division line. In the long run the world will do as it pleases with the book. I am determined to have the world know what I was pleased to do.'

Here is a late personal note from W. W.: 'My tho't is to collect a lot

of prose and poetry pieces – small or smallish mostly, but a few larger – appealing to the good will, the heart – sorrowful ones not rejected – but no morbid ones given.’

There is no reason for doubt that *A Thought of Columbus*, closing *Old Age Echoes*, was W. W.’s last deliberate composition, dating December, 1891.

### ***To Soar in Freedom and in Fullness of Power***

I have not so much emulated the birds that musically sing, I have  
abandon’d myself to flights, broad circles.

The hawk, the seagull, have far more possess’d me than the canary or  
mocking-bird, I have not felt to warble and trill, however sweetly,  
I have felt to soar in freedom and in the fullness of power, joy,  
volition.

### ***Then Shall Perceive***

In softness, languor, bloom, and growth,  
Thine eyes, ears, all thy sense – thy loftiest attribute – all that takes  
cognizance of beauty, Shall rouse and fill – then shall perceive!

### ***The Few Drops Known***

Of heroes, history, grand events, premises, myths, poems, The few

drops known must stand for oceans of the unknown, On this  
beautiful and thick peopl'd earth, here and there a little specimen  
put on record.

A little of Greeks and Romans, a few Hebrew canticles, a few death  
odors as from graves, from Egypt -

What are they to the long and copious retrospect of antiquity?

***One Thought Ever at the Fore***

One thought ever at the fore -

That in the Divine Ship, the World, breasting Time and Space,

All Peoples of the globe together sail, sail the same voyage, are bound  
to the same destination.

***While Behind All, Firm and Erect***

While behind all, firm and erect as ever,

Undismay'd amid the rapids – amid the irresistible and deadly urge,  
Stands a helmsman, with brow elate and strong hand.

***A Kiss to the Bride***

(MARRIAGE OF NELLY GRANT, MAY 21, 1874) Sacred, blithesome, undenied,  
With benisons from East and West,

And salutations North and South,

Through me indeed to-day a million hearts and hands, Wafting a  
million loves, a million soul felt prayers; - Tender and true remain  
the arm that shields thee!

Fair winds always fill the ship's sails that sail thee!

Clear sun by day, and light stars at night, beam on thee!

Dear girl – through me the ancient privilege too,

(10) For the New World, through me, the old, old wedding greeting: O  
youth and health! O sweet Missouri rose! O bonny bride!

Yield thy red cheeks, thy lips, to-day,

Unto a Nation's loving kiss.

***Nay, Tell Me Not To-day the Publish'd Shame***

(WINTER OF 1873, CONGRESS IN SESSION)

Nay, tell me not to-day the publish'd shame,

Read not to-day the journal's crowded page,

The merciless reports still branding forehead after forehead, The guilty  
column following guilty column.

To-day to me the tale refusing, Turning from it – from the white  
capital turning,

Far from these swelling domes, topt with statues,

More endless, jubilant, vital visions rise

Unpublish'd, unreported.

(10) Through all your quiet ways, or North or South, you Equal States,  
you honest farms,

Your million untold manly healthy lives, or East or West, city or  
country, Your noiseless mothers, sisters, wives, unconscious of  
their good, Your mass of homes nor poor nor rich, in visions rise –  
(even your excellent poverties,) Your self-distilling, never-ceasing  
virtues, self-denials, graces, Your endless base of deep integrities  
within, timid but certain, Your blessings steadily bestow'd, sure as  
the light, and still, (Plunging to these as a determin'd diver down  
the deep hidden waters,) These, these to-day I brood upon – all  
else refusing, these will I con, To-day to these give audience.

### *Supplement Hours*

Sane, random, negligent hours,

Sane, easy, culminating hours,

After the flush, the Indian summer, of my life,

Away from Books – away from Art – the lesson learn'd, pass'd o'er,

Soothing, bathing, merging all – the sane, magnetic, Now for the  
day and night themselves – the open air, Now for the fields, the  
seasons, insects, trees – the rain and snow, Where wild bees

flitting hum,

Or August mulleins grow, or winter's snowflakes fall, (10) Or stars in  
the skies roll round -

The silent sun and stars.

### ***Of Many a Smutch'd Deed Reminiscent***

Full of wickedness, I – of many a smutch'd deed reminiscent – of  
worse deeds capable, Yet I look composedly upon nature, drink  
day and night the joys of life, and await death with perfect  
equanimity, Because of my tender and boundless love for him I  
love and because of his boundless love for me.

### ***To Be at All***

(CF. STANZA 27, *Song of Myself*)

To be at all – what is better than that?

I think if there were nothing more developed, the clam in its callous  
shell in the sand were august enough.

I am not in any callous shell;

I am cased with supple conductors, all over,

They take every object by the hand, and lead it within me; They are

thousands, each one with his entry to himself; They are always watching with their little eyes, from my head to my feet; One no more than a point lets in and out of me such bliss and magnitude, I think I could lift the girder of the house away if it lay between me and whatever I wanted.

### ***Death's Valley***

(TO ACCOMPANY A PICTURE; BY REQUEST.

*The Valley of the Shadow of Death,*

FROM THE PAINTING BY GEORGE INNESS)

Nay, do not dream, designer dark,

Thou hast portray'd or hit thy theme entire;

I, hoverer of late by this dark valley, by its confines, having glimpses  
of it, Here enter lists with thee, claiming my right to make a  
symbol too.

For I have seen many wounded soldiers die,

And dread suffering – have seen their lives pass off with smiles; And I  
have watch'd the death-hours of the old; and seen the infant die;  
The rich, with all his nurses and his doctors;

And then the poor, in meagerness and poverty;

(10) And I myself for long, O Death, have breath'd my every breath  
Amid the nearness and the silent thought of thee.

And out of these and thee,  
I make a scene, a song (not fear of thee,  
Nor gloom's ravines, nor bleak, nor dark – for I do not fear thee, Nor  
celebrate the struggle, or contortion, or hard-tied knot), Of the  
broad blessed light and perfect air, with meadows, rippling tides,  
and trees and flowers and grass, And the low hum of living breeze  
– and in the midst God's beautiful eternal right hand, Thee,  
holiest minister of Heaven – thee, envoy, usherer, guide at last of  
all, Rich, florid, loosener of the stricture-knot call'd life, (20)  
Sweet, peaceful, welcome Death.

### ***On the Same Picture***

(INTENDED FOR FIRST STANZA OF *Death's Valley*)

Aye, well I know 'tis ghastly to descend that valley: Preachers,  
musicians, poets, painters, always render it, Philosophs exploit –  
the battlefield, the ship at sea, the myriad beds, all lands, All, all  
the past have enter'd, the ancientest humanity we know, Syria's,  
India's, Egypt's, Greece's, Rome's;  
Till now for us under our very eyes spreading the same to-day, Grim,  
ready, the same to-day, for entrance, yours and mine, Here, here  
'tis limn'd.

### ***A Thought of Columbus***



The mystery of mysteries, the crude and hurried ceaseless flame,  
spontaneous, bearing on itself.

The bubble and the huge, round, concrete orb!

A breath of Deity, as thence the bulging universe unfolding!

The many issuing cycles from their precedent minute!

The eras of the soul incepting in an hour,

Haply the widest, farthest evolutions of the world and man.

Thousands and thousands of miles hence, and now four centuries  
back, A mortal impulse thrilling its brain cell,

Reck'd or unreck'd, the birth can no longer be postpon'd: (10) A  
phantom of the moment, mystic, stalking, sudden, Only a silent  
thought, yet toppling down of more than walls of brass or stone.

(A flutter at the darkness'edge as if old Time's and Space's secret near  
revealing.) A thought! a definite thought works out in shape.

Four hundred years roll on.

The rapid cumulus – trade, navigation, war, peace, democracy, roll on;  
The restless armies and the fleets of time following their leader –  
the old camps of ages pitch'd in newer, larger areas, The tangl'd,  
long-deferr'd eclairsissement of human life and hopes boldly

begins untying, As here to-day up-grows the Western World.

(An added word yet to my song, far Discoverer, as ne 'er before sent  
back to son of earth -

(20) If still thou hearest, hear me,

Voicing as now – lands, races, arts, bravas to thee, o'er the long  
backward path to thee – one vast consensus, north, south, east,  
west, Soul plaudits! acclamation! reverent echoes!

One manifold, huge memory to thee! oceans and lands!

The modern world to thee and thought of thee!)

## APPENDIX 2

### *Poems Excluded from Leaves of Grass*

#### ***Great Are the Myths***

Great are the myths -I too delight in them,  
Great are Adam and Eve -I too look back and accept them,  
Great the risen and fallen nations, and their poets, women, sages,  
inventors, rulers, warriors, and priests.

Great is Liberty! great is Equality! I am their follower,  
Helmsmen of nations, choose your craft! where you sail, I sail, Yours is  
the muscle of life or death – yours is the perfect science – in you I  
have absolute faith.

Great is To-day, and beautiful,  
It is good to live in this age – there never was any better.

Great are the plunges, throes, triumphs, downfalls of  
Democracy,  
(10) Great the reformers, with their lapses and screams,

Great the daring and venture of sailors, on new explorations.

Great are Yourself and Myself,

We are just as good and bad as the oldest and youngest or any, What  
the best and worst did, we could do,

What they felt, do not we feel it in ourselves?

What they wished, do we not wish the same?

Great is Youth – equally great is Old Age – great are the  
Day and Night,

Great is Wealth – great is Poverty – great is Expression – great is  
Silence.

Youth, large, lusty, loving – Youth, full of grace, force, fascination,  
(20) Do you know that Old Age may come after you, with equal  
grace, force, fascination?

Day, full-blown and splendid – Day of the immense sun, action,  
ambition, laughter, The Night follows close, with millions of suns,  
and sleep, and restoring darkness.

Wealth with the flush hand, fine clothes, hospitality,

But then the Soul's wealth, which is candor, knowledge, pride,  
enfolding love; (Who goes for men and women showing Poverty  
richer than wealth?) Expression of speech! in what is written or

said, forget not that Silence is also expressive, That anguish as hot as the hottest, and contempt as cold as the coldest, may be without words, That the true adoration is likewise without words, and without kneeling.

Great is the greatest Nation – the nation of clusters of equal nations.

(30) Great is the Earth, and the way it became what it is;

Do you imagine it is stopped at this? the increase abandoned?

Understand then that it goes as far onward from this, as this is from the times when it lay in covering waters and gases, before man had appeared.

Great is the quality of Truth in man,

The quality of truth in man supports itself through all changes, It is inevitably in the man – he and it are in love, and never o leave each other.

The truth in man is no dictum, it is vital as eyesight,

If there be any Soul, there is truth – if there be man or woman, there is truth – if there be physical or moral, there is truth, If there be equilibrium or volition, there is truth – if there be things at all upon the earth, there is truth.

O truth of the earth! O truth of things! I am determined to press my  
way toward you, (40) Sound your voice! I scale mountains, or  
dive in the sea after you.

Great is Language – it is the mightiest of the sciences,

It is the fulness, color, form, diversity of the earth, and of men and  
women, and of all qualities and processes, It is greater than  
wealth – it is greater than buildings, ships, religions, paintings,  
music.

Great is the English speech – what speech is so great as the English?

Great is the English brood – what brood has so vast a destiny as the  
English?

It is the mother of the brood that must rule the earth with the new  
rule, The new rule shall rule as the Soul rules, and as the love,  
justice, equality in the Soul, rule.

Great is Law – great are the old few landmarks of the law,

They are the same in all times, and shall not be disturbed.

(50) Great are commerce, newspapers, books, free-trade, railroads,  
steamers, international mails, telegraphs, exchanges.

Great is Justice!

Justice is not settled by legislators and laws – it is in the Soul,

It cannot be varied by statutes, any more than love, pride, the attraction of gravity, can, It is immutable – it does not depend on majorities – majorities or what not come at last before the same passionless and exact tribunal.

For justice are the grand natural lawyers and perfect judges – it is in their Souls, It is well assorted – they have not studied for nothing – the great includes the less, They rule on the highest grounds – they oversee all eras, states, administrations.

The perfect judge fears nothing – he could go front to front before God, Before the perfect judge all shall stand back – life and death shall stand back – heaven and hell shall stand back.

(60) Great is Goodness!

I do not know what it is, any more than I know what health is – but I know it is great.

Great is Wickedness -I find I often admire it, just as much as I admire goodness, Do you call that a paradox? It certainly is a paradox.

The eternal equilibrium of things is great, and the eternal overthrow of things is great, And there is another paradox.

Great is Life, real and mystical, wherever and whoever,

Great is Death – sure as Life holds all parts together,

Death holds all parts together,

Death has just as much purport as Life has,

Do you enjoy what Life confers? you shall enjoy what

Death confers,

(70) I do not understand the realities of Death, but I know they are  
great, I do not understand the least reality of Life – how then can  
I understand the realities of Death?

### ***Poem of Remembrances***

#### ***for a Girl or a Boy of These States***

You just maturing youth! You male or female!

Remember the organic compact of These States,

Remember the pledge of the Old Thirteen thenceforward to the rights,  
life, liberty, equality of man, Remember what was promulged by  
the founders, ratified by The States, signed in black and white by  
the Commissioners, and read by Washington at the head of the  
army, Remember the purposes of the founders, – Remember

Washington;

Remember the copious humanity streaming from every direction



toward America; Remember the hospitality that belongs to  
nations and men;

(Cursed be nation, woman, man, without hospitality!)

Remember, government is to subserve individuals,

Not any, not the President, is to have one jot more than you or me,

(10) Not any habitan of America is to have one jot less than you  
or me.

Anticipate when the thirty or fifty millions, are to become the  
hundred, or two hundred millions, of equal freemen and  
freewomen, amicably joined.

Recall ages – One age is but a part – ages are but a part;

Recall the angers, bickerings, delusions, superstitions, of the idea of  
caste, Recall the bloody cruelties and crimes.

Anticipate the best women;

I say an unnumbered new race of hardy and well-defined women are  
to spread through all These States, I say a girl fit for These States  
must be free, capable, dauntless, just the same as a boy.

Anticipate your own life – retract with merciless power, Shirk nothing  
– retract in time – Do you see those errors, diseases, weaknesses,  
lies, thefts?

(20) Do you see that lost character? – Do you see decay. consumption.

rum-drinking, dropsy, fever, mortal cancer or inflammation?

Do you see death, and the approach of death?

*Think of the Soul*

Think of the Soul;

I swear to you that body of yours gives proportions to your Soul  
somehow to live in other spheres; I do not know how, but I know  
it is so.

Think of loving and being loved;

I swear to you, whoever you are, you can interfuse yourself with such  
things that everybody that sees you shall look longingly upon you.

Think of the past;

I warn you that in a little while others will find their past in you and  
your times.

The race is never separated – nor man nor woman escapes;

All is inextricable – things, spirits, Nature, nations, you too – from  
precedents you come.

(10) Recall the ever-welcome defiers, (The mothers precede them;)

Recall the sages poets saviors inventors lawgivers of the earth.

Recall the sages, poets, saviors, inventors, lawgivers, of the earth,  
Recall Christ, brother of rejected persons – brother of slaves,  
felons, idiots, and of insane and diseas'd persons.

Think of the time when you were not yet born;

Think of times you stood at the side of the dying;

Think of the time when your own body will be dying.

Think of spiritual results,

Sure as the earth swims through the heavens, does every one of its  
objects pass into spiritual results.

Think of manhood, and you to be a man;

Do you count manhood, and the sweet of manhood, nothing?

(20) Think of womanhood, and you to be a woman;

The creation is womanhood;

Have I not said that womanhood involves all?

Have I not told how the universe has nothing better than the best  
womanhood?

***Respondez!***

Respondez! Respondez!

(The war is completed – the price is paid – the title is settled beyond  
recall;) Let every one answer! let those who sleep be waked! let

none evade!

Must we still go on with our affectations and sneaking?

Let me bring this to a close -I pronounce openly for a new distribution of roles; Let that which stood in front go behind! and let that which was behind advance to the front and speak; Let murderers, bigots, fools, unclean persons, offer new propositions!

Let the old propositions be postponed!

Let faces and theories be turn'd inside out! let meanings be freely criminal, as well as results!

(10) Let there be no suggestion above the suggestion of drudgery!

Let none be pointed toward his destination! (Say! do you know your destination?) Let men and women be mock'd with bodies and mock'd with Souls!

Let the love that waits in them, wait! let it die, or pass still-born to other spheres!

Let the sympathy that waits in every man, wait! or let it also pass, a dwarf, to other spheres!

Let contradictions prevail! let one thing contradict another! and let one line of my poems contradict another!

Let the people sprawl with yearning, aimless hands! let their tongues be broken! let their eyes be discouraged! let none descend into their hearts with the fresh lusciousness of love!

(Stifled, O days! O lands! in every public and private corruption!

Smother'd in thievery. imotence. shamelessness. mountain-high:

~~...and the theory, impotence, shamelessness, the distant thing,~~  
Brazen effrontery, scheming, rolling like ocean's waves around  
and upon you, O my days! my lands!

(20) For not even those thunderstorms, nor fiercest lightnings of the  
war, have purified the atmosphere;) - Let the theory of America  
still be management, caste, comparison! (Say! what other theory  
would you?) Let them that distrust birth and death still lead the  
rest!

(Say! why shall they not lead you?)

Let the crust of hell be neared and trod on! let the days be darker than  
the nights! let slumber bring less slumber than waking time  
brings!

Let the world never appear to him or her for whom it was all made!

Let the heart of the young man still exile itself from the heart of the  
old man! and let the heart of the old man be exiled from that of  
the young man!

Let the sun and moon go! let scenery take the applause of the  
audience! let there be apathy under the stars!

Let freedom prove no man's inalienable right! every one who can  
tyrannize, let him tyrannize to his satisfaction!

Let none but infidels be countenanced!

Let the eminence of meanness, treachery, sarcasm, hate, greed,  
indecenty, impotence, lust, be taken for granted above all! let  
writers, judges, governments, households, religions, philosophies,  
take such for granted above all!

(30) Let the worst men beget children out of the worst women!

Let the priest still play at immortality!

Let death be inaugurated!

Let nothing remain but the ashes of teachers, artists, moralists,  
lawyers, and learn'd and polite persons!

Let him who is without my poems be assassinated!

Let the cow, the horse, the camel, the garden-bee – let the mud-fish,  
the lobster, the mussel, eel, the sting-ray, and the grunting pig-  
fish – let these, and the like of these, be put on a perfect equality  
with man and woman!

Let churches accommodate serpents, vermin, and the corpses of those  
who have died of the most filthy of diseases!

Let marriage slip down among fools, and be for none but fools!

Let men among themselves talk and think forever obscenely of  
women! and let women among themselves talk and think  
obscenely of men!

Let us all, without missing one, be exposed in public, naked, monthly,  
at the peril of our lives! let our bodies be freely handled and  
examined by whoever chooses!

(40) Let nothing but copies at second hand be permitted to exist upon  
the earth!

Let the earth desert God, nor let there ever henceforth be mention'd  
the name of God!

Let there be no God!

Let there be no sea.

Let there be money, business, imports, exports, custom, authority,  
precedents, pallor, dyspepsia, smut, ignorance, unbelief!

Let judges and criminals be transposed! let the prison-keepers be put  
in prison! let those that were prisoners take the keys! (Say! why  
might they not just as well be transposed?) Let the slaves be  
masters! let the masters become slaves!

Let the reformers descend from the stands where they are forever  
bawling! let an idiot or insane person appear on each of the  
stands!

Let the Asiatic, the African, the European, the American,  
and the Australian, go armed against the murderous stealthiness of  
each other! let them sleep armed! let none believe in good will!

Let there be no unfashionable wisdom! let such be scorn'd and derided  
off from the earth!

Let a floating cloud in the sky – let a wave of the sea – let growing  
mint, spinach, onions, tomatoes – let these be exhibited as shows,  
at a great price for admission!

(50) Let all the men of These States stand aside for a few smouchers!  
let the few seize on what they choose! let the rest gawk, giggle,  
starve, obey!

Let shadows be furnish'd with genitals! let substances be deprived of  
their genitals!

Let there be wealthy and immense cities – but still through any of  
them, not a single poet, savior, knower, lover!

Let the infidels of These States laugh all faith away!

If one man be found who has faith, let the rest set upon him!

Let them affright faith! let them destroy the power of breeding faith!

Let the she-harlots and the he-harlots be prudent! let them dance on,  
while seeming lasts!

(O seeming! seeming! seeming!)

Let the preachers recite creeds! let them still teach only what they  
have been taught!

Let insanity still have charge of sanity!

Let books take the place of trees, animals, rivers, clouds!

(60) Let the daub'd portraits of heroes supersede heroes!

Let the manhood of man never take steps after itself!

Let it take steps after eunuchs, and after consumptive and genteel  
persons!

Let the white person again tread the black person under his heel! (Say!  
which is trodden under heel, after all?) Let the reflections of the  
things of the world be studied in mirrors! let the things  
themselves still continue unstudied!

Let a man seek pleasure everywhere except in himself!

Let a woman seek happiness everywhere except in herself!

(What real happiness have you had one single hour through your  
whole life?) Let the limited years of life do nothing for the



limitless years of death! (What do you suppose death will do,  
then?)

***[In the New Garden]***

In the new garden, in all the parts,  
In cities now, modern, I wander,  
Through the second or third result, or still further, primitive yet, Days,  
places, indifferent – though various, the same,  
Time, Paradise, the Mannahatta, the prairies, finding me unchanged,  
Death indifferent – Is it that I lived long since?  
Was I buried very long ago?  
For all that, I may now be watching you here, this moment;  
For the future, with determined will, I seek – the woman of the future,  
You, born years, centuries after me, I seek.

***[Who Is Now Reading This?]***

Who is now reading this?  
May-be one is now reading this who knows some wrong-doing of my  
past life, Or may-be a stranger is reading this who has secretly  
loved me, Or may-be one who meets all my grand assumptions  
and egotisms with derision, Or may-be one who is puzzled at me.

As if I were not puzzled at myself!

Or as if I never deride myself! (O conscience-struck!

O self-convicted!)

Or as if I do not secretly love strangers! (O tenderly, a long time, and never avow it;) Or as if I did not see, perfectly well, interior in myself, the stuff of wrong-doing, (10) Or as if it could cease transpiring from me until it must cease.

***[I Thought That Knowledge Alone***

***Would Suffice]***

Long I thought that knowledge alone would suffice me – O if I could but obtain knowledge!

Then my lands engrossed me – Lands of the prairies, Ohio's land, the southern savannas, engrossed me – For them I would live -I would be their orator; Then I met the examples of old and new heroes -I heard of warriors, sailors, and all dauntless persons – And it seemed to me that I too had it in me to be as dauntless as any – and would be so; And then, to enclose all, it came to me to strike up the songs of the New World – And then I believed my life must be spent in singing; But now take notice, land of the prairies, land of the south savannas, Ohio's land, Take notice, you Kanuck woods – and you Lake Huron – and all that with you roll toward Niagara – and you Niagara also,

And you, Californian mountains – That you each and all find  
somebody else to be your singer of songs, For I can be your singer  
of songs no longer – One who loves me is jealous of me, and  
withdraws me from all but love, With the rest I dispense -I sever  
from what I thought would suffice me, for it does not – it is now  
empty and tasteless to me, (10) I heed knowledge, and the  
grandeur of The States, and the example of heroes, no more, I am  
indifferent to my own songs -I will go with him I love, It is to be  
enough for us that we are together – We never separate again.

***[Hours Continuing Long]***

Hours continuing long, sore and heavy-hearted,

Hours of the dusk, when I withdraw to a lonesome and unfrequented  
spot, seating myself, leaning my face in my hands; Hours  
sleepless, deep in the night, when I go forth, speeding swiftly the  
country roads, or through the city streets, or pacing miles and  
miles, stifling plaintive cries; Hours discouraged, distracted – for  
the one I cannot content myself without, soon I saw him content  
himself without me; Hours when I am forgotten, (O weeks and  
months are passing, but I believe I am never to forget!) Sullen and  
suffering hours! (I am ashamed – but it is useless -I am what I  
am;) Hours of my torment -I wonder if other men ever have the  
like, out of the like feelings?

Is there even one other like me – distracted – his friend, his lover, lost

to him?

Is he too as I am now? Does he still rise in the morning, dejected,  
thinking who is lost to him? and at night, awaking, think who is  
lost?

(10) Does he too harbor his friendship silent and endless? harbor his  
anguish and passion?

Does some stray reminder, or the casual mention of a name, bring the  
fit back upon him, taciturn and deprest?

Does he see himself reflected in me? In these hours, does he see the  
face of his hours reflected?

***[So Far, and So Far, and On Toward the End]***

So far, and so far, and on toward the end,

Singing what is sung in this book, from the irresistible impulses of me;  
But whether I continue beyond this book, to maturity,

Whether I shall dart forth the true rays, the ones that wait unfired,  
(Did you think the sun was shining its brightest?

No – it has not yet fully risen;)

Whether I shall complete what is here started,

Whether I shall attain my own height, to justify these, yet unfinished,  
Whether I shall make THE POEM OF THE NEW WORLD, transcending all  
others – depends, rich persons, upon you,

(10) Depends, whoever you are now filling the current

Presidented upon you

President, upon you,  
Upon you, Governor, Mayor, Congressman,  
And you, contemporary America.

### ***Thoughts-1: Visages***

Of the visages of things – And of piercing through to the accepted  
hells beneath; Of ugliness – To me there is just as much in it as  
there is in beauty – And now the ugliness of human beings is  
acceptable to me; Of detected persons – To me, detected persons  
are not, in any respect, worse than undetected persons – and are  
not in any respect worse than I am myself; Of criminals – To me,  
any judge, or any juror, is equally criminal – and any reputable  
person is also – and the President is also.

### ***Leaflets***

What General has a good army in himself, has a good army;  
He happy in himself, or she happy in herself, is happy.

### ***Thoughts -6: 'Of What I Write'***

Of what I write from myself-As if that were not the resume; Of  
Histories – As if such, however complete, were not less complete  
than the preceding poems; As if those shreds, the records of

nations, could possibly be as lasting as the preceding poems; As if here were not the amount of all nations, and of all the lives of heroes.

### *Says*

I say whatever tastes sweet to the most perfect person, that is finally right.

2

I say nourish a great intellect, a great brain;  
If I have said anything to the contrary, I hereby retract it.

3

I say man shall not hold property in man;  
I say the least developed person on earth is just as important and sacred to himself or herself, as the most developed person is to himself or herself.

4

I say where liberty draws not the blood out of slavery, there slavery draws the blood out of liberty, I say the word of the good old cause in These States, and resound it hence over the world.

5

I say the human shape or face is so great, it must never be made  
ridiculous; I say for ornaments nothing outre can be allowed,

(10) And that anything is most beautiful without ornament,

And that exaggerations will be sternly revenged in your own  
physiology, and in other persons' physiology also; And I say that  
clean-shaped children can be jetted and conceived only where  
natural forms prevail in public, and the human face and form are  
never caricatured; And I say that genius need never more be  
turned to romances, (For facts properly told, how mean appear all  
romances.)

6

I say the word of lands fearing nothing -I will have no other land; I say  
discuss all and expose all -I am for every topic openly; I say there  
can be no salvation for These States without innovators – without  
free tongues, and ears willing to hear the tongues; And I announce  
as a glory of These States, that they respectfully listen to  
propositions, reforms, fresh views and doctrines, from successions  
of men and women, Each age with its own growth.

7

(20) I have said many times that materials and the Soul are great, and  
that all depends on physique; Now I reverse what I said, and  
affirm that all depends on the aesthetic or intellectual, And that  
criticism is great – and that refinement is greatest of all; And I

affirm now that the mind governs – and that all depends on the mind.

8

With one man or woman – (no matter which one -I even pick out the lowest,) With him or her I now illustrate the whole law;

I say that every right, in politics or what-not, shall be eligible to that one man or woman, on the same terms

### ***Apostroph***

O mater! O fils!

O brood continental!

O flowers of the prairies!

O space boundless! O hum of mighty products!

O you teeming cities! O so invincible, turbulent, proud!

O race of the future! O women!

O fathers! O you men of passion and the storm!

O native power only! O beauty!

O yourself! O God! O divine average!

(10) O you bearded roughs! O bards! O all those slumberers!

O arouse! the dawn-bird's throat sounds shrill!

Do you not hear the cock crowing?

O, as I walk'd the beach, I heard the mournful notes foreboding a



tempest – the low, oft-repeated shriek of the diver, the long-lived loon; O I heard, and yet hear, angry thunder; – O you sailors!

O ships! make quick preparation!

O from his masterful sweep, the warning cry of the eagle!

(Give way there, all! It is useless! Give up your spoils;)

O sarcasms! Propositions! (O if the whole world should prove indeed a sham, a sell!) O I believe there is nothing real but America and freedom!

O to sternly reject all except Democracy!

O emperor! O who dare confront you and me?

(20) O to promulgate our own! O to build for that which builds for mankind!

O feuillage! O North! O the slope drained by the Mexican sea!

O all, all inseparable – ages, ages, ages!

O a curse on him that would dissever this Union for any reason whatever!

O climates, labors! O good and evil! O death!

O you strong with iron and wood! O Personality!

O the village or place which has the greatest man or woman! even if it be only a few ragged huts; O the city where women walk in public processions in the streets, the same as the men; O a wan and terrible emblem, by me adopted!

O shapes arising! shapes of the future centuries!

(30) O muscle and pluck forever for me!

O workmen and workwomen forever for me!

O farmers and sailors! O drivers of horses forever for me!

O I will make the new bardic list of trades and tools!

O you coarse and wilful! I love you!

O South! O longings for my dear home! O soft and sunny airs!

Opensive! O I must return where the palm grows and the mocking-  
bird sings, or else I die!

O equality! O organic compacts I am come to be your born poet!

O whirl, contest, sounding and resounding! I am your poet, because I  
am part of you; O days by-gone! Enthusiasts! Antecedents!

(40) O vast preparations for These States! O years!

O what is now being sent forward thousands of years to come!

O mediums! O to teach! to convey the invisible faith!

To promulge real things! to journey through all The States!

O creation! O to-day! O laws! O unmitigated adoration!

O for mightier broods of orators, artists, and singers!

O for native songs! carpenter's, boatman's, ploughman's songs!  
shoemaker's songs!

O haughtiest growth of time! O free and extatic!

O what I, here, preparing, warble for!

O you hastening light! O the sun of the world will ascend, dazzling,  
and take his height – and you too will ascend; (50) O so amazing  
and so broad! up there resplendent, darting and burning; O  
prophetic! O vision staggered with weight of light! with pouring  
glories!

O copious! O hitherto unequalled!

O Libertad! O compact! O union impossible to dis sever!

O my Soul! O lips becoming tremulous, powerless!

O centuries, centuries yet ahead!

O voices of greater orators! I pause -I listen for you!

O you States! Cities! defiant of all outside authority! I spring at once  
into your arms! you I most love!

O you grand Presidentiads! I wait for you!

New history! New heroes! I project you!

(60) Visions of poets! only you really last! O sweep on! sweep on I O  
Death! O you striding there! O I cannot yet!

O heights! O infinitely too swift and dizzy yet!

O purged luminescence! you threaten me more than I can stand!

O present! I return while yet I may to you!

O poets to come, I depend upon you!

### ***O Sun of Real Peace***

O sun of real peace! O hastening light!

O sun of real peace. O hastening light.

O free and extatic! O what I here, preparing, warble for!

O the sun of the world will ascend, dazzling, and take his height – and  
you too, O my Ideal, will surely ascend!

O so amazing and broad – up there resplendent, darting and burning!

O vision prophetic, stagger'd with weight of light! with pouring  
glories!

O lips of my soul, already becoming powerless!

O ample and grand Presidentiads! Now the war, the war is over!

New history! new heroes! I project you!

Visions of poets! only you really last! sweep on! sweep on!

(10) O heights too swift and dizzy yet!

O purged and luminous! you threaten me more than I can stand!

(I must not venture – the ground under my feet menaces me – it will  
not support me: O future too immense,) – O present, I return,  
while yet

I may, to you.

### ***To You***

Let us twain walk aside from the rest;

Now we are together privately, do you discard ceremony;

Come! vouchsafe to me what has yet been vouchsafed to none – Tell

come. Touchable to me what has yet been touchable to none – Tell  
me the whole story, Let us talk of death – unbosom all freely,  
Tell me what you would not tell your brother, wife, husband, or  
physician.

### ***Now Lift Me Close***

Now lift me close to your face till I whisper,  
What you are holding is in reality no book, nor part of a book; It is a  
man, flush'd and full-blooded – it is I – *So long!* -  
We must separate awhile – Here! take from my lips this kiss; Whoever  
you are, I give it especially to you;  
*So long!* – And I hope we shall meet again.

### ***To the Reader at Parting***

Now, dearest comrade, lift me to your face,  
We must separate awhile – Here! take from my lips this kiss; Whoever  
you are, I give it especially to you;  
*So long!* – And I hope we shall meet again.

### ***Debris***

He is wisest who has the most caution,

He only wins who goes far enough.

\*

Any thing is as good as established, when that is established that will  
produce it and continue it \*

What General has a good army in himself, has a good army;

He happy in himself, or she happy in herself, is happy,

But I tell you you cannot be happy by others, any more than you can  
beget or conceive a child by others.

\*

Have you learned lessons only of those who admired you, and were  
tender with you, and stood aside for you?

Have you not learned the great lessons of those who rejected you, and  
braced themselves against you? or who treated you with  
contempt, or disputed the passage with you?

Have you had no practice to receive opponents when they come?

(10) Despairing cries float ceaselessly toward me, day and night, The  
sad voice of Death – the call of my nearest lover, putting forth,  
alarmed, uncertain, *This sea lam quickly to sail, come tell me,*

*Come tell me where lam speeding-tell me my destination.*

\*

I understand your anguish, but I cannot help you,

I approach, hear, behold – the sad mouth, the look out of the eyes,  
your mute inquiry, *Whither I go from the bed I now recline on, come  
tell me*, o Old age, alarmed, uncertain – A young woman's voice  
appealing to me, for comfort, A young man's voice, *Shall I not  
escape?*

\*

A thousand perfect men and women appear,  
(20) Around each gathers a cluster of friends, and gay children and  
youths, with offerings.

\*

A mask – a perpetual natural disguiser of herself,  
Concealing her face, concealing her form,  
Changes and transformations every hour, every moment,  
Falling upon her even when she sleeps.

\*

One sweeps by, attended by an immense train,  
All emblematic of peace – not a soldier or menial among them.

One sweeps by, old, with black eyes, and profuse white hair, He has  
the simple magnificence of health and strength,  
His face strikes as with flashes of lightning whoever it turns toward.

(30) Three old men slowly pass, followed by three others, and they by three others, They are beautiful – the one in the middle of each group holds his companions by the hand, As they walk, they give out perfume wherever they walk.

\*

Women sit, or move to and fro – some old, some young,  
The young are beautiful – but the old are more beautiful than the young.

What weeping face is that looking from the window?

Why does it stream those sorrowful tears?

Is it for some burial place, vast and dry?

Is it to wet the soil of graves?

\*

I will take an egg out of the robin's nest in the orchard,

(40) I will take a branch of gooseberries from the old bush in the garden, and go and preach to the world; You shall see I will not meet a single heretic or scorner,

You shall see how I stump clergymen, and confound them,

You shall see me showing a scarlet tomato, and a white pebble from the beach.



\*

Behaviour – fresh, native, copious, each one for himself or herself,  
Nature and the Soul expressed – America and freedom expressed –  
In it the finest art, In it pride, cleanliness, sympathy, to have their  
chance,

In it physique, intellect, faith – in it just as much as to manage an  
army or a city, or to write a book – perhaps more, The youth, the  
laboring person, the poor person, rivalling all the rest – perhaps  
outdoing the rest, The effects of the universe no greater than its;

(50) For there is nothing in the whole universe that can be more  
effective than a man's or woman's daily behaviour can be, In any  
position, in any one of These States.

Not the pilot has charged himself to bring his ship into port, though  
beaten back, and many times baffled, Not the path-finder,  
penetrating inland, weary and long,

By deserts parched, snows chilled, rivers wet, perseveres till he  
reaches his destination, More than I have charged myself, heeded  
or unheeded, to compose a free march for These States, To be  
exhilarating music to them, years, centuries hence.

I thought I was not alone, walking here by the shore,

But the one I thought was with me, as now I walk by the shore, As I  
lean and look through the glimmering light – that one has utterly  
disappeared, (60) And those appear that perplex me.

***[States!]***

States!

Were you looking to be held together by the lawyers?

By an agreement on paper? Or by arms?

Away!

I arrive, bringing these, beyond all the forces of courts and arms,  
These! to hold you together as firmly as the earth itself is held  
together.

The old breath of life, ever new,

Here! I pass it by contact to you, America.

O mother! have you done much for me?

(10) Behold, there shall from me be much done for you.

There shall from me be a new friendship – It shall be called after my  
name, It shall circulate through The States, indifferent of place, It  
shall twist and intertwist them through and around each other –  
Compact shall they be, showing new signs, Affection shall solve  
every one of the problems of freedom,

THE STATES! THE STATES! THE STATES! THE STATES! THE STATES! THE STATES!

Those who love each other shall be invincible,  
They shall finally make America completely victorious, in my name.  
One from Massachusetts shall be a comrade to a Missourian, One from  
Maine or Vermont, and a Carolinian and an  
Oregonese, shall be friends true, more precious to each other than  
all the riches of the earth.

To Michigan shall be wafted perfume from Florida,  
(20) To the Mannahatta from Cuba or Mexico,  
Not the perfume of flowers, but sweeter, and wafted beyond death.

No danger shall balk Columbia's lovers,  
If need be, a thousand shall sternly immolate themselves for one, The  
Kanuck shall be willing to lay down his life for the  
Kansian, and the Kansian for the Kanuck, on due need.

It shall be customary in all directions, in the houses and streets, to see  
manly affection, The departing brother or friend shall salute the  
remaining brother or friend with a kiss.

There shall be innovations,  
There shall be countless linked hands – namely, the  
Northeasterner's, and the Northwesterner's, and the

Southwesterners ', and those of the interior, and all their brood, These  
shall be masters of the world under a new power,

(30) They shall laugh to scorn the attacks of all the remainder of the  
world.

The most dauntless and rude shall touch face to face lightly, The  
dependence of Liberty shall be lovers,

The continuance of Equality shall be comrades.

These shall tie and band stronger than hoops of iron,

I, extatic, O partners! O lands! henceforth with the love of lovers tie  
you.

I will make the continent indissoluble, I will make the most splendid  
race the sun ever yet shone upon, I will make divine magnetic  
lands.

I will plant companionship thick as trees along all the rivers of  
America, and along the shores of the great lakes, and all over the  
prairies, (40) I will make inseparable cities, with their arms about  
each other's necks.

For you these, from me, O Democracy, to serve you, mafemme!

For you! for you, I am trilling these songs.

### ***Bathed In War's Perfume***

Bathed in war's perfume – delicate flag!

(Should the days needing armies, needing fleets, come again,) O to  
hear you call the sailors and the soldiers! flag like a beautiful  
woman!

O to hear the tramp, tramp, of a million answering men!

O the ships they arm with joy!

O to see you leap and beckon from the tall masts of ships!

O to see you peering down on the sailors on the decks!

Flag like the eyes of women.

### ***Solid, Ironical, Rolling Orb***

Solid, ironical, rolling orb!

Master of all, the matter of fact! – at last I accept your terms; Bringing  
to practical, vulgar tests, of all my ideal dreams, And of me, as  
lover and hero.

### ***Not My Enemies Ever Invade Me***

Not my enemies ever invade me – no harm to my pride from them I  
fear; But the lovers I recklessly love – lo! how they master me!

Lo! me, ever open and helpless, bereft of my strength!  
Utterly abject, grovelling on the ground before them.

***This Day, O Soul***

This day, O Soul, I give you a wondrous mirror;  
Long in the dark, in tarnish and cloud it lay – But the cloud has pass'd,  
and the tarnish gone; ...Behold, O Soul! it is now a clean and  
bright mirror,  
Faithfully showing you all the things of the world.

***Ashes of Soldiers: Epigraph***

Again a verse for sake of you,  
You soldiers in the ranks – you Volunteers,  
Who bravely fighting, silent fell,  
To fill unmention'd graves.

***One Song, America, Before I Go***

One song, America, before I go,  
I'd sing o'er all the rest with trumpet sound

I'd sing, O'er all the rest, with trumpet sound,

For thee – the Future.

I'd sow a seed for thee of endless Nationality;

I'd fashion thy Ensemble, including Body and Soul;

I'd show, away ahead, thy real Union, and how it may be  
accomplish'd.

(The paths to the House I seek to make,

But leave to those to come, the House itself.)

Belief I sing – and Preparation;

(10) As Life and Nature are not great with reference to the  
Present only,

But greater still from what is yet to come,

Out of that formula for Thee I sing.

### ***Souvenirs of Democracy***

The business man, the acquirer vast,

After assiduous years, surveying results, preparing for departure,

Devises houses and lands to his children – bequeaths stocks, goods  
– funds for a school or hospital, Leaves money to certain  
companions to buy tokens, souvenirs of gems and gold; Parceling

out with care – And then, to prevent all cavil,  
His name to his testament formally signs.

But I, my life surveying,  
With nothing to show, to devise, from its idle years,  
Nor houses, nor lands – nor tokens of gems or gold for my friends,  
(10) Only these Souvenirs of Democracy – In them – in all my  
songs – behind me leaving, To You, whoever you are, (bathing,  
leavening this leaf especially with my breath – pressing on it a  
moment with my own hands; -  
Here! feel how the pulse beats in my wrists! – how my heart's-blood is  
swelling, contracting!) I will You, in all, Myself, with promise to  
never desert you, To which I sign my name,

### ***From My Last Years***

From my last years, last thoughts I here bequeath,  
Scatter'd and dropt, in seeds, and wafted to the West,  
Through moisture of Ohio, prairie soil of Illinois – through Colorado,  
California air,  
For Time to germinate fully.

### ***In Former Songs***



1

In former songs Pride have I sung, and Love, and passionate, joyful  
Life, But here I twine the strands of Patriotism and Death.

And now, Life, Pride, Love, Patriotism and Death,

To you, o FREEDOM, purport of all!

(You that elude me most – refusing to be caught in songs of mine,) I  
offer all to you.

2

'Tis not for nothing, Death,

I sound out you, and words of you, with daring tone – embodying you,  
In my new Democratic chants – keeping you for a close, io For a  
last impregnable retreat – a citadel and tower, For my last stand –  
my pealing, final cry.

### ***The Beauty of the Ship***

When, staunchly entering port,

After long ventures, hauling up, worn and old,

Batter'd by sea and wind, torn by many a fight,

With the original sails all gone, replaced, or mended,

Look now, at least, the beauty of the Ship

I only saw, at last, the beauty of the Snip.

***After an Interval***

(NOV. 22, 1875, MIDNIGHT-SATURN AND MARS IN CONJUNCTION)

After an interval, reading, here in the midnight,

With the great stars looking on – all the stars of Orion looking, And  
the silent Pleiades – and the duo looking of Saturn and ruddy  
Mars; Pondering, reading my own songs, after a long interval,

(sorrow and death familiar now,)

Ere closing the book, what pride! what joy! to find them,

Standing so well the test of death and night!

And the duo of Saturn and Mars!

***Two Rivulets***

Two Rivulets side by side,

Two blended, parallel, strolling tides,

Companions, travelers, gossiping as they journey.

For the Eternal Ocean bound,

These ripples, passing surges, streams of Death and Life,

Object and Subject hurrying, whirling by,

The Real and Ideal,

Alternate ebb and flow the Days and Nights,  
(Strands of a Trio twining, Present, Future, Past.)  
(10) In You, who'er you are, my book perusing;  
In I myself-in all the World – these ripples flow,  
All, all, toward the mystic Ocean tending.

(O yearnful waves! the kisses of your lips!  
Your breast so broad, with open arms, O firm, expanded shore!)

*Or, from That Sea of Time*

(1)  
Or, from that Sea of Time,  
Spray, blown by the wind – a double windrow-drift of weeds and  
shells; (O little shells, so curious-convolute! so limpid-cold and  
voiceless!  
Yet will you not, to the tympan of temples held,  
Murmurs and echoes still bring up – Eternity's music, faint and far,  
Wafted inland, sent from Atlantica's rim – strains for the  
Soul of the Prairies,  
Whisper'd reverberations – chords for the ear of the West, joyously  
sounding Your tidings old, yet ever new and untranslatable;)  
Infinitesimals out of my life, and many a life,

(10) (For not my life and years alone I give – all, all I give;) These thoughts and Songs – waifs from the deep – here, cast high and dry, Wash'd on America's shores.

2

Currents of starting a Continent new,  
Overtures sent to the solid out of the liquid,  
Fusion of ocean and land – tender and pensive waves,  
(Not safe and peaceful only – waves rous'd and ominous too,  
Out of the depths, the storm's abysms – Who knows whence? Death's waves, Raging over the vast, with many a broken spar and tatter'd sail.)

### ***As in a Swoon***

As in a swoon, one instant,  
Another sun, ineffable, full-dazzles me,  
And all the orbs I knew – and brighter, unknown orbs;  
One instant of the future land, Heaven's land.

### ***Lessons***

There are who teach only the sweet lessons of peace and safety; But I teach lessons of war and death to those I love,

That they readily meet invasions, when they come.

***[Last Droplets]***

Last droplets of and after spontaneous rain,  
From many limpid distillations and past showers;  
(Will they germinate anything? mere exhalations as they all are – the  
land's and sea's – America's; Will they filter to any deep emotion?  
any heart and brain?)

***Ship Ahoy!***

In dreams I was a ship, and sail'd the boundless seas,  
Sailing and ever sailing – all seas and into every port, or out upon the  
offing, Saluting, cheerily hailing each mate, met or pass'd, little or  
big, 'Ship ahoy!' thro' trumpet or by voice – if nothing more, some  
friendly merry word at least, For companionship and good will for  
ever to all and each.

***For Queen Victoria's Birthday***

(AN AMERICAN ARBUTUS BUNCH TO BE PUT IN A LITTLE VASE ON  
THE ROYAL BREAKFAST TABLE, MAY 24TH, 1890) Lady, accept  
a birth-day thought – haply an idle gift and token, Right from the  
scented soil's May-utterance here,

(Smelling of countless blessings, prayers, and old-time thanks,) <sup>1</sup>

A bunch of white and pink arbutus, silent, spicy, shy,  
From Hudson's, Delaware's, or Potomac's woody banks.

### *L of G*

Thoughts, suggestions, aspirations, pictures,  
Cities and farms – by day and night – book of peace and war, Of  
    platitudes and the commonplace.  
For out-door health, the land and sea – for good will, For America –  
    for all the earth, all nations, the common people, (Not of one  
    nation only – not America only.)  
In it each claim, ideal, line, by all lines, claims, ideals temper'd; Each  
    right and wish by other wishes, rights.

### *After the Argument*

A group of little children with their ways and chatter flow in, Like  
    welcome, rippling water o'er my heated nerves and flesh.

### *For Us Two, Reader Dear*

Simple, spontaneous, curious, two souls interchanging,  
With the original testimony for us continued to the last.

## APPENDIX 3

### *Early Poems*

#### ***Our Future Lot***

This breast which now alternate burns  
    With flashing hope, and gloomy fear,  
Where beats a heart that knows the hue  
    Which aching bosoms wear;  
This curious frame of human mold,  
    Where craving wants unceasing play -  
The troubled heart and wondrous form  
    Must both alike decay.

The cold wet earth will close around  
    (10) Dull senseless limbs, and ashy face,  
But where, O Nature! where will be  
    My mind's abiding place?  
Will it ev'n live? For though its light  
    Must shine till from the body torn;



Then, when the oil of life is spent,  
Still shall the taper burn?  
O, powerless is this struggling brain  
To pierce the mighty mystery;  
In dark, uncertain awe it waits,  
(20) The common doom – to die!

\*

Mortal! and can thy swelling soul  
Live with the thought that all its life  
Is centered in this earthy cage  
Of care, and tears, and strife?  
Not so; that sorrowing heart of thine  
Ere long will find a house of rest;  
Thy form, re-purified, shall rise,  
In robes of beauty drest.

The flickering taper's glow shall change  
(30) To bright and starlike majesty,  
Radiant with pure and piercing light  
From the Eternal's eye!

***Young Grimes***

When old Grimes died, he left a son -

The graft of worthy stock;

In deed and word he shows himself

A chip of the old block.

In youth, 'tis said, he liked not school -

Of tasks he was no lover;

He wrote sums in a ciphering book,

Which had a pasteboard cover.

Young Grimes ne'er went to see the girls

(10) Before he was fourteen;

Nor smoked, nor swore, for that he knew

Gave Mrs Grimes much pain.

He never was extravagant

In pleasure, dress, or board;

His Sunday suit was of blue cloth,

At six and eight a yard.

But still there is, to tell the truth,

No stinginess in him;  
And in July he wears an old  
(20) Straw hat with a broad brim.

No devotee in fashion's train  
Is good old Grimes's son;  
He sports no cane – no whiskers wears,  
Nor lounges o'er the town.

He does not spend more than he earns  
In dissipation's round;  
But shuns with care those dangerous rooms  
Where sin and vice abound.

It now is eight and twenty years  
(30) Since young Grimes saw the light;  
And no house in the land can show  
A fairer, prouder sight.

For there his wife, prudent and chaste, His mother's age made sweet,  
His children trained in virtue's path,

The gazer's eye will meet.

Upon a hill, just off the road

That winds the village side,

His farm house stands, within whose door

(40) Ne'er entered Hate or Pride.

But Plenty and Benevolence

And Happiness are there -

And underneath that lowly roof

Content smiles calm and fair.

Reader, go view the cheerful scene -

By it how poor must prove

The pomp, and tinsel, and parade,

Which pleasure's followers love.

Leave the wide city's noisy din -

(50) The busy haunts of men -

And here enjoy a tranquil life,

Unvexed by guilt or pain.

## ***Fame's Vanity***

O, many a panting, noble heart

Cherishes in its deep recess

Th' hope to win renown o'er earth

From Glory's priz'd caress.

And some will reach that envied goal,

And have their fame known far and wide;

And some will sink unnoted down

In dark Oblivion's tide.

But I, who many a pleasant scheme (10) Do sometimes cull from  
Fancy's store,

With dreams, such as the youthful dream,

Of grandeur, love, and power -

Shall I build up a lofty name,

And seek to have the nations know

What conscious might dwells in the brain

That throbs aneath this brow?

And have thick countless ranks of men

Fix upon *me* their reverent gaze,

And listen to the deafening shouts,

(20) To *me* that thousands raise?

Thou foolish soul! the very place

That pride has made for folly's rest;

What thoughts with vanity all rife,

Fill up this heaving breast!

Fame, O what happiness is lost

In hot pursuit of thy false glare!

Thou, whose drunk votaries die to gain

A puff of viewless air.

So, never let me more repine,

(30) Though I live on obscure, unknown,

Though after death unsought may be

My markless resting stone.

For mighty one and lowly wretch,

Dull, idiot mind, or teeming sense

Must sleep on the same earthy couch,

A hundred seasons hence.

## ***My Departure***

Not in a gorgeous hall of pride,  
Mid tears of grief and friendship's sigh,  
Would I, when the last hour has come,  
Shake off this crumbling flesh and die.

My bed I would not care to have  
With rich and costly stuffs hung round;  
Nor watched with an officious zeal,  
To keep away each jarring sound.

Amidst the thunder crash of war,  
(10) Where hovers Death's ensanguined cloud,  
And bright swords flash, and banners fly,  
Above the sickening sight of blood.

Not there – not there, would I lay down  
To sleep with all the firm and brave;  
For death in such a scene of strife,  
Is not the death that I do crave.

But when the time for my last look

Upon this glorious earth should come,  
I'd wish the season warm and mild,

(20) The sun to shine, and flowers bloom.

Just ere the closing of the day,

My dying couch I then would have  
Borne out in the refreshing air,

Where sweet shrubs grow and proud trees wave  
The still repose would calm my mind,  
And lofty branches overhead,  
Would throw around this grassy bank,  
A cooling and a lovely shade.

At distance through the opening trees,

(30) A bay by misty vapours curled,  
I'd gaze upon, and think the haven

For which to leave this fleeting world.  
To the wide winds I'd yield my soul And die there in that pleasant  
place,  
Looking on water, sun, and hill,



As on their Maker's very face.

I'd want no human being near;

But at the setting of the sun,

I'd bid adieu to earth, and step

(40) Down to the Unknown World – alone.

### ***The Death of the Nature-Lover***

Not in a gorgeous hall of pride

Where tears fall thick, and loved ones sigh,

Wished he, when the dark hour approached

To drop his veil of flesh, and die.

Amid the thundercrash of strife,

Where hovers War's ensanguined cloud,

And bright swords flash and banners fly

Above the wounds, and groans, and blood.

Not there – not there! Death's look he'd cast

(10) Around a furious tiger's den.

Rather than in the monstrous sight

Of the red butcheries of men.

Days speed: the time for that last look

Upon this glorious earth has come:

The Power he served so well vouchsafes

The sun to shine, the flowers to bloom.

Just ere the closing of the day,

His fainting limbs he needs will have

Borne out into the fresh free air,

(20) Where sweet shrubs grow, and proud trees wave.

At distance, o'er the pleasant fields, A bay by misty vapors curled,

He gazes on, and thinks the haven

For which to leave a grosser world.

He sorrows not, but smiles content,

Dying there in that fragrant place,

Gazing on blossom, field, and bay,

As on their Maker's very face.

The cloud-arch bending overhead,

(30) There, at the setting of the sun  
He bids adieu to earth, and steps  
Down to the World Unknown.

***The Inca's Daughter***

Before the dark-brow'd sons of Spain,  
A captive Indian maiden stood;  
Imprison'd where the moon before  
Her race as princes trod.

The rack had riven her frame that day -  
But not a sigh or murmur broke  
Forth from her breast; calmly she stood,  
And sternly thus she spoke:  
'The glory of Peru is gone;  
(10) Her proudest warriors in the fight -  
Her armies, and her Inca's power  
Bend to the Spaniard's might.

And I – a Daughter of the Sun -  
Shall I ingloriously still live?

Shall a Peruvian monarch's child

Become the white lord's slave?

No: I'd not meet my father's frown In the free spirit's place of rest,

Nor seem a stranger midst the bands

(20) Whom Manitou has blest.'

Her snake-like eye, her cheek of fire,

Glowed with intenser, deeper hue;

She smiled in scorn, and from her robe

A poisoned arrow drew.

'Now, paleface see! the Indian girl

Can teach thee how to bravely die:

Hail! spirits of my kindred slain,

A sister ghost is nigh!'

Her hand was clenched and lifted high -

(30) Each breath, and pulse, and limb was still'd;

An instant more the arrow fell:

Thus died the Inca's child.

### ***The Love That Is Hereafter***

O, beauteous is the earth! and fair

The splendors of Creation are:

Nature's green robe, the shining sky,

The winds that through the tree-tops sigh,

All speak a bounteous God.

The noble trees, the sweet young flowers,

The birds that sing in forest bowers,

The rivers grand that murmuring roll,

And all which joys or calms the soul

(10) Are made by gracious might.

The flocks and droves happy and free,

The dwellers of the boundless sea,

Each living thing on air or land,

Created by our Master's hand,

Is formed for joy and peace.

But man – weak, proud, and erring man, Of truth ashamed, of folly  
vain -

Seems singled out to know no rest

And of all things that move, feels least

(20) The sweets of happiness.

Yet he it is whose little life  
Is passed in useless, vexing strife,  
And all the glorious earth to him  
Is rendered dull, and poor, and dim,  
From hope unsatisfied.

He faints with grief-he toils through care -  
And from the cradle to the bier  
He wearily plods on – till Death  
Cuts short his transient, panting breath,  
(30) And sends him to his sleep.

O, mighty powers of Destiny!  
When from this coil of flesh I'm free -  
When through my second life I rove,  
Let me but find *one* heart to love,  
As I would wish to love:  
Let me but meet a single breast,  
Where this tired soul its hope may rest,  
In never-dying faith: ah, then,  
That would be bliss all free from pain

that would be bliss and free from pain,

(40) And sickness of the heart.

For vainly through this world below

We seek affection. Nought but wo

Is with our earthly journey wove;

And so the heart must look above,

Or die in dull despair.

### ***We All Shall Rest at Last***

On earth are many sights of woe,

And many sounds of agony,

And many a sorrow-withered cheek,

And many a pain-dulled eye.

The wretched weep, the poor complain,

And luckless love pines on unknown,

And faintly from the midnight couch

Sounds out the sick child's moan.

Each has his care: old age fears death;

(10) The young man's ills are pride, desire,

And heart-sickness, and in his breast

The heat of passion's fire.

All, all know grief; and at the close,

All lie earth's spreading arms within,

The pure, the black-souled, proud and low,

Virtue, despair, and sin.

O, foolish, then, with pain to shrink

From the sure doom we each must meet

Is earth so fair or heaven so dark?

(20) Or life so passing sweet?

No: dread ye not the fearful hour;

The coffin, and the pall's dark gloom;

For there's a calm to throbbing hearts,

And rest, down in the tomb.

Then our long journey will be o'er,

And throwing off this load of woes,

The pallid brow, the feeble limbs,

Will sink in soft repose.



Not only this; for wise men say

(30) That when we leave our land of care,  
We float to a mysterious shore,  
Peaceful, and pure, and fair.

So, welcome, death; whene'er the time That the dread summons must  
be met,

I'll yield without one pang of awe,  
Or sigh, or vain regret;

But like unto a wearied child,  
That over field and wood all day  
Has ranged and struggled, and at last,

(40) Worn out with toil and play -  
Goes up at evening to his home,  
And throws him, sleepy, tired, and sore,  
Upon his bed, and rests him there,  
His pain and trouble o'er.

### *The Spanish Lady*

On a low couch reclining,  
When slowly waned the day,  
Wrapt in gentle slumber,  
A Spanish maiden lay.

O beauteous was that lady;  
And the splendour of the place  
Matched well her form so graceful,  
And her sweet, angelic face.

But what doth she lonely,  
(10) Who ought in courts to reign?  
For the form that there lies sleeping  
Owns the proudest name in Spain.

Tis the lovely Lady Inez.

De Castro's daughter fair,  
Who in the castle chamber,  
Slumbers so sweetly there.  
O, better had she laid her  
Mid the couches of the dead;  
O better had she slumbered  
(20) Where the poisonous snake lay hid.

For worse than deadly serpent,  
Or mouldering skeleton,  
Are the fierce bloody hands of men,  
By hate and fear urged on.

O Lady Inez, pleasant  
Be the thoughts that now have birth  
In thy visions; they are last of all  
That thou shalt dream on earth.

Now noiseless on its hinges  
(30) Opens the chamber door,  
And one whose trade is blood and crime  
Steals slow across the floor.

High gleams the assassin's dagger;  
And by the road that it has riven,  
The soul of that fair lady  
Has passed from earth to heaven.

### ***The End of All***

Behold around us none and none:

Behold around us pomp and pride,

The rich, the lofty, and the gay,

Glitter before our dazzled eyes,

Live out their brief but brilliant day;

Then when the hour for fame is o'er,

Unheeded pass away.

The warrior builds a mighty name, The object of his hopes and fears,

That future times may see it where

(10) Her tower aspiring glory rears.

Desist, O fool! Think what thou'lt be

In a few fleeting years.

The statesman's sleepless plodding brain

Schemes out a nation's destiny;

His is the voice that awes the crowd,

And his the bold, commanding eye.

But transient is his high renown;

He, like the rest, must die.

Beside his ponderous, age-worn book,

(20) A student shades his weary brow.

(20) A student shades his weary brow,  
He walks philosophy's dark path,  
A journey difficult and slow:  
But vain is all that teeming mind,  
He, too, to earth must go.

And beauty, sweet, and all the fair  
That sail on fortune's sunniest wave,  
The poor, with him of countless gold,  
Owner of all that mortals crave,  
Alike are fated soon to lie  
30 Down in the silent grave.

Why, then, O, insects of an hour!  
Why, then, with struggling toil, contend  
For honors you so soon must yield,  
When Death shall his stern summons send?  
For honor, glory, fortune, wit,  
This is, to all, the end.

Think not, when you attain your wish, Content will banish grief and  
care!  
High though you stand, though round you thrown

(40) The robes that rank and splendor wear,  
A secret poison in the heart  
Will stick and rankle there.

In night go view the solemn stars,  
Ever in majesty the same;  
Creation's worlds: how poor must seem  
The mightiest honors earth can name;  
And, most of all, this silly strife  
After the bubble, fame!

### ***The Columbian's Song***

What a fair and happy place  
Is the one where Freedom lives,  
And the knowledge that our arm is strong,  
A haughty bearing gives!  
For each sun that gilds the east,  
When at dawn it first doth rise,  
Sets at night,  
Red and bright,  
On a people where the prize

(10) Which millions in the battle fight

Have sought with hope forlorn,

Grows brighter every hour,

In strength, and grace, and power,

And the sun this land doth leave

Mightier at filmy eve,

Than when it first arose, in the morn.

Beat the sounding note of joy!

Let it echo o'er the hills,

Till shore and forest hear the pride,

(20) That a bondless bosom fills.

And on the plain where patriot sires

Rest underneath the sod,

Where the stern resolve for liberty

Was writ in gushing blood,

Freeman go,

With upright brow,

And render thanks to God.

O, my soul is drunk with joy,  
And my inmost heart is glad,  
(30) To think my country's star will not  
Through endless ages fade,  
That on its upward glorious course  
Our red eyed eagle leaps,  
While with the ever moving winds,  
Our dawn-striped banner sweeps:  
That here at length is found  
A wide extending shore,  
Where Freedom's starry gleam,  
Shines with unvarying beam;  
(40) Not as it did of yore,  
With flickering flash, when CAESAR fell,  
Or haughty GESLER heard his knell,  
Or STUART rolled in gore.

Nor let our foes presume  
That this heart-prized union band,  
Will e'er be served by the stroke  
Of a fraternal hand.



Though parties sometimes rage,

And Faction rears its form.

(50) Its jealous eye, its scheming brain,

To revel in the storm:

Yet should a danger threaten,

Or enemy draw nigh,

Then scattered to the winds of heaven,

All civil strife would fly;

And north and south, and east and west,

Would rally at the cry -

‘Brethren arise! to battle come, For Truth, for Freedom, and for  
Home,

(60) And for our Fathers’ Memory!’

### ***The Punishment of Pride***

Once on his star-gemmed, dazzling throne,

Sat an all bright and lofty One,

Unto whom God had given

To be the mightiest Angel-Lord

Within the range of Heaven.

within the range of heaven,  
With power of knowing things to come,  
To judge o'er man, and speak his doom.

O, he was pure! the fleecy snow,  
Falling through air to earth below,  
(10) Was not more undefiled:  
Sinless he was as the wreathed smile  
On lip of sleeping child.

Haply, more like the snow was he,  
Freezing – with all its purity.

Upon his forehead beamed a star,  
Bright as the lamps of even are;  
And his pale robe was worn  
About him with a look of pride,  
A high, majestic scorn,  
(20) Which showed he felt his glorious might,  
His favor with the Lord of Light.

Years, thus he swayed the things of earth -

O'er human crime and human worth -

Haughty, and high, and stern;

Nor ever, at sweet Mercy's call,

His white neck would he turn;

But listening not to frailty's plea,

Launched forth each just yet stern decree.

At last, our Father who above

(30) Sits throned with Might, and Truth, and Love,

And knows our weakness blind,

Behind him – proud, and pitying not

The errors of mankind;

And doomed him, for a punishment,

To be forth from his birth-place sent.

So down this angel from on high

Came from his sphere, to live and die

As mortal men have done;

That he might know the tempting snares

(40) Which lure each human son;

And dwell as all on earth have dwelt.

And feel the grief we all have felt.

Then he knew Guilt, while round him weaved

Their spells, pale Sickness, Love deceived,

And Fear, and Hate, and Wrath;

And all the blighting ills of Fate

Were cast athwart his path:

He stood upon the grave's dread brink,

And felt his soul with terror sink.

(50) He learned why men to sin give way,

And how we live our passing day

In indolence and crime;

But yet his eye with awe looked on,

To see in all its prime

That godlike thing, the human mind,

A gem in black decay enshrined.

Long years in penance thus he spent,

Until the Mighty Parent sent

His loveliest messenger -

(60) Who came with step so noiselessly,  
And features passing fair;  
Death was his name; the angel heard  
The call, and swift to heaven he soared.  
There in his former glory placed, The star again his forehead graced;  
But never more that brow  
Was lifted up in scorn of sin;  
His wings were folded now -  
But not in pride: his port, though high,  
(70) No more spoke conscious majesty.

And O, what double light now shone  
About that pure and heavenly one;  
For in the clouds which made  
The veil around his seat of power,  
In silvery robes arrayed,  
Hovered the seraph Charity,  
And Pity with her melting eye.

### ***Ambition***

One day, an obscure youth, a wanderer,

Known but to few, lay musing with himself  
About the chances of his future life.

In that youth's heart, there dwelt the coal Ambition,  
Burning and glowing; and he asked himself,  
'Shall I, in time to come, be great and famed ?'

Now soon an answer wild and mystical  
Seemed to sound forth from out the depths of air;  
And to the gazer's eye appeared a shape  
(10) Like one as of a cloud – and thus it spoke:

'O, many a panting, noble heart  
Cherishes in its deep recess  
The hope to win renown o'er earth  
From Glory's prized caress.

And some will win that envied goal,  
And have their deeds known far and wide;  
And some – by far the most – will sink  
Down in oblivion's tide.

But *thou*, who visions bright dost cull (20) From the imagination's  
store,

With dreams, such as the youthful dream

Of grandeur, love, and power,

Fanciest that thou shalt build a name

And come to have the nations know

What conscious might dwells in the brain

That throbs beneath that brow?

And see thick countless ranks of men

Fix upon *thee* their reverent gaze -

And listen to the plaudits loud

(30) To *thee* that thousands raise?

Weak, childish soul! the very place

That pride has made for folly's rest;

What thoughts, with vanity all rife,

Fill up thy heaving breast!

At night, go view the solemn stars

Those wheeling worlds through time the same -

How puny seem the widest power,

The proudest mortal name!

Think too, that all, lowly and rich,

(40) Dull idiot mind and teeming sense,

Alike must sleep the endless sleep,

A hundred seasons hence.

So, frail one, never more repine,

Though thou livest on obscure, unknown;

Though after death unsought may be

Thy markless resting stone.'

And as these accents dropped in the youth's ears,

He felt him sick at heart; for many a month

His fancy had amused and charmed itself

(50) With lofty aspirations, visions fair

Of what he *might be* And it pierced him sore

To have his airy castles thus dashed down.

### ***The Death and Burial of McDonald Clarke***

A PARODY

Not a sigh was heard, not a tear was shed,

As away to the 'tombs' he was hurried,

No mother or friend held his dying head,

Or wept when the poet was buried.

They buried him lonely; no friend stood near,

(The coffin of the multitude mourning.)



(The scorns of the multitude spurning,)  
To weep o'er the poet's sacred bier;  
No bosom with anguish was burning.

No polish'd coffin enclosed his breast,  
(10) Nor in purple or linen they wound him,  
As a stranger he died; he went to his rest  
With cold charity's shroud wrapt 'round him.

Few and cold were the prayers they said,  
Cold and dry was the cheek of sadness,  
Not a tear of grief baptised his head,  
Nor of sympathy pardon'd his madness.

None thought, as they stood by his lowly bed,  
Of the griefs and pains that craz'd him;  
None thought of the sorrow that turn'd his head,  
(20) Of the vileness of those who prais'd him.

Lightly they speak of his anguish and woe,  
And o'er his cold ashes upbraid him,  
By whatever he was that was evil below

By whatever he was that was evil below,

*Unkindness and cruelty* made him.

Ye hypocrites! stain not his grave with a tear,

Nor blast the fresh planted willow

That weeps o'er his grave; for while he was there,

Ye refused him a crumb and a pillow.

Darkly and sadly his spirit has fled, (30) But his name will long linger  
in story;

He needs not a stone to hallow his bed;

He's in Heaven, encircled with glory.

### ***Time to Come***

O, Death! a black and pierceless pall

Hangs round thee, and the future state;

No eye may see, no mind may grasp

That mystery of Fate.

This brain, which now alternate throbs

With swelling hope and gloomy fear;

This heart, with all the changing hues,

That mortal passions bear -

This curious frame of human mould,  
    (10) Where unrequited cravings play,  
This brain, and heart, and wondrous form  
    Must all alike decay.

The leaping blood will stop its flow;  
    The hoarse death-struggle pass; the cheek  
Lay bloomless, and the liquid tongue  
    Will then forget to speak.

The grave will tame me; earth will close  
    O'er cold dull limbs and ashy face;  
But where, O, Nature, where shall be  
    (20) The soul's abiding place?

Will it e'en live? for though its light  
    *Must* shine till from the body torn;  
Then, when the oil of life is spent,  
    Still shall the taper burn?

O, powerless is this struggling brain To rend the mighty mystery;  
In dark, uncertain awe it waits  
    The common doom, to die.

## ***The Play-Ground***

When painfully athwart my brain

Dark thoughts come crowding on,

And, sick of worldly hollowness,

My heart feels sad or lone -

Then out upon the green I walk,

Just ere the close of day,

And swift I ween the sight I view

Clears all my gloom away.

For there I see young children -

(10) The cheeriest thing on earth -

I see them play-I hear their tones

Of loud and reckless mirth.

And many a clear and flute-like laugh

Comes ringing through the air;

And many a roguish, flashing eye,

And rich red cheek, are there.

O, lovely, happy children!

I am with you in my soul;  
I shout - I strike the ball with you -  
(20) With you I race and roll.-  
Methinks white-winged angels,  
Floating unseen the while,  
Hover around this village green,  
And pleasantly they smile.

O, angels! guard these children!  
Keep grief and guilt away:  
From earthly harm – from evil thoughts  
O, shield them night and day!

### ***Ode***

TO BE SUNG ON FORT GREENE;

4TH OF JULY, 1846

TUNE *The Star Spangled Banner*

1

O, God of Columbia! O, Shield of the Free!  
More grateful to you than the fanes of old story,  
Must the blood-bedewed soil, the red battle-ground, be Where our  
fore fathers championed America's glory!

fore-fathers championed America's glory!

Then how priceless the worth of the sanctified earth,  
We are standing on now. Lo! the slopes of its girth  
Where the Martyrs were buried: Nor prayers, tears, or stones, Mark  
their crumbled-in coffins, their white, holy bones!

2

Say! sons of Long-Island! in legend or song,  
(10) Keep ye aught of its record, that day dark and cheerless -  
That cruel of days – when, hope weak, the foe strong,  
Was seen the Serene One – still faithful, still fearless, Defending the  
worth, of the sanctified earth  
We are standing on now, *etc.*

3

Ah, yes! be the answer. In memory still  
We have placed in our hearts, and embalmed there forever!  
The battle, the prison-ship, martyrs and hill,  
- O, may *it* be preserved till those hearts death shall sever!  
For how priceless the worth, *etc.*

4

(20) And shall not the years, as they sweep o'er and o'er Shall they  
not, even *here*, bring the children of ages -

To exult as their fathers exulted before,  
In the freedom achieved by our ancestral sages?  
And the prayer rise to heaven, with pure gratitude given And the sky  
by the thunder of cannon be riven?  
Yea! yea! let the echo responsively roll  
The echo that starts from the patriot's soul!

***New Year's Day, 1848***

A morning fair: A noontide dubious:  
Then gathering clouds obscure the Sun:  
Then rain in torrents falls, subsiding soon  
Into a gentle dropping. By eve the sun  
Sinks into a cloudless west; and a mild breeze  
With pleasant motion stirs the atmosphere.  
  
Next in the blue vault above do moon and stars  
Vie in bright emulation to destroy the gloom of night.

Such was our New Year's Day, and eventide!  
(10) Was it not an index of each passing Year,  
Within whose seasons circumstance and change  
Ever with Hope and Happiness war?

Ever with hope and happiness war:

One now superior: anon the other:

And as succeeds pleasure or pain or joy or sorrow,

Clouding the firmament of each heart,

Raindrops of melancholy dim the eyes,

To shortly dry, hiding the Past and Present

‘Neath bright starry thoughts -

Suggestive of a Future aye serene.

(20) Day of a coming year promising change, Yet full of promises, we  
need but watch

And pray for guardianship to come

Over caprices and all foolish ways!

So shall bright sunshine in advancing days

And starry invitations lead to Heavenly praise.

### ***The House of Friends***

*And one shall say unto him, What are those wounds in thy hands? Then he  
shall answer, Those with which I was wounded in the house of my  
friends.*

Zachariah, xiii 6

If thou art balked, O Freedom,

The victory is not to thy manlier foes;

— — — — —



From the house of thy friends comes the death stab.

Vaunters of the Free,  
Why do you strain your lungs off southward?  
Why be going to Alabama?  
Sweep first before your own door;  
Stop this squalling and this scorn  
Over the mote there in the distance;  
(10) Look well to your own eye, Massachusetts -  
Yours, New-York and Pennsylvania;  
-I would say yours too, Michigan,  
But all the salve, all the surgery  
Of the great wide world were powerless there.

Virginia, mother of greatness,  
Blush not for being also mother of slaves.

You might have borne deeper slaves -  
Doughfaces, Crawlers, Lice of Humanity—  
Terrific screamers of Freedom,  
(20) Who roar and bawl, and get hot i' the face,

But when the great day comes, will ye not be found

But, were they not incapable of august crime,  
Would quench the hopes of ages for a drink—  
Muck-worms, creeping flat on the ground,  
A dollar dearer to them than Christ's blessing; All loves, all hopes, less  
than the thought of gain;  
In life walking in that as in a shroud:  
Men whom the throes of heroes,  
Great deeds at which the gods might stand appalled,  
The shriek of a drowned world, the appeal of women,  
(30) The exulting laugh of untied empires,  
Would touch them never in the heart,  
But only in the pocket.

Hot-headed Carolina,  
Well may you curl your lip;  
With all your bondsmen, bless the destiny  
Which brings you no such breed as this.

Arise, young North!  
Our elder blood flows in the veins of cowards -  
The gray-haired sneak, the blanched poltroon,  
(40) The feigned or real shiverer at tongues

That nursing babes need hardly cry the less for -  
Are they to be our tokens always?

Fight on, band braver than warriors,  
Faithful and few as Spartans;  
But fear not most the angriest, loudest malice -  
Fear most the still and forked fang  
That starts from the grass at your feet.

### ***Resurgemus***

Suddenly, out of its stale and drowsy air, the air of slaves, Like  
lightning Europe le'pt forth,  
Sombre, superb and terrible,  
As Ahimoth, brother of Death.

God, 'twas delicious!  
That brief, tight, glorious grip  
Upon the throats of kings.  
You liars paid to defile the People, Mark you now:  
(10) Not for numberless agonies, murders, lusts,  
For court thieving in its manifold mean forms,

Worming from his simplicity the poor man's wages;  
For many a promise sworn by royal lips  
And broken, and laughed at in the breaking;  
Then, in their power, not for all these,  
Did a blow fall in personal revenge,  
Or a hair draggle in blood:  
The People scorned the ferocity of kings.

But the sweetness of mercy brewed bitter destruction,  
(20) And frightened rulers come back:  
Each comes in state, with his train,  
Hangman, priest, and tax-gatherer,  
Soldier, lawyer, and sycophant;  
An appalling procession of locusts,  
And the king struts grandly again.

Yet behind all, lo, a Shape  
Vague as the night, draped interminably,  
Head, front and form, in scarlet folds;  
Whose face and eyes none may see,  
(30) Out of its robes only this,

The red robes, lifted by the arm,  
One finger pointed high over the top,  
Like the head of a snake appears.

Meanwhile, corpses lie in new-made graves,  
Bloody corpses of young men;  
The rope of the gibbet hangs heavily,  
The bullets of tyrants are flying,  
The creatures of power laugh aloud:  
And all these things bear fruits, and they are good.

(40) Those corpses of young men,  
Those martyrs that hang from the gibbets,  
Those hearts pierced by the grey lead,  
Cold and motionless as they seem,  
Live elsewhere with undying vitality; They live in other young men, O,  
kings,  
They live in brothers, again ready to defy you;  
They were purified by death,  
They were taught and exalted.

Not a grave or those slaughtered ones  
(50) But is growing its seed of freedom,  
In its turn to bear seed,  
Which the winds shall carry afar and resow,  
And the rain nourish.

Not a disembodied spirit  
Can the weapon of tyrants let loose,  
But it shall stalk invisibly over the earth,  
Whispering, counseling, cautioning.

Liberty, let others despair of thee,  
But I will never despair of thee:  
(60) Is the house shut ? Is the master away?  
Nevertheless, be ready, be not weary of watching,  
He will surely return; his messengers come anon.

### ***The Mississippi at Midnight***

How solemn! sweeping this dense black tide!  
No friendly lights i' the heaven o'er us;  
A murky darkness on either side,  
And kindred darkness all before us!

~~And mixed darkness all before us.~~

Now, drawn near the shelving rim,  
Weird-like shadows suddenly rise;  
Shapes of mist and phantoms dim  
Baffle the gazer's straining eyes.

River fiends, with malignant faces!  
(10) Wild and wide their arms are thrown,  
As if to clutch in fatal embraces  
Him who sails their realms upon.

Then, by the trick of our own swift motion, Straight, tall giants, an  
army vast,  
Rank by rank, like the waves of ocean,  
On the shore march stilly past.

How solemn! the river a trailing pall,  
Which takes, but never again gives back;  
And moonless and starless the heavens' arch'd wall,  
(20) Responding an equal black!

Oh, tireless waters! like Life's quick dream,  
Onward and onward ever hurrying -  
Like Death in this midnight hour you seem,

Life in your chill drops greedily burying!

*Song for Certain Congressmen*

We are all docile Dough-Faces,

They knead us with the fist,

They, the dashing southern lords,

We labor as they list;

For them we speak – or hold our tongues,

For them we turn and twist.

We join them in their howl against

Free soil and ‘abolition’,

That firebrand – that assassin knife -

(10) Which risk our land’s condition,

And leave no peace of life to any

Dough-Faced politician.

To put down’ agitation’, now,

We think the most judicious;

To damn all ‘northern fanatics’,

Those ‘traitors’ black and vicious;



The 'reg'lar party usages'

For us, and no 'new issues'.

Things have come to a pretty pass, (20) When a trifle small as this,

Moving and bartering nigger slaves,

Can open an abyss,

With jaws a-gape, for 'the two great parties',

A pretty thought, I wis!

Principle – freedom! – fiddlesticks!

We know not where they're found.

Rights of the masses – progress! – bah!

Words that tickle and sound;

But claiming to rule o'er' practical men'

(30) Is very different ground.

Beyond all such we know a term

Charming to ears and eyes,

With it we'll stab young Freedom,

And do it in disguise;

Speak soft, ye wily dough-faces -

That term is 'compromise'.

And what if children, growing up,  
In future season read  
The thing we do ? and heart and tongue  
(40) Accurse us for the deed?  
The future cannot touch us;  
The present gain we heed.

Then, all together, dough-faces!  
Let's stop the exciting clatter,  
And pacify slave-breeding wrath  
By yielding all the matter;  
For otherwise, as sure as guns,  
The union it will shatter.

Besides, to tell the honest truth (50) (For us an innovation,)   
Keeping in with the slave power  
Is our personal salvation;  
We've very little to expect  
From t' other part of the nation.

Besides it's plain at Washington

Who likeliest wins the chase,  
What earthly chance has' free soil'  
For any good fat place?  
While many a daw has feather'd his nest,  
(60) By his creamy and meek dough-face.

Take heart, then, sweet companions,  
Be steady, Scripture Dick!  
Webster, Cooper, Walker,  
To your allegiance stick!  
With Brooks, and Briggs and Phoenix,  
Stand up through thin and thick!  
We do not ask a bold brave front;  
We never try that game;  
'Twould bring the storm upon our heads,  
(70) A huge mad storm of shame;  
Evade it, brothers -' subterfuge'  
Will answer just the same.

***Blood-Money***

*Guilty of the body and the blood of Christ*

1

Of olden time, when it came to pass

That the beautiful god, Jesus, should finish his work on earth, Then  
went Judas, and sold the divine youth,

And took pay for his body.

Curs'd was the deed, even before the sweat of the clutching hand grew  
dry; And darkness frown'd upon the seller of a Son of God,

Where, as though earth lifted her breast to throw him from her, and  
heaven refused him, He hung in the air, self-slaughter'd.

The cycles, with their long shadows, have stalk'd silently forward, (10)  
Since those ancient days – many a pouch enwrapping meanwhile  
Its fee, like that paid for the son of Mary.

Again goes one, saying

What will ye give me, and I will deliver this man unto you?

And they make the covenant, and pay the pieces of silver.

2

Look forth, deliverer,

Look forth, first-born of the dead,

Over the tree-tops of Paradise;  
See thyself in yet-continued bonds,  
Toilsome and poor, thou bear'st man's form again,  
(20) Thou art reviled, scourged, put into prison,  
Hunted from the arrogant equality of the rest;  
With staves and swords throng the willing servants of authority, Again  
they surround thee, mad with devilish spite;  
Toward thee stretch the hands of a multitude, like vultures' talons,  
The meanest spit in thy face, they smite thee with their palms;  
Bruised, bloody, and pinion'd is thy body,  
More sorrowful than death is thy soul.

Witness of anguish, brother of slaves,  
Not with thy price closed the price of thine image:  
(30) And still Iscariot plies his trade.

### *Pictures*

In a little house pictures I keep, f many pictures hanging suspended –  
It is not a fixed house, It is round – it is but a few inches from one  
side of it to the other side, But behold! it has room enough – in it,  
hundreds and thousands, – all the varieties; - Here! do you know  
this? This is cicerone himself;  
And here, see you, my own States – and here the world itself, through

the air; And there, on the walls hanging, portraits of women and men, carefully kept, This is the portrait of my dear mother – and this of my father – and these of my brothers and sisters; This, (I name every thing as it comes,) This is a beautiful statute, long lost, dark buried, but never destroyed – now found by me, and restored to the light; There five men, a group of sworn friends, stalwart, bearded, determined, work their way together through all the troubles and impediments of the world; (10) And that is a magical wondrous mirror – long it lay clouded, but the cloud has passed away, It is now a clean and bright mirror – it will show you all you can conceive of, all you wish to behold; And that is a picture intended for Death – it is very beautiful – (what else is so beautiful as Death ?) There is represented the Day, full of effulgence – full of seminal lust and love – full of action, life, strength, aspiration, And there the Night, with mystic beauty, full of love also, and full of greater life – the Night, showing where the stars are; There is a picture of Adam in Paradise – side by side with him Eve, (the Earth's bride and the Earth's bridegroom;) There is an old Egyptian temple – and again, a Greek temple, of white marble; There are Hebrew prophets chanting, rapt, extatic – and here is Homer; Here is one singing canticles in an unknown tongue, before the Sanskrit was, And here a Hindu sage, with his recitative in Sanskrit; (20) And here the divine Christ expounds eternal truth – expounds the Soul, And here he appears en-route to Calvary, bearing the cross -

See you, the blood and sweat streaming down his face, his neck; And here, behold, a picture of once imperial Rome, full of palaces –

full of masterful warriors; And here, the questioner, the Athenian of the classical time – Socrates, in the market place, (O divine tongue! I too grow silent under your elenchus, O you with bare feet, and bulging belly! I saunter along, following you, and obediently listen;) And here Athens itself, – it is a clear forenoon, Young men, pupils, collect in the gardens of a favorite master, waiting for him.

Some, crowded in groups, listen to the harangues or arguments of the elder ones, Elsewhere, single figures, undisturbed by the buzz around them, lean against pillars, or within recesses, meditating, or studying from manuscripts, (30) Here and there, couples or trios, young and old, clear-faced, and of perfect physique, walk with twined arms, in divine friendship, happy, Till, beyond, the master appears advancing – his form shows above the crowd, a head taller than they, His gait is erect, calm and dignified – his features are colossal – he is old, yet his forehead has no wrinkles, Wisdom undisturbed, self-respect, fortitude unshaken, are in his expression, his personality; Wait till he speaks – what God's voice is that, sounding from his mouth?

He places virtue and self-denial above all the rest, He shows to what a glorious height the man may ascend, He shows how independent one may be of fortune – how triumphant over fate; - And here again, this picture tells a story of the Olympic games, See you, the chariot races? See you, the boxers boxing, and the runners running?

(40) See you, the poets off there reciting their poems and tragedies, to crowds of listeners?

- And here, (for I have all kinds,) here is Columbus setting sail from Spain on his voyage of discovery; This again is a series after the great French revolution, This is the taking of the Bastille, the prison – this is the execution of the king.

This is the queen on her way to the scaffold – those are guillotines; But this opposite, (abruptly changing,) is a picture from the prison-ships of my own old city – Brooklyn city; And now a merry recruiter passes, with fife and drum, seeking who will join his troop; And there is an old European martyrdom – See you, the cracking fire – See the agonized contortions of the limbs, and the writhing of the lips! See the head thrown back; And here is a picture of triumph – a General has returned, after a victory – the city turns out to meet him, And here is a portrait of the English king, Charles the First, (are you a judge of physiognomy ?)

(50) And here is a funeral procession in the country,

A beloved daughter is carried in her coffin – there follow the parents and neighbors; And here, see you – here walks the Boston truckman, by the side of his string-team – see the three horses, pacing stately, sagacious, one ahead of another; - And this – whose picture is this?

Who is this, with rapid feet, curious, gay – going up and down Manahatta, through the streets, along the shores, working his way



through the crowds, observant and singing?

And this head of melancholy Dante, poet of penalties – poet of hell;  
But this is a portrait of Shakespear, limner of feudal European  
lords (here are my hands, my brothers – one for each of you;) -  
And there are wood-cutters, cutting down trees in my north east  
woods – see you, the axe uplifted; And that is a picture of a fish-  
market – see there the shad, flat-fish, the large halibut, – there a  
pile of lobsters, and there another of oysters; Opposite, a drudge  
in the kitchen, working, tired – and there again the laborer, in  
stained clothes, sour-smelling, sweaty – and again black persons  
and criminals; (60) And there the frivolous person – and there a  
crazy enthusiast – and there a young man lies sick of a fever, and  
is soon to die; This, again, is a Spanish bull-fight – see, the animal  
with bent head, fiercely advancing; And here, see you, a picture  
of a dream of despair, (- is it unsatisfied love?) Phantoms,  
countless, men and women, after death, wandering; And there are  
flowers and fruits – see the grapes, decked off with vine-leaves;  
But see this! – see where graceful and stately the young queen-  
cow walks at the head of a large drove, leading the rest; And  
there are building materials – brick, lime, timber, paint, glass, and  
iron, (so now you can build what you like;) And this black  
portrait – this head, huge, frowning, sorrowful – is Lucifer's  
portrait – the denied God's portrait, (But I do not deny him –  
though cast out and rebellious, he is my God as much as any;)  
And again the heads of three other Gods – the God Beauty, the  
God Beneficence, and the God Universality, (they are mine, also;)

(70) And there an Arab caravan, halting – See you, the palm trees,  
the camels, and the stretch of hot sand far away; And there are  
my woods of Kanada, in winter, with ice and snow, And here my  
Oregon hunting-hut, See me emerging from the door, bearing my  
rifle in my hand; But there, see you, a reminiscence from over sea  
– a very old Druid, walking the woods of Albion;

And there, singular, on ocean waves, downward, buoyant, swift, over  
the waters, an occupied coffin floating; And there, rude grave-  
mounds in California – and there a path worn in the grass, And  
there hang painted scenes from my Kansas life – and there from  
what I saw in the Lake Superior region; And here mechanics work  
in their shops, in towns – There the carpenter shoves his jack-  
plane – there the blacksmith stands by his anvil, leaning on his  
upright hammer; This is Chicago with railroad depots, with trains  
arriving and departing – and, in their places, immense stores of  
grain, meat, and lumber; And here are my slave-gangs, South, at  
work upon the roads, the women indifferently with the men – see,  
how clumsy, hideous, black, pouting, grinning, sly, besotted,  
sensual, shameless; (80) And this of a scene afar in the North, the  
arctic – those are the corpses of lost explorers, (no chaplets of  
roses will ever cap their icy graves – but I put a chaplet in this  
poem, for you, you sturdy English heros;) But here, now copious –  
see you, here, the Wonders of eld, the famed Seven, The  
Olympian statue this, and this the Artemesian tomb, Pyramid this,  
Pharos this, and this the shrine of Diana, These Babylon's gardens,  
and this Rhodes' high-lifted marvel, (But for all that, nigh at hand,

see a wonder beyond any of them, Namely yourself-the form and thoughts of a man,

A man! because all the world, and all the inventions of the world are but the food of the body and the soul of one man;) And here, while ages have grown upon ages,

Pictures of youths and greybeards, Pagan, and Jew, and Christian,

(90) Some retiring to caves – some in schools and piled libraries, To pore with ceaseless fervor over the myth of the Infinite, But ever recoiling, Pagan and Jew and Christian,

As from a haze, more dumb and thick than vapor above the hot sea; - And here now, (for all varieties, I say, hang in this little house,) A string of my Iroquois, aborigines – see you, where they march in single file, without noise, very cautious, through passages in the old woods; O a husking-frolic in the West – see you, the large rude barn – see you, young and old, laughing and joking, as they husk the ears of corn; And there in a city, a stormy political meeting – a torch-light procession – candidates avowing themselves to the people; And here is the Lascar I noticed once in Asia – here he remains still, pouring money into the sea, as an offering to demons, for favor; And there, in the midst of a group, a quell'd revolted slave, cowering, (100) See you, the hand-cuffs, the hopple, and the blood-stain'd cowhide; And there hang, side by side, certain close comrades of mine – a Broadway stage-driver, a lumberman of Maine, and a deck-hand of a Mississippi steamboat; And again the young man of Mannahatta, the celebrated rough, (The one I love well – let others sing whom

they may – him I sing for a thousand years!) And there a historic piece – see you, where Thomas

Jefferson of Virginia sits reading Rousseau, the Swiss, and compiling the Declaration of Independence, the American compact;

And there, tall and slender, stands Ralph Waldo Emerson, of New England, at the lecturer's desk lecturing,

And there is my Congress in session in the Capitol – there are my two Houses in session; And here, behold two war-ships, saluting each other – behold the smoke, bulging, spreading in round clouds from the guns and sometimes hiding the ships; And there, on the level banks of the James river in Virginia stand the mansions of the planters; And here an old black man, stone-blind, with a placard on his hat, sits low at the corner of a street, begging, humming hymn-tunes nasally all day to himself and receiving small gifts; (110) And this, out at sea, is a signal-bell – see you, where it is built on a reef, and ever dolefully keeps tolling, to warn mariners; And this picture shows what once happened in one of

Napoleon's greatest battles,

(The tale was conveyed to me by an old French soldier,) In the height of the roar and carnage of the battle, all of a sudden, from some unaccountable cause, the whole fury of the opposing armies subdued – there was a perfect calm, It lasted almost a minute – not a gun was fired – all was petrified, It was more solemn and awful than all the roar and slaughter; - And here, (for still I name

them as they come,) here are my timber-towers, guiding logs down a stream in the North; And here a glimpse of my treeless llanos, where they skirt the Colorado, and sweep for a thousand miles on either side of the Rocky Mountains; And there, on the whaling ground, in the Pacific, is a sailor, perched at the top-mast head, on the look out, (You can almost hear him crying out, *There-e-'s white water, or The-e-re's black skin;*)

(120) But here, (look you well,) see here the phallic choice of America, a full-sized man or woman – a natural, well-trained man or woman (The phallic choice of America leaves the finesse of cities, and all the returns of commerce or agriculture, and the magnitude of geography, and achievements of literature and art, and all the shows of exterior victory, to enjoy the breeding of full-sized men, or one full-sized man or woman, unconquerable and simple;) - For all those have I in a round house hanging – such pictures have I – and they are but little.

For wherever I have been, has afforded me superb pictures, And whatever I have heard has given me perfect pictures, And every hour of the day and night has given me copious pictures, And every rod of land or sea affords me, as long as I live, inimitable pictures.

## APPENDIX 4

*Song of Myself: The Text from the  
First Edition of Leaves of Grass (1855)*

### ***Song of Myself***

I celebrate myself,  
And what I assume you shall assume,  
For every atom belonging to me as good belongs to you.  
I loafe and invite my soul,  
I lean and loafe at my ease... observing a spear of summer grass.  
Houses and rooms are full of perfumes... the shelves are crowded with  
perfumes, I breathe the fragrance myself, and know it and like it,  
The distillation would intoxicate me also, but I shall not let it.  
The atmosphere is not a perfume... it has no taste of the  
distillation....it is odorless, (10) It is for my mouth forever....I am  
in love with it,  
I will go to the bank by the wood and become undisguised and naked,  
I am mad for it to be in contact with me.  
The smoke of my own breath,  
Echos, ripples, and buzzed whispers... loveroot, silkthread, crotch and

vine, My respiration and inspiration... the beating of my heart....the passing of blood and air through my lungs, The sniff of green leaves and dry leaves, and of the shore and darkcolored searocks, and of hay in the bam, The sound of the belched words of my voice... words loosed to the eddies of the wind, A few light kisses... a few embraces... a reaching around of arms,

The play of shine and shade on the trees as the supple boughs wag,  
(20) The delight alone or in the rush of the streets, or along the fields and hillsides, The feeling of health the full-noon trill... the song of me rising from bed and meeting the sun.

Have you reckoned a thousand acres much ? Have you reckoned the earth much?

Have you practiced so long to learn to read?

Have you felt so proud to get at the meaning of poems?

Stop this day and night with me and you shall possess the origin of all poems, You shall possess the good of the earth and sun... there are millions of suns left, You shall no longer take things at second or third hand... nor look through the eyes of the dead... nor feed on the spectres in books, You shall not look through my eyes either, nor take things from me, You shall listen to all sides and filter them from yourself.

(30) I have heard what the talkers were talking... the talk of the beginning and the end, But I do not talk of the beginning or the end.

There was never any more inception than there is now,

Nor any more youth or age than there is now;

And will never be any more perfection than there is now,

Nor any more heaven or hell than there is now.

Urge and urge and urge,

Always the procreant urge of the world.

Out of the dimness opposite equals advance... Always substance and  
increase, Always a knit of identity....always distinction....always a  
breed of life.

(40) To elaborate is no avail....Learned and unlearned feel that it is so.

Sure as the most certain sure... plumb in the uprights, well entretied,  
braced in the beams, Stout as a horse, affectionate, haughty,  
electrical,

I and this mystery here we stand.

Gear and sweet is my soul... and clear and sweet is all that is not my  
soul.

Lack one lacks both... and the unseen is proved by the seen,

Till that becomes unseen and receives proof in its turn.

Showing the best and dividing it from the worst, age vexes age,

Knowing the perfect fitness and equanimity of things, while they  
discuss I am silent, and go bathe and admire myself.

Welcome is every organ and attribute of me, and of any man hearty  
and clean, (50) Not an inch nor a particle of an inch is vile, and  
none shall be less familiar than the rest.



I am satisfied....I see, dance, laugh, sing;

As God comes a loving bedfellow and sleeps at my side all night and  
close on the peep of the day, And leaves for me baskets covered  
with white towels bulging the house with their plenty, Shall I  
postpone my acceptance and realization and scream at my eyes,  
That they turn from gazing after and down the road,

And forthwith cipher and show me to a cent,

Exactly the contents of one, and exactly the contents of two, and  
which is ahead?

Trippers and askers surround me,

People I meet... the effect upon me of my early life... of the ward and  
city I live in... of the nation, (60) The latest news....discoveries,  
inventions, societies... authors old and new, My dinner, dress,  
associates, looks, business, compliments, dues, The real or fancied  
indifference of some man or woman I love, The sickness of one of  
my folks – or of myself... or ill-doing....or loss or lack of money...  
or depressions or exaltations, They come to me days and nights  
and go from me again,

But they are not the Me myself.

Apart from the pulling and hauling stands what I am,

Stands amused, complacent, compassionating, idle, unitary,

Looks down, is erect, bends an arm on an impalpable certain rest,

Looks with its sidecurved head curious what will come next,

(70) Both in and out of the game, and watching and wondering at it.

Backward I see in my own days where I sweated through fog with  
linguists and contenders, I have no mocking or arguments....I  
witness and wait.

I believe in you my soul... the other I am must not abase itself to you,  
And you must not be abased to the other.

Loafe with me on the grass... loose the stop from your throat,  
Not words, not music or rhyme I want... not custom or lecture, not  
even the best, Only the lull I like, the hum of your valved voice.

I mind how we lay in June, such a transparent summer morning;

You settled your head athwart my hips and gently turned over upon  
me, (80) And parted the shirt from my bosom-bone, and plunged  
your tongue to my barestript heart, And reached till you felt my  
beard, and reached till you held my feet.

Swiftly arose and spread around me the peace and joy and knowledge  
that pass all the art and argument of the earth; And I know that  
the hand of God is the elderhand of my own, And I know that the  
spirit of God is the eldest brother of my own, And that all the men  
ever born are also my brothers... and the women my sisters and  
lovers, And that a kelson of the creation is love;

And limitless are leaves stiff or drooping in the fields,

And brown ants in the little wells beneath them,

And mossy scabs of the wormfence, and heaped stones, and elder and  
mullen and pokeweed.

(90) A child said, What is the grass ? fetching it to me with full hands;

How could I answer the child?...I do not know what it is any more than he.

I guess it must be the flag of my disposition, out of hopeful green stuff woven.

Or I guess it is the handkerchief of the Lord,

A scented gift and remembrancer designedly dropped,

Bearing the owner's name someway in the corners, that we may see and remark, and say Whose?

Or I guess the grass is itself a child... the produced babe of the vegetation.

Or I guess it is a uniform hieroglyphic,

And it means, Sprouting alike in broad zones and narrow zones,

Growing among black folks as among white,

(100) Kanuck, Tuckahoe, Congressman, Cuff, I give them the same, I receive them the same.

And now it seems to me the beautiful uncut hair of graves.

Tenderly will I use you curling grass,

It may be you transpire from the breasts of young men,

It may be if I had known them I would have loved them;

It may be you are from old people and from women, and from offspring taken soon out of their mothers' laps, And here you are the mothers' laps.

This grass is very dark to be from the white heads of old mothers.

...the grass is very dark to be from the white heads of old mothers,  
Darker than the colorless beards of old men,  
Dark to come from under the faint red roofs of mouths.

(110) O I perceive after all so many uttering tongues!

And I perceive they do not come from the roofs of mouths for nothing.

I wish I could translate the hints about the dead young men and  
women, And the hints about old men and mothers, and the  
offspring soon out of their laps.

What do you think has become of the young and old men?

And what do you think has become of the women and children?

They are alive and well somewhere;

The smallest sprout shows there is really no death,

And if ever there was it led forward life, and does not wait at the end  
to arrest it, And ceased the moment life appeared.

(120) All goes onward and outward ... and nothing collapses,

And to die is different from what any one supposed, and luckier.

Has any one supposed it lucky to be born?

I hasten to inform him or her it is just as lucky to die, and I know it.

I pass death with the dying, and birth with the new-washed babe...  
and am not contained between my hat and boots, And peruse  
manifold objects, no two alike, and every one good,

The earth good, and the stars good, and their adjuncts all good.

I am not an earth nor an adjunct of an earth,

I am the mate and companion of people, all just as immortal and fathomless as myself; They do not know how immortal, but I know.

(130) Every kind for itself and its own... for me mine male and female, For me all that have been boys and that love women, For me the man that is proud and feels how it stings to be slighted, For me the sweetheart and the old maid... for me mothers and the mothers of mothers, For me lips that have smiled, eyes that have shed tears,

For me children and the begetters of children.

Who need be afraid of the merge?

Undrape... you are not guilty to me, not stale nor discarded,

I see through the broadcloth and gingham whether or no,

And am around, tenacious, acquisitive, tireless... and can never be shaken away.

(140) The little one sleeps in its cradle,

I lift the gauze and look a long time, and silently brush away flies with my hand.

The youngster and the redfaced girl turn aside up the bushy hill, I peeringly view them from the top.

The suicide sprawls on the bloody floor of the bedroom.

It is so....I witnessed the corpse... there the pistol had fallen.

The blab of the pave the tires of carts and sluff of bootsoles and talk of

the promenaders, The heavy omnibus, the driver with his  
interrogating thumb, the clank of the shod horses on the granite  
floor, The carnival of sleighs, the clinking and shouting jokes and  
pelts of snowballs; The hurrahs for popular favorites... the fury of  
roused mobs,

(150) The flap of the curtained litter – the sick man inside, borne to  
the hospital, The meeting of enemies, the sudden oath, the blows  
and fall,

The excited crowd – the policeman with his star quickly working his  
passage to the centre of the crowd; The impassive stones that  
receive and return so many echoes,

The souls moving along are they invisible while the least atom of the  
stones is visible?

What groans of overfed or half-starved who fall on the flags sunstruck  
or in fits, What exclamations of women taken suddenly, who  
hurry home and give birth to babes, What living and buried  
speech is always vibrating here... what howls restrained by  
decorum, Arrests of criminals, slights, adulterous offers made,  
acceptances, rejections with convex lips, I mind them or the  
resonance of them... I come again and again.

(160) The big doors of the country-barn stand open and ready,  
The dried grass of the harvest-time loads the slow-drawn wagon,  
The clear light plays on the brown gray and green intertinged,  
The armfuls are packed to the sagging mow:

I am there – I help – I come stretched atop of the load

I am there....I help....I came stretched atop of the road,

I felt its soft jolts... one leg reclined on the other,

I jump from the crossbeams, and seize the clover and timothy, And  
roll head over heels, and tangle my hair full of wisps.

Alone far in the wilds and mountains I hunt,

Wandering amazed at my own lightness and glee,

(170) In the late afternoon choosing a safe spot to pass the night,  
Kindling a fire and broiling the freshkilled game,

Soundly falling asleep on the gathered leaves, my dog and gun by my  
side.

The Yankee clipper is under her three skysails... she cuts the sparkle  
and scud, My eyes settle the land... I bend at her prow or shout  
joyously from the deck.

The boatmen and clamdiggers arose early and stopped for me,

I tucked my trouser-ends in my boots and went and had a good time,  
You should have been with us that day round the chowder-kettle.

I saw the marriage of the trapper in the open air in the far-west....the  
bride was a red girl, Her father and his friends sat near by  
crosslegged and dumbly smoking....they had moccasins to their  
feet and large thick blankets hanging from their shoulders; (180)  
On a bank lounged the trapper....he was dressed mostly in skins...  
his luxuriant beard and curls protected his neck, One hand rested  
on his rifle... the other hand held firmly the wrist of the red girl,  
She had long eyelashes... her head was bare... her coarse straight  
locks descended upon her voluptuous limbs and reached to her

feet.

The runaway slave came to my house and stopped outside, I heard his motions crackling the twigs of the woodpile,

Through the swung half-door of the kitchen I saw him limpsey and weak, And went where he sat on a log, and led him in and assured him,

And brought water and filled a tub for his sweated body and bruised feet, And gave him a room that entered from my own, and gave him some coarse clean clothes, And remember perfectly well his revolving eyes and his awkwardness, (190) And remember putting plasters on the galls of his neck and ankles; He staid with me a week before he was recuperated and passed north, I had him sit next me at table... my firelock leaned in the corner.

Twenty-eight young men bathe by the shore,

Twenty-eight young men, and all so friendly,

Twenty-eight years of womanly life, and all so lonesome.

She owns the fine house by the rise of the bank,

She hides handsome and richly drest aft the blinds of the window.

Which of the young men does she like the best?

Ah the homeliest of them is beautiful to her.

(200) Where are you off to, lady ? for I see you,

You splash in the water there, yet stay stock still in your room.

Dancing and laughing along the beach came the twenty-ninth bather,



The rest did not see her, but she saw them and loved them.

The beards of the young men glistened with wet, it ran from their long hair, Little streams passed all over their bodies.

An unseen hand also passed over their bodies, It descended  
tremblingly from their temples and ribs.

The young men float on their backs, their white bellies swell to the sun... they do not ask who seizes fast to them, They do not know who puffs and declines with pendant and bending arch, (210)  
They do not think whom they souse with spray.

The butcher-boy puts off his killing-clothes, or sharpens his knife at the stall in the market, I loiter enjoying his repartee and his shuffle and breakdown.

Blacksmiths with grimed and hairy chests environ the anvil,  
Each has his main-sledge... they are all out... there is a great heat in  
the fire.

From the cinder-strewn threshold I follow their movements,

The lithe sheer of their waists plays even with their massive arms,  
Overhand the hammers roll – overhand so slow – overhand so  
sure,

They do not hasten, each man hits in his place.

The negro holds firmly the reins of his four horses... the block swags underneath on its tied-over chain, (220) The negro that drives the huge dray of the stoneyard... steady and tall he stands poised on one leg on the stringpiece, His blue shirt exposes his ample neck

and breast and loosens over his hipband, His glance is calm and commanding... he tosses the slouch of his hat away from his forehead, The sun falls on his crispy hair and moustache... falls on the black of his polish'd and perfect limbs.

I behold the picturesque giant and love him... and I do not stop there,  
I go with the team also.

In me the caresser of life wherever moving... backward as well as forward slueing, To niches aside and junior bending.

Oxen that rattle the yoke or halt in the shade, what is that you express in your eyes?

It seems to me more than all the print I have read in my life.

(230) My tread scares the wood-drake and wood-duck on my distant and daylong ramble,

They rise together, they slowly circle around.

I believe in those winged purposes,

And acknowledge the red yellow and white playing within me,

And consider the green and violet and the tufted crown intentional;

And do not call the tortoise unworthy because she is not something else, And the mockingbird in the swamp never studied the gamut, yet trills pretty well to me, And the look of the bay mare shames silliness out of me.

The wild gander leads his flock through the cool night,

Ya-honk! he says, and sounds it down to me like an invitation;

(240) The pert may suppose it meaningless, but I listen closer,

I find its purpose and place up there toward the November sky.

The sharphoofed moose of the north, the cat on the housesill, the  
chickadee, the prairie-dog, The litter of the grunting sow as they  
tug at her teats,

The brood of the turkeyhen, and she with her halfspread wings,

I see in them and myself the same old law.

The press of my foot to the earth springs a hundred affections,

They scorn the best I can do to relate them.

I am enamoured of growing outdoors,

Of men that live among cattle or taste of the ocean or woods,

(250) Of the builders and steerers of ships, of the wielders of axes and  
mauls, of the drivers of horses, I can eat and sleep with them  
week in and week out.

What is commonest and cheapest and nearest and easiest is Me,

Me going in for my chances, spending for vast returns,

Adorning myself to bestow myself on the first that will take me,

Not asking the sky to come down to my goodwill,

Scattering it freely forever.

The pure contralto sings in the organloft,

The carpenter dresses his plank... the tongue of his foreplane whistles  
its wild ascending lisp, The married and unmarried children ride  
home to their thanksgiving dinner, (260) The pilot seizes the

**1 . . . 1 . . . 1 . . . 1 . . . 1 . . . 1**

king-pin, he neaves down with a strong arm, the mate stands  
braced in the whaleboat, lance and harpoon are ready, The duck-  
shooter walks by silent and cautious stretches,

The deacons are ordained with crossed hands at the altar,

The spinning-girl retreats and advances to the hum of the big wheel,  
The farmer stops by the bars of a Sunday and looks at the oats  
and rye, The lunatic is carried at last to the asylum a confirmed  
case,

He will never sleep any more as he did in the cot in his mother's  
bedroom; The jour printer with gray head and gaunt jaws works  
at his case, He turns his quid of tobacco, his eyes get blurred with  
the manuscript; (270) The malformed limbs are tied to the  
anatomist's table,

What is removed drops horribly in a pail;

The quadron girl is sold at the stand... the drunkard nods by the bar-  
room stove, The machinist rolls up his sleeves... the policeman  
travels his beat... the gate-keeper marks who pass, The young  
fellow drives the express-wagon... I love him though I do not  
know him; The half-breed straps on his light boots to compete in  
the race,

The western turkey-shooting draws old and young... some lean on  
their rifles, some sit on logs, Out from the crowd steps the  
marksman and takes his position and levels his piece; The groups  
of newly-come immigrants cover the wharf or levee,

The woollypates hoe in the sugarfield, the overseer views them from  
his saddle: (280) The huckle calls in the ballroom, the gentlemen

his saddle, (288) The bugle calls in the ballroom, the gentlemen  
run for their partners, the dancers bow to each other; The youth  
lies awake in the cedar-roofed garret and harks to the musical  
rain, The Wolverine sets traps on the creek that helps fill the  
Huron,

The reformer ascends the platform, he spouts with his mouth and  
nose, The company returns from its excursion, the darkey brings  
up the rear and bears the well-riddled target, The squaw wrapt in  
her yellow-hemmed cloth is offering moccasins and beadbags for  
sale, The connoisseur peers along the exhibition-gallery with  
halfshut eyes bent sideways, The deckhands make fast the  
steamboat, the plank is thrown for the shoregoing passengers, The  
young sister holds out the skein, the elder sister winds it off in a  
ball and stops now and then for the knots, The one-year wife is  
recovering and happy, a week ago she bore her first child, (290)  
The cleanhaired Yankee girl works with her sewing-machine or in  
the factory or mill, The nine months' gone is in the parturition  
chamber, her faintness and pains are advancing; The pavingman  
leans on his twohanded rammer – the reporter's lead flies swiftly  
over the notebook -the signpainter is lettering with red and gold,  
The canal-boy trots on the towpath – the book-keeper counts at  
his desk – the shoemaker waxes his thread, The conductor beats  
time for the band and all the performers follow him, The child is  
baptised – the convert is making the first professions, The regatta  
is spread on the bay... how the white sails sparkle!

The drover watches his drove, he sings out to them that would stray,  
The pedlar sweats with his pack on his back – the purchaser

higgles about the odd cent, The camera and plate are prepared,  
the lady must sit for her daguerreotype, (300) The bride  
unrumples her white dress, the minutehand of the clock moves  
slowly, The opium eater reclines with rigid head and just-opened  
lips,

The prostitute draggles her shawl, her bonnet bobs on her tipsy and  
pimpled neck, The crowd laugh at her blackguard oaths, the men  
jeer and wink to each other, (Miserable! I do not laugh at your  
oaths nor jeer you,)

The President holds a cabinet council, he is surrounded by the great  
secretaries, On the piazza walk five friendly matrons with twined  
arms;

The crew of the fish-smack pack repeated layers of halibut in the hold,  
The Missourian crosses the plains toting his wares and his cattle,  
The fare-collector goes through the train – he gives notice by the  
jingling of loose change, (310) The floormen are laying the floor –  
the tinnners are tinning the roof-the masons are calling for mortar,  
In single file each shouldering his hod pass onward the laborers;  
Seasons pursuing each other the indescribable crowd is  
gathered....it is the Fourth of July... what salutes of cannon and  
small arms!

Seasons pursuing each other the plougher ploughs and the mower  
mows and the wintergrain falls in the ground; Off on the lakes the  
pikefisher watches and waits by the hole in the frozen surface,  
The stumps stand thick round the clearing, the squatter strikes  
deep with his axe, The flatboatmen make fast toward dusk near

the cottonwood or pekantrees, The coon-seekers go now through  
the regions of the Red river, or through those drained by the  
Tennessee, or through those of the Arkansas, The torches shine in  
the dark that hangs on the

Chattahoochee or Altamahaw;

Patriarchs sit at supper with sons and grandsons and great grandsons  
around them, (320) In walls of abodes, in canvass tents, rest  
hunters and trappers after their day's sport.

The city sleeps and the country sleeps,

The living sleep for their time... die dead sleep for their time,

The old husband sleeps by his wife and the young .husband sleeps by  
his wife; And these one and all tend inward to me, and I tend  
outward to them, And such as it is to be of these more or less I  
am.

I am of old and young, of the foolish as much as the wise,

Regardless of others, ever regardful of others,

Maternal as well as paternal, a child as well as a man,

Stuffed with the stuff that is coarse, and stuffed with the stuff that is  
fine, (330) One of the great nation, the nation of many nations –  
the smallest the same and the largest the same, A southerner soon  
as a northerner, a planter nonchalant and hospitable, A Yankee  
bound my own way ready for trade my joints the limberest joints  
on earth and the sternest joints on earth, A Kentuckian walking  
the vale of the Elkhorn in my deerskin leggings, A boatman over

the lakes or bays or along coasts... a  
Hoosier, a Badger, a Buckeye,  
A Louisianian or Georgian, a poke-easy from sandhills and pines,  
At home on Canadian snowshoes or up in the bush, or with fishermen  
off Newfoundland, At home in the fleet of iceboats, sailing with  
the rest and tacking, At home on the hills of Vermont or in the  
woods of Maine or the Texan ranch, Comrade of Californians...  
comrade of free northwesterners, loving their big proportions,  
(340) Comrade of raftsmen and coalmen – comrade of all who  
shake hands and welcome to drink and meat; A learner with the  
simplest, a teacher of the thoughtfulest,  
A novice beginning experient of myriads of seasons,  
Of every hue and trade and rank, of every caste and religion,  
Not merely of the New World but of Africa Europe or  
Asia... a wandering savage,  
A farmer, mechanic, or artist... a gentleman, sailor, lover or quaker, A  
prisoner, fancy-man, rowdy, lawyer, physician or priest.  
I resist anything better than my own diversity,  
And breathe the air and leave plenty after me,  
And am not stuck up, and am in my place.  
(350) The moth and the fisheggs are in their place, The suns I see and  
the suns I cannot see are in their place,  
The palpable is in its place and the impalpable is in its place.



These are the thoughts of all men in all ages and lands, they are not original with me, If they are not yours as much as mine they are nothing or next to nothing, If they do not enclose everything they are next to nothing,

If they are not the riddle and the untying of the riddle they are nothing, If they are not just as close as they are distant they are nothing.

This is the grass that grows wherever the land is and the water is, This is the common air that bathes the globe.

(360) This is the breath of laws and songs and behaviour,

This is the tasteless water of souls....this is the true sustenance, It is for the illiterate... it is for the judges of the supreme court....it is for the federal capitol and the state capitols, It is for the admirable communes of literary men and composers and singers and lecturers and engineers and savans, It is for the endless races of working people and farmers and seamen.

This is the trill of a thousand clear cornets and scream of the octave flute and strike of triangles.

I play not a march for victors only... I play great marches for conquered and slain persons.

Have you heard that it was good to gain the day?

I also say it is good to fall....battles are lost in the same spirit in which they are won.

I sound triumphal drums for the dead....I fling through my

embouchures the loudest and gayest music to them, (370) Vivas  
to those who have failed and to those whose war-vessels sank in  
the sea, and those themselves who sank in the sea, And to all  
generals that lost engagements, and all overcome heroes, the  
numberless unknown heroes equal to the greatest heroes known.

This is the meal pleasantly set... this is the meat and drink for natural  
hunger, It is for the wicked just the same as the righteous... I  
make appointments with all, I will not have a single person  
slighted or left away,

The keptwoman and sponger and thief are hereby invited  
...the heavy-lipped slave is invited... the venerealee is invited,

There shall be no difference between them and the rest.

This is the press of a bashful hand... this is the float and odor of hair,  
This is the touch of my lips to yours... this is the murmur of  
yearning, This is the far-off depth and height reflecting my own  
face,

(380) This is the thoughtful merge of myself and the outlet again.

Do you guess I have some intricate purpose?

Will I have....for the April rain has, and the mica on the side of a rock  
has.

Do you take it I would astonish?

Does the daylight astonish? or the early redstart twittering through the  
woods?

Do I astonish more than they?

This hour I tell things in confidence,

I might not tell everybody but I will tell you.

Who goes there! hankering, gross, mystical, nude?

How is it I extract strength from the beef I eat?

(390) What is a man anyhow ? What am I ? and what are you?

All I mark as my own you shall offset it with your own,

Else it were time lost listening to me.

I do not snivel that snivel the world over,

That months are vacuums and the ground but wallow and filth,

That life is a suck and a sell, and nothing remains at the end but  
threadbare crape and tears.

Whimpering and truckling fold with powders for invalids

....conformity goes to the fourth-removed,

I cock my hat as I please indoors or out.

Shall I pray? Shall I venerate and be ceremonious?

I have pried through the strata and analyzed to a hair,

(400) And counselled with doctors and calculated close and found no  
sweeter fat than sticks to my own bones.

In all people I see myself, none more and not one a barleycorn less,  
And the good or bad I say of myself I say of them.

And I know I am solid and sound,

To me the converging objects of the universe perpetually flow

to me the converging objects of the universe perpetually now,

All are written to me, and I must get what the writing means.

And I know I am deathless,

I know this orbit of mine cannot be swept by a carpenter's compass, I  
know I shall not pass like a child's carlacue cut with a burnt stick  
at night.

I know I am august,

(410) I do not trouble my spirit to vindicate itself or be understood, I  
see that the elementary laws never apologize,

I reckon I behave no prouder than the level I plant my house by after  
all.

I exist as I am, that is enough,

If no other in the world be aware I sit content,

And if each and all be aware I sit content.

One world is aware, and by far the largest to me, and that is myself,  
And whether I come to my own today or in ten thousand or ten  
million years, I can cheerfully take it now, or with equal  
cheerfulness I can wait.

My foothold is tenoned and mortised in granite,

(420) I laugh at what you call dissolution,

And I know the amplitude of time.

I am the poet of the body,

And I am the poet of the soul.

The pleasures of heaven are with me, and the pains of hell are with  
me, The first I graft and increase upon myself....the latter I  
translate into a new tongue.

I am the poet of the woman the same as the man,

And I say it is as great to be a woman as to be a man,

And I say there is nothing greater than the mother of men.

I chant a new chant of dilation or pride,

(430) We have had ducking and deprecating about enough,

I show that size is only development.

Have you outstript the rest ? Are you the President?

It is a trifle....they will more than arrive there every one, and still pass  
on.

I am he that walks with the tender and growing night;

I call to the earth and sea half-held by the night.

Press close barebosomed night! Press close magnetic nourishing night!

Night of south winds! Night of the large few stars!

Still nodding night! Mad naked summer night!

Smile O voluptuous coolbreathed earth!

(440) Earth of the slumbering and liquid trees!

Earth of departed sunset! Earth of the mountains misty-topt!

Earth of the vitreous pour of the full moon just tinged with blue!

Earth of shine and dark mottling the tide of the river!

Earth of the limpid gray of clouds brighter and clearer for my sake!

Far-swooping elbowed earth! Rich apple-blossomed earth!

Smile, for your lover comes!

Prodigal! you have given me love!...therefore I to you give love!

O unspeakable passionate love!

Thruster holding me tight and that I hold tight!

(450) We hurt each other as the bridegroom and the bride hurt each other.

You sea! I resign myself to you also... I guess what you mean,

I behold from the beach your crooked inviting fingers,

I believe you refuse to go back without feeling of me;

We must have a turn together....I undress... hurry me out of sight of the land, Cushion me soft... rock me in billowy drowse,

Dash me with amorous wet....I can repay you.

Sea of stretched ground-swells!

Sea breathing broad and convulsive breaths!

Sea of the brine of life! Sea of unshovelled and always-ready graves!

(460) Howler and scooper of storms! Capricious and dainty sea!

I am integral with you....I too am of one phase and of all phases.

Partaker of influx and efflux... extoler of hate and conciliation,

Extoler of amies and those that sleep in each others' arms.

I am he attesting sympathy;

Shall I make my list of things in the house and skip the house that  
supports them?

I am the poet of commonsense and of the demonstrable and of  
immortality; And am not the poet of goodness only... I do not  
decline to be the poet of wickedness also.

Washes and razors for foofoos... for me freckles and a bristling beard.

What blurt is it about virtue and about vice?

(470) Evil propels me, and reform of evil propels me... I stand  
indifferent, My gait is no faultfinder's or rejector's gait,

I moisten the roots of all that has grown.

Did you fear some scrofula out of the unflagging pregnancy?

Did you guess the celestial laws are yet to be worked over and  
rectified?

I step up to say that what we do is right and what we affirm is  
right....and some is only the ore of right, Witnesses of us....one  
side a balance and the antipodal side a balance, Soft doctrine as  
steady help as stable doctrine,

Thoughts and deeds of the present our rouse and early start.

This minute that comes to me over the past decillions,

(480) There is no better than it and now.

What behaved well in the past behaves well today is not such a  
wonder, The wonder is always and always how there can be a

mean man or an infidel.

Endless unfolding of words of ages!

And mine a word of the modern... a word en masse.

A word of the faith that never balks,

One time as good as another time ... here or henceforward it is all the same to me.

A word of reality... materialism first and last imbueing.

Hurrah for positive science! Long live exact demonstration!

Fetch stonecrop and mix it with cedar and branches of lilac;

(490) This is the lexicographer or chemist... this made a grammar of the old cartouches, These mariners put the ship through dangerous unknown seas,

This is the geologist, and this works with the scalpel, and this is a mathematician.

Gentlemen I receive you, and attach and clasp hands with you,

The facts are useful and real... they are not my dwelling

...I enter by them to an area of the dwelling.

I am less the reminder of property or qualities, and more the reminder of life, And go on the square for my own sake and for others' sakes,

And make short account of neuters and geldings, and favor men and women fully equipped, And beat the gong of revolt, and stop with fugitives and them that plot and conspire.



Walt Whitman, an American, one of the roughs, a kosmos,

(500) Disorderly fleshy and sensual....eating drinking and breeding,  
No sentimentalist....no stander above men and women or apart  
from them... no more modest than immodest Unscrew the locks  
from the doors!

Unscrew the doors themselves from their jambs!

Whoever degrades another degrades me... and whatever is done or  
said returns at last to me, And whatever I do or say I also return.

Through me the afflatus surgifig and surging... through me the current  
and index.

I speak the password primeval... I give the sign of democracy;

By God! I will accept nothing which all cannot have their counterpart  
of on the same terms.

Through me many long dumb voices,

(510) Voices of the interminable generations of slaves,

Voices of prostitutes and of deformed persons,

Voices of the diseased and despairing, and of thieves and dwarfs,

Voices of cycles of preparation and accretion,

And of the threads that connect the stars – and of wombs, and of the  
fatherstuff, And of the rights of them the others are down upon,

Of the trivial and flat and foolish and despised,

Of fog in the air and beetles rolling balls of dung.

Through me forbidden voices,

Voices of sexes and lusts....voices veiled, and I remove the veil,

(520) Voices indecent by me clarified and transfigured.

I do not press my finger across my mouth,

I keep as delicate around the bowels as around the head and heart,

Copulation is no more rank to me than death is.

I believe in the flesh and the appetites,

Seeing hearing and feeling are miracles, and each part and tag of me is  
a miracle.

Divine am I inside and out, and I make holy whatever I touch or am  
touched from; The scent of these arm-pits is aroma finer than  
prayer,

This head is more than churches or bibles or creeds.

If I worship any particular thing it shall be some of the spread of my  
body; (530) Translucent mould of me it shall be you,

Shaded ledges and rests, firm masculine coulter, it shall be you,  
Whatever goes to the tilth of me it shall be you,

You my rich blood, your milky stream pale strippings of my life;

Breast that presses against other breasts it shall be you,

My brain it shall be your occult convolutions,

Root of washed sweet-flag, timorous pond-snipe, nest of guarded  
duplicate eggs, it shall be you, Mixed tussled hay of head and  
beard and brawn it shall be you,

Trickling sap of maple, fibre of manly wheat, it shall be you;

Sun so generous it shall be you,

(540) Vapors lighting and shading my face it shall be you,

You sweaty brooks and dews it shall be you,

Winds whose soft-tickling genitals rub against me it shall be you,

Broad muscular fields, branches of liveoak, loving lounge in my  
winding paths, it shall be you, Hands I have taken, face I have  
kissed, mortal I have ever touched, it shall be you.

I dote on myself... there is that lot of me, and all so luscious,

Each moment and whatever happens thrills me with joy.

I cannot tell how my ankles bend... nor whence the cause of my  
faintest wish, Nor the cause of the friendship I emit... nor the  
cause of the friendship I take again.

To walk up my stoop is unaccountable... I pause to consider if it really  
be, (550) That I eat and drink is spectacle enough for the great  
authors and schools, A morning-glory at my window satisfies me  
more than the metaphysics of books.

To behold the daybreak!

The little light fades the immense and diaphanous shadows,

The air tastes good to my palate.

Hefts of the moving world at innocent gambols, silently rising, freshly  
exuding, Scooting obliquely high and low.

Something I cannot see puts upward libidinous prongs,

Seas of bright juice suffuse heaven.

The earth by the sky staid with... the daily close of their junction,  
(560) The heaved challenge from the cast that moment over my  
head, The mocking taunt, See then whether you shall be master!

Dazzling and tremendous how quick the sunrise would kill me,  
If I could not now and always send sunrise out of me.

We also ascend dazzling and tremendous as the sun,  
We found our own my soul in the calm and cool of the daybreak.  
My voice goes after what my eyes cannot reach,  
With the twirl of my tongue I encompass worlds and volumes of  
worlds.

Speech is the twin of my vision... it is unequal to measure itself.

It provokes me forever,

(570) It says sarcastically, Walt, you understand enough... why don't  
you let it out then?

Come now I will not be tantalized... you conceive too much of  
articulation.

Do you not know how the buds beneath are folded?

Waiting in gloom protected by frost,

The dirt receding before my prophetic screams,

I underlying causes to balance them at last,

My knowledge my live parts....it keeping tally with the meaning of  
things, Happiness....which whoever hears me let him or her set  
out in search of this day.

✓

Encompass worlds but never try to encompass me,

(580) I crowd your noisiest talk by looking toward you.

Writing and talk do not prove me,

I carry the plenum of proof and every thing else in my face,

With the hush of my lips I confound the topmost skeptic.

I think I will do nothing for a long time but listen,

And accrue what I hear into myself... and let sounds contribute  
towards me.

I hear the bravuras of birds....the bustle of growing wheat....gossip of flames....clack of sticks cooking my meals.

I hear the sound of the human voice... a sound I love,

I hear all sounds as they are tuned to their uses....sounds of the city  
and sounds out of the city... sounds of the day and night;  
Talkative young ones to those that like them... the recitative  
offish-pedlars and fruit-pedlars... the loud laugh of workpeople at  
their meals, (590) The angry base of disjointed friendship... the  
faint tones of the sick, The judge with hands tight to the desk, his  
shaky lips pronouncing a death-sentence, The heave'e'yo of  
stevedores unlading ships by the wharves ...the refrain of the  
anchor-lifters;

The ring of alarm-bells... the cry of fire... the whirr of swift-streaking engines and hose-carts with premonitory tinkles and colored

lights, The steam-whistle... the solid roll of the train of  
approaching cars; The slow-march played at night at the head of  
the association,

They go to guard some corpse... the flag-tops are draped with black  
muslin.

I hear the violincello or man's heart's complaint,  
And hear the keyed cornet or else the echo of sunset.

I hear the chorus... it is a grand-opera... this indeed is music!

(600) A tenor large and fresh as the creation fills me,

The orbic flex of his mouth is pouring and filling me full.

I hear the trained soprano... she convulses me like the climax of my  
love-grip; The orchestra whirls me wider than Uranus flies,

It wrenches unnamable ardors from my breast,

It throbs me to gulps of the farthest down horror,

It sails me....I dab with bare feet....they are licked by the indolent  
waves, I am exposed... cut by bitter and poisoned hail,

Steeped amid honeyed morphine... my windpipe squeezed in the fakes  
of death, Let up again to feel the puzzle of puzzles,

(610) And that we call Being.

To be in any form, what is that?

If nothing lay more developed the quahaug and its callous shell were  
enough.

Mine is no callous shell,

I have instant conductors all over me whether I pass or stop,  
They seize every object and lead it harmlessly through me.  
I merely stir, press, feel with my fingers, and am happy,  
To touch my person to some one else's is about as much as  
I can stand.

Is this then a touch ?...quivering me to a new identity,  
Flames and ether making a rush for my veins,  
(620) Treacherous tip of me reaching and crowding to help them,  
My flesh and blood playing out lightning, to strike what is hardly  
different from myself, On all sides prurient provokers stiffening  
my limbs,

Straining the udder of my heart for its withheld drip,  
Behaving licentious toward me, taking no denial,  
Depriving me of my best as for a purpose,  
Unbuttoning my clothes and holding me by the bare waist,  
Deluding my confusion with the calm of the sunlight and pasture  
fields, Immodestly sliding the fellow-senses away,  
They bribed to swap off with touch, and go and graze at the edges of  
me, (630) No consideration, no regard for my draining strength or  
my anger, Fetching the rest of the herd around to enjoy them  
awhile,

Then all uniting to stand on a headland and worry me.

Then all uniting to stand on a headland and worry me.

the sentries desert every other part of me,  
They have left me helpless to a red marauder,  
They all come to the headland to witness and assist against me.  
I am given up by traitors;  
I talk wildly....I have lost my wits... I and nobody else am the greatest  
traitor, I went myself first to the headland... my own hands  
carried me there.  
You villain touch! what are you doing?...my breath is tight in its  
throat; (640) Unclench your floodgates! you are too much for me.  
Blind loving wrestling touch! Sheathed hooded sharptoothed touch!  
Did it make you ache so leaving me?  
Parting tracked by arriving... perpetual payment of the perpetual loan,  
Rich showering rain, and recompenser richer afterward.  
Sprouts take and accumulate... stand by the curb prolific and vital,  
Landscapes projected masculine full-sized and golden.  
All truths wait in all things,  
They neither hasten their own delivery nor resist it,  
They do not need the obstetric forceps of the surgeon,  
(650) The insignificant is as big to me as any,  
What is less or more than a touch?  
Logic and sermons never convince,  
The damp of the night drives deeper into my soul.  
Only what proves itself to every man and woman is so



Only what proves itself to every man and woman is so,

Only what nobody denies is so.

A minute and a drop of me settle my brain;

I believe the soggy clods shall become lovers and lamps,

And a compend of compends is the meat of a man or woman,

And a summit and flower there is the feeling they have for each other,

(660) And they are to branch boundlessly out of that lesson until  
it becomes omnific, And until every one shall delight us, and we  
them.

I believe a leaf of grass is no less than the journeywork of the stars,

And the pismire is equally perfect, and a grain of sand, and the  
egg of the wren, And the tree-toad is a chef-d'oeuvre for the  
highest, And the running blackberry would adorn the parlors of  
heaven,

And the narrowest hinge in my hand puts to scorn all machinery,

And the cow crunching with depressed head surpasses any statue,

And a mouse is miracle enough to stagger sextillions of infidels, And I  
could come every afternoon of my life to look at the farmer's girl  
boiling her iron tea-kettle and baking shortcake.

(670) I find I incorporate gneiss and coal and long-threaded moss and  
fruits and grains and esculent roots, And am stucco'd with  
quadrupeds and birds all over,

And have distanced what is behind me for good reasons,

And call any thing close again when I desire it.

In vain the speeding or shyness,  
In vain the plutonic rocks send their old heat against my approach, In  
    vain the mastadon retreats beneath its own powdered bones,  
In vain objects stand leagues off and assume manifold shapes,  
In vain the ocean settling in hollows and the great monsters lying low,  
    In vain the buzzard houses herself with the sky,  
(680) In vain the snake slides through the creepers and logs,  
In vain the elk takes to the inner passes of the woods,  
In vain the razorbilled auk sails far north to Labrador,  
I follow quickly... I ascend to the nest in the fissure of the cliff.  
I think I could turn and live awhile with the animals....  
they are so placid and self-contained,  
I stand and look at them sometimes half the day long.  
They do not sweat and whine about their condition, They do not lie  
    awake in the dark and weep for their sins,  
They do not make me sick discussing their duty to God,  
Not one is dissatisfied... not one is demented with the mania of  
    owning things, (690) Not one kneels to another nor to his kind  
    that lived thousands of years ago, Not one is respectable or  
    industrious over the whole earth.  
So they show their relations to me and I accept them;  
They bring me tokens of myself... they evince them plainly in their  
    possession.

I do not know where they got those tokens,  
I must have passed that way untold times ago and negligently dropt  
them, Myself moving forward then and now and forever,  
Gathering and showing more always and with velocity,  
Infinite and omnigenous and the like of these among them;  
Not too exclusive toward the reachers of my remembrancers,  
(700) Picking out here one that shall be my amie,  
Choosing to go with him on brotherly terms.  
A gigantic beauty of a stallion, fresh and responsive to my caresses,  
Head high in the forehead and wide between the ears,  
Limbs glossy and supple, tail dusting the ground,  
Eyes well apart and full of sparkling wickedness....ears finely cut and  
flexibly moving.  
His nostrils dilate... my heels embrace him... his well built limbs  
tremble with pleasure... we speed around and return.  
I but use you a moment and then I resign you stallion... and do not  
need your paces, and outgallop them, And myself as I stand or sit  
pass faster than you.  
Swift wind! Space! My Soul! Now I know it is true what I guessed at;  
(710) What I guessed when I loafed on the grass,  
What I guessed while I lay alone in my bed....and again as I walked  
the beach under the paling stars of the morning.

Menties and ballasts leave me... I travel... I sail... my albatross nest in

my ties and dallasts leave me... I travel... I sail... my elbows rest in  
the sea-gaps, I skirt the sierras... my palms cover continents,  
I am afoot with my vision.

By the city's quadrangular houses... in log-huts, or camping with  
lumbermen, Along the ruts of the turnpike... along the dry gulch  
and rivulet bed, Hoeing my onion-patch, and rows of carrots and  
parsnips

....crossing savannas... trailing in forests,

Prospecting... gold-digging... girdling the trees of a new purchase,

Scorched ankle-deep by the hot sand... hauling my boat down the  
shallow river; (720) Where the panther walks to and fro on a limb  
overhead... where the buck turns furiously at the hunter, Where  
the rattlesnake suns his flabby length on a rock... where the otter  
is feeding on fish, Where the alligator in his tough pimples sleeps  
by the bayou,

Where the black bear is searching for roots or honey... where the  
beaver pats the mud with his paddle-tail; Over the growing  
sugar... over the cottonplant... over the rice in its low moist field;  
Over the sharp-peaked farmhouse with its scalloped scum and  
slender snoots from the gutters; Over the western  
persimmon....over the longleaved corn and the delicate blue-  
flowered flax; Over the white and brown buckwheat, a hummer  
and a buzzer there with the rest, Over the dusky green of the rye  
as it ripples and shades in the breeze; Scaling mountains... pulling  
myself cautiously up... holding on by low scragged limbs, (730)

Walking the path worn in the grass and beat through the leaves of  
the brush; Where the quail is whistling betwixt the woods and the  
wheatlot,

Where the bat flies in the July eve... where the great goldbug drops  
through the dark; Where the flails keep time on the barn floor,

Where the brook puts out of the roots of the old tree and flows to the  
meadow, Where cattle stand and shake away flies with the  
tremulous shuddering of their hides, Where the cheese-cloth  
hangs in the kitchen, and andirons straddle the hearth-slab, and  
cobwebs fall in festoons from the rafters; Where triphammers  
crash... where the press is whirling its cylinders; Wherever the  
human heart beats with terrible throes out of its ribs; Where the  
pear-shaped balloon is floating aloft... floating in it myself and  
looking composedly down; (740) Where the life-car is drawn on  
the slipnoose... where the heat hatches pale-green eggs in the  
dented sand, Where the she-whale swims with her calves and  
never forsakes them, Where the steamship trails hindways its long  
pennant of smoke,

Where the ground-shark's fin cuts like a black chip out of the water,  
Where the half-burned brig is riding on unknown currents,

Where shells grow to her slimy deck, and the dead are corrupting  
below; Where the striped and starred flag is borne at the head of  
the regiments; Approaching Manhattan, up by the long-stretching  
island,

Under Niagara, the cataract falling like a veil over my countenance;

Upon a door-step... upon the horse-block of hard wood outside,  
(750) Upon the race-course, or enjoying pic-nics or jigs or a good  
game of base-ball, At he-festivals with blackguard jibes and  
ironical license and bull-dances and drinking and laughter, At the  
cider-mill, tasting the sweet of the brown squash... sucking the  
juice through a straw, At apple-peelings, wanting kisses for all the  
red fruit I find,

At musters and beach-parties and friendly bees and huskings and  
house-raising; Where the mockingbird sounds his delicious  
gurgles, and cackles and screams and weeps, Where the hay-rick  
stands in the barnyard, and the dry-stalks are scattered, and the  
brood cow waits in the hovel, Where the bull advances to do his  
masculine work, and the stud to the mare, and the cock is  
treading the hen, Where the heifers browse, and the geese nip  
their food with short jerks; Where the sundqwji shadows lengthen  
over the limitless and lonesome prairie, (760) Where the herds of  
buffalo make a crawling spread of the square miles far and near;  
Where the hummingbird shimmers....where the neck of the  
longlived swan is curving and winding; Where the laughing-gull  
scoots by the slappy shore and laughs her near-human laugh;  
Where beehives range on a gray bench in the garden half-hid by  
the high weeds; Where the band-necked partridges roost in a ring  
on the ground with their heads out; Where burial coaches enter  
the arched gates of a cemetery;

Where winter wolves bark amid wastes of snow and icicled trees;

Where the yellow-crowned heron comes to the edge of the marsh at

night and feeds upon small crabs; Where the splash of swimmers  
and divers cools the warm noon;

Where the katydid works her chromatic reed on the walnut-tree over  
the well; (770) Through patches of citrons and cucumbers with  
silver-wired leaves, Through the salt-lick or orange glade... or  
under conical furs;

Through the gymnasium....through the curtained saloon....through the  
office or public hall; Pleased with the native and pleased with the  
foreign... pleased with the new and old, Pleased with women, the  
homely as well as the handsome,

Pleased with the quakeress as she puts off her bonnet and talks  
melodiously, Pleased with the primitive tunes of the choir of the  
whitewashed church, Pleased with the earnest words of the  
sweating Methodist preacher, or any preacher... looking seriously  
at the camp-meeting; Looking in at the shop-windows in  
Broadway the whole forenoon....pressing the flesh of my nose to  
the thick plate-glass, Wandering the same afternoon with my face  
turned up to the clouds; (780) My right and left arms round the  
sides of two friends and I in the middle; Coming home with the  
bearded and dark-cheeked bush-boy

...riding behind him at the drape of the day;

Far from the settlements studying the print of animals' feet, or the  
moccasin print; By the cot in the hospital reaching lemonade to a  
feverish patient, By the coffined corpse when all is still,  
examining with a candle; Voyaging to every port to dicker and  
adventure;

Hurrying with the modern crowd, as eager and fickle as any, Hot  
toward one I hate, ready in my madness to knife him;

Solitary at midnight in my back yard, my thoughts gone from me a  
long while, Walking the old hills of Judea with the beautiful  
gentle god by my side; (790) Speeding through space... speeding  
through heaven and the stars, Speeding amid the seven satellites  
and the broad ring and the diameter of eighty thousand miles,  
Speeding with tailed meteors... throwing fire-balls like the rest,

Carrying the crescent child that carries its own full mother in its belly:  
Storming enjoying planning loving cautioning,

Backing and filling, appearing and disappearing,

I tread day and night such roads,

I visit the orchards of God and look at the spheric product,

And look at quintillions ripened, and look at quintillions green.

I fly the flight of the fluid and swallowing soul,

(800) My course runs below the soundings of plummets.

I help myself to material and immaterial,

No guard can shut me off, no law can prevent me.

I anchor my ship for a little while only,

My messengers continually cruise away or bring their returns to me.

I go hunting polar furs and the seal....leaping chasms with a pike-  
pointed staff... clinging to topples of brittle and blue.



I ascend to the foretruck....I take my place late at night in the crow's nest....we sail through the arctic sea....it is plenty light enough, Through the clear atmosphere I stretch around on the wonderful beauty, The enormous masses of ice pass me and I pass them... the scenery is plain in all directions, The white-topped mountains point up in the distance... I fling out my fancies toward them; (810) We are about approaching some great battlefield in which we are soon to be engaged, We pass the colossal outposts of the encampments... we pass with still feet and caution; Or we are entering by the suburbs some vast and ruined city....the blocks and fallen architecture more than all the living cities of the globe.

I am a free companion... I bivouacblay invading watchfires.

I turn the bridegroom out of bed and stay with the bride myself, And tighten her all night to my thighs and lips.

My voice is the wife's voice, the screech by the rail of the stairs, They fetch my man's body up dripping and drowned.

I understand the large hearts of heroes,

The courage of present times and all times;

(820) How the skipper saw the crowded and rudderless wreck of the steamship, and death chasing it up and down the storm, How he knuckled tight and gave not back one inch, and was faithful of days and faithful of nights, And chalked in large letters on a board, Be of good cheer,

We will not desert you;

How he saved the drifting company at last

How he saved the dining company at last,

How the lank loose-gowned women looked when boated from the side  
of their prepared graves, How the silent old-faced infants, and the  
lifted sick, and the sharp-lipped unshaved men; All this I swallow  
and it tastes good... I like it well, and it becomes mine, I am the  
man... I suffered... I was there.

The disdain and calmness of martyrs,

The mother condemned for a witch and burnt with dry wood, and her  
children gazing on; (830) The hounded slave that flags in the race  
and leans by the fence, blowing and covered with sweat, The  
twinges that sting like needles his legs and neck,

The murderous buckshot and the bullets,

All these I feel or am.

I am the hounded slave....I wince at the bite of the dogs,

Hell and despair are upon me... crack and again crack the marksmen,  
I clutch the rails of the fence... my gore dribs thinned with the  
ooze of my skin, I fall on the weeds and stones,

The riders spur their unwilling horses and haul close,

They taunt my dizzy ears....they beat me violently over the head with  
their whip-stocks.

(840) Agonies are one of my changes of garments;

I do not ask the wounded person how he feels... I myself become the  
wounded person, My hurt turns livid upon me as I lean on a cane  
and observe.

I am the mashed fireman with breastbone broken... tumbling walls  
buried me in their debris, Heat and smoke I inspired... I heard the  
yelling shouts of my comrades, I heard the distant click of their  
picks and shovels;

They have cleared the beams away... they tenderly lift me forth.

I lie in the night air in my red shirt... the pervading hush is for my  
sake, Painless after all I lie, exhausted but not so unhappy,

White and beautiful are the faces around me... the heads are bared of  
their fire-caps, (850) The kneeling crowd fades with the light of  
the torches.

Distant and dead resuscitate,

They show as the dial or move as the hands of me... and I am the  
clock myself.

I am an old artillerist, and tell of some fort's bombardment... and am  
there again.

Again the reveille of drummers... again the attacking cannon and  
mortars and howitzers, Again the attacked send their cannon  
responsive.

I take part... I see and hear the whole,

The cries and curses and roar... the plaudits for well aimed shots, The  
ambulance slowly passing and trailing its red drip,

Workmen searching after damages and to make indispensable repairs,  
(860) The fall of grenades through the rent roof... the fan-shaped  
explosion, The whizz of limbs heads stone wood and iron high in

the air.

Again gurgles the mouth of my dying general... he furiously waves  
with his hand, He gasps through the clot Mind not me... mind...  
the entrenchments.

I tell not the fall of Alamo... not one escaped to tell the fall of Alamo,  
The hundred and fifty are dumb yet at Alamo.

Hear now the tale of a jetblack sunrise,

Hear of the murder in cold blood of four hundred and twelve young  
men.

Retreating they had formed in a hollow square with their baggage for  
breastworks, Nine hundred lives out of the surrounding enemy's  
nine times their number was the price they took in advance, (870)  
Their colonel was wounded and their ammunition gone,

They treated for an honorable capitulation, received  
writing and seal, gave up their arms, and marched back prisoners of  
war.

They were the glory of the race of rangers,

Matchless with a horse, a rifle, a song, a supper or a courtship, Large,  
turbulent, brave, handsome, generous, proud and affectionate,  
Bearded, sunburnt, dressed in the free costume of hunters,

Not a single one over thirty years of age.

The second Sunday morning they were brought out in squads and  
massacred... it was beautiful early summer, The work commenced  
about five o'clock and was over by eight.

None obeyed the command to kneel,

(880) Some made a mad and helpless rush... some stood stark and straight, A few fell at once, shot in the temple or heart... the living and dead lay together, The maimed and mangled dug in the dirt... the new-comers saw them there; Some half-killed attempted to crawl away,

These were dispatched with bayonets or battered with the blunts of muskets; A youth not seventeen years old seized his assassin till two more came to release him, The three were all torn, and covered with the boy's blood.

At eleven o'clock began the burning of the bodies;

And that is the tale of the murder of the four hundred and twelve young men, And that was a jetblack sunrise.

(890) Did you read in the seabooks of the oldfashioned frigate-fight?

Did you learn who won by the light of the moon and stars?

Our foe was no skulk in his ship, I tell you, His was the English pluck, and there is no tougher or truer, and never was, and never will be; Along the lowered eve he came, horribly raking us.

We closed with him... the yards entangled... the cannon touched,

My captain lashed fast with his own hands.

We had received some eighteen-pound shots under the water,

On our lower-gun-deck two large pieces had burst at the first fire, killing all around and blowing up overhead.

Ten o'clock at night. and the full moon shining and the leaks on the

gain, and five feet of water reported, (900) The master-at-arms  
loosing the prisoners confined in the after-hold to give them a  
chance for themselves.

The transit to and from the magazine was now stopped by the  
sentinels, They saw so many strange faces they did not know  
whom to trust.

Our frigate was afire... the other asked if we demanded quarters? if  
our colors were struck and the fighting done?

I laughed content when I heard the voice of my little captain,  
We have not struck, he composedly cried, We have just begun our part  
of the fighting.

Only three guns were in use,

One was directed by the captain himself against the enemy's  
mainmast, Two well-served with grape and canister silenced his  
musketry and cleared his decks.

The tops alone seconded the fire of this little battery, especially the  
maintop, (910) They all held out bravely during the whole of the  
action.

Not a moment's cease,

The leaks gained fast on the pumps... the fire eat toward the powder-  
magazine, One of the pumps was shot away... it was generally  
thought we were sinking.

Serene stood the little captain,

He was not hurried his voice was neither high nor low

HE WAS NOT HATED... HIS VOICE WAS HEARD HIGH NOT LOW,

His eyes gave more light to us than our battle-lanterns.

Toward twelve at night, there in the beams of the moon they  
surrendered to us.

Stretched and still lay the midnight,

Two great hulls motionless on the breast of the darkness,

(920) Our vessel riddled and slowly sinking... preparations to pass to  
the one we had conquered, The captain on the quarter deck coldly  
giving his orders through a countenance white as a sheet, Near by  
the corpse of the child that served in the cabin,

The dead face of an old salt with long white hair and carefully curled  
whiskers, The flames spite of all that could be done flickering  
aloft and below, The husky voices of the two or three officers yet  
fit for duty,

Formless stacks of bodies and bodies by themselves... dabs of flesh  
upon the masts and spars, The cut of cordage and dangle of  
rigging... the slight shock of the soothe of waves, Black and  
impassive guns, and litter of powder-parcels, and the strong scent,  
Delicate sniffs of the Seabreeze... smells of sedgy grass and fields  
by the shore... death-messages given in charge to survivors, (930)  
The hiss of the surgeon's knife and the gnawing teeth of his saw,  
The wheeze, the cluck, the swash of falling blood... the short wild  
scream, the long dull tapering groan, These so... these  
irretrievable.

O Christ! My fit is mastering me!

What the rebel said gaily adjusting his throat to the rope-noose, What  
the savage at the stump, his eye-sockets empty, his mouth spirting  
whoops of defiance, What stills the traveler come to the vault-at  
Mount Vernon,

What sobers the Brooklyn boy as he looks down the shores of the  
Wallabout and remembers the prison ships, What burnt the gums  
of the redcoat at Saratoga when he surrendered his brigades,  
These become mine and me every one, and they are but little,

(940) I become as much more as I like.

I become any presence or truth of humanity here,  
And see myself in prison shaped like another man,  
And feel the dull unintermitted pain.

For me the keepers of convicts shoulder their carbines and keep  
watch, It is I let out in the morning and barred at night.

Not a mutineer walks handcuffed to the jail, but I am handcuffed to  
him and walk by his side, I am less the jolly one there, and more  
the silent one with sweat on my twitching lips.

Not a youngster is taken for larceny, but I go up too and am tried and  
sentenced.

Not a cholera patient lies at the last gasp, but I also lie at the last gasp,  
(950) My face is ash-colored, my sinews gnarl... away from me  
people retreat.

Askers embody themselves in me, and I am embodied in them, I  
project my hat and sit shamefaced and beg.



I rise extatic through all, and sweep with the true gravitation,

The whirling and whirling is elemental within me.

Somehow I have been stunned. Stand back!

Give me a little time beyond my cuffed head and slumbers and dreams  
and gaping, I discover myself on a verge of the usual mistake.

That I could forget the mockers and insults!

That I could forget the trickling tears and the blows of the bludgeons  
and hammers!

(960) That I could look with a separate look on my own crucifixion  
and bloody crowning!

I remember....I resume the overstaid fraction,

The grave of rock multiplies what has been confided to it....or to any  
graves, The corpses rise... the gashes heal... the fastenings roll  
away.

I troop forth replenished with supreme power, one of an average  
unending procession, We walk the roads of Ohio and  
Massachusetts and Virginia and Wisconsin and New York and  
New Orleans and Texas and Montreal and San Francisco and  
Charleston and Savannah and Mexico, Inland and by the seacoast  
and boundary lines... and we pass the boundary lines.

Our swift ordinances are on their way over the whole earth,

The blossoms we wear in our hats are the growth of two thousand  
years.

Eleves I salute you,

(970) I see the approach of your numberless gangs... I see you  
understand yourselves and me, And know that they who have  
eyes are divine, and the blind and lame are equally divine, And  
that my steps drag behind yours yet go before them,

And are aware how I am with you no more than I am with everybody.

The friendly and flowing savage... Who is he?

Is he waiting for civilization or past it and mastering it?

Is he some southwesterner raised outdoors? Is he Canadian?

Is he from the Mississippi country? or from Iowa, Oregon or  
California? or from the mountains? or prairie life or bush-life? or  
from the sea?

Wherever he goes men and women accept and desire him,

They desire he should like them and touch them and speak to them  
and stay with them.

(980) Behaviour lawless as snow-flakes... words simple as grass...  
uncombed head and laughter and naivete; Slowstepping feet and  
the common features, and the common modes and emanations,  
They descend in new forms from the tips of his fingers,

They are wafted with the odor of his body or breath... they fly out of  
the glance of his eyes.

Flaunt of the sunshine I need not your bask... lie over,

You light surfaces only... I force the surfaces and the depths also.

— - - - -

Earth! you seem to look for something at my hands,

Say old topknot! what do you want?

Man or woman! I might tell how I like you, but cannot,

And might tell what it is in me and what it is in you, but cannot, (990)

And might tell the pinings I have... the pulse of my nights and  
days.

Behold I do not give lectures or a little charity, What I give I give out  
of myself.

You there, impotent, loose in the knees, open your scarfed chops till I  
blow grit within you, Spread your palms and lift the flaps of your  
pockets,

I am not to be denied... I compel... I have stores plenty and to spare,  
And any thing I have I bestow.

I do not ask who you are... that is not important to me,

You can do nothing and be nothing but what I will infold you.

To a drudge of the cottonfields or emptier of privies I lean... on his  
right cheek I put the family kiss, (1000) And in my soul I swear I  
never will deny him.

On women fit for conception I start bigger and nimbler babes,

This day I am jetting the stuff of far more arrogant republics.

To any one dying... thither I speed and twist the knob of the door,  
Turn the bedclothes toward the foot of the bed,

Let the physician and the priest go home.

- . . . . . - . . . . .

I seize the descending man... I raise him with resistless will.

O despairer, here is my neck,

By God! you shall not go down! Hang your whole weight upon me.

I dilate you with tremendous breath... I buoy you up;

(1010) Every room of the house do I fill with an armed force... lovers  
of me, bafflers of graves: Sleep! I and they keep guard all night;

Not doubt, not decease shall dare to lay finger upon you,

I have embraced you, and henceforth possess you to myself,

And when you rise in the morning you will find what I tell you is so.

I am he bringing help for the sick as they pant on their backs,

And for strong upright men I bring yet more needed help.

I heard what was said of the universe,

Heard it and heard of several thousand years;

It is middling well as far as it goes... but is that all?

(1020) Magnifying and applying come I,

Outbidding at the start the old cautious hucksters,

The most they offer for mankind and eternity less than a spirt of my  
own seminal wet, Taking myself the exact dimensions of Jehovah  
and laying them away, Lithographing Kronos and Zeus his son,  
and Hercules his grandson, Buying drafts of Osiris and Isis and  
Belus and Brahma and

Adonai,

In my portfolio placing Manito, Iago, and Allah on a leaf, and the

in my portfolio placing mammo loose, and Allan on a teal, and the  
crucifix engraved, With Odin, and the hideous-faced Mexitli, and  
all idols and images, Honestly taking them all for what they are  
worth, and not a cent more, Admitting they were alive and did  
the work of their day,

(1030) Admitting they bore mites as for unfledged birds who have  
now to rise and fly and sing for themselves; Accepting the rough  
deific sketches to fill out better in myself... bestowing them freely  
on each man and woman I see.

Discovering as much or more in a framer framing a house,

Putting higher claims for him there with his rolled-up sleeves, driving  
the mallet and chisel; Not objecting to special revelations...  
considering a curl of smoke or a hair on the back of my hand as  
curious as any revelation; Those ahold of fire-engines and hook-  
and-ladder ropes more to me than the gods of the antique wars,  
Minding their voices peal through the crash of destruction,

Their brawny limbs passing safe over, charred laths... their white  
foreheads whole and unhurt out of the flames; By the mechanic's  
wife with her babe at her nipple interceding for every person  
born; Three scythes at harvest whizzing in a row from three lusty  
angels with shirts bagged out at their waists; (1040) The snag-  
toothed hostler with red hair redeeming sins past and to come,  
Selling all he possesses and traveling on foot to fee lawyers for his  
brother and sit by him while he is tried for forgery: What was  
strewn in the amplest strewing the square rod about me, and not  
filling the square rod then; The bull and the bug never  
worshipped half enough

worshipped man enough,

Dung and dirt more admirable than was dreamed,

The supernatural of no account... myself waiting my time to be one of  
the supremes, The day getting ready for me when I shall do as  
much good as the best, and be as prodigious, Guessing when I am  
it will not tickle me much to receive puffs out of pulpit or print;  
By my life-lumps! becoming already a creator!

Putting myself here and now to the ambushed womb of the shadows!

(1050)...A call in the midst of the crowd,

My own voice, orotund sweeping and final.

Come my children,

Come my boys and girls, and my women and household and intimates,  
Now the performer launches his nerve... he has passed his  
prelude on the reeds within.

Easily written loosefingered chords! I feel the thrum of their climax  
and close.

My head evolves on my neck,

Music rolls, but not from the organ... folks are around me, but they  
are no household of mine.

Ever the hard and unsunk ground,

Ever the eaters and drinkers... ever the upward and downward sun...  
ever the air and the ceaseless tides, (1060) Ever myself and my  
neighbors, refreshing and wicked and real, Ever the old  
inexplicable query... ever that thorned thumb – that breath of

itches and thirsts, Ever the vexer's hoot! hoot! till we find where  
the sly one hides and bring him forth; Ever love... ever the  
sobbing liquid of life,

Ever the bandage under the chin... ever the tressels of death.

Here and there with dimes on the eyes walking,

To feed the greed of the belly the brains liberally spooning,

Tickets buying or taking or selling, but in to the feast never once  
going; Many sweating and ploughing and thrashing, and then the  
chaff for payment receiving, A few idly owning, and they the  
wheat continually claiming.

(1070) This is the city... and I am one of the citizens;

Whatever interests the rest interests me... politics, churches,  
newspapers, schools, Benevolent societies, improvements, banks,  
tariffs, steamships, factories, markets, Stocks and stores and real  
estate and personal estate.

They who piddle and patter here in collars and tailed coats... I am  
aware who they are... and that they are not worms or fleas, I  
acknowledge the duplicates of myself under all the scrape-lipped  
and pipe-legged concealments.

The weakest and shallowest is deathless with me,

What I do and say the same waits for them,

Every thought that flounders in me the same flounders in them.

I know perfectly well my own egotism,

(1080) And know my omniverous words, and cannot say any less,

And would fetch you whoever you are flush with myself.

My words are words of a questioning, and to indicate reality;

This printed and bound book... but the printer and the printing-office  
boy?

The marriage estate and settlement... but the body and mind of the  
bridegroom? also those of the bride?

The panorama of the sea... but the sea itself?

The well-taken photographs... but your wife or friend close and solid  
in your arms?

The fleet of ships of the line and all the modern improvements... but  
the craft and pluck of the admiral?

The dishes and fare and furniture... but the host and hostess, and the  
look out of their eyes?

The sky up there... yet here or next door or across the way?

(1090) The saints and sages in history... but you yourself?

Sermons and creeds and theology... but the human brain, and what is  
called reason, and what is called love, and what is called life?

I do not despise you priests;

My faith is the greatest of faiths and the least of faiths,

Enclosing all worship ancient and modern, and all between ancient  
and modern, Believing I shall come again upon the earth after five  
thousand years, Waiting responses from oracles... honoring the



gods... saluting the sun, Making a fetish of the first rock or  
stump... powowing with sticks in the circle of obis, Helping the  
lama or brahmin as he trims the lamps of the idols,

Dancing yet through the streets in a phallic procession... rapt and  
austere in the woods, a gymnosophist, (1100) Drinking mead  
from the skull-cup... to shasta and vedas admirant... minding the  
koran, Walking the teokallis, spotted with gore from the stone and  
knife – beating the serpent-skin drum; Accepting the gospels,  
accepting him that was crucified, knowing assuredly that he is  
divine, To the mass kneeling – to the puritan's prayer rising –  
sitting patiently in a pew, Ranting and frothing in my insane crisis  
– waiting dead-like till my spirit arouses me; Looking forth on  
pavement and land, and outside of pavement and land, Belonging  
to the winders of the circuit of circuits.

One of that centripetal and centrifugal gang,

I turn and talk like a man leaving charges before a journey.

Down-hearted doubters, dull and excluded,

(1110) Frivolous sullen moping angry affected disheartened  
atheistical, I know every one of you, and know the unspoken  
interrogatories,

By experience I know them.

How the flukes splash!

How they contort rapid as lightning, with spasms and spouts of blood!

Be at peace bloody flukes of doubters and sullen mopers, I take my

place among you as much as among any;

The past is the push of you and me and all precisely the same,

And the night is for you and me and all,

And what is yet untried and afterward is for you and me and all.

(1120) I do not know what is untried and afterward,

But I know it is sure and alive and sufficient.

Each who passes is considered, and each who stops is considered, and  
not a single one can it fail.

It cannot fail the young man who died and was buried,

Nor the young woman who died and was put by his side,

Nor the little child that peeped in at the door and then drew back and  
was never seen again, Nor the old man who has lived without  
purpose, and feels it with bitterness worse than gall, Nor him in  
the poorhouse tubercled by rum and the bad disorder,

Nor the numberless slaughtered and wrecked... nor the brutish koboo,  
called the ordure of humanity, Nor the sacs merely floating with  
open mouths for food to slip in, (1130) Nor any thing in the earth,  
or down in the oldest graves of the earth, Nor any thing in the  
myriads of spheres, nor one of the myriads of myriads that inhabit  
them, Nor the present, nor the least wisp that is known.

It is time to explain myself... let us stand up.

What is known I strip away... I launch all men and women forward  
with me into the unknown.

— . . . . .

The clock indicates the moment... but what does eternity indicate?

Eternity lies in bottomless reservoirs... its buckets are rising forever  
and ever, They pour and they pour and they exhale away.

We have thus far exhausted trillions of winters and summers;

There are trillions ahead, and trillions ahead of them.

(1140) Births have brought us richness and variety,

And other births will bring us richness and variety.

I do not call one greater and one smaller,

That which fills its period and place is equal to any.

Were mankind murderous or jealous upon you my brother or my  
sister?

I am sorry for you... they are not murderous or jealous upon me;

All has been gentle with me... I keep no account with lamentations;  
What have I to do with lamentation?

I am an acme of things accomplished, and I an encloser of things to  
be.

My feet strike an apex of the apices of the stairs,

(1150) On every step bunches of ages, and larger bunches between the  
steps, All below duly traveled – and still I mount and mount.

Rise after rise bow the phantoms behind me,

Afar down I see the huge first Nothing, the vapor from the nostrils of  
death, I know I was even there... I waited unseen and always,

And slept while God carried me through the lethargic mist.

And took my time... and took no hurt from the foetid carbon.

Long I was hugged close... long and long.

Immense have been the preparations for me,

Faithful and friendly the arms that have helped me.

(1160) Cycles ferried my cradle, rowing and rowing like cheerful  
boatmen; For room to me stars kept aside in their own rings,

They sent influences to look after what was to hold me.

Before I was born out of my mother generations guided me,

My embryo has never been torpid... nothing could overlay it;

For it the nebula cohered to an orb... the long slow strata piled to rest  
it on... vast vegetables gave it sustenance, Monstrous sauroids  
transported it in their mouths and deposited it with care.

All forces have been steadily employed to complete and delight me,  
Now I stand on this spot with my soul.

Span of youth! Ever-pushed elasticity! Manhood balanced and florid  
and full!

(1170) My lovers suffocate me!

Crowding my lips, and thick in the pores of my skin,

Jostling me through streets and public halls... coming naked to me at  
night, Crying by day Ahoy from the rocks of the river... swinging  
and chirping over my head, Calling my name from flowerbeds or  
vines or tangled underbrush,

Or while I swim in the bath — or drink from the pump at the corner

Or while I swim in the bath... or drink from the pump at the corner...  
or the curtain is down at the opera... or I glimpse at a woman's  
face in the railroad car; Lighting on every moment of my life,  
Bussing my body with soft and balsamic busses,  
Noiselessly passing handfuls out of their hearts and giving them to be  
mine.

Old age superbly rising! Ineffable grace of dying days!

(1180) Every condition promulges not only itself... it promulges what  
grows after and out of itself, And the dark hush promulges as  
much as any.

I open my scuttle at night and see the far-sprinkled systems, And all I  
see, multiplied as high as I can cipher, edge but the rim of the  
farther systems.

Wider and wider they spread, expanding and always expanding,  
Outward and outward and forever outward.

My sun has his sun, and round him obediently wheels,  
He joins with his partners a group of superior circuit,  
And greater sets follow, making specks of the greatest inside them.  
There is no stoppage and never can be stoppage;

(1190) If I and you and the worlds and all beneath or upon their  
surfaces, and all the palpable life, were this moment reduced back  
to a pallid float, it would not avail in the long run, We should  
surely bring up again where we now stand,

And as surely go as much farther, and then farther and farther.

A few quadrillions of eras, a few octillions of cubic leagues, do not  
hazard the span, or make it impatient, They are but parts... any  
thing is but a part.

See ever so far... there is limitless space outside of that,

Count ever so much... there is limitless time around that.

Our rendezvous is fitly appointed... God will be there and wait till we  
come.

I know I have the best of time and space – and that I was never  
measured, and never will be measured.

I tramp a perpetual journey,

(1200) My signs are a rain-proof coat and good shoes and a staff cut  
from the woods; No friend of mine takes his ease in my chair,

I have no chair, nor church nor philosophy;

I lead no man to a dinner-table or library or exchange,

But each man and each woman of you I lead upon a knoll,

My left hand hooks you round the waist,

My right hand points to landscapes of continents, and a plain public  
road.

Not I, not any one else can travel that road for you,

You must travel it for yourself.

It is not far... it is within reach,

(1210) Perhaps you have been on it since you were born, and did not

know, Perhaps it is every where on water and on land.  
Shoulder your duds, and I will mine, and let us hasten forth;  
Wonderful cities and free nations we shall fetch as we go.  
If you tire, give me both burdens, and rest the chuff of your hand on  
my hip, And in due time you shall repay the same service to me;  
For after we start we never lie by again.  
This day before dawn I ascended a hill and looked at the crowded  
heaven, And I said to my spirit, When we become the enfolders of  
those orbs and the pleasure and knowledge of every thing in  
them, shall we be filled and satisfied then?  
And my spirit said No, we level that lift to pass and continue beyond.  
(1220) You are also asking me questions, and I hear you;  
I answer that I cannot answer... you must find out for yourself.  
Sit awhile wayfarer,  
Here are biscuits to eat and here is milk to drink,  
But as soon as you sleep and renew yourself in sweet clothes I will  
certainly kiss you with my goodbye kiss and open the gate for  
your egress hence.  
Long enough have you dreamed contemptible dreams,  
Now I wash the gum from your eyes,  
You must habit yourself to the dazzle of the light and of every moment  
of your life.

Long have you timidly waded, holding a plank by the shore, Now I  
will you to be a bold swimmer,

(1230) To jump off in the midst of the sea, and rise again and nod to  
me and shout, and laughingly dash with your hair.

I am the teacher of athletes,

He that by me spreads a wider breast than my own proves the width  
of my own, He most honors my style who learns under it to  
destroy the teacher.

The boy I love, the same becomes a man not through derived power  
but in his own right, Wicked, rather than virtuous out of  
conformity or fear,

Fond of his sweetheart, relishing well his steak,

Unrequited love or a slight cutting him worse than a wound cuts,

First rate to ride, to fight, to hit the bull's eye, to sail a skiff, to sing a  
song or play on the banjo, Preferring scars and faces pitted with  
smallpox over all latherers and those that keep out of the sun.

(1240) I teach straying from me, yet who can stray from me?

I follow you whoever you are from the present hour;

My words itch at your ears till you understand them.

I do not say these things for a dollar, or to fill up the time while I wait  
for a boat; It is you talking just as much as myself... I act as the  
tongue of you, It was tied in your mouth... in mine it begins to be  
loosened.

I swear I will never mention love or death inside a house



I swear I will never mention love or death inside a house,

And I swear I never will translate myself at all, only to him or her who  
privately stays with me in the open air.

If you would understand me go to the heights or water-shore, The  
nearest gnat is an explanation and a drop or the motion  
of waves a key, (1250) The maul the oar, and the handsaw second  
my words.

No shuttered room or school can commune with me,

But roughs and little children better than they.

The young mechanic is closest to me... he knows me pretty well,

The woodman that takes his axe and jug with him shall take me with  
him all day, The farmboy ploughing in the field feels good at the  
sound of my voice, In vessels that sail my words must sail... I go  
with fishermen and seamen, and love them, My face rubs to the  
hunter's face when he lies down alone in his blanket, The driver  
thinking of me does not mind the jolt of his wagon,

The young mother and old mother shall comprehend me,

(1260) The girl and the wife rest the needle a moment and forget  
where they are, They and all would resume what I have told  
them.

I have said that the soul is not more than the body,

And I have said that the body is not more than the soul,

And nothing, not God, is greater to one than one's-self is,

And whoever walks a furlong without sympathy walks to his own

funeral, dressed in his shroud, And I or you pocketless of a dime  
may purchase the pick of the earth, And to glance with an eye or  
show a bean in its pod confounds the learning of all times, And  
there is no trade or employment but the young man following it  
may become a hero, And there is no object so soft but it makes a  
hub for the wheeled universe, (1270) And any man or woman  
shall stand cool and supercilious before a million universes.

And I call to mankind, Be not curious about God,  
For I who am curious about each am not curious about God,  
No array of terms can say how much I am at peace about  
God and about death.

I hear and behold God in every object, yet I understand  
God not in the least,

Nor do I understand who there can be more wonderful than myself.

Why should I wish to see God better than this day?

I see something of God each hour of the twenty-four, and each  
moment then, In the faces of men and women I see God, and in  
my own face in the glass; I find letters from God dropped in the  
street, and every one is signed by God's name, (1280) And I leave  
them where they are, for I know that others will punctually come  
forever and ever.

And as to you death, and you bitter hug of mortality... it is idle to try  
to alarm me.

To his work without flinching the accoucheur comes,

I see the elderhand pressing receiving supporting,

I recline by the sills of the exquisite flexible doors... and mark the  
outlet, and mark the relief and escape.

And as to you corpse I think you are good manure, but that does not  
offend me, I smell the white roses sweet-scented and growing,

I reach to the leafy lips... I reach to the polished breasts of melons.

And as to you life, I reckon you are the leavings of many deaths, No  
doubt I have died myself ten thousand times before.

(1290) I hear you whispering there O stars of heaven, O suns O grass  
of graves O perpetual transfers and promotions... if you do not  
say anything how can I say anything?

Of the turbid pool that lies in the autumn forest,

Of the moon that descends the steeps of the souging twilight,

Toss, sparkles of day and dusk... toss on the black stems that decay in  
the muck, Toss to the moaning gibberish of the dry limbs.

I ascend from the moon....I ascend from the night,

And perceive of the ghastly glitter the sunbeams reflected,

And debouch to the steady and central from the offspring great or  
small.

There is that in me... I do not know what it is... but I know it is in me.

(1300) Wrenched and sweaty... calm and cool then my body becomes;

I sleep... I sleep long.

- . . . . .

I do not know it... it is without name... it is a word unsaid,

It is not in any dictionary or utterance or symbol.

Something it swings on more than the earth I swing on,

To it the creation is the friend whose embracing awakes me.

Perhaps I might tell more....Outlines! I plead for my brothers and  
sisters.

Do you see O my brothers and sisters?

It is not chaos or death....it is form and union and plan... it is eternal  
life....it is happiness.

The past and present wilt... I have filled them and emptied them,

(1310) And proceed to fill my next fold of the future.

Listener up there! Here you... what have you to confide to me?

Look in my face while I snuff the side of evening,

Talk honestly, for no one else hears you, and I stay only a minute  
longer.

Do I contradict myself?

Very well then....I contradict myself;

I am large....I contain multitudes.

I concentrate toward them that are nigh... I wait on the door-slab.

Who has done his day's work and will soonest be through with his  
supper?

Who wishes to walk with me?

(1320) Will you speak before I am gone? Will you prove already too late?

The spotted hawk swoops by and accuses me... he complains of my gab and my loitering.

I too am not a bit tamed....I too am untranslatable,

I sound my barbaric yawp over the roofs of the world.

The last scud of day holds back for me,

It flings my likeness after the rest and true as any on the shadowed wilds, It coaxes me to the vapor and the dusk.

I depart as air....I shake my white locks at the runaway sun,

I effuse my flesh in eddies and drift it in lacy jags.

I bequeath myself to the dirt to grow from the grass I love,

(1330) If you want me again look for me under your bootsoles.

You will hardly know who I am or what I mean,

But I shall be good health to you nevertheless,

And filter and fibre your blood.

Failing to fetch me at first keep encouraged, Missing me one place search another,

I stop some where waiting for you

## APPENDIX 5

Perfances

### *Leaves of Grass. 1855*

America does not repel the past or what it has produced under its forms or amid other politics or the idea of castes or the old religions... accepts the lesson with calmness... is not so impatient as has been supposed that the slough still sticks to opinions and manners and literature while the life which served its requirements has passed into the new life of the new forms... perceives that the corpse is slowly borne from the eating and sleeping rooms of the house... perceives that it waits a little while in the door... that it was fittest for its days... that its action has descended to the stalwart and wellshaped heir who approaches... and that he shall be fittest for his days.

The Americans of all nations at any time upon the earth have probably the fullest poetical nature. The United States themselves are essentially the greatest poem. In the history of the earth hitherto the largest and most stirring appear tame and orderly to their ampler largeness and stir. Here at last is something in the doings of man that corresponds with the broadcast doings of the day and night. Here is not merely a nation but a teeming nation of nations. Here is action untied from strings necessarily blind to particulars and details magnificently moving in vast masses. Here is the hospitality which forever indicates heroes Here are the roughs and beards and space and ruggedness and

nonchalance that the soul loves. Here the performance disdaining the trivial un-approached in the tremendous audacity of its crowds and groupings and the push of its perspective spreads with crampless and flowing breadth and showers its prolific and splendid extravagance. One sees it must indeed own the riches of the summer and winter, and need never be bankrupt while corn grows from the ground or the orchards drop apples or the bays contain fish or men beget children upon women.

Other states indicate themselves in their deputies... but the genius of the United States is not best or most in its executives or legislatures, nor in its ambassadors or authors or colleges or churches or parlors, nor even in its newspapers or inventors... but always most in the common people. Their manners speech dress friendships – the freshness and candor of their physiognomy the picturesque looseness of their carriage... their deathless attachment to freedom – their aversion to anything indecorous or soft or mean – the practical acknowledgment of the citizens of one state by the citizens of all other states – the fierceness of their roused resentment – their curiosity and welcome of novelty – their self-esteem and wonderful sympathy – their susceptibility to a slight – the air they have of persons who never knew how it felt to stand in the presence of superiors – the fluency of their speech – their delight in music, the sure symptom of manly tenderness and native elegance of soul... their good temper and openhandedness

the terrible significance of their elections – the President's taking off his hat to them not they to him – these too are unrhymed poetry. It awaits the gigantic and generous treatment worthy of it

The largeness of nature or the nation were monstrous without a corresponding largeness and generosity of the spirit of the citizen. Not

nature nor swarming states nor streets and steamships nor prosperous business nor farms nor capital nor learning may suffice for the ideal of man... nor suffice the poet. No reminiscences may suffice either. A live nation can always cut a deep mark and can have the best authority the cheapest... namely from its own soul. This is the sum of the profitable uses of individuals or states and of present action and grandeur and of the subjects of poets. – As if it were necessary to trot back generation after generation to the eastern records! As if the beauty and sacredness of the demonstrable must fall behind that of the mythical! As if men do not make their mark out of any times! As if the opening of the western continent by discovery and what has transpired since in North and South America were less than the small theatre of the antique or the aimless sleepwalking of the middle ages! The pride of the United States leaves the wealth and finesse of the cities and all returns of commerce and agriculture and all the magnitude of geography or shows of exterior victory to enjoy the breed of full-sized men or one full sized man unconquerable and simple.

The American poets are to enclose old and new for America is the race of races. Of them a bard is to be commensurate with a people. To him the other continents arrive as contributions... he gives them reception for their sake and his own sake. His spirit responds to his country's spirit... he incarnates its geography and natural life and rivers and lakes. Mississippi with annual freshets and changing chutes, Missouri and Columbia and Ohio and Saint Lawrence with the falls and beautiful masculine Hudson, do not embouchure where they spend themselves more than they embouchure into him. The blue breadth over



the inland sea of Virginia and Maryland and the sea off Massachusetts and Maine and over Manhattan bay and over Champlain and Erie and over Ontario and Huron and Michigan and Superior, and over the Texan and Mexican and Floridian and Cuban seas and over the seas off California and Oregon, is not tallied by the blue breadth of the waters below more than the breadth of above and below is tallied by him. When the long Atlantic coast stretches longer and the Pacific coast stretches longer he easily stretches with them north or south. He spans between them also from east to west and reflects what is between them. On him rise solid growths that offset the growths of pine and cedar and hemlock and liveoak and locust and chestnut and cypress and hickory and limetree and cotton-wood and tuliptree and cactus and wildvine and tamarind and persimmon... and tangles as tangled as any canebrake or swamp... and forests coated with transparent ice and icicles hanging from the boughs and crackling in the wind... and sides and peaks of mountains... and pasturage sweet and free as savannah or upland or prairie... with flights and songs and screams that answer those of the wildpigeon and highhold and orchard-oriole and coot and surf-duck and redshouldered-hawk and fish-hawk and white-ibis and indian-hen and cat-owl and water-pheasant and qua-bird and pied-sheldrake and blackbird and mockingbird and buzzard and condor and night-heron and eagle. To him the hereditary countenance descends both mother's and father's. To him enter the essences of the real things and past and present events – of the enormous diversity of temperature and agriculture and mines – the tribes of red aborigines – the weather-beaten vessels entering new ports or making landings on rocky coasts – the first settlements north or south – the rapid stature and muscle – the haughty

defiance of '76, and the war and peace and formation of the constitution... the union always surrounded by blatherers and always calm and impregnable – the perpetual coming of immigrants – the wharf-hem'd cities and superior marine – the unsurveyed interior – the loghouses and clearings and wild animals and hunters and trappers... the free commerce -the fisheries and whaling and gold-digging – the endless gestation of new states – the convening of Congress every December, the members duly coming up from all climates and the uttermost parts... the noble character of the young mechanics and of all free American workmen and workwomen... the general ardor and friendliness and enterprise – the perfect equality of the female with the male... the large amativeness – the fluid movement of the population – the factories and mercantile life and laborsaving machinery – the Yankee swap – the New-York firemen and the target excursion – the southern plantation life – the character of the northeast and of the northwest and southwest -slavery and the tremulous spreading of hands to protect it, and the stern opposition to it which shall never cease till it ceases or the speaking of tongues and the moving of lips cease. For such the expression of the American poet is to be transcendant and new. It is to be indirect and not direct or descriptive or epic. Its quality goes through these to much more. Let the age and wars of other nations be chanted and their eras and characters be illustrated and that finish the verse. Not so the great psalm of the republic. Here the theme is creative and has vista. Here comes one among the wellbeloved stonecutters and plans with decision and science and sees the solid and beautiful forms of the future where there are now no solid forms.

Of all nations the United States with veins full of poetical stuff most

need poets and will doubtless have the greatest and use them the greatest. Their Presidents shall not be their common referee so much as their poets shall. Of all mankind the great poet is the equable man. Not in him but off from him things are grotesque or eccentric or fail of their sanity. Nothing out of its place is good and nothing in its place is bad. He bestows on every object or quality its fit proportions neither more nor less. He is the arbiter of the diverse and he is the key. He is the equalizer of his age and land... he supplies what wants supplying and checks what wants checking. If peace is the routine out of him speaks the spirit of peace, large, rich, thrifty, building vast and populous cities, encouraging agriculture and the arts and commerce – lighting the study of man, the soul, immortality – federal, state or municipal government, marriage, health, freetrade, intertravel by land and sea... nothing too close, nothing too far off... the stars not too far off. In war he is the most deadly force of the war. Who recruits him recruits horse and foot... he fetches parks of artillery the best that engineer ever knew. If the time becomes slothful and heavy he knows how to arouse it... he can make every word he speaks draw blood. Whatever stagnates in the flat of custom or obedience or legislation he never stagnates. Obedience does not master him, he masters it. High up out of reach he stands turning a concentrated light... he turns the pivot with his finger... he baffles the swiftest runners as he stands and easily overtakes and envelops them. The time straying toward infidelity and confessions and persiflage he withholds by his steady faith... he spreads out his dishes... he offers the sweet firmfibred meat that grows men and women. His brain is the ultimate brain. He is no arguer... he is judgment. He judges not as the judge judges but as the sun falling around a helpless thing. As he sees

the farthest he has the most faith. His thoughts are the hymns of the praise of things. In the talk on the soul and eternity and God off of his equal plane he is silent. He sees eternity less like a play with a prologue and denouement... he sees eternity in men and women... he does not see men and women as dreams or dots. Faith is the antiseptic of the soul... it pervades the common people and preserves them... they never give up believing and expecting and trusting. There is that indescribable freshness and unconsciousness about an illiterate person that humbles and mocks the power of the noblest expressive genius. The poet sees for a certainty how one not a great artist may be just as sacred and perfect as the greatest artist....The power to destroy or remould is freely used by him but never the power of attack. What is past is past. If he does not expose superior models and prove himself by every step he takes he is not what is wanted. The presence of the greatest poet conquers... not parleying or struggling or any prepared attempts. Now he has passed that way see after him! there is not left any vestige of despair or misanthropy or cunning or exdusiveness or the ignominy of a nativity of color or delusion of hell or the necessity of hell and no man thenceforward shall be degraded for ignorance or weakness or sin.

The greatest poet hardly knows pettiness or triviality. If he breathes into any thing that was before thought small it dilates with the grandeur and life of the universe. He is a seer... he is individual... he is complete in himself... the others are as good as he, only he sees it and they do not. He is not one of the chorus... he does not stop for any regulation... he is the president of regulation. What the eyesight does to the rest he does to the rest. Who knows the curious mystery of the eyesight? The other senses corroborate themselves, but this is removed from any proof but its

own and foreruns the identities of the spiritual world. A single glance of it mocks all the investigations of man and all the instruments and books of the earth and all reasoning. What is marvellous? what is unlikely? what is impossible or baseless or vague? after you have once just opened the space of a peachpit and given audience to far and near and to the sunset and had all things enter with electric swiftness softly and duly without confusion or jostling or jam.

The land and sea, the animals, fishes and birds, the sky of heaven and the orbs, the forests mountains and rivers, are not small themes... but folk expect of the poet to indicate more than the beauty and dignity which always attach to dumb real objects... they expect him to indicate the path between reality and their souls. Men and women perceive the beauty well enough... probably as well as he. The passionate tenacity of hunters, woodmen, early risers, cultivators of gardens and orchards and fields, the love of healthy women for the manly form, seafaring persons, drivers of horses, the passion for light and the open air, all is an old varied sign of the unfailing perception of beauty and of a residence of the poetic in outdoor people. They can never be assisted by poets to perceive... some may but they never can. The poetic quality is not marshalled in rhyme or uniformity or abstract addresses to things nor in melancholy complaints or good precepts, but is the life of these and much else and is in the soul. The profit of rhyme is that it drops seeds of a sweeter and more luxuriant rhyme, and of uniformity that it conveys itself into its own roots in the ground out of sight. The rhyme and uniformity of perfect poems show the free growth of metrical laws and bud from them as unerringly and loosely as lilacs or roses on a bush, and take shapes as compact as the shapes of chestnuts and oranges and

melons and pears, and shed the perfume impalpable to form. The fluency and ornaments of the finest poems or music or orations or recitations are not independent but dependent. All beauty comes from beautiful blood and a beautiful brain. If the greatnesses are in conjunction in a man or woman it is enough... the fact will prevail through the universe... but the gaggery and guilt of a million years will not prevail. Who troubles himself about his ornaments or fluency is lost. This is what you shall do: Love the earth and sun and the animals, despise riches, give alms to every one that asks, stand up for the stupid and crazy, devote your income and labor to others, hate tyrants, argue not concerning God, have patience and indulgence toward the people, take off your hat to nothing known or unknown or to any man or number of men, go freely with powerful uneducated persons and with the young and with the mothers of families, read these leaves in the open air every season of every year of your life, re-examine all you have been told at school or church or in any book, dismiss whatever insults your own soul, and your very flesh shall be a great poem and have the richest fluency not only in its words but in the silent lines of its lips and face and between the lashes of your eyes and in every motion and joint of your body....The poet shall not spend his time in unneeded work. He shall know that the ground is always ready ploughed and manured... others may not know it but he shall. He shall go directly to the creation. His trust shall master the trust of everything he touches... and shall master all attachment.

The known universe has one complete lover and that is the greatest poet. He consumes an eternal passion and is indifferent which chance happens and which possible contingency of fortune or misfortune and persuades daily and hourly his delicious pay. What balks or breaks

others is fuel for his burning progress to contact and amorous joy. Other proportions of the reception of pleasure dwindle to nothing to his proportions. All expected from heaven or from the highest he is rapport with in the sight of the daybreak or a scene of the winter woods or the presence of children playing or with his arm round the neck of a man or woman. His love above all love has leisure and expanse... he leaves room ahead of himself. He is no irresolute or suspicious lover... he is sure... he scorns intervals. His experience and the showers and thrills are not for nothing. Nothing can jar him... suffering and darkness cannot – death and fear cannot. To him complaint and jealousy and envy are corpses buried and rotten in the earth... he saw them buried. The sea is not surer of the shore or the shore of the sea than he is of the fruition of his love and of all perfection and beauty.

The fruition of beauty is no chance of hit or miss... it is inevitable as life... it is exact and plumb as gravitation. From the eyesight proceeds another eyesight and from the hearing proceeds another hearing and from the voice proceeds another voice eternally curious of the harmony of things with man. To these respond perfections not only in the committees that were supposed to stand for the rest but in the rest themselves just the same. These understand the law of perfection in masses and floods... that its finish is to each for itself and onward from itself... that it is profuse and impartial... that there is not a minute of the light or dark nor an acre of the earth or sea without it – nor any direction of the sky nor any trade or employment nor any turn of events. This is the reason that about the proper expression of beauty there is precision and balance... one part does not need to be thrust above the other. The best singer is not the one who has the most lithe and

powerful organ... the pleasure of poems is not in them that take the handsomest measure and similes and sound.

Without effort and without exposing in the least how it is done the greatest poet brings the spirit of any or all events and passions and scenes and persons some more and some less to bear on your individual character as you hear or read. To do this well is to compete with the laws that pursue and follow time. What is the purpose must surely be there and the clue of it must be there... and the faintest indication is the indication of the best and then becomes the clearest indication. Past and present and future are not disjointed but joined. The greatest poet forms the consistence of what is to be from what has been and is. He drags the dead out of their coffins and stands them again on their feet... he says to the past, Rise and walk before me that I may realize you. He learns the lesson... he places himself where the future becomes present. The greatest poet does not only dazzle his rays over character and scenes and passions... he finally ascends and finishes all... he exhibits the pinnacles that no man can tell what they are for or what is beyond... he glows a moment on the extremest verge. He is most wonderful in his last half-hidden smile or frown... by that flash of the moment of parting the one that sees it shall be encouraged or terrified afterward for many years. The greatest poet does not moralize or make applications of morals... he knows the soul. The soul has that measureless pride which consists in never acknowledging any lessons but its own. But it has sympathy as measureless as its pride and the one balances the other and neither can stretch too far while it stretches in company with the other. The inmost secrets of art sleep with the twain. The greatest poet has lain close betwixt both and they are vital in his style and thoughts. The art of art,



the glory of expression and the sunshine of the light of letters is simplicity. Nothing is better than simplicity nothing can make up for excess or for the lack of definiteness. To carry on the heave of impulse and pierce intellectual depths and give all subjects their articulations are powers neither common nor very uncommon. But to speak in literature with the perfect rectitude and insouciance of the movements of animals and the unimpeachableness of the sentiment of trees in the woods and grass by the roadside is the flawless triumph of art. If you have looked on him who has achieved it you have looked on one of the masters of the artists of all nations and times. You shall not contemplate the flight of the graygull over the bay or the mettlesome action of the blood horse or the tall leaning of sunflowers on their stalk or the appearance of the sun journeying through heaven or the appearance of the moon afterward with any more satisfaction than you shall contemplate him. The greatest poet has less a marked style and is more the channel of thoughts and things without increase or diminution, and is the free channel of himself. He swears to his art, I will not be meddlesome, I will not have in my writing any elegance or effect or originality to hang in the way between me and the rest like curtains. I will have nothing hang in the way, not the richest curtains. What I tell I tell precisely for what it is. Let who may exalt or startle or fascinate or sooth I will have purposes as health or heat or snow has and be as regardless of observation. What I experience or portray shall go from my composition without a shred of my composition. You shall stand by my side and look in the mirror with me.

The old red blood and stainless gentility of great poets will be proved by their unconstraint. A heroic person walks at his ease through and out

of that custom or precedent or authority that suits him not. Of the traits of the brotherhood of writers savans musicians inventors and artists nothing is finer than silent defiance advancing from new free forms. In the need of poems philosophy politics mechanism science behaviour, the craft of art, an appropriate native grand-opera, shipcraft, or any craft, he is greatest forever and forever who contributes the greatest original practical example. The cleanest expression is that which finds no sphere worthy of itself and makes one.

The messages of great poets to each man and woman are, Come to us on equal terms, only then can you understand us, We are no better than you, What we enclose you enclose, What we enjoy you may enjoy. Did you suppose there could be only one Supreme? We affirm there can be unnumbered Supremes, and that one does not countervail another any more than one eyesight countervails another... and that men can be good or grand only of the consciousness of their supremacy within them. What do you think is the grandeur of storms and dismemberments and the deadliest battles and wrecks and the wildest fury of the elements and the power of the sea and the motion of nature and of the throes of human desires and dignity and hate and love? It is that something in the soul which says, Rage on, Whirl on, I tread master here and 'everywhere, Master of the spasms of the sky and of the shatter of the sea, Master of nature and passion and death, And of all terror and all pain.

The American bards shall be marked for generosity and affection and for encouraging competitors... They shall be kosmos... without monopoly or secresy... glad to pass any thing to any one... hungry for equal night and day. They shall not be careful of riches and privilege... they shall be riches and privilege... they shall perceive who the most

affluent man is. The most affluent man is he that confronts all the shows he sees by equivalents out of the stronger wealth of himself. The American bard shall delineate no class of persons nor one or two out of the strata of interests nor love most nor truth most nor the soul most nor the body most... and not be for the eastern states more than the western or the northern states more than the southern.

Exact science and its practical movements are no checks on the greatest poets but always his encouragement and support. The outself and remembrance are there... there the arms that lifted him first and brace him best... there he returns after all his goings and comings. The sailor and traveler... the anatomist chemist astronomer geologist phrenologist spiritualist mathematician historian and lexicographer are not poets, but they are the lawgivers of poets and their construction underlies the structure of every perfect poem. No matter what rises or is uttered they sent the seed of the conception of it... of them and by them stand the visible proofs of souls always of their fatherstuff must be begotten the sinewy races of bards. If there shall be love and content between the father and the son and if the greatness of the son is the exuding of the greatness of the father there shall be love between the poet and the man of demonstrable science. In the beauty of poems are the tuft and final applause of science.

Great is the faith of the flush of knowledge and of the investigation of the depth of qualities and things. Cleaving and circling here swells the soul of the poet yet is president of itself always. The depths are fathomless and therefore calm. The innocence and nakedness are resumed... they are neither modest nor immodest. The whole theory of

the special and supernatural and all that was twined with it or educed out of it departs as a dream. What has ever happened... what happens and whatever may or shall happen, the vital laws enclose all... they are sufficient for any case and for all cases... none to be hurried or retarded... any miracle of affairs or persons inadmissible in the vast clear scheme where every motion and every spear of grass and the frames and spirits of men and women and all that concerns them are unspeakably perfect miracles all referring to all and each distinct and in its place. It is also not consistent with the reality of the soul to admit that there is anything in the known universe more divine than men and women.

Men and women and the earth and all upon it are simply to be taken as they are, and the investigation of their past and present and future shall be unintermitted and shall be done with perfect candor. Upon this basis philosophy speculates ever looking toward the poet, ever regarding the eternal tendencies of all toward happiness never inconsistent with what is clear to the senses and to the soul. For the eternal tendencies of all toward happiness make the only point of sane philosophy. Whatever comprehends less than that... whatever is less than the laws of light and of astronomical motion... or less than the laws that follow the thief the liar the glutton and the drunkard through this life and doubt less afterward or less than vast stretches of time or the slow formation of density or the patient upheaving of strata – is of no account. Whatever would put God in a poem or system of philosophy as contending against some being or influence is also of no account. Sanity and ensemble characterize the great master... spoilt in one principle all is spoilt. The great master has nothing to do with miracles. He sees health for himself

in being one of the mass he sees the hiatus in singular eminence. To the perfect shape comes common ground. To be under the general law is great for that is to correspond with it. The master knows that he is unspeakably great and that all are unspeakably great... that nothing for instance is greater than to conceive children and bring them up well... that to be is just as great as to perceive or tell.

In the make of the great masters the idea of political liberty is indispensable. Liberty takes the adherence of heroes wherever men and women exist... but never takes any adherence or welcome from the rest more than from poets. They are the voice and exposition of liberty. They out of ages are worthy the grand idea... to them it is confided and they must sustain it. Nothing has precedence of it and nothing can warp or degrade it. The attitude of great poets is to cheer up slaves and horrify despots. The turn of their necks, the sound of their feet, the motions of their wrists, are full of hazard to the one and hope to the other. Come nigh them awhile and though they neither speak or advise you shall learn the faithful American lesson. Liberty is poorly served by men whose good intent is quelled from one failure or two failures or any number of failures, or from the casual indifference or ingratitude of the people, or from the sharp show of the tushes of power, or the bringing to bear soldiers and cannon or any penal statutes. Liberty relies upon itself, invites no one, promises nothing, sits in calmness and light, is positive and composed, and knows no dis-couragement. The battle rages with many a loud alarm and frequent advance and retreat... the enemy triumphs... the prison, the handcuffs, the iron necklace and anklet, the scaffold, garrote and leadballs do their work... the cause is asleep....the strong throats are choked with their own blood... the young men drop

their eyelashes toward the ground when they pass each other... and is liberty gone out of that place? No never. When liberty goes it is not the first to go nor the second or third to go... it waits for all the rest to go... it is the last... When the memories of the old martyrs are faded utterly away... when the large names of patriots are laughed at in the public halls from the lips of the orators... when the boys are no more christened after the same but christened after tyrants and traitors instead... when the laws of the free are grudgingly permitted and laws for in-formers and bloodmoney are sweet to the taste of the people... when I and you walk abroad upon the earth stung with compassion at the sight of numberless brothers answering our equal friendship and calling no man master – and when we are elated with noble joy at the sight of slaves... when the soul retires in the cool communion of the night and surveys its experience and has much extasy over the word and deed that put back a helpless innocent person into the gripe of the grippers or into any cruel inferiority... when those in all parts of these states who could easier realize the true American character but do not yet – when the swarms of cringers, suckers, doughfaces, lice of politics, planners of sly involutions for their own preferment to city offices or state legislatures or the judiciary or congress or the presidency, obtain a response of love and natural deference from the people whether they get the offices or no... when it is better to be a bound boobey and rogue in office at a high salary than the poorest free mechanic or farmer with his hat unmoved from his head and firm eyes and a candid and generous heart and when servility by town or state or the federal government or any oppression on a large scale or small scale can be tried on without its own punishment following duly after in exact proportion against the

smallest chance of escape... or rather when all life and all the souls of men and women are discharged from any part of the earth – then only shall the instinct of liberty be discharged from that part of the earth.

As the attributes of the poets of the kosmos concentrate in the real body and soul and in the pleasure of things they possess the superiority of genuineness over all fiction and romance. As they emit themselves facts are showered over with light... the daylight is lit with more volatile light... also the deep between the setting and rising sun goes deeper many fold. Each precise object

or condition or combination or process exhibits a beauty the multiplication table its – old age its – the carpenter's trade its – the grand-opera its... the hugehulled cleanshaped New-York clipper at sea under steam or full sail gleams with unmatched beauty... the American circles and large harmonies of government gleam with theirs and the commonest definite intentions and actions with theirs. The poets of the kosmos advance through all interpositions and coverings and turmoils and stratagems to first principles. They are of use they dissolve poverty from its need and riches from its conceit. You large proprietor they say shall not realize or perceive more than any one else. The owner of the library is not he who holds a legal title to it having bought and paid for it. Any one and every one is owner of the library who can read the same through all the varieties of tongues and subjects and styles, and in whom they enter with ease and take residence and force toward paternity and maternity, and make supple and powerful and rich and large....These American states strong and healthy and accomplished shall receive no pleasure from violations of natural models and must not permit them. In

paintings or mouldings or carvings in mineral or wood, or in the illustrations of books or newspapers, or in any comic or tragic prints, or in the patterns of woven stuffs or any thing to beautify rooms or furniture or costumes, or to put upon cornices or monuments or on the prows or sterns of ships, or to put anywhere before the human eye indoors or out, that which distorts honest shapes or which creates unearthly beings or places or contingencies is a nuisance and revolt. Of the human form especially it is so great it must never be made ridiculous. Of ornaments to a work nothing outre can be allowed but those ornaments can be allowed that conform to the perfect facts of the open air and that flow out of the nature of the work and come irrepressibly from it and are necessary to the completion of the work. Most works are most beautiful without ornament Exaggerations will be revenged in human physiology. Clean and vigorous children are jetted and conceived only in those communities where the models of natural forms are public every day....Great genius and the people of these states must never be demeaated to romances. As soon as histories are properly told there is no more need of romances.

The great poets are also to be known by the absence in them of tricks and by the justification of perfect personal candor. Then folks echo a new cheap joy and a divine voice leaping from their brains: How beautiful is candor! All faults may be forgiven of him who has perfect candor. Henceforth let no man of us lie, for we have seen that openness wins the inner and outer world and that there is no single exception, and that never since our earth gathered itself in a mass have deceit or subterfuge or prevarication attracted its smallest particle or the faintest tinge of a shade -and that through the enveloping wealth and rank of a



state or the whole republic of states a sneak or sly person shall be discovered and despised... and that the soul has never been once fooled and never can be fooled... and thrift without the loving nod of the soul is only a foetid puff... and there never grew up in any of the continents of the globe nor upon any planet or satellite or star, nor upon the asteroids, nor in any part of ethereal space, nor in the midst of density, nor under the fluid wet of the sea, nor in that condition which precedes the birth of babes, nor at any time during the changes of life, nor in that condition that follows what we term death, nor in any stretch of abeyance or action afterward of vitality, nor in any process of formation or reformation anywhere, a being whose instinct hated the truth.

Extreme caution or prudence, the soundest organic health, large hope and comparison and fondness for women and children, large alimentiveness and destructiveness and causality, with a perfect sense of the oneness of nature and the propriety of the same spirit applied to human affairs... these are called up of the float of the brain of the world to be parts of the greatest poet from his birth out of his mother's womb and from her birth out of her mother's. Caution seldom goes far enough. It has been thought that the prudent citizen was the citizen who applied himself to solid gains and did well for himself and his family and completed a lawful life without debt or crime. The greatest poet sees and admits these economies as he sees the economies of food and sleep, but has higher notions of prudence than to think he gives much when he gives a few slight attentions at the latch of the gate. The premises of the prudence of life are not the hospitality of it or the ripeness and harvest of it. Beyond the independence of a little sum laid aside for burial-money, and of a few clapboards around and shingles overhead on a Jot

of American soil owned, and the easy dollars that supply the year's plain clothing and meals, the melancholy prudence of the abandonment of such a great being as a man is to the toss and pallor of years of moneymaking with all their scorching days and icy nights and all their stifling deceits and underhanded dodgings, or infinitessimals of parlors, or shameless stuffing while others starve and all the loss of the bloom and odor of the earth and of the flowers and atmosphere and of the sea and of the true taste of the women and men you pass or have to do with in youth or middle age, and the issuing sickness and desperate revolt at the close of a life without elevation of naivete, and the ghastly chatter of a death without serenity or majesty, is the great fraud upon modern civilization and forethought, blotching the surface and system which civilization undeniably drafts, and moistening with tears the immense features it spreads and spreads with such velocity before the reached kisses of the soul.... Still the right explanation remains to be made about prudence. The prudence of the mere wealth and respectability of the most esteemed life appears too faint for the eye to observe at all when little and large alike drop quietly aside at the thought of the prudence suitable for immortality. What is wisdom that fills the thinness of a year or seventy or eighty years to wisdom spaced out by ages and coming back at a certain time with strong reinforcements and rich presents and the clear faces of wedding-guests as far as you can look in every direction running gaily toward you? Only the soul is of itself... all else has reference to what ensues. All that a person does or thinks is of consequence. Not a move can a man or woman make that affects him or her in a day or a month or any part of the direct lifetime or the hour of death but the same affects him or her onward afterward through the

indirect lifetime. The indirect is always as great and real as the direct. The spirit receives from the body just as much as it gives to the body. Not one name of word or deed... not of venereal sores or discolorations... not the privacy of the onanist... not of the putrid veins of gluttons or rumdrinkers... not peculation or cunning or betrayal or murder... no serpentine poison of those that seduce women... not the foolish yielding of women... not prostitution... not of any depravity of young men... not of the attainment of gain by discreditable means... not any nastiness of appetite... not any harshness of officers to men or judges to prisoners or fathers to sons or sons to fathers or of husbands to wives or bosses to their boys... not of greedy looks or malignant wishes... nor any of the wiles practised by people upon themselves... ever is or ever can be stamped on the programme but it is duly realized and returned, and that returned in further performances... and they returned again. Nor can the push of charity or personal force ever be any thing else than the profoundest reason, whether it bring arguments to hand or no. No specification is necessary... to add or subtract or divide is in vain. Little or big, learned or unlearned, white or black, legal or illegal, sick or well, from the first inspiration down the windpipe to the last expiration out of it, all that a male or female does that is vigorous and benevolent and clean is so much sure profit to him or her in the unshakable order of the universe and through the whole scope of it forever. If the savage or felon is wise it is well... if the greatest poet or sava is wise it is simply the same... if the President or chief justice is wise it is the same... if the young mechanic or farmer is wise it is no more or less... if the prostitute is wise it is no more nor less. The interest will come round... all will come round. All the best actions of war and

peace... all help given to relatives and strangers and the poor and old and sorrowful and young children and widows and the sick, and to all shunned persons... all furtherance of fugitives and of the escape of slaves... all the self-denial that stood ready and aloof on wrecks and saw others take the seats of the boats... all offering of substance or life for the good old cause, or for a friend's sake or opinion's sake... all pains of enthusiasts scoffed at by their neighbors... all the vast sweet love and precious suffering of mothers... all honest men baffled in strifes recorded or unrecorded... all the grandeur and good of the few ancient nations whose fragments of animals we inherit... and all the good of the hundreds of far mightier and more ancient nations unknown to us by name or date or location... all that was ever manfully begun, whether it succeeded or no all that has at any time been well suggested out of the divine heart of man or by the divinity of his mouth or by the shaping of his great hands... and all that is well thought or done this day on any part of the surface of the globe... or on any of the wandering stars or fixed stars by those there as we are here... or that is henceforth to be well thought or done by you whoever you are, or by any one – these singly and wholly inured at their time and inure now and will inure always to the identities from which they sprung or shall spring. Did you guess any of them lived only its moment? The world does not so exist... no parts palpable or impalpable so exist... no result exists now without being from its long antecedent result, and that from its antecedent, and so backward without the farthest mentionable spot coming a bit nearer the beginning than any other spot... Whatever satisfies the soul is truth. The prudence of the greatest poet answers at last the craving and glut of the soul, is not contemptuous of less ways of prudence if they conform to

its ways, puts off nothing, permits no let-up for its own case or any case, has no particular sabbath or judgment-day, divides not the living from the dead or the righteous from the unrighteous, is satisfied with the present, matches every thought or act by its correlative, knows no possible forgiveness or deputed atonement... knows that the young man who composedly periled his life and lost it has done exceeding well for himself, while the man who has not periled his life and retains it to old age in riches and ease has perhaps achieved nothing for himself worth mentioning... and that only that person has no great prudence to learn who has learnt to prefer real longlived things, and favors body and soul the same, and perceives the indirect assuredly following the direct, and what evil or good he does leaping onward and waiting to meet him again – and who in his spirit in any emergency whatever neither hurries or avoids death.

The direct trial of him who would be the greatest poet is today. If he does not flood himself with the immediate age as with vast oceanic tides... and if he does not attract his own land body and soul to himself and hang on its neck with incomparable love and plunge his Semitic muscle into its merits and demerits... and if he be not himself the age transfigured... and if to him is not opened the eternity which gives similitude to all periods and locations and processes and animate and inanimate forms, and which is the bond of time, and rises up from its inconceivable vagueness and infiniteness in the swimming shape of today, and is held by the ductile anchors of life, and makes the present spot the passage from what was to what shall be, and commits itself to the representation of this wave of an hour and this one of the sixty beautiful children of the wave – let him merge in the general run and

wait his development....Still the final test of poems or any character or work remains. The prescient poet projects himself centuries ahead and judges performer or performance after the changes of time. Does it live through them? Does it still hold on untired? Will the same style and the direction of genius to similar points be satisfactory now? Has no new discovery in science or arrival at superior planes of thought and judgment and behaviour fixed him or his so that either can be looked down upon? Have the marches of tens and hundreds and thousands of years made willing detours to the right hand and the left hand for his sake? Is he beloved long and long after he is buried? Does the young man think often of him? and the young woman think often of him? and do the middle-aged and the old think of him?

A great poem is for ages and ages in common and for all degrees and complexions and all departments and sects and for a woman as much as a man and a man as much as a woman. A great poem is no finish to a man or woman but rather a beginning. Has any one fancied he could sit at last under some due authority and rest satisfied with explanations and realize and be content and full? To no such terminus does the greatest poet bring... he brings neither cessation or sheltered fatness and ease. The touch of him tells in action. Whom he takes he takes with firm sure grasp into live regions previously unattained... thenceforward is no rest... they see the space and ineffable sheen that turn the old spots and lights into dead vacuums. The companion of him beholds the birth and progress of stars and learns one of the meanings. Now there shall be a man cohered out of tumult and chaos... the elder encourages the younger and shows him how... they two shall launch off fearlessly together till the new world fits an orbit for itself and looks unabashed on

the lesser orbits of the stars and sweeps through the ceaseless rings and shall never be quiet again.

There will soon be no more priests. Their work is done. They may wait awhile... perhaps a generation or two... dropping off by degrees. A superior breed shall take their place... the gangs of kosmos and prophets en masse shall take their place. A new order shall arise and they shall be the priests of man, and every man shall be his own priest. The churches built under their umbrage shall be the churches of men and women. Through the divinity of themselves shall the kosmos and the new breed of poets be interpreters of men and women and of all events and things. They shall find their inspiration in real objects today, symptoms of the past and future... They shall not deign to defend immortality or God or the perfection of things or liberty or the exquisite beauty and reality of the soul. They shall arise in America and be responded to from the remainder of the earth.

The English language befriends the grand American expression....it is brawny enough and limber and full enough. On the tough stock of a race who through all change of circumstance was never without the idea of political liberty, which is the animus of all liberty, it has attracted the terms of daintier and gayer and subtler and more elegant tongues. It is the powerful language of resistance... it is the dialect of common sense. It is the speech of the proud and melancholy races and of all who aspire. It is the chosen tongue to express growth faith self-esteem freedom justice equality friendliness amplitude prudence decision and courage. It is the medium that shall well nigh express the inexpressible.

No great literature nor any like style of behaviour or oratory or social

intercourse or household arrangements or public institutions or the treatment by bosses of employed people, nor executive detail or detail of the army or navy, nor spirit of legislation or courts or police or tuition or architecture or songs or amusements or the costumes of young men, can long elude the jealous and passionate instinct of American standards. Whether or no the sign appears from the mouths of the people, it throbs a live interrogation in every freeman's and freewoman's heart after that which passes by or this built to remain. Is it uniform with my country? Are its disposals without ignominious distinctions? Is it for the evergrowing communes of brothers and lovers, large, well-united, proud beyond the old models, generous beyond all models? Is it something grown fresh out of the fields or drawn from the sea for use to me today here? I know that what answers for me an American must answer for any individual or nation that serves for a part of my materials. Does this answer? or is it without reference to universal needs? or sprung of the needs of the less developed society of special ranks? or old needs of pleasure overlaid by modern science and forms? Does this acknowledge liberty with audible and absolute acknowledgement, and set slavery at nought for life and death? Will-it help breed one goodshaped and well-hung man, and a woman to be his perfect and independent mate? Does it improve manners? Is it for the nursing of the young of the republic? Does it solve readily with the sweet milk of the nipples of the breasts of the mother of many children? Has it too the old ever-fresh forbearance and impartiality? Does it look with the same love on the last born and on those hardening toward stature, and on the errant, and on those who disdain all strength of assault outside of their own?

The poems distilled from other poems will probably pass away. The



coward will surely pass away. The expectation of the vital and great can only be satisfied by the demeanor of the vital and great. The swarms of the polished deprecating and reflectors and the polite float off and leave no remembrance. America prepares with composure and goodwill for the visitors that have sent word. It is not intellect that is to be their warrant and welcome. The talented, the artist, the ingenious, the editor, the statesman, the erudite... they are not unappreciated... they fall in their place and do their work. The soul of the nation also does its work. No disguise can pass on it... no disguise can conceal from it. It rejects none, it permits all. Only toward as good as itself and toward the like of itself will it advance half-way. An individual is as superb as a nation when he has the qualities which make a superb nation. The soul of the largest and wealthiest and proudest nation may well go half-way to meet that of its poets. The signs are effectual. There is no fear of mistake. If the one is true the other is true. The proof of a poet is that his country absorbs him as affectionately as he has absorbed it.

*leaves of Grass, 1856*

RALPH WALDO EMERSON TO WALT WHITMAN,  
21 JULY 1855

Concord  
Masstts

Dear Sir,

I am not blind to the worth of the wonderful gift of *Leaves of Grass*. I find it the most extraordinary piece of wit and wisdom that America has yet contributed. I am very happy in reading it, as great power makes us happy. It meets the demand I am always making of what seemed the

sterile and stingy Nature, as if too much handiwork or too much lymph in the temperament were making our western wits fat and mean. I give you joy of your free and brave thought. I have great joy in it. I find incomparable things said incomparably well, as they must be. I find the courage of treatment, which so delights us, and which large perception only can inspire. I greet you at the beginning of a great career, which yet must have had a long foreground somewhere, for such a start. I rubbed my eyes a little to see if this sunbeam were no illusion; but the solid sense of the book is a sober certainty. It has the best merits, namely, of fortifying and encouraging.

I did not know until I, last night, saw the book advertised in a newspaper, that I could trust the name as real and available for a post-office. I wish to see my benefactor, and have felt much like striking my tasks, and visiting New York to pay you my respects.

R. W. Emerson

Mr Walter Whitman

WALT WHITMAN TO RALPH WALDO EMERSON

Brookim, August 1859

Here are thirty-two Poems, which I send you, dear Friend and Master, not having found how I could satisfy myself with sending any usual acknowledgment of your letter. The first edition, on which you mailed me that till now unanswered letter, was twelve poems – I printed a thousand copies, and they readily sold: these thirty-two Poems I stereotype, to print several thousand copies of. I much enjoy making poems. Other work I have set for myself to do, to meet people and The

States face to face, to confront them with an American rude tongue; but the work of my life is making poems. I keep on till I make a hundred, and then several hundred -perhaps a thousand. The way is clear to me. A few years, and the average annual call for my Poems is ten or twenty thousand copies – more, quite likely. Why should I hurry or compromise? In poems or in speeches I say the word or two that has got to be said, adhere to the body, step with the countless common footsteps, and remind every man and woman of something.

Master, I am a man who has perfect faith. Master, we have not come through centuries, caste, heroisms, fables, to halt in this land today. Or I think it is to collect a ten-fold impetus that any halt is made. As nature, inexorable, onward, resistless, impassive amid the threats and screams of disputants, so America. Let all defer. Let all attend respectfully the leisure of These States, their politics, poems, literature, manners, and their free-handed modes of training their own offspring. Their own comes, just matured, certain, numerous and capable enough, with egotistical tongues, with sinewed wrists, seizing openly what belongs to them. They resume Personality, too long left out of mind. Their shadows are projected in employments, in books, in the cities, in trade; their feet are on the flights of the steps of the Capitol; they dilate, a larger, brawnier, more candid, more democratic, lawless, positive native to The States, sweet-bodied, completer, dauntless, flowing, masterful, beard-faced, new race of men.

Swiftly, on limitless foundations, the United States too are founding a literature. It is all as well done, in my opinion, as could be practicable. Each element here is in condition. Every day I go among the people of Manhattan Island, Brooklyn, and other cities, and among the young men,

to discover the spirit of them, and to refresh myself. These are to be attended to; I am myself more drawn here than to those authors, publishers, importations, reprints, and so forth. I pass coolly through those, understanding them perfectly well, and that they do the indispensable service, outside of men like me, which nothing else could do. In poems, the young men of The States shall be represented, for they out-rival the best of the rest of the earth.

The lists of ready-made literature which America inherits by the mighty inheritance of the English language – all the rich repertoire of traditions, poems, histories, metaphysics, plays, classics, translations, have made, and still continue, magnificent preparations for that other plainly signified literature, to be our own, to be electric, fresh, lusty, to express the full-sized body, male and female -to give the modern meanings of things, to grow up beautiful, lasting, commensurate with America, with all the passions of home, with the inimitable sympathies of having been boys and girls together, and of parents who were with our parents.

What else can happen [to] The States, even in their own despite? That huge English flow, so sweet, so undeniable, has done incalculable good here, and is to be spoken of for its own sake with generous praise and with gratitude. Yet the price The States have had to lie under for the same has not been a small price. Payment prevails; a nation can never take the issues of the needs of other nations for nothing. America, grandest of lands in the theory of its politics, in popular reading, in hospitality, breadth, animal beauty, cities, ships, machines, money, credit, collapses quick as lightning at the repeated, admonishing, stern

words, Where are any mental expressions from you, beyond what you have copied or stolen? Where the born throngs of poets, literats, orators, you promised? Will you but tag after other nations? They struggled long for their literature, painfully working their way, some with deficient languages, some with priest-craft, some in the endeavor just to live – yet achieved for their times, works, poems, perhaps the only solid consolation left to them through ages afterward of shame and decay. You are young, have the perfectest of dialects, a free press, a free government, the world forwarding its best to be with you. As justice has been strictly done to you, from this hour do strict justice to yourself. Strangle the singers who will not sing you loud and strong. Open the doors of The West. Call for new great masters to comprehend new arts, new perfections, new wants. Submit to the most robust bard till he remedy your barrenness. Then you will not need to adopt the heirs of others; you will have true heirs, begotten of yourself, blooded with your own blood.

With composure I see such propositions, seeing more and more every day of the answers that serve. Expressions do not yet serve, for sufficient reasons; but that is getting ready, beyond what the earth has hitherto known, to take home the expressions when they come, and to identify them with the populace of The States, which is the schooling cheaply procured by any outlay any number of years. Such schooling The States extract from the swarms of reprints, and from the current authors and editors. Such service and extract are done after enormous, reckless, free modes, characteristic of The States. Here are to be attained results never elsewhere thought possible; the modes are very grand too. The instincts of the American people are all perfect, and tend to make heroes. It is a

rare thing in a man here to understand The States.

All current nourishments to literature serve. Of authors and editors I do not know how many there are in The States, but there are thousands, each one building his or her step to the stairs by which giants shall mount. Of the twenty-four modern mammoth two-double, three-double, and four-double cylinder presses now in the world, printing by steam, twenty-one of them are in These States. The twelve thousand large and small shops for dispensing books and newspapers – the same number of public libraries, any one of which has all the reading wanted to equip a man or woman for American reading – the three thousand different newspapers, the nutriment of the imperfect ones coming in just as usefully as any – the story papers, various, full of strong-flavored romances, widely circulated – the onecent and two-cent journals – the political ones, no matter what side – the weeklies in the country -the sporting and pictorial papers – the monthly magazines, with plentiful imported feed – the sentimental novels, numberless copies of them – the low-priced flaring tales, adventures, biographies – all are prophetic; all waft rapidly on. I see that they swell wide, for reasons. I am not troubled at the movement of them, but greatly pleased. I see plying shuttles, the active ephemeral myriads of books also, faithfully weaving the garments of a generation of men, and a generation of women, they do not perceive or know. What a progress popular reading and writing has made in fifty years! What a progress fifty years hence! The time is at hand when inherent literature will be a main part of These States, as general and real as steam-power, iron, corn, beef, fish. First-rate American persons are to be supplied. Our perennial materials for fresh thoughts, histories, poems, music, orations, religions, recitations, amusements, will then not

be disregarded, any more than our perennial fields, mines, rivers, seas... Certain things are established, and are immovable; in those things millions of years stand justified. The mothers and fathers of whom modern centuries have come, have not existed for nothing; they too had brains and hearts. Of course all literature, in all nations and years, will share marked attributes in common, as we all, of all ages, share the common human attributes. America is to be kept coarse and broad. What is to be done is to withdraw from precedents, and be directed to men and women – also to The States in their federalness; for the union of the parts of the body is not more necessary to their life than the union of These States is to their life.

A profound person can easily know more of the people than they know of themselves. Always waiting untold in the souls of the armies of common people, is stuff better than anything that can possibly appear in the leadership of the same. That gives final verdicts. In every department of These States, he who travels with a coterie, or with selected persons, or with imitators, or with infidels, or with the owners of slaves, or with that which is ashamed of the body of a man, or with that which is ashamed of the body of a woman, or with any thing less than the bravest and the openest, travels straight for the slopes of dissolution. The genius of all foreign literature is clipped and cut small, compared to our genius, and is essentially insulting to our usages, and to the organic compacts of These States. Old forms, old poems, majestic and proper in their own lands here in this land are exiles; the air here is very strong. Much that stands well and has a little enough place provided for it in the small scales of European kingdoms, empires, and the like, here stands haggard, dwarfed, ludicrous, or has no place little enough provided for it.

Authorities, poems, models, laws, names, imported into America, are useful to America today to destroy them, and so move disencumbered to great works, great days.

Just so long, in our country or any country, as no revolutionists advance, and are backed by the people, sweeping off the swarms of routine representatives, officers in power, book-makers, teachers, ecclesiastics, politicians, just so long, I perceive, do they who are in power fairly represent that country, and remain of use, probably of very great use. To supersede them, when it is the pleasure of These States, full provision is made; and I say the time has arrived to use it with a strong hand. Here also the souls of the armies have not only overtaken the souls of the officers, but passed on, and left the souls of the officers behind out of sight many weeks' journey; and the souls of the armies now go *en masse* without officers. Here also formulas, glosses, blanks, minutiae, are choking the throats of the spokesmen to death. Those things most listened for, certainly those are the things least said. There is not a single History of the World. There is not one of America, or of the organic compacts of These States, or of Washington, or of Jefferson, nor of Language, nor any Dictionary of the English Language. There is no great author; every one has demeaned himself to some etiquette or some impotence. There is no manhood or life-power in poems; there are shoats and geldings more like. Or literature will be dressed up, a fine gentleman, distasteful to our instincts, foreign to our soil. Its neck bends right and left wherever it goes. Its costumes and jewelry prove how little it knows Nature. Its flesh is soft; it shows less and less of the indefinable hard something that is Nature. Where is any thing but the shaved Nature of synods and schools? Where is a savage and luxuriant man? Where is



an overseer? In lives, in poems, in codes of law, in Congress, in tuitions, theatres, conversations, argumentations, not a single head lifts itself clean out, with proof that it is their master, and has subordinated them to itself, and is ready to try their superiors. None believes in These States, boldly illustrating them in himself. Not a man faces round at the rest with terrible negative voice, refusing all terms to be bought off from his own eyesight, or from the soul that he is, or from friendship, or from the body that he is, or from the soil and sea. To creeds, literature, art, the army, the navy, the executive, life is hardly proposed, but the sick and dying are proposed to cure the sick and dying. The churches are one vast lie; the people do not believe them, and they do not believe themselves; the priests are continually telling what they know well enough is not so, and keeping back what they know is so. The spectacle is a pitiful one. I think there can never be again upon the festive earth more bad-disordered persons deliberately taking seats, as of late in These States, at the heads of the public tables – such corpses' eyes for judges – such a rascal and thief in the Presidency.

Up to the present, as helps best, the people, like a lot of large boys, have no determined tastes, are quite unaware of the grandeur of themselves, and of their destiny, and of their immense strides -accept with voracity whatever is presented them in novels, histories, newspapers, poems, schools, lectures, every thing. Pretty soon, through these and other means, their development makes the fibre that is capable of itself, and will assume determined tastes. The young men will be clear what they want, and will have it. They will follow none except him whose spirit leads them in the like spirit with themselves. Any such man will be welcome as the flowers of May. Others will be put out without

ceremony. How much is there anyhow, to the young men of These States, in a parcel of helpless dandies, who can neither fight, work, shoot, ride, run, command – some of them devout, some quite insane, some castrated – all second-hand, or third, fourth, or fifth-hand -waited upon by waiters, putting not this land first, but always other lands first, talking of art, doing the most ridiculous things for fear of being called ridiculous, smirking and skipping along, continually taking off their hats – no one behaving, dressing, writing, talking, loving, out of any natural and manly tastes of his own, but each one looking cautiously to see how the rest behave, dress, write, talk, love – pressing the noses of dead books upon themselves and upon their country – favoring no poets, philosophers, literats here, but dog-like dangles at the heels of the poets, philosophers, literats, of enemies' lands – favoring mental expressions, models of gentlemen and ladies, social habitudes in These States, to grow up in sneaking defiance of the popular sub-stratums of The States? Of course they and the likes of them can never justify the strong poems of America. Of course no feed of theirs is to stop and be made welcome to muscle the bodies, male and female, for Manhattan Island, Brooklyn, Boston, Worcester, Hartford, Portland, Montreal, Detroit, Buffalo, Cleveland, Milwaukee, St Louis, Indianapolis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Iowa City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Raleigh, Savannah, Charleston, Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston, Brownsville, San Francisco, Havana, and a thousand equal cities, present and to come. Of course what they and the likes of them have been used for, draws toward its close, after which they will be discharged and not one of them will ever be heard of any more.

America, having duly conceived, bears out of herself offspring of her

own to do the workmanship wanted. To freedom, to strength, to poems, to personal greatness, it is never permitted to rest, not a generation or part of a generation. To be ripe beyond further increase is to prepare to die. The architects of These States laid their foundations, and passed to further spheres. What they laid is a work done; as much more remains. Now are needed other architects, whose duty is not less difficult, but perhaps more difficult. Each age forever needs architects. America is not finished, perhaps never will be; now America is a divine true sketch. There are Thirty-Two States sketched – the population thirty millions. In a few years there will be Fifty States. Again in a few years there will be A Hundred States, the population hundreds of millions, the freshest and freest of men. Of course such men stand to nothing less than the freshest and freest expression.

Poets here, literats here, are to rest on organic different bases from other countries; not a class set apart, circling only in the circle of themselves, modest and pretty, desperately scratching for rhymes, pallid with white paper, shut off, aware of the old pictures and traditions of the race, but unaware of the actual race around them – not breeding in and in among each other till they all have the scrofula. Lands of ensemble, bards of ensemble! Walking freely out from the old traditions, as our politics has walked out, American poets and literats recognize nothing behind them superior to what is present with them – recognize with joy the sturdy living forms of the men and women of These States, the divinity of sex, the perfect eligibility of the female with the male, all The States, liberty and equality, real articles, the different trades, mechanics, the young fellows of Manhattan Island, customs, instincts, slang, Wisconsin, Georgia, the noble Southern heart, the hot blood, the spirit

that will be nothing less than master, the filibuster spirit, the Western man, native-born perceptions, the eye for forms, the perfect models of made things, the wild smack of freedom, California, money, electric-telegraphs, freetrade, iron and the iron mines – recognize without demur those splendid resistless black poems, the steamships of the seaboard states, and those other resistless splendid poems, the locomotives, followed through the interior states by trains of rail-road cars.

A word remains to be said, as of one ever present, nor yet permitted to be acknowledged, discarded or made dumb by literature, and the results apparent. To the lack of an avowed, empowered, unabashed development of sex, (the only salvation for the same,) and to the fact of speakers and writers fraudently assuming as always dead what every one knows to be always alive, is attributable the remarkable non-personality and indistinctness of modern productions in books, art, talk; also that in the scanned lives of men and women most of them appear to have been for some time past of the neuter gender; and also the stinging fact that in orthodox society today, if the dresses were changed, the men might easily pass for women and the women for men.

Infidelism usurps most with foetid polite face; among the rest infidelism about sex. By silence or obedience the pens of savans, poets, historians, biographers, and the rest, have long connived at the filthy law, and books enslaved to it, that what makes the manhood of a man, that sex, womanhood, maternity, desires, lusty animations, organs, acts, are unmentionable and to be ashamed of, to be driven to skulk out of literature with whatever belongs to them. This filthy law has to be repealed – it stands in the way of great reforms. Of women just as much

as men, it is the interest that there should not be infidelism about sex, but perfect faith. Women in These States approach the day of that organic equality with men, without which, I see, men cannot have organic equality among themselves. This empty dish, gallantry, will then be .filled with something. This tepid wash, this diluted deferential love, as in songs, fictions, and so forth, is enough to make a man vomit; as to manly friendship, everywhere observed in The States, there is not the first breath of it to be observed in print. I say that the body of a man or woman, the main matter, is so far quite unexpressed in poems; but that the body is to be expressed, and sex is. Of bards for These States, if it come to a question, it is whether they shall celebrate in poems the eternal decency of the amateness of Nature, the motherhood of all, or whether they shall be the bards of the fashionable delusion of the inherent nastiness of sex, and of the feeble and querulous modesty of deprivation. This is important in poems, because the whole of the other expressions of a nation are but flanges out of its great poems. To me henceforth, that theory of any thing, no matter what, stagnates in its vitals, cowardly and rotten, while it cannot publicly accept, and publicly name, with specific words, the things on which all existence, all souls, all realization, all decency, all health, all that is worth being here for, all of woman and of man, all beauty, all purity, all sweetness, all friendship, all strength, all life, all immortality depend. The courageous soul, for a year or two to come, may be proved by faith in sex, and by disdaining concessions.

To poets and literats – to every woman and man, today or any day, the conditions of the present, needs, dangers, prejudices, and the like, are the perfect conditions on which we are here, and the conditions for

wording the future with undissuadable words. These States, receivers of the stamina of past ages and lands, initiate the outlines of repayment a thousand fold. They fetch the American great masters, waited for by old worlds and new, who accept evil as well as good, ignorance as well as erudition, black as soon as white, foreign-born materials as well as home-born, reject none, force discrepancies into range, surround the whole, concentrate them on present periods and places, show the application to each and any one's body and soul, and show the true use of precedents. Always America will be agitated and turbulent. This day it is taking shape, not to be less so, but to be more so, stormily, capriciously, on native principles, with such vast proportions of parts! As for me, I love screaming, wrestling, boiling-hot days.

Of course, we shall have a national character, an identity. As it ought to be, and as soon as it ought to be, it will be. That, with much else, takes care of itself, is a result, and the cause of greater results. With Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, Oregon – with the states around the Mexican sea – with cheerfully welcomed immigrants from Europe, Asia, Africa – with Connecticut, Vermont, New Hampshire, Rhode Island – with all varied interests, facts, beliefs, parties, genesis – there is being fused a determined character, fit for the broadest use for the freewomen and freemen of The States, accomplished and to be accomplished, without any exception whatever – each indeed free, each idiomatic, as becomes live states and men, but each adhering to one enclosing general form of politics, manners, talk, personal style, as the plenteous varieties of the race adhere to one physical form. Such character is the brain and spine to all, including literature, including poems. Such character, strong, limber, just, open-mouthed, American-blooded, full of pride, full of ease,

of passionate friendliness, is to stand compact upon that vast basis of the supremacy of Individuality -that new moral American continent without which, I see, the physical continent remained incomplete, may be a carcass, a bloat -that newer America, answering face to face with The States, with ever-satisfying and ever-unsurveyable seas and shores.

These shores you found. I say you have led The States there -have led Me there. I say that none has ever done, or ever can do, a greater deed for The States, than your deed. Others may line out the lines, build cities, work mines, break up farms; it is yours to have been the original true Captain who put to sea, intuitive, positive, rendering the first report, to be told less by any report, and more by the mariners of a thousand bays, in each tack of their arriving and departing, many years after you.

Receive, dear Master, these statements and assurances through me, for all the young men, and for an earnest that we know none before you, but the best following you; and that we demand to take your name into our keeping, and that we understand what you have indicated, and find the same indicated in ourselves, and that we will stick to it and enlarge upon it through These States.

Walt Whitman

*As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free, 1872*

The impetus and ideas urging me, for some years past, to an utterance, or attempt at utterance, of New World songs, and an epic of Democracy, having already had their published expression, as well as I can expect to give it, in *Leaves of Grass*, the present and any future pieces from me are really but the surplusage forming after that Volume, or the

wake eddying behind it. I fulfilled in that an imperious conviction, and the commands of my nature as total and irresistible as those which make the sea flow, or the globe revolve. But of this Supplementary Volume, I confess I am not so certain. Having from early manhood abandoned the business pursuits and applications usual in my time and country, and obediently yielded myself up ever since to the impetus mentioned, and to the work of expressing those ideas, it may be that mere habit has got dominion of me, when there is no real need of saying anything further.... But what is life but an experiment? and mortality but an exercise? with reference to results beyond. And so shall my poems be. If incomplete here, and superfluous there, *riimporte* – the earnest trial and persistent exploration shall at least be mine, and other success failing, shall be success enough. I have been more anxious, anyhow, to suggest the songs of vital endeavor and manly evolution, and furnish something for races of outdoor athletes, than to make perfect rhymes, or reign in the parlors. I ventured from the beginning, my own way, taking chances – and would keep on venturing. I will therefore not conceal from any persons, known or unknown to me, who take interest in the matter, that I have the ambition of devoting yet a few years to poetic composition.... The mighty present age! To absorb, and express in poetry, any thing of it – of its world – America – cities and States – the years, the events of our Nineteenth Century – the rapidity of movement -the violent contrasts, fluctuations of light and shade, of hope and fear – the entire revolution made by science in the poetic method -these great new underlying facts and new ideas rushing in and spreading everywhere; – Truly a mighty age! As if in some colossal drama, acted again like those of old, under the open sun, the Nations of our time, and all the characteristics of



Civilization, seem hurrying, stalking across, flitting from wing to wing, gathering, closing up, toward some long-prepared, most tremendous denouement. Not to conclude the infinite scenes of the race's life and toil and happiness and sorrow, but haply that the boards be cleared from oldest, worst incumbrances, accumulations, and Man resume the eternal play anew, and under happier, freer auspices....To me, the United States are important because, in this colossal drama, they are unquestionably designated for the leading parts, for many a century to come. In them History and Humanity seem to seek to culminate. Our broad areas are even now the busy theatre of plots, passions, interests, and suspended problems, compared to which the intrigues of the past of Europe, the wars of dynasties, the scope of kings and kingdoms, and even the development of peoples, as hitherto, exhibit scales of measurement comparatively narrow and trivial. And on these areas of ours, as on a stage, sooner or later, something like an *eclaircissement* of all the past civilization of Europe and Asia is probably to be evolved.

The leading parts....Not to be acted, emulated here, by us again, that role till now foremost in History – Not to become a conqueror Nation, or to achieve the glory of mere military, or diplomatic, or commercial superiority – but to become the grand Producing Land of nobler Men and Women – of copious races, cheerful, healthy, tolerant, free – To become the most friendly Nation, (the United States indeed,) – the modern composite Nation, formed from all, with room for all, welcoming all immigrants – accepting the work of our own interior development, as the work fitly filling ages and ages to come; – the leading Nation of peace, but neither ignorant not incapable of being the leading Nation of war; – not the Man's Nation only, but the Woman's Nation – a land of

splendid mothers, daughters, sisters, wives.

Our America to-day I consider in many respects as but indeed a vast seething mass of *materials*, ampler, better, (worse also,) than previously known – eligible to be used to carry toward its crowning stage, and build for good the great Ideal Nationality of the future, the Nation of the Body and the Soul.<sup>1</sup> – no limit here to land, help, opportunities, mines, products, demands, supplies, etc.; – with (I think) our political organization, National, State, and Municipal, permanently established, as far ahead as we can calculate – but, so far, no social, literary, religious, or esthetic organizations, consistent with our politics, or becoming to us – which organizations can only come, in time, through native schools or teachers of great Democratic Ideas, Religion – through Science, which now, like a new sunrise, ascending, begins to illuminate all – and through our own begotten Poets and Literatures.... (The moral of a late well-written book on Civilization seems to be that the only real foundation-walls and basis – and also *sine qua non* afterward – of true and full Civilization, is the eligibility and certainty of boundless products for feeding, clothing, sheltering every body – perennial fountains of physical and domestic comfort, with intercommunication, and with civil and ecclesiastical freedom – and that then the esthetic and mental business will take care of itself... Well, the United States have established this basis, and upon scales of extent, variety, vitality, and continuity, rivaling those of Nature; and have now to proceed to build an Edifice upon it. I say this Edifice is only to be fitly built by new Literatures, especially the poetic. I say a modern Image-making creation is indispensable to fuse and express modern Political and Scientific creations – and then the Trinity will be complete.)

When I commenced, years ago, elaborating the plan of my poems, and continued turning over that plan, and shifting it in my mind through many years, (from the age of twenty-eight to thirty-five,) experimenting much, and writing and abandoning much, one deep purpose underlay the others, and has underlain it and its execution ever since – and that has been the Religious purpose. Amid many changes, and a formulation taking far different shape from what I at first supposed, this basic purpose has never been departed from in the composition of my verses. Not of course to exhibit itself in the old ways, as in writing hymns or psalms with an eye to the church-pew, or to express conventional pietism, or the sickly yearnings of devotees, but in new ways, and aiming at the widest sub-bases and inclusions of Humanity, and tallying the fresh air of sea and land. I will see, (said I to myself,) whether there is not, for my purposes as poet, a Religion, and a sound Religious germenancy in the average Human Race, at least in their modern development in the United States, and in the hardy common fiber and native yearnings and elements, deeper and larger, and affording more profitable returns, than all mere sects or churches – as boundless, joyous, and vital as Nature itself-A germenancy that has too long been unencouraged, unsung, almost unknown....With Science, the Old Theology of the East, long in its dotage, begins evidently to die and disappear. But (to my mind) Science – and may be such will prove its principal service – as evidently prepares the way for One indescribably grander – Time's young but perfect offspring – the New Theology – heir of the West -lusty and loving, and wondrous beautiful. For America, and for to-day, just the same as any day, the supreme and final Science is the Science of God – what we call science being only its minister -as

Democracy is or shall be also. And a poet of America (I said) must fill himself with such thoughts, and chant his best out of them... And as those were the convictions and aims, for good or bad, of *Leaves of Grass*, they are no less the intention of this Volume. As there can be, in my opinion, no sane and complete Personality, nor any grand and electric Nationality, without the stock element of Religion imbuing all the other elements, (like heat in chemistry, invisible itself, but the life of all visible life,) so there can be no Poetry worthy the name without that element behind all... The time has certainly come to begin to discharge the idea of Religion, in the United States, from mere ecclesiasticism, and from Sundays and churches and church-going, and assign it to that general position, chiefest, most indispensable, most exhilarating, to which the others are to be adjusted, inside of all human character, and education, and affairs. The people, especially the young men and women of America, must begin to learn that Religion, (like Poetry,) is something far, far different from what they supposed. It is, indeed, too important to the power and perpetuity of the New World to be consigned any longer to the churches, old or new, Catholic or Protestant – Saint this, or Saint that... It must be consigned henceforth to Democracy *en masse*, and to Literature. It must enter into the Poems of the Nation. It must make the Nation.

The Four Years' War is over – and in the peaceful, strong, exciting, fresh occasions of To-day, and of the Future, that strange, sad war is hurrying even now to be forgotten. The camp, the drill, the lines of sentries, the prisons, the hospitals – (ah,! the hospitals!) -all have passed away – all seem now like a dream. A new race, a young and lusty generation, already sweeps in with oceanic currents, obliterating the

war, and all its scars, its mounded graves, and all its reminiscences of hatred, conflict, death. So let it be obliterated. I say the life of the present and the future makes undeniable demands upon us each and all, South, North, East, West... To help put the United States (even if only in imagination) hand in hand, in one unbroken circle in a chant – To rouse them to the unprecedented grandeur of the part they are to play, and are even now playing – to the thought of their great Future, and the attitude conformed to it – especially their great Esthetic, Moral, Scientific future, (of which their vulgar material and political present is but as the preparatory tuning of instruments by an orchestra,) these, as hitherto, are still, for me, among my hopes, ambitions.

*Leaves of Grass*, already published, is, in its intentions, the song of a great composite *Democratic Individual*, male or female. And following on and amplifying the same purpose, I suppose I have in my mind to run through the chants of this Volume, (if ever completed,) the thread-voice, more or less audible, of an aggregated, inseparable, unprecedented, vast, composite, electric *Democratic Nationality*.

Purposing, then, to still fill out, from time to time through years to come, the following Volume, (unless prevented,) I conclude this Preface to the first instalment of it, penciled in the open air, on my fifty-third birthday, by wafting to you, dear Reader, whoever you are, (from amid the fresh scent of the grass, the pleasant coolness of the forenoon breeze, the lights and shades of tree-boughs silently dappling and playing around me, and the notes of the cat-bird for undertone and accompaniment,) my true goodwill and love.

W.W.

Washington, DC, May 31, 1872

## ***Preface, 1876***

At the eleventh hour, under grave illness, I gather up the pieces of Prose and Poetry left over since publishing, a while since, my first and main volume, *Leaves of Grass* – pieces, here, some new, some old – nearly all of them (sombre as many are, making this almost Death's book) composed in by-gone atmosphere of perfect health -and, preceded by the freshest collection, the little *Two Rivulets*, and by this rambling Prefatory gossip,<sup>1</sup> now send them out, embodied in the present *Melange*, partly as my contribution and outpouring to celebrate, in some sort, the feature of the time, the first Centennial of our New World Nationality – and then as chyle and nutriment to that moral Indissoluble Union, equally representing All, and the mother of many coming Centennials.

And e'en for flush and proof of our America – for reminder, just as much, or more, in moods of towering pride and joy, I keep my special chants of Death and Immortality<sup>2</sup> to stamp the coloring-finish of all, present and past. For terminus and temperer to all, they were originally written, and that shall be their office at the last.

For some reason – not explainable or definite to my own mind, yet secretly pleasing and satisfactory to it – I have not hesitated to embody in, and run through the Volume, two altogether distinct veins, or strata – Politics for one, and for the other, the pensive thought of Immortality.... Thus, too, the prose and poetic, the dual forms of the present book. The pictures from the Hospitals during the War, in *Memoranda*, I have also decided to include. Though they differ in character and composition from the rest of my pieces, yet I feel that they ought to go with them,

and must do so... The present Volume, therefore, after its minor episodes, probably divides into these Two, at first sight far diverse, veins of topic and treatment. One will be found in the prose part of *Two Rivulets*, in *Democratic Vistas*, in the Preface to *As a Strong Bird*, and in the concluding Notes to *Memoranda* of the Hospitals. The other, wherein the all-enclosing thought and fact of Death is admitted, (not for itself so much as a powerful factor in the adjustments of Life,) in the realistic pictures of *Memoranda*, and the free speculations and ideal escapades of *Passage to India*.

Has not the time come, indeed, in the development of the New World, when its' Politics should ascend into atmospheres and regions hitherto unknown – (far, far different from the miserable business that of late and current years passes under that name) -and take rank with Science, Philosophy and Art?...Three points, in especial, have become very dear to me, and all through I seek to make them again and again, in many forms and repetitions, as will be seen: <sup>1</sup>. That the true growth-characteristics of the Democracy of the New World are henceforth to radiate in superior Literary, Artistic and Religious Expressions, far more than in its Republican forms, universal suffrage, and frequent elections, (though these are unspeakably important)...<sup>2</sup>. That the vital political mission of The United States is, to practically solve and settle the problem of two sets of rights – the fusion, thorough compatibility and junction of individual State prerogatives, with the indispensable necessity of centrality and Oneness – the National Identity power – the sovereign Union, relentless, permanently comprising all, and over all, and in that never yielding an inch... then 3d. Do we not, amid a general malaria of Fogs and Vapors, our day, unmistakably see two Pillars of

Promise, with grandest, indestructible indications – One, that the morbid facts of American politics and society everywhere are but passing incidents and flanges of our unbounded impetus of growth – weeds, annuals of the rank, rich soil – not central, enduring, perennial things? The Other, that all the hitherto experience of The States, their first Century, has been but preparation, adolescence – and that This Union is only now and henceforth (i.e. since the Secession war) to enter on its full Democratic career?

Of the whole, Poems and Prose, (not attending at all to chronological order, and with original dates and passing allusions in the heat and impression of the hour, left shuffled in, and undisturb'd,) the chants of *Leaves of Grass*, my former Volume, yet serve as the indispensable deep soil, or basis, out of which, and out of which only, could come the roots and stems more definitely indicated by these later pages. (While that Volume radiates Physiology alone, the present One, though of the like origin in the main, more palpably doubtless shows the Pathology which was pretty sure to come in time from the other.)

In that former and main Volume, composed in the flush of my health and strength, from the age of 30 to 50 years, I dwelt on Birth and Life, clothing my ideas in pictures, days, transactions of my time, to give them positive place, identity – saturating them with that vehemence of pride and audacity of freedom necessary to loosen the mind of still-to-be-form'd America from the accumulated folds, the superstitions, and all the long, tenacious and stifling anti-democratic authorities of the Asiatic and European past – my enclosing purport being to express, above all artificial regulation and aid, the eternal Bodily Character of One's-Self.<sup>1</sup>



The varieties and phases, (doubtless often paradoxical, contradictory,) of the two Volumes, of *Leaves*, and of these *Rivulets*, are ultimately to be considered as One in structure, and as mutually explanatory of each other – as the multiplex results, like a tree, of series of successive growths, (yet from one central or seed-purport) – there having been five or six such cumulative issues, editions, commencing back in 1855 and thence progressing through twenty years down to date, (1875-'76)-some things added or re-shaped from time to time, as they were found wanted, and other things repress. Of the former Book, more vehement, and perhaps pursuing a central idea with greater closeness – join'd with the present One, extremely varied in theme – I can only briefly reiterate here, that all my pieces, alternated through Both, are only of use and value, if any, as such an interpenetrating, composite, inseparable Unity.

Two of the pieces in this Volume were originally Public Recitations – the College Commencement Poem, *As a Strong Btrd-mnd* then the *Song of the Exposition*, to identify these great Industrial gatherings, the majestic outgrowths of the Modern Spirit and Practice – and now fix'd upon, the grandest of them, for the Material event around which shall be concentrated and celebrated, (as far as any one event can combine them,) the associations and practical proofs of the Hundred Years' life of the Republic. The glory of Labor, and the bringing together not only representatives of all the trades and products, but, fraternally, of all the Workmen of all the Nations of the World, (for this is the Idea behind the Centennial at Philadelphia,) is, to me, so welcome and inspiring a theme, that I only wish I were a younger and a fresher man, to attempt the enduring Book, of poetic character, that ought to be written about it.

The arrangement in print of *Tmo Rivulets* – the indirectness of the name itself, (suggesting meanings, the start of other meanings, for the whole Volume) are but parts of the Venture which my poems entirely are. For really they have all been Experiments, under the urge of powerful, quite irresistible, perhaps wilful influences, (even escapades,) to see how such things will eventually turn out – and have been recited, as it were, by my Soul, to the special audience of Myself, far more than to the world's audience. Till now, by far the best part of the whole business is, that, these days, in leisure, in sickness and old age, my Spirit, by which they were written or permitted erewhile, does not go back on them, but still and in cabinet hours, fully, deliberately allows them.

Estimating the American Union as so far and for some time to come, in its yet formative condition, I therefore now bequeath Poems and Essays as nutriment and influences to help truly assimilate and harden, and especially to furnish something toward what The States most need of all, and which seems to me yet quite unsupplied in literature, namely, to show them, or begin to show them, Themselves distinctively, and what They are for. For though perhaps the main points of all ages and nations are points of resemblance, and, even while granting evolution, are substantially the same, there are some vital things in which this Republic, as to its individualities, and as a compacted Nation, is to specially stand forth, and culminate modern humanity. And these are the very things it least morally and mentally knows -(though, curiously enough, it is at the same time faithfully acting upon them.)

I count with such absolute certainty on the Great Future of The United States – different from, though founded on, the past – that I have

always invoked that Future, and surrounded myself with it, before or while singing my Songs...(As ever, all tends to followings – America, too, is a prophecy. What, even of the best and most successful, would be justified by itself alone? by the present, or the material ostent alone? Of men or States, few realize how much they live in the future. That, rising like pinnacles, gives its main significance to all You and I are doing to-day. Without it, there were little meaning in lands or poems – little purport in human lives All ages, all Nations and States, have been such prophecies. But where any former ones with prophecy so broad, so clear, as our times, our lands – as those of the West?)

Without being a Scientist, I have thoroughly adopted the conclusions of the great Savans and Experimentalists of our time, and of the last hundred years, and they have interiorly tinged the chyle of all my verse, for purposes beyond. Following the Modern Spirit, the real Poems of the Present, ever solidifying and expanding into the Future, must vocalize the vastness and splendor and reality with which Scientism has invested Man and the Universe, (all that is called Creation,) and must henceforth launch Humanity into new orbits, consonant with that vastness, splendor, and reality, (unknown to the old poems,) like new systems of orbs, balanced upon themselves, revolving in limitless space, more subtle than the stars. Poetry, so largely hitherto and even at present wedded to children's tales, and to mere amorousness, upholstery and superficial rhyme, will have to accept, and, while not denying the Past, nor the Themes of the past, will be revived by this tremendous innovation, the Kosmic Spirit, which must henceforth, in my opinion, be the background and underlying impetus, more or less visible, of all first-class Songs.

Only, (for me, at any rate, in all my Prose and Poetry,) joyfully

accepting Modern Science, and loyally following it without the slightest hesitation, there remains ever recognized still a higher flight, a higher fact, the Eternal Soul of Man, (of all Else too,) the Spiritual, the Religious – which it is to be the greatest office of Scientism, in my opinion, and of future Poetry also, to free from fables, crudities and superstitions, and launch forth in renewed Faith and Scope a hundred fold. To me, the worlds of Religiousness, of the conception of the Divine, and of the Ideal, though mainly latent, are just as absolute in Humanity and the Universe as the world of Chemistry, or anything in the objective worlds. To me,

The prophet and the Bard, Shall yet maintain themselves – in higher circles yet, Shall mediate to the Modern, to Democracy – interpret yet to them,

God and Eidólons.

To me, the crown of Savantism is to be, that it surely opens the way for a more splendid Theology, and for ampler and diviner Songs. No year, or even century, will settle this. There is a phase of the Real, lurking behind the Real, which it is all for. There is also in the Intellect of man, in time, far in prospective recesses, a judgment, a last appellate court, which will settle it.

In certain parts, in these flights, or attempting to depict or suggest them, I have not been afraid of the charge of obscurity, in either of my Two Volumes – because human thought, poetry or melody, must leave dim escapes and outlets – must possess a certain fluid, aerial character, akin to space itself, obscure to those of little or no imagination, but indispensable to the highest purposes. Poetic style, when address'd to the

Soul, is less definite form, outline, sculpture, and becomes vista, music, half-tints, and even less than half-tints. True, it may be architecture, but again it may be the forest wild-wood, or the best effects thereof, at twilight, the waving oaks and cedars in the wind, and the impalpable odor.

Finally, as I have lived in fresh lands, inchoate, and in a revolutionary age, future-founding, I have felt to identify the points of that age, these lands, in my recitatives, altogether in my own way. Thus my form has strictly grown from my purports and facts, and is the analogy of them... Within my time the United States have emerg'd from nebulous vagueness and suspense, to full orbic, (though varied,) decision – have done the deeds and achiev'd the triumphs of half a score of centuries – and are henceforth to enter upon their real history – the way being now, (i.e. since the result of the Secession War,) clear'd of death-threatening impedimenta, and the free areas around and ahead of us assured and certain, which were not so before – (the past century being but preparations, trial-voyages and experiments of the Ship, before her starting out upon deep water.)

In estimating my Volumes, the world's current times and deeds, and their spirit, must be first profoundly estimated. Out of the Hundred Years just ending, (1776-1876,) with their genesis of inevitable wilful events, and new introductions, and many unprecedented things of war and peace, (to be realized better, perhaps only realized, at the remove of a Century hence) – Out of that stretch of time, and especially out of the immediately preceding Twenty-Five Years, (1850-'75,) with all their rapid changes, innovations, and audacious movements – and bearing their own inevitable wilful birth-marks – my Poems too have found

genesis. W.W.

## APPENDIX 6

### A Sketch

#### *A Sketch*

Upon the ocean's wave-worn shore

I marked a solitary form,

Whose brooding look, and features wore

The darkness of the coming storm!

And, from his lips, the sigh that broke,

So long within his bosom nursed,

In deep and mournful accents spoke,

Like troubled waves, that shining burst!

And as he gazed on earth and sea,

Girt with the gathering night, his soul,

Wearied and life-worn, longed to flee,

And rest within its final goal!

He thought of her whose love had beamed,

The sunlight of his ripened years;

But now her gentle memory seemed

To brim his eye with bitter tears!

‘Oh! thou bless’d Spirit!’ thus he sighed -

Smile on me from thy realm of rest!

My dark and doubting spirit guide,

By conflict torn, and grief oppressed!

Teach me, in every saddening care,

To see the chastening hand of Heaven;

The Soul’s high culture to prepare,

Wisely and mercifully given!

‘Could I this sacred solace share,

‘Twould still my struggling bosom’s moan;

And the deep peacefulness of prayer,

Might for thy heavy loss atone!

Earth, in its wreath of summer flowers,

And all its varied scenes of joy,

Its festal halls and echoing bowers,

No more my darkened thoughts employ.



‘But here, the billow’s heaving breast,  
And the low thunder’s knelling tone,  
Speak of the wearied soul’s unrest,  
Its murmuring, and conflicts lone!  
And yon sweet star, whose golden gleam,  
Pierces the tempest’s gathering gloom,  
In the rich radiance of its beam,  
Tells me of light beyond the tomb!’

## **Notes**

## **ABBREVIATIONS**

The following dates have been used to identify editions of *Leaves of Grass*:

|                                                                   |                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>LG 1855</i>                                                    | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 1st edn                                   |
| <i>LG 1856</i>                                                    | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 2nd edn, containing<br>‘Leaves-Droppings’ |
| <i>LG 1860</i>                                                    | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 3rd edn                                   |
| <i>1865</i>                                                       | <i>Drum-Taps</i>                                                   |
| <i>1865 Sequel</i>                                                | <i>Sequel to Drum-Taps</i>                                         |
| <i>LG 1867</i>                                                    | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 4th edn                                   |
| <i>1868</i>                                                       | <i>Poems by Walt Whitman</i> (Rossetti)                            |
| <i>LG 1871</i>                                                    | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 5th edn                                   |
| <i>LG 1871 Second Issue Leaves of Grass</i> (5th edn, 2nd issue), |                                                                    |

|               |                                                 |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------|
|               | including <i>Passage to India</i>               |
| LG 1876       | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 6th edn (two volumes)  |
| LG 1881       | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 7th edn                |
| 1888          | <i>November Boughs</i>                          |
| 1888 Complete | <i>Complete Poems and Prose of Walt Whitman</i> |
| LG 1889       | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 8th edn                |
| 1891          | <i>Good-Bye My Fancy</i>                        |
| LG 1892       | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 9th edn                |
| LG 1897       | <i>Leaves of Grass</i> , 10th edn               |

Other abbreviations which have been used are:

|         |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|         | Harold Blodgett and Sculley Bradley (eds),<br><i>Blodgett and Bradley Reader's Comprehensive Edition of Leaves of<br/>Grass</i> , New York University Press, 1965. |
| CWW     | <i>Collected Writings of Walt Whitman</i> ,<br>New York University Press, 1961 (continuing).                                                                       |
| UPP     | Emory Holloway (ed.), <i>Uncollected Prose and<br/>Poetry of Walt Whitman</i> , Doubleday, 1921.                                                                   |
| Webster | Noah Webster, <i>An American Dictionary of the<br/>English Language</i> , New Haven, Connecticut, 1841                                                             |

## NOTES FOR PP. 35–9

COME, SAID MY SOUL

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, December 1874, and used as the

title-page epigraph of *LG 1876*, *LG 1882*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1892*.

### *Inscriptions*

A group title for the original nine opening poems of *LG 1871*; increased in *LG 1881* to twenty-four poems, only one of which was new.

#### ONE'S-SELF I SING

This poem is a shorter version of the 'Inscription' to *LG 1867*, reprinted in *1888* as *Small the Theme of My Chant*.  
*title J LG 1871*.

*2 En-Masse* OED: 'in a mass or body; bodily, all at once'. The first instance cited is 1802; in 1848 Mrs Gaskell writes: 'The things were lifted *en masse* to the drawer.'

#### AS I PONDER'D IN SILENCE

Appeared in *LG 1871*.

#### IN CABIN'D SHIPS AT SEA

Appeared in *LG 1871*.

#### TO FOREIGN LANDS

Transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1881*.

*title J LG 1871*; To Other Lands *LG 1860*.

#### TO A HISTORIAN

Transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1871*.

*title J LG 1867*; Chants Democratic, No. 10 *LG 1860*.

4 *habitan* properly 'habitant'. Webster 1841 notes: 'Habitant n. (Fr. from

*habitans*.) An inhabitant; a dweller; a resident; one who has a permanent abode in a place.’ *Blodgett and Bradley* refer to the word as ‘apparently the poet’s coinage, perhaps derived from “habitant”, a native of Canada (or Louisiana) of French descent’. OED notes: ‘habitant 2 (pronounced abitan; pl. often as formerly in F. *habitans*) . A native of Canada (also of Louisiana) of French descent; one of the race of original French colonists, chiefly small farmers or yeomen’, and cites an example by Washington Irving in 1855: ‘To ascertain the feelings of the *habitans*, or French yeomanry.’ The sense of the passage, however, suggests that Whitman had in mind a native dweller and that he spelled the word as he pronounced it. See *Poem of Remembrances for a Girl or Boy of These States* 10 and *Salut Au Monde !* 132.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 39–44

4 *Alleghanies* properly ‘Alleghenies’.

TO THEE OLD CAUSE

Appeared in *LG* 1871.

EIDÓLONS

First printed New York *Tribune*, 19 February 1876; transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG* 1881.

*title* ] images, spectres, phantoms. OED cites instances by Carlyle, Scott, Poe, Mrs Browning and J. R. Lowell. Whitman told Traubel (H. Traubel (ed.) , *With Walt Whitman in Camden*, III, 131) : ‘It is the custom everywhere to pronounce the word *eidolons*: I always make it *eidolons*: this is right, too. I make considerable use of the word.’

15 *ateliers* workshops; artists'studios. OED cites Thackeray's use of the word in 1840.

21 *ostent Webster 1841*: '2. show, manifestation, token.'

22 *savan Webster 1841* defines a 'savant' as 'a man of learning'. OED notes that 'the misapprehension of the obs. Fr. spelling *savans* of the plural has given rise in Eng. to the incorrect form *savan*' and cites Chambers' *Encyclopedia* in 1864 as referring to Manzoni's mother as the 'gifted daughter of the great *savan*, the Marquis Beccaria'.

45 *Exaltè* French: raised up, elevated.

FOR HIM I SING

Appeared in *LG 1871*.

WHEN I READ THE BOOK

Appeared in *LG 1867*; transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1871*. Originally a poem of five lines: the first three as printed here and the last two as follows: (As if any man really knew aught of my life;

As if you, O cunning Soul, did not keep your secret well!)

BEGINNING MY STUDIES

Appeared in 1865; *L G1867*; transferred to *Inscriptions* in *L G1871*.

BEGINNERS

Appeared in *LG 1860*; transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1881*.

3 *inure Webster 1841*: 'v. i. to serve to the use or benefit of; as, a gift of lands *inures* to the heirs of the grantee, or it *inures* to their benefit.'

## NOTES FOR PP. 44–7 TO THE STATES

*title* JLG 1881, in *Inscriptions*; Walt Whitman's Caution LG 1860, as one of the *Messenger Leaves* poems, and LG 1871, LG 1876, as one of the *Songs of Insurrection*.

## ON JOURNEYS THROUGH THE STATES

Appeared in LG 1860 but was dropped from LG 1867. Transferred to *Inscriptions* in LG 1881.

*title* J LG 1871 *Second Issue*; Chants Democratic, No. 17 LG 1860.

6 *effuse* Webster 1841: 'to pour out as a fluid, to spill, to shed.'

8 *Kanada* Whitman's spelling.

II *promulge* Webster 1841: 'to publish or teach.'

## TO A CERTAIN CANTATRICE

Appeared in LG 1860 as one of the *Messenger Leaves*; in LG 1871, LG 1876 as one of the *Songs of Insurrection*; and transferred to *Inscriptions* in LG 1881. *title* J 'Cantatrice' is glossed by OED: 'a female professional singer.' The first instance cited is 1866 *Daily Telegraph*: 'the rival cantatrice'. Whitman has in mind one Madame Marietta Alboni, who appeared in New York in the season 1852-3.

## ME IMPERTURBE

Transferred to *Inscriptions* in LG 1881.

*title* J LG 1867; Chants Democratic, No. 18 LG 1860.

5 *Mannahatta* Algonquin Indian name for New York, meaning 'large

island’.

## SAVANTISM

Appeared in *LG 1860*; transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1881*. Webster 1841 defines a ‘savant’ as ‘a man of learning’. ‘Savantism’ seems to be Whitman’s coinage.

## THE SHIP STARTING

Appeared in 1865 and *LG 1867*; then as one of the ‘Paumanok’ group in *LG 1871* and *LG 1876*; transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1881*.

2 *moonsails* a sail carried in light winds above a skysail.

3 *emulous waves* anxious to equal or excel each other.

## I HEAR AMERICA SINGING

Transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1881*.

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Chants Democratic, No. 20 *LG 1860*.

## NOTES FOR PP. 47–50

### WHAT PLACE IS BESIEGED?

Originally the last four lines of *Calamus*, No. 31 in *LG 1860*; it became a separate poem with the present title in *LG 1867*; and was transferred to *Inscriptions* in *LG 1881*.

### STILL THOUGH THE ONE I SING

Appeared in *LG 1871* as part of the group of *Songs of Insurrection*; present position in *LG 1881*.

## SHUT NOT YOUR DOORS

Appeared in 1865 and LG 1867; transferred to *Inscriptions* in LG 1881,  
See *As They Draw to a Close*.

## POETS TO COME

Appeared as part of *The Answerer* group in LG 1871; transferred to  
*Inscriptions* in LG 1881.

*title JLG 1867; Chants Democratic, No. 14 LG 1860.*

## TO YOU

Appeared in LG1860 in the *Messenger Leaves* group; transferred to  
*Inscriptions* in LG 1881.

## THOU READER

Appeared in LG 1881.

## STARTING FROM PAUMANOK

Appeared in present position in LG 1871.

*title J LG 1867; Proto-Leaf LG 1860 Premonition MS.*

*1-14 Starting ... World J LG 1860 has:*

Free, fresh, savage,

Fluent, luxuriant, self-content, fond of persons and places,

Fond offish-shape Paumanok, where I was born,

Fond of the sea – lusty-begotten and various,

Boy of the Mannahatta, the city of ships, my city,

Or raised inland, or of the south savannas,



Or full-breath'd on Califomian air, or Texan or Cuban air,  
Tallying, vocalizing all – resounding Niagara – resounding Missouri,  
Or rude in my home in Kanuck woods,  
Or wandering and hunting, my drink water, my diet meat,  
Or withdrawn to muse and meditate in some deep recess,  
Far from the clank of crowds, an interval passing, rapt and happy,  
Stars, vapor, snow, the hills, rocks, the Fifth Month flowers, my amaze,  
my love,

#### NOTES FOR PP. 50–72

Aware of the buffalo, the peace-herds, the bull, strong-breasted and hairy,

Aware of the mocking-bird of the wilds at daybreak,

Solitary, singing in the west, I strike up for a new world.

1 *Paumanok* the Indian name for Long Island means fish-shaped.

27 *debouch* Webster 1841: 'to issue or march out of a narrow place, or from defiles, as troops'. OED: 'to emerge from a narrower into a wider place or space'.

49 *conn'd* studied with care.

75 *comity* courteous understanding.

98 *Omnesl* Latin plural: 'all'; here meaning 'the whole'.

123 *camerado* cf. OED *camrado*: also *camerado*; 'the Spanish word was a

collective feminine, of the same type as *ambuscade*, *cavalcade*, which, like

*Company*, sense 4, was at length applied to a single person who is one's "company" or chamber-mate; in which sense also it was sometimes altered

into the masculine form *camarado*? The OED cites an example of 1636 by

Healey: 'He beggeth more (victuail) of his Camerado's.'

134 *Melange* blending, mingling.

233 *dulce affettuoso* Italian musical direction, used here as a noun: sweet, affectionate comrade.

255 *in arriere* behind. See *One Old Feuillage* 48n.

257 *Kaw* a river in Kansas.

## SONG OF MYSELF

Appeared unfilled and unsectioned in *LG 1855* (see Appendix 4, p. 675) .  
*title JLG 1881* Poem of Walt Whitman, an American *LG 1856*; Walt Whitman *LG 1860 and succeeding editions till LG 1881*.

4 *loafe Webster 1841* defines a *loafer* as 'an idle man who seeks his living by spunging or expedients'. OED cites use of the word as a verb in 1838; in 1852 Mrs Stowe in *Uncle Tom's Cabin* observed that 'Men talked, and loafed, and read and smoked'.

49 *entretied* a term from carpentry meaning cross-braced.

60-61 *As the hugging ... plenty]* *LG 1855 read*:

As God comes a loving bed-fellow and sleeps  
at my side all night and close on the peep of day,  
And leaves for me baskets covered with white towels  
bulging the house with their plenty.

95 *kelson* a line of jointed timbers in a ship laid on the middle of the floor-timbers over the keel, fastened with long bolts and clinched.

109 *Kanuch ... Cuff* A Kanuck is a French Canadian; a Tuckahoe is a tidewater Virginian, so named because he eats a fungus also known as ‘Virginia truffle’; Cuff is a common name for a black man and derived from the African name of the weekday on which the man was born; in this case, Friday.

185 *I sail’ the marriage ...* Whitman has in mind a painting by Alfred Jacob Miller called *The Trapper’s Bride*.

## NOTES FOR PP. 73-100

218 *shuffle and break-doom* two kinds of popular minstrel dancing, one slow and sliding, the other fast.

226 *string-piece Webster 1841:* ‘a piece of timber in bridges’; used for shoring and construction.

243 *gamut Webster 1841:* ‘a scale on which notes in music are written or printed’; any recognized musical scale.

267 *king-pin* an extended spoke of the pilot-wheel.

272 *on a First-day loafe* ] of a Sunday LG 1855. Whitman adopted the use of Quaker terms for the days of the week in LG 1860.

275 *Jour printer* journeyman printer.

289 *Wolverine* a man from the state of Michigan.

321 *Chattahooche or Altamahaw* two Southern rivers, the first flows between Georgia and Alabama, and Georgia and Florida; the second is in the state of Georgia.

338 *Hoosier, Badger, Buckeye* a man from either Indiana, Wisconsin, or Ohio.

396 *truckling fold with powders* powdered medicine was formerly dispensed in folded paper packets.

408 *carlacue* Whitman's spelling for 'carlicues or curlicues'; a fantastic curl or twist.

468 *scrofula* tubercular growth.

486 *stonecrop* a moss-like plant, used for healing.

487 *cartouches* a tablet for inscription as well as a scroll-shaped ornament.

497 *Walt Whitman, a kosmos, of Manhattan the son* ] Walt Whitman, an American, one of the roughs, a kosmos LG 1855.

505 *afflatus* inspiration; a force from within.

530 *colter* the made attached to the beam of a plow used to cut the sward; here the phallus.

531 *tilth* the depth to which tilling may be carried; here meaning 'to the root' of me.

580 *plenum* fullness.

604 *Uranus* The Greek personification of Heaven; the seventh planet.

608 *fakes Webster 1841*: 'one of the circles or windings of a cable or hawser, as it lies in a coil; a single turn or coil.'

613 *quahaug* an Atlantic coast clam.

661 *omnific* all-creating.

664 *pismire* an ant.

675 *plutonic rocks* granite, solidified below the surface.

698 *omnigenous* of all kinds.

727 *scallop'd scum and slender shoots* the sediment on roofs and moss in wooden gutters.

741 *life-car* a water-tight boat travelling on a rope from a wrecked vessel to the shore.

752 *bull-dances* slang for Indian 'buffalo-dances'.

755 *musters* an assembly; here in the sense of a party or ball.

806 *topples* OED: '? a crest, tuft'; more commonly used as an intr. verb meaning 'to overhang threateningly'. OED quotes Tyndall, 1860: 'Masses of granite... toppling above the terminal face of the glacier.'

## NOTES FOR PP. 100–116

824 *the... wreck* the wreck of the *San Francisco*, helpless at sea for twelve days, was reported in the *New York Weekly Tribune* on 21 January 1854.

840 *dribs* to fall in drops; to go on little by little. OED notes that this

form is apparently ‘an onomatopoeic formation arising out of *Drip* or *Drop*, the modified consonant expressing a modification of the notion’.

865 *ambulanza* Spanish: properly *ambulancia*, ambulance.

875 *the tale* the episode referred to is the massacre of the soldiers of Captain Fannin by the Mexicans after his surrender at Goliad, March 1836. 897 *Would you hear ...* Whitman’s sources for this tale were his maternal grandmother and a letter of John Paul Jones to Benjamin Franklin printed in *Old South Leaflets* (Boston, n.d.).

974 *Eleves Webster 1841*: ‘pronounced *elevai*: one brought up or protected by another.’ OED: ‘a pupil’ and cites use of the word in English as early as 1736; in 1829 *Gentleman’s Magazine*: ‘Their Eleves should have... an excellent classical education.’

997 *scarf ‘d Webster 1841*: ‘joined; pieced’; here in the sense of ‘sealed’.

1029-32 *Kronos... Mexitli* Kronos, a Titan, was the son of Uranus and Gaea and dethroned by his son, Zeus. Osiris was the Egyptian god of the underworld and Isis the Egyptian goddess of fertility. Belus was the legendary king of Assyria. Manito was the spirit of Nature in the mythology of the Algonquin Indians. Odin in Norse mythology is the supreme god as well as the god of war. Mexitli was the Aztec god of war.

1048 *The bull and the bug* the bull was held sacred by the Egyptians and the scarabaeus or dung-beetle was the ikon of the sun god Khepera.

1069 *trestles Webster 1841*: ‘a moveable form for supporting anything’; in this case the supporting forms upon which a coffin rests.

1101 *circle of obis* obeah or obi is a West African word referring to a kind of sorcery practised in Africa and the West Indies. It may refer to an

amulet or charm used for magical purposes or, OED 3, 'one who practises obeah, a negro sorcerer or sorceress', an *obi-man*. Whitman's plural is not common.

1102 *llama* properly 'lama', a Tibetan priest, and so spelled in *Webster 1841*. The OED notes, however, that the word is frequently misspelled 'llama' and cites an example by Swinhow - 'the majority of the llama temples were situated outside the wall' – in 1861.

1103 *gymnosophist* a Hindu ascetic.

1104 *Shastas and Vedas... the Koran* collections of Hindi scriptures; the *Koran* contains the the revelations to Mohammed.

1105 *teokallis* Aztec temples.

1115 *flukes* OED 2 pl.: 'The two parts which constitute the large triangular tail of the whale'; bloody because harpooned. 1129 *koboo* native of Palembang, Sumatra.

1167 *sauroids* the Sauria, prehistoric mammoth reptiles, were thought to carry their eggs in their mouths.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 118–40

1217 *chuff* OED: 'swollen or puffed out with fat, chubby'; here the heel of the hand.

1242 *latherers* those who shave their faces smooth.

1290 *accoucheur* *Webster 1841*: 'a man who assists women in childbirth.'

1308 *debouch* *Webster 1841*: 'to issue or march out of a narrow place, or

from defiles, as troops.'

1322 *snuff the sidle of evening* extinguish the unobtrusive glimmer of evening.

1334 *scud Webster 1841*: 'low thin cloud, or thin clouds driven by the wind.'

1346 *you. in LG 1855 there is no final punctuation.*

### *Children Of Adam*

This was a group title for sixteen poems. In *LG 1860* there were fifteen poems entitled *Enfans d' Adam*; the present title was adopted in *LG 1867*. In *LG 1871* fourteen poems of the preceding edition were retained and two poems from 1865 were added.

### TO THE GARDEN THE WORLD

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 1 LG 1860.*

### FROM PENT-UP ACHING RIVERS

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 2 LG 1860.*

### I SING THE BODY ELECTRIC

*title ] LG 1867; untitled in LG 1855; Poem of the Body LG 1856; Enfans d' Adam, No. 3 LG 1860.*

53 *nimbus Webster 1841*: 'on ancient medals and monuments, a circle or disc of rays or light.'

96 (*For before the mar ...*) a line added in *LG 1881-2*.

138 *scapula* the shoulder-blade.

### A WOMAN WAITS FOR ME



*title ] LG 1867; Poem of Procreation LG 1856; Enfans d'Adam, No. 4 LG 1860.*

#### SPONTANEOUS ME

*title ] LG 1867; Bunch Poem LG 1856 Enfans d'Adam, No. 5 LG 1860.*

23 *no-form'd stings* formless accusations.

24 *hubb'd* central.

#### ONE HOUR TO MADNESS AND JOY

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 6 LG 1860.*

#### NOTES FOR PP. 141–4

#### OUT OF THE ROLLING OCEAN THE CROWD

This poem was first published in 1865 and it then appeared in *LG1867*. It was transferred to *Children Of Adam* in *LG 1871*.

9 *rondure Webster 1841*: 'a circle'; roundness. OED cites Symonds's *Sketches of Italy and Greece* (1874) : 'Cherubs clustered in the rondure of rose-windows'. Whitman's sense is closer to 'wholeness', the completion suggested by a circular form.

#### AGES AND AGES RETURNING AT INTERVALS

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 12 LG 1860.*

#### WE TWO, HOW LONG WE WERE FOOL'D

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 7 LG 1860; original first line – You and I – what the earth is, we are – a> as dropped in LG 1867.*

O HYMEN! O HYMENEE!

Esther Shepherd in *Walt Whitman's Prose* (New York, 1938) suggests that Whitman took the title of this poem from a passage in George Sand's *The Countess of Rudolstadt* (1842-7) . Properly 'hymen, hyménée', the masculine and feminine form of the French word for marriage, here it may be translated as 'O married man! O married woman!'.

1 AM HE THAT ACHES WITH LOVE

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 14 LG 1860.*

NATIVE MOMENTS

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 8 LG 1860.*

ONCE I PASS'D THROUGH A POPULOUS CITY

The manuscript (*UPP*, II, 102) reveals that the original subject was a man:

Once I passed through a populous city, imprinting on my brain, for future use, its shows, architecture, customs and traditions But now of all that city I remember only the man who wandered with me there, for love of me,

Day by day, and night by night, we were together.

All else has long been forgotten by me – I remember, I say, only one rude and ignorant man who, when I departed, long and long held me by the hand, with silent lips, sad and tremulous.

*title ] LG 1867; Enfans d'Adam, No. 9 LG 1860.*

NOTES FOR PP. [144–6](#)

## I HEARD YOU SOLEMN-SWEET PIPES OF THE ORGAN

First printed New York *Leader*, 12 October 1861, entitled *Little Bells Last Night*. It appeared in *LG 1867*; and was transferred to *Children Of Adam* in *LG 1871*.

## FACING WEST FROM CALIFORNIA'S SHORES

*title* ] *LG 1867*; *Enfans d'Adam*, No. 10 *LG 1860*.

## AS ADAM EARLY IN THE MORNING

*title* ] *LG 1867*; *Enfans d'Adam*, No. 15 *LG 1860*.

## *Calamus*

This was a group title for thirty-nine poems; in *LG 1860* the group consisted of forty-five numbered poems. In *LG 1867* Whitman rejected three poems (*Who Is Now Reading This, I Thought That Knowledge Alone would Suffice* and *Hours Continuing Long*) ; and in *LG 1871, Second Issue*, Whitman added one poem – *The Base of All Metaphysics* – and transferred four poems to *Passage to India*.

In a letter to Moncure D. Conway, 1 November 1867, CWW, *Correspondence*, 1,347, Whitman remarked: ' "Calamus" is a common word here. It is the very large and aromatic grass, or rush, growing about water-ponds in the valleys -(spears about three feet high – often called "sweet flag" – grows all over the Northern and Middle States – see Webster's Large Dictionary – Calamus -definition 2) . The recherch  or ethereal sense of the term, as used in my book, arises probably from the actual Calamus presenting the biggest and hardiest kind of spears of grass – and their fresh, aquatic, pungent bouquet.'

Whitman may have had in mind Webster's *fourth* definition of the word, but all of *Webster 1841* is worth having here: 1. 'the generic name of the Indian cane, called also Rotang. It is without branches, has a crown at the top, and is beset with spines.'

2. 'in antiquity, a pipe or fistula, a wind instrument, made of a reed or oaten stalk.'

3. 'a rush or reed, used anciently as a pen to write on parchment or papyrus.'

4. 'a sort of reed, or sweet-scented cane used by the Jews as a perfume. It is a knotty root, reddish without and white within, and filled with a spongy substance. It has an aromatic smell.'

5. 'the sweet-flag, called by Linnaeus, *acorus*.'

IN PATHS UNTRODDEN

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Calamus, No. 1 *LG 1860*.

15 *Ninth-month in my forty-first year* September 1859.

NOTES FOR PP. 146–56

SCENTED HERBAGE OF MY BREAST

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Calamus, No. 2 *LG 1860*.

WHOEVER YOU ARE HOLDING ME NOW IN HAND

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Calamus, No. 3 *LG 1860*.

27 *conning* studying carefully.

FOR YOUR DEMOCRACY

FOR YOU O DEMOCRACY

In 1865 lines from the first twelve stanzas were used for *Over the Carnage Rose Prophetic a Voice*; the present poem, LG 1867, is based on the last three stanzas.

*title ] LG 1881; Calamus, No. 5 LG 1860; A Song LG 1867.*

THESE I SINGING IN SPRING

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 4 LG 1860.*

NOT HEAVING FROM MY RIBB'D BREAST ONLY

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 6 LG 1860.*

OF THE TERRIBLE DOUBT OF APPEARANCES

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 7 LG 1860.*

THE BASE OF ALL METAPHYSICS

First appeared in LG 1871.

RECORDERS AGES HENCE

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 10 LG 1860.*

WHEN I HEARD AT THE CLOSE OF THE DAY

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 11 LG 1860.*

ARE YOU THE NEW PERSON DRAWN TOWARD ME?

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 12 LG 1860.*

9 *maya* in Hindu philosophy the term for deception – the physical and sensuous universe conceived as a tissue of appearances. After line 9 LG 1860 read: O the next step may precipitate you !

O let some past deceived one hiss in your ears, how many have prest on the same as you are pressing now, How many have fondly supposed what you are supposing now – only to be disappointed.

## NOTES FOR PP. 156–62

### ROOTS AND LEAVES THEMSELVES ALONE

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 13 LG 1860.

### NOT HEAT FLAMES UP AND CONSUMES

This was the first numbered poem in the original manuscript group of twelve, entitled *Calamus Leaves*.

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 14 LG 1860.

### TRICKLE DROPS

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 15 LG 1860.

### CITY OF ORGIES

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 18 LG 1860.

### BEHOLD THIS SWARTHY FACE

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 19 LG 1860.

### I SAW IN LOUISIANA A LIVE-OAK GROWING

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 20 LG 1860.

### TO A STRANGER

*title* ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 22 LG 1860.

### THIS MOMENT YEARNING AND THOUGHTFUL

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 23 LG 1860.*

I HEAR IT WAS CHARGED AGAINST ME

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 24 LG 1860.*

THE PRAIRIE-GRASS DIVIDING

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 25 LG 1860.*

WHEN I PERUSE THE CONQUER'D FAME

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 28 LG 1860.*

**WE TWO BOYS TOGETHER CLINGING**

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 26 LG 1860.*

**NOTES FOR PP. [162–6](#)**

**A PROMISE TO CALIFORNIA**

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 30 LG 1860.*

HERE THE FRAILEST LEAVES OF ME

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 44 LG 1860.*

NO LABOR-SAVING MACHINE

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 33 LG 1860.*

A GLIMPSE

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 29 LG 1860. 2 unremark'd unnoticed.*

A LEAF FOR HAND IN HAND

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 37 LG 1860.*

EARTH, MY LIKENESS

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 36 LG 1860.*

1 DREAM'D IN A DREAM

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 34 LG 1860.*

WHAT THINK YOU I TAKE MY PEN IN HAND?

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 32 LG 1860.*

TO THE EAST AND TO THE WEST

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 35 LG 1860.*

SOMETIMES WITH ONE I LOVE

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 39 LG 1860.*

TO A WESTERN BOY

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 42 LG 1860. 1 eleve see Song of Myself, note to line 974.*

FAST-ANCHOR'D ETERNAL O LOVE!

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 38 LG 1860.*

**NOTES FOR PP. [166–72](#)**

**AMONG THE MULTITUDE**

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 41 LG 1860.*

O YOU WHOM I OFTEN AND SILENTLY COME



*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 43 LG 1860.*

THAT SHADOW MY LIKENESS

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 40 LG 1860.*

*1 chaffering Webster 1841: ‘bargaining, buying’.*

FULL OF LIFE NOW

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus No. 45 LG 1860.*

SALUT AU MONDEI

*title ] LG 1860; Poem of Salutation LG 1856.*

*26 rebeck* a stringed instrument of the viol class.

*34 base Webster, 1841: ‘the lowest or gravest part in music; improperly written bass’; OED notes that this spelling ‘is the regular form up to the present century of the word now spelt “bass”’.*

*35 Okotsk* a Siberian seaport.

*36 slave-coffle* slave caravan.

*50 Chian Shahs, Altays, Ghauts* mountain ranges in China, Siberia and India.

*51 Elbruz, Kazbek, Bazardjusi* mountain peaks in the Caucasus.

*52 Styrian Alps... Karnac Alps* Austrian and Italian Alps.

*53 mount Hecla* volcano in south-west Iceland.

*54 mountains of the Moon* placed by Ptolemy in the African interior.

*67 cape of Storms* Cape of Good Hope.

*cape Verde* westernmost point of Africa.

*Guardafui* north-east Somali, Africa.

*Bon* north-east Tunis, Africa.

*Bajadore* properly ‘Cape Bojador’, headland of Spanish West Africa on the Atlantic near the border of Saguia el Hamra and Rio de Oro.

68 *Dondra head* southernmost cape of Ceylon.

*straits of Sunda* sea passage separating Sumatra and Java.

*cape Lopatka* southern extremity of Kamchatka.

71 *Scheld* more commonly spelt ‘Schelde’ or ‘Scheldt’; a river that rises in France.

74 *Obi* an inlet of the Arctic Ocean.

*Lena* a river in Siberia.

86 *Amour* properly ‘Amur’; a river in east Asia.

87 *Guadalquivir* a river in southern Spain.

92 *Saukara* *Blodgett and Bradley* 141-2 suggest that this represents a misspelling of the Hindu male divinity ‘Sankara’, or Siva, in his aspect as healer.

## NOTES FOR P. 172

The source of the Ganges river, according to Indian mythology, is Sankara’s head, ‘the high rim’ of his curled brow.

93 *avatars* in Hindu mythology the descent of a deity to earth in the incarnation of a man or animal.

94 *sabians* according to the *Dictionary of Comparative Religion*, ed. S. G. F.

Brandon (New York, 1970) , ‘they are most probably the *Mandaeans*, wrongly called Christians of St John, still found near the Euphrates and Tigris... in Harran they were star-worshippers who called themselves Sabians... they include famous learned men, notably astronomers.’

*llamas* properly ‘*lamas*’, Tibetan priests; for the spelling see note on line 1102 of *Song of Myself*.

*muftis* teachers of the law of Mohammad.

95 *Mona* an island between Britain and Ireland, once inhabited by Druids and supposed by some to be Anglesey and others to be the Isle of Man.

*vervain Webster 1841:*’ a plant; the popular name of some species of the genus *Verbain*.’

98 *Hercules* Roman deity identified with the Greek Heracles, son of Alcmene and Zeus. When the time came for him to serve Eurystheus he was assigned twelve tasks, each corresponding to the movement of the sun. He became a constellation in the Northern sky after being burned by the robes of Nessus.

99 *Bacchus* Greek and Roman god of fertility and wine, the son of Zeus and Semele. His rites were held at night and consisted in part of devouring animals; an Egyptian deity *Bacis* (great light) appears related to him.

100 *Kneph* Egyptian deity of primeval darkness; literally *breath* or *wind*. As David Goodale notes (‘Some of Walt Whitman’s Borrowings’, *American Literature* (1938) , 202-13) Whitman is indebted here to C. F. Volney’s *Ruins* (Paris, 1791) . In R. M. Bucke’s *Notes and Fragments*

(London, 1899) there is a notebook entitled 'Religions – Gods' (pp. 152–4) in which Whitman writes: 'Kneph – “existence” – a Theban god, a human figure dressed in dark blue holding in one hand a sceptre and a girdle, with a cap of feathers on his head (to express fugacity of thought) .’ Kneph is customarily represented with a man’s body and the head of a ram.

101 *Hermes* Gertrude Jobes in the *Dictionary of Mythology* (New York, 1961) comments: 'The Egyptian god *Toth*, confounded by the Greeks with Hermes, was called Hermes Trismegistus. Toth is a moon god and instrument of the creator; the healer of the sun’s eye.’ Whitman took these lines almost directly from chapter 21, p. 183 of Volney’s *Ruins* (see above) , in the translation of 1796, New York, 'The Problem of Religious Contradictions'. In this chapter the unity of all religions is explored. In a passage in which the llama explains that Christian doctrine was known in the East' upwards of a thousand years' there is a note, which states: 'if, as is the case, the doctrine of Pythagoras and that of Orpheus are of Egyptian origin, that of Bedou goes back to the common source; and in reality the Egyptian priests recite that Hermes as he was dying said: “ I have hitherto lived an exile from my country, to which I now return.

Weep not for me; I ascend to the celestial abode where each of you will follow in his turn: there God is: this life is only death.” ‘

#### NOTES FOR PP. 172–84

110 *Scandinavian warriors* R. M. Bucke in *Notes and Fragments* (London, 1899,43) quotes the newspaper clipping found in one of Whitman’s notebooks which provided the source for these lines: 'The old

Scandinavian heroes, when they died, desired to have their funeral mounds raised high above them; their corpses close to the margin of the restless ocean, so that the spirit, when it grew weary of the narrow, quiet grave, might rise up through the mound and gaze forth over the vast expanse of tossing billows, and then become refreshed by a sense of immensity, liberty, action.'

113 *tumuli* plural of *tumulus*, an ancient sepulchral mound, a barrow. OED cites an example of 1863 by Tyell: 'Tumuli of the stone period'.

*Kalmucks and Baskirs* nomadic Mongolians.

119 *teff-wheat* an Abyssinian grain plant which yields a fine grade of white flour.

122 *Wacho* a Caddoan Indian tribesman from Texas.

125 *Samoieie* a member of a neo-Siberian tribe.

143 *Kruman* a Liberian tribesman.

145 *Khiva* a khanate in western Asia, now the USSR.

145 *Herat* a city in north-west Afghanistan.

*Teheran* capital of Iran.

*Muscat* capital of Oman, Arabia.

146 *Medina* city in Hejaz, Saudi Arabia.

171 *Styria* a province of south-east Austria.

173 *Weser* a river in Germany.

174 *Smabian* a native of Swabia, now a part of south-west Bavaria.

*Wallachian* a native of Wallachia, now a part of Romania.

178 *Bokh* Bokhara was formerly a khanate of central Asia.

186 *Bab-el-mandeb* a strait connecting the Red Sea with the Indian Ocean.

187 *lake Tiberias* the Sea of Galilee in Palestine.

199 *Hottentot Webster 1841*: ‘a native of the southern extremity of Africa; a savage brutal man.’

202 *koboo* more commonly ‘Kubu’, a small, semi-nomadic group found in swampy areas near watercourses in south-east Sumatra, Indonesia.

203 *Kamtschatkan* a native of a peninsula in north-east Siberia.

206 *Bedowee* a nomadic Arabian tribesman.

207 *Nankin* properly ‘Nanking’, the former capital city of China. *Kaubul* the capital of Afghanistan.

#### SONG OF THE OPEN ROAD

*title J LG 1867*; Poem of the Road *LG 1856*.

103 *seine Webster 1841*: ‘a large net for catching fish’. Although spelled without a final e in *Webster 1841*, the OED cites examples with Whitman’s spelling.

114 *Allons! French*: ‘Let us go’.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 184–200

130 *formules Webster 1841*: ‘*Formula/Formule*: a prescribed form, a rule or model.’

153 *Habitue*’s OED: ‘One who has the habit of going to or frequenting a

place; a habitual visitor or resident.' OED cites an example of 1841 by O'Malley – 'a smile in which any habitue in the house would have read our fate.'

220 *Camerado* see *Starting from Paumanok*

CROSSING BROOKLYN FERRY

*title* ] *LG 1860*; *Sun-Down Poem LG 1856*.

28 *Twelfth-month*] *December LG 1856*.

126-32 *You have waited... the soul* ] *LG 1856 has*:

We descend upon you and all things,  
we arrest you all,

We realize the soul only by you  
faithful solids and fluids

Through you color, form, location,  
sublimity, ideality,

Through you every proof, comparison,  
and all the suggestions and  
determinations of ourselves.

SONG OF THE ANSWERER

The complete poem with this title appeared in *LG 1881*. The first section of this poem was one of the twelve untitled poems *otLG 1855*; and in the editions which followed the title was often changed: *Poem of the Poet (LG 1856)* ; *Leaves of Grass, No.3 (LG 1860)* ; *Now List to my Morning Romanza (L G1867)* , a title taken from the added opening two lines.

This title was retained until the second section was added in *LG 1881*. In *LG 18*;6 part two was entitled *Poem of the Singers and of the Words of Poems*; in *LG 1860 Leaves of Grass*, No. 6; and in *LG 1867 The Indications*.

1 *romanza* a short romance or song in verse or music; the OED cites several seventeenth-century English examples of the word meaning ‘a romantic fancy’. 35 *Cudge* a common name for a black man, like Sambo, more often spelled Cud jo. In his essay on ‘Slave Names in Colonial South Carolina’ (*American Speech*, XXVII (1952) , 102-7) Henig Cohen writes that as early as 1774 Edward Long noted that Jamaican Negroes ‘called their children by the African day of the week on which they were born’ and that *Cuffee* and *Cudjo* were ‘perhaps the most widely used of the male “day” names, and Abba (Thursday) and Juba (Monday) of the female’. Cudjo is the word for Monday, Cuffee the word for Friday.

74 *phrenologist* one who studies the conformation of the human skull to determine mental faculties and trait

## NOTES FOR PP. 201–7

### OUR OLD FEUILLAGE

*title* ] *LG 1881*; Chants Democratic, No. 4 *LG 1860*; American Feuillage *LG 1867*.

i *feuillage* Webster 1841: ‘a bunch or row of leaves’, used as a decorative motif. The OED suggests ‘foliage’ and cites a letter of Jarves to Pope in 1714: ‘I... enclose the outline... that you may determine whether you would have it... reduced to make room for feuillage or laurel round the



oval.’ Here Whitman seems to use the word in the sense of ‘scenery’.

In a letter to the editor of *Harper’s Magazine* (7 January 1860) Whitman wrote that the theory behind this poem was to introduce a ‘comprehensive collection of touches, locales, incidents, idiomatic scenes, from every section, South, West... the Mississippi Valley, etc.,... as having a huge bouquet to collect, and quickly taking and binding in every characteristic subject that offers itself – making a compact, the-whole-surrounding, *National Poem*, after its sort, after my own style’. *Harper’s* rejected the poem.

18 *sheldrake* any duck of the old world genera *Tadorna* and *Casarca*.

27 *tylandria* properly ‘tillandsia’; *tillandsia usneoides* is also called long-beard, hanging moss, Florida moss or Spanish moss. It hangs from trees in long grey pendent tufts.

28 *Pedee* a river in South Carolina.

48 *arriere* Webster 1841: ‘the last body of an army; now called *rear* ...’; the OED notes that it is a ‘modern French form of *arrear*, used in combinations, partly modern French, partly refashionings of Anglo-French or earlier English equivalents in *arrere*, *arrear*’, e.g. *arriere* – supper, a late supper, and cites Whitman in 1881: ‘An inferr’d arrière of such storms, such wrecks.’ *In arriere* means ‘in time past’.

*calumet* Webster 1841: ‘a symbol or instrument of peace and war. The calumet of peace is used to seal or ratify contracts and alliances, to receive strangers kindly, and to travel with safety.’

49 *sachem* Webster 1841: ‘In America, a chief among some of the native Indian tribes.’

67 *sporades Webster 1841* defines ‘sporadic’ as ‘separate, scattered; whence certain isles of Greece were called “Sporades”’; here those stars not a part of any constellation.

70 *the Nueces, the Brazos, the Tombigbee* the first two are rivers in Texas, the last is a river in eastern Mississippi and western Alabama.

### A SONG OF JOYS

This poem, which first appeared in *LG 1860* as *Poem of Joys*, received its present title in *LG 1881*. The whole poem underwent extensive revision.

31 *once more* after line 31 in *LG 1860* read:

O male and female!

O the presence of women ! (I swear, nothing is more exquisite to me than the mere presence of women;)

### NOTES FOR PP. 207–25

O for the girl, my mate! O for happiness with my mate!

O the young man as I pass! O I am sick after the friendship of him who, I fear, is indifferent to me.

O the streets of cities! The flitting faces – the expressions, eyes, feet, costumes! O I cannot tell how welcome they are to me; O of men-of women toward me as I pass – The memory of only one look – the boy lingering and waiting.

44 *Fifth-month* Quaker designation of May.

130 *agonistic Webster 1841*: ‘pertaining to prize-fighting, contests of

strength, or athletic combats.’ Webster defines *agonist* as ‘one who contends for the prize in public games. Milton used *agonistes* in this sense, and so called his tragedy, from the similitude of Samson’s exertions, in slaying the Philistines, to prize-fighting.’

#### SONG OF THE BROAD-AXE

*title JLG 1867; Broad-Axe Poem LG 1860 Chants Democratic, No. 2 LG 1860.*

34 *Ottawa* a river in Canada. *Willamette* a river in Oregon.

79 *Mizra* ‘Mizraim’ is the Biblical name for Egypt.

80 *lictors* Roman officials who carried the fasces and made the path clear for the magistrates.

104 *chef d’oeuvres* French: masterpieces.

122 *unript* Webster 1841: ‘ript – pp for ripped, torn open’; the waves are thus uninterrupted, unending.

156 *Albic* ‘Albion’ is an ancient name for England; Albic would seem to be Whitman’s coinage.

194 *rottnee* the handle of a hand press.

213 *hackmatack-roots for knees* the American larch tree or Tamarack is found in northern swamps; knees are pieces of timber naturally bent, and used to secure parts of a ship.

249 *The main shapes arise!* after this line in LG 1856 read:

His shape arises!

Arrogant, masculine, naive, rowdyish,

Laughter, weeper, worker, idler, citizen, countryman,  
Saunterer of woods, stander upon hills, summer swimmer in rivers or by  
the sea,  
Of pure American breed, of reckless health, his body perfect, free from  
taint from top to toe, free forever from headache and dyspepsia, clean-  
breathed, Ample-limbed, a good feeder, weight a hundred and eighty  
pounds, full-blooded, six feet high, forty inches round the breast and  
back, Countenance sun-burnt, bearded, calm, unrefined,  
Reminder of animals, meeter of savage and gentleman on equal terms,  
Attitudes lithe and erect, costume free, neck open, of slow movement on  
foot,

#### **NOTES FOR PP. 223–6**

Passer of his right arm round the shoulders of his friends, companion of  
the street,

Persuader always of people to give him their sweetest touches, and never  
their meanest,

A Manhattanese bred, fond of Brooklyn, fond of Broadway, fond of the  
life of the wharves and the great ferries, Enterer everywhere, welcomed  
everywhere, easily understood after all, Never offering others, always  
offering himself, corroborating his phrenology, Voluptuous, inhabitive,  
combative, conscientious, alimentive, intuitive, of copious friendship,  
sublimity, firmness, self-esteem, comparison, individuality, form,  
locality, eventuality, Avowing by life, manners, work, to contribute  
illustrations of results of The States,

Teacher of the unquenchable creed, namely, egotism, Inviter of others continually henceforth to try their strength against his.

## SONG OF THE EXPOSITION

This poem was originally recited by Whitman for the Fortieth Annual Exhibition of the American Institute, New York, 7 September 1871, and prefaced by the following note: Struggling steadily to the front, not only in the spirit of Opinion, Government, and the like, but, in due time, in the Artistic also, we see actual operative LABOR and LABORERS, with Machinery, Inventions, Farms, Products, etc, pressing to place our time, over the whole civilized world. Holding these by the hand, we see, or hope we see, THE MUSE (radiating, representing, under its various expressions, as in every age and land, the healthiest, most heroic Humanity, common to all, fusing all) entering the demesnes of the New World, as twin and sister of our Democracy – at any rate we will so invite Her, here and now – to permanently infuse in daily toils, and be infused by them.

Perhaps no clearer or more illustrative sign exists of the current adjustment and tendency than those superb International Expositions of the World's Products, Inventions and Industries, that, commencing in London under Prince Albert, have since signalized all the principal Nations of our age, and have been rife in the United States – culminating in this great Exposition at Philadelphia, around which the American Centennial, and its thoughts and associations, cluster – with vaster ones still in the future.

Ostensibly to inaugurate an Exposition of this kind – still more to outline

the establishment of a great *permanent* Cluster-Palace of Industry from an imaginative and Democratic point of view – was the design of the following poem; from such impulses it was first orally deliver'd. *title* ] *LG 1876*; After All, Not to Create Only *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

18 *Parnassus* a mountain peak in Greece sacred to the Muses.

19 *Jaffa's gate* a seaport in Israel.

*Mount Moriah* the Hill of Jerusalem; Solomon's temple was built on it.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 227–31

38 *Castaly's fountain* a spring on Mount Parnassus sacred to Apollo and the Muses and hence a source of poetic inspiration.

41 *Calliope...Clio, Melpomene, Thalia* the muses of epic poetry, history, tragedy and comedy.

42 *Una* in Spenser's *Faerie Queene* I, *Una* symbolizes true religion. *Oriana* Queen Elizabeth the first.

45 *Amadis* the hero of a fifteenth-century Spanish or Portuguese romance by Garcia de Montalvo. He became the flower of chivalry and achieved great feats of arms.

*Tancred* Norman leader of the First Crusade, died in 1112.

*Charlemagne* King of the Franks, 800-814.

*Roland* a hero of the Charlemagne cycle; legend made him a great defender of the Christians against the Saracens.

*Oliver* a friend of Roland's and one of Charlemagne's twelve peers.

46 *Palmerin* the hero of the sixteenth-century Portuguese romance *Palmerin of England*; *Palmerin* and *Amadis of Gaul* were exempted from the holocaust of romance by the curate and the barber in *Don Quixote*.

*Usk* a river in Wales and England mentioned in the Arthurian romances.

47 *Arthur* legendary King of Britain.

*Merlin* in Malory's *Morte d'Arthur* Merlin makes the Round Table for Arthur's father; in Tennyson's *Merlin and Vivien* (from the *Idylls*) Vivien seduces Merlin during a storm (her half-simulated fear sends her into his arms) and he tells her the spell by which she is enabled to imprison him in an oak tree.

*Lancelot* the knight closest to Arthur and most respected.

*Galahad* in Malory's *Morte d'Arthur* the son of Lancelot and Elaine; predestined by his purity to seek the Holy Grail.

53 *Tennyson* Whitman has in mind the *Idylls of the King*, a series of connected poems published by Tennyson beginning in 1842 and concluding in 1885.

61 *Columbia* Mathew's *Dictionary of Americanisms* (Chicago, 1951) notes that America was first referred to as 'Columbia' in 1775; in 1846 the New York *Tribune* proposed 'that our country should take to herself the name of Columbia, in honor of the great discoverer of this continent'.

83 *palace* Whitman has in mind the great exhibition 'palaces' of the mid-nineteenth century, especially the American Crystal Palace for the 1853 World's Fair in New York.

84 *history's seven* the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.

104 *Hoe press* named for the inventor of the rotary press, Richard Hoe; the press was displayed at the New York Exhibition.

112 *Alexandrian Pharos, gardens of Babylon* the lighthouse near Alexandria and the hanging gardens of Babylon were two of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.

113 *Olympia* another of the Wonders, a Greek temple containing an enormous statue of Zeus by Phidias.

137 *sane sisters* the nine muses. *Webster 1841* defines sane as ‘sound healthy’; OED suggests ‘free from delusive prejudices or fancies’ and quotes Tennyson’s *Enid* (1859) , ‘One of our noblest, our most valorous,/Sanest and most obedient’.

## NOTES FOR PP. 231–48

157 *longeve* OED: ‘long-lived’.

165 *rondure* *Webster 1841*: ‘a round, a circle’; OED cites Symonds, 1874, ‘Cherubs clustered in the rondure of rose-windows’.

## SONG OF THE REDWOOD-TREE

First printed *Harper’s Magazine*, February 1874.

*title* J LG 1881; Centennial Songs, No. 2 LG 1876. Redwoods are the great Sequoia trees found in the California Coast Range.

3 *dryads* *Webster 1841*: ‘a deity or nymph of the woods’.

*hamadryads* *Webster 1841*: ‘a wood-nymph, feigned to live and die with the tree to which it was attached’.



11 *Mendocino country* a county on the California coast, north of San Francisco.

41 *Shasta* a mountain peak in California.

*Nevadas* the Sierra Nevada mountain range is in Eastern California.

79 *Cascade range* mountains in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. *Wahsatch* the Wasatch range is in northern Utah and south-east Idaho; Whitman's spelling is his own.

#### A SONG FOR OCCUPATIONS

This poem was revised extensively. Appeared untitled in *LG 1855*. *title* *LG 1881*; Poem of the Daily Work of the Workmen and Workwomen of these States *LG 1856*; Chants Democratic, No. 3 *LG 1860*; To Workingmen *LG 1867* Carol of Occupations *LG 1871*, *LG 1876*.

56 *bon-mot* Webster 1841: 'a jest, a witty repartee. The word is not anglicized, and may be pronounced *bong-mo*<sup>1</sup>.

*reconnaissance* Webster 1841: 'a reconnoitering; discovery'. 67 *savans* see *Eidólons* 22. Webster 1841 gives 'savans' as the plural of *savant*: 'a man of learning; in the plural, literary men'.

88 *exurge* more frequently 'exsurge', to rise up, to start out.

105 *flaggers* Webster 1841: 'flagged – laid with flat stones'; OED: 'one who flags or lays down flagstones', citing Whitman in 1868.

109 *loup-lump* mass of iron in pasty form; the end of smelting. in *jib* shield.

#### A SONG OF THE ROLLING EARTH

*title* ] *LG 1881*; Poem of the Sayers of the Words of the Earth *LG 1856*;

To the Sayers of Words *LG 1860, LG 1867*; Carol of Words *LG 1871, LG 1876*.

## NOTES FOR PP. 249–65

38 *Accouche! accouchez!* French: ‘Accoucheel accouchez!’, meaning ‘You pregnant one! be delivered’.

44 *interminable sisters* the stars and planets; OED cites examples by Skelton and Shelley using ‘interminable’ in the sense of endless, boundless: ‘O radiant Luminary of lyght interminable Celestial Father’; ‘Will yon vast suns run on Interminably?’

45 *cotillons* Webster 1841: ‘cotillon – a brisk dance, performed by eight persons together’. OED notes that the more common spelling is ‘cotillions’ but gives *cotillon* as a second spelling.

## YOUTH, DAY, OLD AGE AND NIGHT

Appeared in *LG1881*; it consists of four lines (19-22) of the excluded *LG1855* poem (untitled) which begins ‘Great are the myths...’.

## *Birds of Passage*

A group title for seven poems in *LG 1881*.

## SONG OF THE UNIVERSAL

Appeared in *LG 1876* as one of the *Centennial Songs*; it was written for commencement at Tufts College, 17 June 1874, and was published in several newspapers on that date.

PIONEERS! O PIONEERS!

First published in 1865; appeared in *LG 1867*; and in *LG 1871* and *LG 1876* as one of a group of poems entitled *Marches Now the War is Over*.

18 *debouch* cf. *Starting from Paumanok* 27.

TO YOU

*title* ] *LG 1871*; Poem of You, Whoever You Are *LG 1856*; To You, Whoever You Are *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 4 *LG 1867*.

44 *hopples* fetters.

45 *promulges* Webster 1841: ‘promulge – to teach, or publish’, here meaning ‘declares itself’.

FRANCE, THE 18TH YEAR OF THESE STATES

Appeared in *LG 1860*; and in *LG 1871* and *LG 1876* as one of the *Songs of Insurrection*. The French Revolutionary Tribunal took place in 1794.

6 *tumbrils* a farmer’s dung cart; one of the kind used to carry condemned persons to the guillotine.

7 *battues* wholesale slaughters; OED cites an example from 1864: ‘the great *battue* of St Bartholomew’s Day’.

22 *chansonniers* French: song writers.

## NOTES FOR PP. 265–72

28 *mafemme* French : my woman; here ‘Democracy’.

MYSELF AND MINE

*title* ] *LG 1871 Second Issue*; Leaves of Grass, No. 10 *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 2 *LG 1867*.

11 *promulge Webster 1841*: 'to publish or teach'. 25...*indirections?* after this line in *LG 1860* read: Let others deny the evil their enemies charge against them – but how can I

the like? Nothing ever has been, or ever can be, charged against me, half as bad as the

evil I really am.

YEAR OF METEORS (1859-60)

Appeared in *1865* and *LG 1867*.

3 *tgth Presidentiad* the 1860 Lincoln-Douglas contest.

4 *old man* John Brown (1800-1859) the Abolitionist, who was hanged on 2 December 1859.

11 *fair stripling* Edward, Prince of Wales, who visited New York in October 1860.

15 *Great Eastern* the British steamship which arrived in New York on 28 June 1860.

WITH ANTECEDENTS

First printed New York *Saturday Press*, 14 January 1860, entitled *You and Me*

*and To-Day*.

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Chants Democratic, No. 7 *LG 1860*.

5 *the Alb* an Englishman, a man of Albion, Whitman's coinage.

7 *the skald* an ancient Scandinavian poet; also sometimes used generally

to mean a poet.

#### A BROADWAY PAGEANT

First printed *New York Times*, 27 June 1860, entitled *The Errand-Bearers*, title] LG 1867; in 1865 with a subtitle (Reception Japanese Embassy, June 16, 1860) -

1 *Nippon* now more commonly spelled ‘Nippon’, but most nineteenth-century gazetteers give *Nippon* as the preferred spelling for the empire of Japan.

5 *Libertad!* Spanish: ‘Liberty!’ 25 *Antipodes* the opposite point on the globe.

32 *cantabile* OED: ‘a piece or passage of music in cantabile [flowing] style’. The OED cites an example of 1856: ‘It expresses them admirably in its cantabile’.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 272–6

44 *bonze, brahmin, and llama* a Japanese Buddhist monk; a Hindu priest; a

Tibetan priest.

69 *eldest son* Edward VII, then Prince of Wales; see *Years of Meteors* (18<sub>59</sub>-60).

#### *Sea-Drift*

A group title for eleven poems in LG 1881 \ included are seven poems from *SeaShore Memories*, LG 1871 *Second Issue*, two new poems, and two

poems transferred from *LG 1876*.

## OUT OF THE CRADLE ENDLESSLY ROCKING

First printed New York *Saturday Press*, 24 December 1859, entitled *A Child's*

*Reminiscence. ?*

*title J LG 1871; A Word Out of the Sea LG 1860.*

1-31 *Out... translating ~\in LG 1860 the first thirty-two lines read as follows:*

Out of the rocked cradle,

Out of the mocking-bird's throat, the musical shuttle,

Out of the boy's mother's womb, and from the nipples of her breasts,

Out of the Ninth Month midnight,

Over the sterile sands, and the fields beyond, where the child, leaving  
his bed,

wandered alone, bare-headed, barefoot, Down from the showered halo,

Up from the mystic play of shadows, twining and twisting as if they were  
alive,

Out from the patches of briars and blackberries, From the memories of  
the bird that chanted to me,

From your memories, sad brother – from the fitful risings and fallings I  
heard, From under that yellow half-moon, late-risen, and swollen as if  
with tears, From those beginning notes of sickness and love, there in the  
transparent mist, From the thousand responses of my heart, never to

cease, From the myriad thence-aroused words, From the word stronger  
and more delicious than any, From such, as now they start, the scene  
revisiting, As a flock, twittering, rising, or overhead passing, Borne  
hither – ere all eludes me, hurriedly, A man – yet by these tears a little  
boy again, Throwing myself on the sand, confronting the waves, I,  
chanter of pains and joys, uniter of here and hereafter, Taking all hints  
to use them – but swiftly leaping beyond them, A reminiscence sing.

### NOTES FOR PP. 272–85

#### REMINISCENCE:

Once, Paumanok,

When the snows had melted, and the Fifth Month grass was growing,

Up this sea-shore, in some briers,

Two guests from Alabama – two together,

And their nest, and four light-green eggs, spotted with brown,

And every day the he-bird, to and fro, near at hand,

And every day the she-bird, crouched on her nest, silent, with bright  
eyes,

And every day I, a curious boy, never too close, never disturbing them,

Cautiously peering, absorbing, translating.

3 *Ninth-month* Quaker designation for September.

23 *Paumanok* Indian name (meaning 'fish-shaped') for Long Island, New  
York.

144 ] Bird I (then said the boy's Soul,) *LG 1860*.

AS I EBB'D WITH THE OCEAN OF LIFE

First printed *Atlantic Monthly*, April 1860, entitled *Bardic Symbols*.

Appeared as part of the group called *SeaShore Memories* in *LG 1871 Second Issue* and *LG 1876*.

*title ] LG 1881*; Leaves of Grass, No. 1 *LG 1860*; Elemental drifts *LG 1867*  
(derived from opening lines, later dropped: Elemental drifts I/O I wish I  
could impress others as you and the waves have just been impressing  
me).

35-7 *You oceans ... and all ] in LG 1860 read:*

You oceans both! you tangible land!

Nature! Be not too rough with me – I submit -

I close with you,

These little shreds shall, indeed, stand for all.

59-60 (*See ... rolling,*) James Russell Lowell, as editor of the *Atlantic Monthly*, refused to print these two lines.

TEARS

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue* and *LG 1876* among *SeaShore Memories*

with the present title.

*title ] LG 1871 Second Issue, LG 1876*; Leaves of Grass, No. 2 *LG 1867*.

TO THE MAN-OF-WAR BIRD



First printed London *Athenaeum*, 1 April 1876, and pasted into some volumes of *LG 1876*. The poem is a near paraphrase of Ju'es Michelet's *The Bird* and Whitman acknowledged his indebtedness in the Philadelphia *Progress*, 16 November 1878.

## NOTES FOR PP. 286–9 ABOARD AT A SHIP'S HELM

*title*] *LG 1871 Second Issue in SeaShore Memories*) ; Leaves of Grass, No. 3 *LG 1867*.

### ON THE BEACH AT NIGHT

Appeared in *LG 18yi Second Issue*, in the group *SeaShore Memories*.

10 *Pleiades* a group of stars in the constellation Taurus.

### THE WORLD BELOW THE BRINE

*title* ] *LG 1871 Second Issue (in SeaShore Memories)* ; Leaves of Grass, No. 16 *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 4 *LG 1867*.

5 *aliment* sustenance.

### ON THE BEACH AT NIGHT ALONE

This poem was revived extensively for *LG 1867*.

*title* ] *LG 1871 Second Issue*; Clef Poem *LG 1856*; Leaves of Grass, No. 12 *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 1 *LG 1867*. The title in *LG 1856* means

‘due’ or ‘key’. In this edition the poem read: This night I am happy

As I watch the stars shining, I think a thought of the clef of the universe and the future.

What can the future hold for me more than I have? Do you suppose I

wish to enjoy life in other spheres?

I say distinctly I comprehend no better sphere than this earth, I  
comprehend no better life than the life of my body.

I do not know what follows the death of my body,

But I know well that whatever it is, it is best for me,

And I know well that what is really Me shall live just as much as before.

I am not uneasy but I shall have good housing to myself, But this is my  
first – how can I like the rest any better? Here I grew up – the studs and  
rafters are grown parts of me.

I am not uneasy but I am to be beloved by young and old men and to  
love

them the same, I suppose the pink nipples of the breasts of women with  
whom I shall sleep

will taste the same to my lips. But this is a nipple of a breast of my  
mother, always near and always divine to me, her true child and son,  
(whatever comes.)

I suppose I am to be eligible to visit the stars, in my time,

I suppose I shall have myriads of new experiences – and that the  
experience

of this earth will prove only one out of myriads; But I believe my body  
and my soul already indicate those experiences,

## **NOTES FOR PP. 289–92**

And I believe I shall find nothing in the stars more majestic and beautiful

And I believe I shall find nothing in the stars more majestic and beautiful  
than

I have already found on the earth,

And I believe that I have this night a clue through the universes, I  
believe I have this night thought a thought of the clef of eternity.

A vast similitude interlocks all,

All spheres, grown, ungrown, small, large, suns, moons, planets, comets,  
asteroids.

All the substances of the same and all that is spiritual upon the same, All  
distances of place however wide, All distances of time, all inanimate  
forms, All souls, all living bodies though they be in different worlds, All  
gaseous, watery, vegetable, mineral processes, the fishes, the brutes, All  
men and women – me also, All nations, colors, barbarisms, civilizations,  
languages, All identities that have existed on this globe, or any globe, All  
lives and deaths all of the past, present, future, This vast similitude spans  
them, and always has spanned, and shall forever span them.

#### SONG FOR ALL SEAS, ALL SHIPS

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 4 April 1873, entitled *Sea Captains  
Young or Old*. The poem was written after the loss of two steamships in  
1873, the *Northfleet* and the *Atlantic*; more than eight hundred people  
were drowned. *title* ] *LG* 1876.

#### PATROLING BARNEGAT

First printed *American*, June 1880; then appeared in *LG* 1881. Barnegat  
Bay is off the coast of Ocean county, New Jersey.

WETTED THE SEA CLIMB

#### AFTER THE SEA-SHIP

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, December 1874, entitled *In the Wake*

*Following.*

*title ] LG 1876.*

*By the Roadside*

A group title for twenty-nine poems in *LG 1881*, three of which were newly written. The first two are from *LG 1855*, sixteen from *LG 1860*, five from *186s*, <sup>one</sup> from *LG 1867* and two from *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

A BOSTON BALLAD (1854)

Appeared in *LG 1855*. *Blodgett and Bradley* note that it was probably composed in June 1854 <sup>on the</sup> arrest of the fugitive slave Anthony Burns in Boston

#### NOTES FOR PP. 292–8

shortly before the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska bill affirming ‘local option’ on slavery.

*title JLG 1871*; Poem of Apparitions in Boston, the 78th Year of These States *LG 1856*; A Boston Ballad *LG 1860*; To Get Betimes in Boston Town *LG*

*1867.*

3 *Jonathan* a New England rustic.

EUROPE, THE 72D AND 73D YEARS OF THESE STATES

First printed New York *Daily Tribune*, 21 June 1850, entitled *Resurgemus*.  
The poem was occasioned by the year of European revolutions, 1848.  
Appeared untitled in *LG 1855*.

*title*] *LG 1860*; Poem of the Dead Young Men of Europe, the 73d and 73d  
Years of These States *LG 1856*.

#### A HAND-MIRROR

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

#### GODS

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue* with two opening lines later dropped:  
‘Thought of the Infinite – the All/Be thou my god’.

#### GERMS

*title* ] *LG 1871*; Leaves of Grass, No. 19 *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 2  
*LG 1867*.

#### THOUGHTS

Appeared in *LG 1860* and *LG 1867* as the second of a group of poems  
called *Thoughts*; the present first line is from the fourth poem of that  
group and added to this poem in *LG 1871*. In *LG 1860* the poem began:  
Of waters, forest, hills;

Of the earth at large, whispering through medium of me...

#### WHEN I HEARD THE LEARN'D ASTRONOMER

First published in 186\$; then appeared in *LG 1867*.

#### PERFECTIONS

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

O ME! O LIFE!

First published in *1865 Sequel*; then appeared in *LG 1867*.

## NOTES FOR PP. 299–302

### TO A PRESIDENT

Appeared in *LG 1860* in the *Messenger Leaves* group. The American President referred to is James Buchanan, fifteenth President of the United States (1857-61) . Whitman was openly disdainful of Buchanan and his tolerance of slavery. In an article written to support Fremont in 1856 (reprinted in *Walt Whitman's Workshop* > (1964) , 100-101)

Whitman wrote: Stript of padding and paint, who are Buchanan and Fillmore? What has this age to do with them? Two galvanized old men, close on the summons to depart this life, their early contemporaries long since gone, only they two left, relics and proofs of the little political bargains, chances, combinations, resentments of a past age, having nothing in common with this age, standing for the first crop of political graves and grave-stones planted in These States, but in no sort standing for the lusty young growth of the modern times of The States.

### I SIT AND LOOK OUT

*title* ] *LG 1871*; *Leaves of Grass*, No. 17 *LG 1860*; *Leaves of Grass*, No. 5 *LG 1867*.

### TO RICH GIVERS

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

### THE DALLIANCE OF THE EAGLES

First printed *Cope's Tobacco Plant*, November 1880; then appeared in *LG 1881*.

ROAMING IN THOUGHT Appeared in *LG 1881*.

A FARM PICTURE

Appeared in *186s*; then *LG 1867*.

A CHILD'S AMAZE

Appeared in *1865*; then *LG 1867*.

THE RUNNER

Appeared in *LG 1867*.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

Appeared in *LG 1860* as a stanza from the poem *Debris*; then as a separate

poem in *LG 1867*.

*title ] LG 1871*; Picture *LG 1867*.

**NOTES FOR PP. 302–4 MOTHER AND BABE**

Appeared in *186s*; then *LG 1867*.

THOUGHT

*title ] LG 1871*; Thoughts, No. 7 *LG 1860*.

VISOR'D

Appeared in *LG 1860* as a stanza from the poem *Debris*; then as a separate poem, with the present title, in *LG 1867*.

## THOUGHT

Appeared in *LG 1860* as the third and fourth lines of *Thoughts, No. 4*; then as a separate poem in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

## GLIDING O'ER ALL

Appeared as the epigraph on the title page of *Passage to India* in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

## HAST NEVER COME TO THEE AN HOUR

Appeared in *LG 1881*.

## THOUGHT

Appeared in *LG 1860* as the second line of *Thoughts, No. 4*; then as a separate poem, with the present title, in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

## TO OLD AGE

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

## LOCATIONS AND TIMES

This poem is a revision of four lines (133-6) of the *LG 1856 Sun-Down Poem*,

later entitled *Crossing Brooklyn Ferry*.

*title JLG 1871 Second Issue; Leaves of Grass, No. 23 LG 1860.*

## OFFERINGS

Appeared in *LG 1860* as the seventh stanza of *Debris*; then as a separate poem

*title J LG 1871 Second Issue; Picture LG 1867.*



## NOTES FOR PP. 304–19 TO THE STATES

Appeared in *LG 1860*. Whitman in his 'Blue-Copy' (New York Public Library) notes that this poem was composed in the years from 1857-9; the Presidents referred to are Millard Fillmore, the thirteenth President of the United States (1850-53) ; Franklin Pierce, the fourteenth President (1853-7) ; and James Buchanan, the fifteenth President (1857-61) . See Whitman's *To a President* (p. 299) . 7 *lambent* flickering.

### *Drum-Taps*

A group title for forty-three poems. *Drum-Taps* was published separately in 1865 and originally consisted of fifty-three poems; *Sequel to Drum-Taps*, including *When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloom'd*, appeared in the autumn of the same year; it contained eighteen poems and was bound into the second issue of *Drum-Taps*. Both were incorporated into *LG 1867* as annexes and in *LG 1871* appeared in the main body of the text. The grouping which follows dates from *LG 188r*, twenty-nine of the original *Drum-Taps* poems being retained and nine of the *Sequel*.

### FIRST O SONGS FOR A PRELUDE

Appeared in /S65.

*title]* *LG 1881*; *Drum-Taps 1865*, *LG 1867*.

### EIGHTEEN SIXTY-ONE

Appeared in 1865; then *LG 1867*.

BEAT! BEAT! DRUMS!

First printed *Harper's Weekly*, and *New York Leader*, 28 September 1861;

then 186s and LG 1867.

FROM PAUMANOK STARTING I FLY LIKE A BIRD

Appeared in 1865; then LG 1867.

SONG OF THE BANNER AT DAYBREAK

Appeared in 1865 and LG 1867; in LG 1871 and LG 1876 it formed a part of a group called *Bathed in War's Perfume*.

RISE O DAYS FROM YOUR FATHOMLESS DEEPS

Appeared in 1865; then LG 1867.

VIRGINIA-THE WEST

First published in *As a Strong Bird On Pinions Free*, 1872; then LG 1876.

## NOTES FOR PP. 319–32 CITY OF SHIPS

Appeared in 1865; then LG1867.

THE CENTENARIAN'S STORY

Appeared in 1805; then LG 1867; composed before 1860. The story is based on the Battle of Long Island which occurred on 27 August 1776 and allowed for Washington's safe retreat across the East River.

39 *Declaration* the American Declaration of Independence was signed on 2 August 1776.

41 *General* George Washington.

56 *Gomanus' maters* Gowanus bay lies south-west of the battleground.

CAVALRY CROSSING A FORD

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

7 *guidon Webster* 1841: 'the flag or standard of a troop of cavalry'.

BIVOUAC ON A MOUNTAIN SIDE

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

AN ARMY CORPS ON THE MARCH

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel*; then *LG* 1867.

*title*] *LG* 1871; An Army on the March *LG* 1867.

BY THE BIVOUAC'S FITFUL FLAME

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

COME UP FROM THE FIELDS FATHER

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

VIGIL STRANGE I KEPT ON THE FIELD ONE NIGHT

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

A MARCH IN THE RANKS HARD-PREST, AND THE ROAD UNKNOWN

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

A SIGHT IN CAMP IN THE DAYBREAK GRAY AND DIM

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

AS TOILSOME I WANDER'D VIRGINIA'S WOODS

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

NOTES FOR PP. 333–43 NOT THE PILOT

Appeared in *LG 1860* as a part of the group *Debris*; then as a separate poem, with the present title, in *LG 1867*.

YEAR THAT TREMBLED AND REEL'D BENEATH ME

Appeared in 1865; then *LG 1867*.

THE WOUND-DRESSER

First appeared in 1868.

*title J LG 1881*; The Dresser *LG 1867*.

LONG, TOO LONG AMERICA

First appeared in 1865.

*title J LG 1881*; Long, Too Long, O Land *LG 1867*.

GIVE ME THE SPLENDID SILENT SUN

Appeared in 1865; then *LG 1867*.

24 *trottoirs* OED: 'a paved footway on each side of the street'; Mrs Trollope, in *Domestic Manners of Americans* (1832) , comments that 'the trottoir paving, in most of the streets, is extremely good, being of large flag stones, very superior to the bricks of Philadelphia'.

DIRGE FOR TWO VETERANS

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel*; then *LG 1867*.

OVER THE CARNAGE ROSE PROPHECIC A VOICE

Appeared in *LG 1860*, entitled *Calamus, No. 5*, with the exception of the first and last lines; included in its present form in 1865 and *LG 1867*.

I SAW OLD GENERAL AT BAY

Appeared in /S6y; then *LG* 1867.

#### THE ARTILLERYMAN'S VISION

First appeared in 1865.

*title* ] *LG* 1871; The Veteran's Vision *LG* 1867.

#### ETHIOPIA SALUTING THE COLORS

Appeared in *LG* 1871 as a part of the group *Bathed in War's Perfume*.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 343–6 NOT YOUTH PERTAINS TO ME

Appeared in 1865\ then *LG* 1867.

#### RACE OF VETERANS

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel*; then *LG* 1867.

#### WORLD TAKE GOOD NOTICE

Appeared in 1867; then *LG* 1867. In the *Century Magazine*, LIX (February 1911) , 532, an earlier manuscript version now at Yale University reads as follows: *Rise, lurid stars*

Rise, lurid stars, woolly white no more; Change, angry cloth – weft of the silver stars no more; Orbs blushing scarlet – thirty-four stars, red as flame, On the blue bunting this day we sew.

World take good notice, silver stars have vanished; Orbs now of scarlet – mortal coals, all aglow, Dots of molten iron, wakeful and ominous, On the blue bunting henceforth appear.

2 *ript Webster 1841*: 'pp. for *ripped*, torn or cut off or out'. *weft Webster 1841*: 'the woof; the threads that cross the warp'.

3 *thirty-eight* Colorado, the thirty-eighth state, was admitted to the Union on 1 August 1876.

O TAN-FACED PRAIRIE-BOY

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

LOOK DOWN FAIR MOON

Appeared in 1865; then *LG* 1867.

RECONCILIATION

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel*; then *LG* 1867.

HOW SOLEMN AS ONE BY ONE

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel*; then *LG* 1867.

AS I LAY WITH MY HEAD IN YOUR LAP CAMERADO

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel*; then *LG* 1867. For a note on the word 'Camerado' see *Starting from Paumanok* 123ft.

**NOTES FOR PP. 346–59**

DELICATE CLUSTER'

Appeared in *LG* 1871 in the group *Bathed in War's Perfume*. 5 cerulean deep blue.

TO A CERTAIN CIVILIAN

First appeared in 1865, then *LG* 1867.

*title* ] *LG* 187 ] *Second Issue*; Did You Ask Dulcet Rhymes from Me? *LG* 1867.

LO, VICTRESS ON THE PEAKS

Appeared in *1865 Sequel*; then *LG 1867*.

SPIRIT WHOSE WORK IS DONE

Appeared in *1865 Sequel*; then *LG 1867*.

ADIEU TO A SOLDIER

Appeared in *LG 1871* in the group *Marches Now the War is Over*.

TURN'O LIBERTAD

Appeared in *1865*; then *LG 1867*.

TO THE LEAVEN'D SOIL THEY TROD

Appeared in *1865 Sequel*; then *LG 1867*.

*Memories of President Lincoln*

A group title for four poems in *LG 1881*; in *LG 1871 Second Issue* this group was entitled *President Lincoln's Burial Hymn*.

WHEN LILACS LAST IN THE DOORYARD BLOOM'D

Appeared in *1865 Sequel*; then *LG 1867*. The poem was composed in the weeks following Lincoln's assassination on 14 April 1865. The funeral train left Washington, DC, for Springfield, Illinois on 21 April, six days after Lincoln died. Whitman's lecture on the 'Death of Abraham Lincoln' may be found in *Specimen Days and Collect* (1882).

*2 great star Venus.*

135 *Come lovely* first italicized in *LG 1871 Second Issue*. *Death Carol*, a subtitle for this italicized section, was dropped in *LG 1881*.

O CAPTAIN! MY CAPTAIN!

First printed New York *Saturday Press*, 4 November 1865; then 1865 *Sequel* and LG 1867.

## NOTES FOR PP. 360–79

### HUSH'D BE THE CAMPS TO-DAY

Appeared in 1865; then LG 1867. Lincoln was buried in Springfield, Illinois on 4 May 1865.

### THIS DUST WAS ONCE THE MAN

Appeared in LG 1871 *Second Issue*.

### BY BLUE ONTARIO'S SHORE

First appeared in LG 1856, when, as *Blodgett and Bradley* note, about one-fourth of its then 280 lines came from the *Preface* of LG 1855. In LG 1867 it was part of the group called *Songs Before Parting*, and in LG 1876 of the group *Marches Now the War is Over*.

*title* J LG 1881; Poem of the Many in One LG 1856; Chants Democratic, No. 1 LG 1860; As I Sat Alone by Blue Ontario's Shore LG 1867.

75 *embouchure* Webster 1841: '1. a mouth, or aperture, as of a river, cannon, etc. 2. the mouth-hole of a wind instrument of music'. The noun is used here as an adjective and parallels the construction in the line above: wars finding a voice in him, bays finding a mouth in him.

88 *Year One* the first year of American independence.

90 *blatherers* Webster 1841: *blathercr*: a 'noisy, blustering boaster'; OED



notes that the American spelling – *blather* – is more common than the English *blether* and cites the *Richmond Inquirer* in 1865: ‘All the eloquence and all the blather in the world will not alter the facts’.

99 *amativeness* OED: ‘a word derived from phrenology meaning propensity to love, or sexual passions’, citing Swinburne in 1869: ‘The satyrs retain their natural amativeness’.

## REVERSALS

Appeared in *LG 1856* as part of the *Poem of the Propositions of Nakedness*; this fifty-seven line poem was entitled *Chants Democratic, No. 5* in *LG 1860* and *Respondez* in *LG 1867*; it was dropped in *LG 1881* with the exception of these six lines with the present title and three lines which were saved to make the poem *Transpositions*.

## *Autumn Rivulets*

A group title for thirty-eight poems in *LG 1881*, four of which are new.

## AS CONSEQUENT, ETC.

Appeared in *LG 1881*; some of its lines, however, are from rejected poems of *LG 1876*.

22 *vasting* OED: ‘v.trans. to lay waste, destroy.’ M. M. Mathews in his *Dictionary of Americanisms* (Chicago, 1951) points out that the word *vastation*, meaning ‘purification by destruction of evil impulses’, has special American overtones in the writings of Emerson and Howells, and later, William James.

## NOTES FOR PP. 379–93

## THE RETURN OF THE HEROES

First printed *Galaxy*, September 1867, entitled *A Carol of Harvest for 1867*; then appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue* and, with its present title, in *LG 1881*.

8 *parturient Webster 1841*: 'bringing forth or about to bring forth young'.

## THERE WAS A CHILD WENT FORTH

Appeared untitled in *LG 1855*.

*title* ] Poem of the Child That Went Forth, and Always Goes Forth, Forever and Forever *LG 1856*; Leaves of Grass, No. 9 *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 1 *LG 1867*.

## OLD IRELAND

First printed *New York Leader*, 2 November 1861; then appeared 1865 and *LG 1867*.

## THE CITY DEAD-HOUSE

Appeared in *LG 1867*.

## THIS COMPOST

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Poem of Wonder at the Resurrection of the Wheat *LG 1856*; Leaves of Grass, No. 4 *LG 1860*.

## TO A FOIL'D EUROPEAN REVOLUTIONAIRE

*title* ] *LG 1871*; Liberty Poem for Asia, Europe, America, Australia, Cuba, and the Archipelagoes of the Sea *LG 18560*; a Foiled Revolter or Revoltress *LG 1860*.

5 *tushes* teeth.

16 *garroté* Spanish method of capital punishment by strangulation; the apparatus for inflicting this punishment, a wooden stick which when turned tightens the rope. The accent is erroneous and first appeared in *1888 Complete*. It did not appear in the softbound issue of LG 1891-2, according to *Blodgett and Bradley*.

#### UNNAMED LANDS

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 395–406

#### SONG OF PRUDENCE

This poem is taken from the Preface to *LG 1855*] *LG 1881*; Poem of the Last Explanation of Prudence *LG 1856*; Leaves of Grass, No. 5 *LG 1860*; Manhattan's Streets I Saunter'd, Pondering *LG 1867*.

#### THE SINGER IN THE PRISON

First printed Washington *Saturday Evening Visitor*, 25 December 1869; then appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*. The poem celebrates the visit of the singer Parepa-Rosa to Sing Sing Prison.

#### WARBLE FOR LILAC-TIME

First printed *Galaxy*, May 1870; then appeared *LG 1871 Second Issue*. 4 *hylas* tree-toads; the piping frog.

#### OUTLINES FOR A TOMB

First printed *Galaxy*, January 1870, entitled *Brother of All, with Generous Hand*; then appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue* and with its present title,

LG 1881. George Peabody (1795-1869) founded the Peabody Anthropological Museums at Yale and Harvard Universities.

47 *Patapsco* a Maryland river near Baltimore.

#### OUT FROM BEHIND THIS MASK

First printed New York *Tribune*, 19 February 1876; then appeared in LG 1876 with the note ‘To confront My Portrait, illustrating “the Wound-Dresser”, in *Leaves of Grass*’. The wood-engraving of W. J. Linton was derived from a photograph by G. C. Potter taken in 1871.

13 *burin’d* engraved.

#### VOCALISM

Appeared in LG 1881. The poem combines, however, two previously published poems: section one from *Chants Democratic*, No. 12 in LG 1860; section two from *Leaves of Grass*, No. 21 in LG 1860. In LG 1871 *Chants Democratic*, No. 12 was known as *The Oratists*, and the poem *Leaves of Grass*, No. 21 was entitled *Voices*.

#### TO HIM THAT WAS CRUCIFIED

Appeared in LG 1860.

#### YOU FELONS ON TRIAL IN COURTS

*title* ] LG 1867; *Leaves of Grass*, No. 13 LG 1860.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 407–13

#### LAWS FOR CREATIONS

*title ] LG 1871; Chants Democratic, No. 13 LG 1860; Leaves of Grass, No. 13 LG 1867.*

TO A COMMON PROSTITUTE

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

I WAS LOOKING A LONG WHILE

*title ] LG 1867; Chants Democratic, No. 19 LG 1860.*

THOUGHT

*title ] LG 1871; Thoughts, No. 3 LG 1860. 8 sonnambules sleep walkers.*

MIRACLES

*title ] LG 1867; Poem of Perfect Miracles LG 1856; Leaves of Grass, No. 8 LG 1860.*

SPARKLES FROM THE WHEEL

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

TO A PUPIL

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

UNFOLDED OUT OF THE FOLDS

*title ] LG 1871; Poem of Women LG 1865 Leaves of Grass, No. 14 LG 1860; Leaves of Grass, No. 2 LG 1867.*

WHAT AM I AFTER ALL

*title ] LG 1871 Second Issue; Leaves of Grass, No. 22 LG 1860; Leaves of Grass, No. 4 LG 1867.*

KOSMOS

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

OTHERS MAY PRAISE WHAT THEY LIKE

Appeared in 1865; then *LG 1867*.

**NOTES FOR PP. 413–20**

**WHO LEARNS MY LESSON COMPLETE?**

Appeared untitled in *LG 1855*.

*title* ] *LG 1871 Second Issue*; Lesson Poem *LG 1856*; Leaves of Grass, No. 11

*LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 3 *LG 1867*.

9 *quits and quits* equally.

TESTS

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

THE TORCH

Appeared in 1865, then *LG 1867*.

O STAR OF FRANCE (1870-71)

First printed *Galaxy*, June 1871; included in *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free* (1872) and *LG 1876*. The Franco-Prussian war concluded with the signing of the Treaty of Frankfurt in 1871; in May of that year an insurrection by the Commune of Paris followed French ratification.

THE OX-TAMER

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, December 1874; then *LG* 1876.

#### AN OLD MAN'S THOUGHT OF SCHOOL

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 3 November 1874; then *LG* 1876.

#### WANDERING AT MORN

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 15 March 1873, entitled *The Singing Thrush*; then *LG* 1876.

4 *evil times* 1873 was a year of financial depression.

#### ITALIAN MUSIC IN DAKOTA

Appeared in *LG* 1881.

9 *Sonnambula's innocent love* in Bellini's opera *La Sonnambula* the heroine, Amina, walks in her sleep into the room of a stranger and is accused of unfaithfulness.

*Norma's anguish* in this Bellini opera the heroine's love makes it impossible for her to take revenge upon her unfaithful lover.

10 *Poliuto* an opera by Donizetti.

#### WITH ALL THY GIFTS

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 6 March 1873; then *LG* 1876.

#### NOTES FOR PP. [421–6](#)

#### MY PICTURE GALLERY

First printed in *American*, 30 October 1880; then *LG* 1881. See *Pictures* in Appendix 3, p. 665.

## THE PRAIRIE STATES

First printed in manuscript facsimile in *Art Autography* May 1880; then *LG 1881*.

## PROUD MUSIC OF THE STORM

First printed *Atlantic Monthly*, February 1869; then *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

22 *cantabile* melodious and flowing sound; here referring to the harp's arpeggios as opposed to the flute's clear, single notes.

24 *Victoria !* Queen of England (1837-1901) . *Blodgett and Bradley* suggest that Whitman is referring to the Crimean War and the charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava in 1854, or to the fact that while England remained neutral during the American Civil War it was openly sympathetic to the South.

31 *minnesingers* medieval German lyric poets and musicians who sang of love and beauty.

48 *the Paradiso* the concluding part of Dante's *Divina Commedia*.

52 *Tutti!* Italian: all together; the conductor's command to the orchestra to play.

54 *strophe* one of the alternating movements of the Greek choral dance.

77 *Norma* the heroine of Bellini's opera of that name.

78 *Lucia* the heroine of Donizetti's opera *Lucia di Lammermoor*. She is driven mad by marriage to a man who does not love her.

80 *Ernani* the hero of Verdi's opera of that name; his suicide is the result of his unattainable love.



85 *trombone duo* referring to a trombone duet in Bellini's *I Puritani*.

89 *Fernando* the hero of Donizetti's opera *La Favorita*.

90 *Atnina* the heroine of *La Sonnambula*.

94 *Alboni* Marietta Alboni was an opera singer much admired by Whitman. 97 *Meyerbeer* Giacomo Meyerbeer (1791-1863) was the composer of *Les Huguenots* and other operas.

107 *Eleusis* ancient Greek city.

*Ceres* Roman goddess of harvest.

110 *Corybantian* a Corybant was one of the mythical attendants of the goddess Cybele; supposedly they accompanied her with wild dances and music as her torchlight processions wound through the mountains. in *flageolets* small wooden instruments which make a shrill sound.

119 *the king* an ancient Chinese instrument struck with a hammer.

120 *vina* a Hindu zither-like instrument.

121 *bayaderes* Indian dancing girls and singers.

124 *Eine... Gott* German: 'A Mighty Fortress is our God'.

125 *Stabat Mater dolorosa* Italian: 'she stood, the sorrowing Mother'.

## NOTES FOR PP. 426–38

Rossini's oratorio has as its subject the events of the Crucifixion, and takes its title from the posture of Mary before the Cross.

127 *Agnus Dei* or *Gloria in Excelsis* Latin: 'the Lamb of God'; 'Glory in the Highest'. Both are hymns sung during High Mass.

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137 *The Creation* an oratorio by Franz Joseph Haydn.

## PASSAGE TO INDIA

First published in 1871 as the title poem of a volume of seventy-five poems, twenty-three of which were new; this volume was bound as a supplement to *LG 1871 Second Issue*; the poem received its present position *LG 1881*.

4 *Seven* the seven wonders of the ancient world were: the Egyptian pyramids; the tomb of Halicarnassus; the temple of Artemis at Ephesus; the hanging gardens of Babylon; the Colossus of Rhodes; the statue of Zeus at Olympia; and the lighthouse at Alexandria.

5 *Suez* the Suez Canal was opened in 1869.

6 *railroad* the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific were joined in 1869.

7 *wires* the Atlantic cable was completed in 1866.

17 *Eclaircise* OED: to clear up. Newton in 1754 writes: 'till time shall accomplish and eclaircise all the particulars'.

44 *Empress Eugenie's leading the van* the wife of Napoleon III was one of the official party aboard *L'Aigle*, the steamship which lead the procession inaugurating the opening of the Suez Canal.

49-64 *I see over ... Asia* *Blodgett and Bradley* point out that these lines follow the railroad route from Omaha to San Francisco.

65 *Genoese* Christopher Columbus.

76 *Vasco de Gama do Gama*, a Portuguese, was the first European to sail around Africa to India.

119 *doge of Venice* the doge, as chief magistrate, annually performed a ceremony celebrating the 'marriage' of the City of Venice to the Adriatic Sea.

137 *Tamerlane...Aurungzebe* Tamerlane (?1336-1405) conquered Turkey and Persia; Aurungzebe (1618-1707) was a warring Emperor of Hindustan. 139 *Marco Polo* a Venetian (1254-1324) who travelled to Cathay.

*Batouta the Moor* Batoutah was a fourteenth-century traveller in Egypt and China; only fragments of his diaries have been discovered.

156 *Pahs* Spanish seaport from which Columbus sailed. 228 *Vedas* ancient Hindu scriptures.

240 *Sirius and Jupiter!* Sirius, or the Dog-Star, is the greatest star in the heavens; Jupiter is one of the largest and brightest planets.

#### PRAYER OF COLUMBUS

First printed *Harper's Magazine*, March 1874; then appeared in *LG* 1876.

22 *emprises Webster* 1841: 'emprise – an undertaking'.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 440–47

#### THE SLEEPERS

Appeared untitled in *LG* 1855.

*title* ] *LG* 1871; Night Poem *LG* 1856; Steep Chasings *LG* 1860.

8 *ennuyés* those affected by ennui, weariness and boredom. OED cites a title by Mrs Jameson in 1826: *Diary of an Enmtyiée*.

34 *douceurs Webster 1841*: 'douceur – a gift, a bribe'.

35 *Cache Webster 1841*: 'a hole in the ground for hiding and preserving provisions which it is inconvenient to carry...'.

40 *cunning* knowing.

59 *I fade away* after section 1, *LG 1855* read:

O hot-cheek'd and blushing! O foolish hectic !

O for pity's sake, no one must see me now! my clothes were stolen while  
I was abed,

Now I am thrust forth, where shall I run?

Pier that I saw dimly last night, when I look'd from the windows! Pier  
out from the main, let me catch myself with you, and stay – I will chafe  
you, I feel ashamed to go naked about the world.

I am curious to know where my feet stand and what this is flooding me,  
childhood or manhood – and the hunger that crosses the bridge between.

The cloth laps a first sweet eating and drinking,

Laps life-swelling yolks – laps ear of rose-corn, milky and just ripen'd;

The white teeth stay, and the boss-tooth advances in darkness, And  
liquor is spill'd on lips and bosoms by touching glasses, and the best  
liquor afterward.

90 *defeat at Brooklyn* the Battle of Brooklyn Heights took place on 27  
August 1776; the Americans were badly beaten and Washington  
retreated to the city of New York.

116 *again* after section 6, *LG 1855* read:

Now Lucifer was not dead – or if he was, I am his sorrowful terrible heir;  
I have been wrong'd – I am oppress'd – I hate him that oppresses me, I  
will either destroy him, or he shall release me.

Damn him! how he does defile me!

How he informs against my brother and sister, and takes pay for their  
blood! How he laughs when I look down the bend, after the steamboat  
that carries away my woman!

Now the vast dusk bulk that is the whale's bulk, it seems mine; Warily,  
sportman! though I lie so sleepy and sluggish, the tap of my flukes is  
death.

140 *erysipalite* a diseased person affected with inflamed skin.

141 *antipodes Webster 1841*: 'antipode – one who lives on the opposite  
side of the globe, and, of course, those whose feet are directly opposite'.  
Here, those whom we are all against

## NOTES FOR PP. 447–57

### TRANSPOSITIONS

This poem, which first appeared in *LG 1881*, was reconstructed from  
three lines of a poem originally entitled *Poem of the Propositions of  
Nakedness* in *LG 1856*, *Chants Democratic*, No. 5 in *LG 1860* and  
*Repondez* in *LG 1867*. See *Reversals*, (p. 378).

### TO THINK OF TIME

Appeared untitled in *LG 1855*.

*title J LG 1871; Burial Poem LG 1856.*

*II accouchement Webster 1841: 'delivery in childbirth'.*

36 *posh* OED: 'the fragments produced by a smash; a soft, decayed, rotten or pulpy mass; a state of slush; 2. *posh-ice*: ice broken into small fragments.'

OED cites an example of 1885: 'Forcing our way through a stream of posh'.

Whitman's use of the word seems early.

41 *whip* traditionally buried with the driver.

50 *hostler Webster 1841: 'the person who has the care of horses at an inn'.*

*Whispers of Heavenly Death*

A group title for thirteen poems first used in *LG 1871 Second Issue*; in *LG 1881* five more poems were added; in the *London Broadway Magazine* for October 1868, five of these poems appeared with the present group title.

DAREST THOU NOW O SOUL

First printed *London Broadway Magazine*, October 1868; then *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

WHISPERS OF HEAVENLY DEATH

First printed *London Broadway Magazine*, October 1868; then *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

CHANTING THE SQUARE DEIFIC

Appeared in *1865 Sequel* and *LG 1867*. Regarding this poem, Whitman

told Horace Traubel (*With Walt Whitman in Camden*, I, 156): ‘ It would be hard to give the idea mathematical expression: the idea of spiritual equity – the north, south, east, west of the constituted universe (even the soul universe) – the four sides as sustaining the universe (the supernatural something) : this is not the poem but the idea back of the poem or below the poem.’

3 *Jehovah* in Hebrew theology the Supreme Being.

4 *Brahm* Braham: Hindu spirit of the universe; the uncreated creator.

*Saturnius Webster 1841*: Saturn ‘in mythology, one of the oldest and principle deities, the son of Coelus and Terra, (heaven and earth,) and the father of Jupiter. He answers to the Greek *Xgovog*, Chronus or Time.’

## NOTES FOR PP. 457–63

7 *Kronos* in Greek mythology a Titan identified with harvest; the Romans identified him with Saturn; because of the confusion of his name with Chronos,

he came to be regarded as the god of time.

16 *Hermes* an Olympian god; herald and messenger.

*Hercules* son of Jupiter and Alcmene, celebrated for his strength.

29 *sudra* the lowest Hindu caste.

36 *Santa Spirita* the Holy Spirit. The more common Latin phrase is *Spiritus Sanctus* and in Italian, *Spirito Santo*. Whitman’s phrase seems to be his own.

OF HIM I LOVE DAY AND NIGHT

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 17 LG 1860.*

#### YET, YET, YE DOWNCAST HOURS

Appeared in LG 1860 as sections five and six of *Debris*, *title ] LG 1871 Second Issue; Despairing Cries LG 1867.*

#### AS IF A PHANTOM CARESS'D ME

Appeared in LG 1860 as the concluding stanza of *Debris*; and, with its present title, in LG 1867.

#### ASSURANCES

Appeared with its present title in LG 1867 in the *Songs Before Parting* group. *title ] LG 1867; Faith Poem LG 1856; Leaves of Grass, No. 7 LG 1860.*

#### QUICKSAND YEARS

First appeared in 1865.

*title] LG 1871 Second Issue; in 1865 and LG 1867 the first line appeared as the title.*

#### THAT MUSIC ALWAYS ROUND ME

*title ] LG 1867; Calamus, No. 2 LG 1860.*

6 *tutti* Italian; all together; usually a command to an orchestra to proceed to play in unison.

#### WHAT SHIP PUZZLED AT SEA

*title ] LG 1881; Calamus, No. 31 LG 1860; Here, Sailor LG 1867.*



## NOTES FOR PP. 463–6

### A NOISELESS PATIENT SPIDER

First printed London *Broadway Magazine*, October 1868; then *LG 1871 Second Issue*. The manuscript version of 1862-3 (*UPP*, II, 93) differs significantly: The Soul, reaching, throwing out for love, As the spider, from some little promontory, throwing out filament after filament, tirelessly out of itself, that one at least may catch and form a link, a bridge, a connection O I saw one passing alone, saying hardly a word – yet full of love I detected him, by certain signs O eyes wishfully turning! O silent eyes! For then I thought of you oer the world O latent oceans, fathomless oceans of love! O waiting oceans of love! yearning and fervid! and of you sweet souls perhaps in the future, delicious and long: But Dead, unknown on the earth – ungiven, dark here, unspoken, never born: You fathomless latent souls of love – you pent and unknown oceans of love!

O LIVING ALWAYS, ALWAYS DYING

*title* ] *LG 1867*; Calamus, No. 27 *LG 1860*.

TO ONE SHORTLY TO DIE

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

NIGHT ON THE PRAIRIES

*title* ] *JLG 1871 Second Issue*; Leaves of Grass, No. 15 *LG 1860*; Leaves of Grass, No. 3 *LG 1867*.

7 *resum*´ OED glosses *r´sum*´: ‘a summary, epitome’. In 1861 Pattison

writes ‘Some of the papers are mere resumes of English books’ and in 1804 in the *Edinburgh Review*. ‘After a short resum’ of his observations on coffeehouses and prisons’. Whitman’s use of the noun as an adjective is his own.

## THOUGHT

*title ] LG 1871 Second Issue; Thoughts, No. 5 LG 1860.*

4 *the President* a steamship lost between New York and Liverpool in 1841.

5 *Arctic* collided with the French vessel *Vesta* in 1854 with a loss of 350 persons.

## NOTES FOR PP. 466–76

### THE LAST INVOCATION

First printed London *Broadway Magazine*, October 1868; then *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

3 *keep* the stronghold of a medieval castle.

AS I WATCH’D THE PLOUGHMAN PLOUGHING Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

### PENSIVE AND FALTERING

First printed London *Broadway Magazine*, October 1868; then *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

### THOU MOTHER WITH THY EQUAL BROOD

First published in 1872 as the title poem in a volume containing seven additional poems; this volume was bound as a supplement to *LG 1876*, *Two Rivulets*; the poem appeared in its present position *LG 1881*. It was delivered at Dartmouth College Commencement, 26 June 1872.

23 *Saguenay's black stream* a river in Quebec, Canada.

*Huron* the second largest of the Great Lakes.

51 *resume* essence, summation. See note on *Night on the Prairies* 7.

#### A PAUMANOK PICTURE

This poem appeared as canto eight of *Salut au Monde fin LG 1856*. It appeared as a separate poem in *LG 1881*.

2 *moss-bonkers* the menhaden, an Atlantic coast fish commonly used for bait *seine-ends* a large fishing net, the ends of which are joined offshore.

#### *From Noon to Starry Night*

A group title for twenty-one poems in *LG 1881*, five of which were new.

#### THOU ORB ALOFT FULL-DAZZLING

First printed *American*, 4 June 1881, entitled 'A Summer Invocation'; then, with its present title, in *LG 1881*.

#### FACES

Appeared untitled in *LG 1855*.

*title J LC 1871*; Poem of Faces *LG 1856*; Leaf of Faces *LG 1860*; A Leaf of Faces *LG 1867*.

19 *arig Webster 1841*: 'wrig-for wriggle, to move briskly'; OED: (now dialect) 'to move sinuously, or writhingly; to wriggle'. 23 *wabbling*

toppling, uncertain.

## NOTES FOR PP. 476–88

25 *laudanum* formerly any of the various preparations of opium.

*caoutchouc* crude rubber.

39 *speculates* contemplates. 38 *Splay* cut open.

*fores* Traubel records in *With Walt Whitman in Camden*, IV, 243, that when Dr Bucke asked Whitman what he meant by this word he answered: ‘the front, the snout, whatever’.

## THE MYSTIC TRUMPETER

First printed *Kansas Magazine*, February 1872, and included in *As A Strong Bird on Pinions Free* the same year; then *LG* 1876.

19 *imbonded* fettered; a Whitman coinage.

36 *alembic* Webster 1841: ‘a chemical vessel used in distillation; usually made of glass or copper.’

## TO A LOCOMOTIVE IN WINTER

First printed *New York Daily Graphic*, 19 February 1876; *LG* 1876.

## O MAGNET-SOUTH

First printed *Southern Literary Messenger*, 15 July 1860. *title* ] *LG* 1881; Longings for Home *LG* 1860.

5 *Roanoke* ... *Sabine* all rivers of the deep South.

7 *Okeechobee* a lake in Florida.

11 *Pamlico sound* a channel in eastern North Carolina, separated from the Atlantic by narrow barrier beaches.

15 *freebooter* a pillager or member of a predatory band.

#### MANNAHATTA

Appeared in *LG 1860*. The Algonquin Indian name means Marge island'.

#### ALL IS TRUTH

*title J LG 1871*; Leaves of Grass, No. 18 *LG 1860*; Songs Before Parting, No. 1 *LG 1867*.

#### A RIDDLE SONG

First printed *Forney's Magazine*, Philadelphia, 17 April 1880; then *LG 1881*.

#### EXCELSIOR

*title J LG 1867*', Poem of the Heart of the Son of Manhattan Island *LG 1856*; Chants Democratic, No. 15 *LG 1860*.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 489–95

#### AH POVERTIES, WINCINGS, AND SULKY RETREATS

Appeared in *186s*; then *LG 1867*.

#### THOUGHTS

*title J LG 1871*; Thought *LG 1860*.

#### MEDIUMS

*title J LG 1867*; Chants Democratic, No. 16 *LG 1860*.

## WEAVE IN, MY HARDY LIFE

Appeared in 186s; then *LG* 1867.

SPAIN, 1873-74

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 24 March 1873; then *LG* 1876. In December 1874 Don Alfonso was proclaimed King of Spain and the effort to establish a constitutional republic failed.

BY BROAD POTOMAC'S SHORE

First published in *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free*, 1872; then *LG* 1876.

FROM FAR DAKOTA'S CAÑONS (JUNE 25, 1876)

First printed New York *Tribune*, 10 June 1876. It appeared as an intercalation in some editions of *LG* 1876, entitled *A Death Sonnet for Cusler*; and, with its present title, in *LG* 1881.

8 *Custer* General George Armstrong Custer died at Little Big Horn in 1876.

OLD WAR-DREAMS

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel* and *LG* 1867; then *LG* 1871 *Second Issue* as part of the *Ashes of Soldiers* group.

*title* ] *LG* 1881; In *Clouds Descending*, in *Midnight Sleep* 1865 *Sequel*, *LG* 1867; In *Midnight Sleep* *LG* 1871 *Second Issue*.

THICK-SPRINKLED BUNTING

*title* ] *LG* 1871; *Flag of Stars*, *Thick-Sprinkled Bunting* 1865, *LG* 1867.

WHAT BEST I SEE IN THEE

Appeared in *LG* 1881. General Ulysses S. Grant returned from a world

tour in 1879.

## NOTES FOR PP. 495–502

### SPIRIT THAT FORM'D THIS SCENE

First printed *Critic*, 10 September 1881; then *LG* 1881.

### AS I WALK THESE BROAD MAJESTIC DAYS

*title* ] *LG* 1871; Chants Democratic, No. 21 *LG* 1860; As I Walk Solitary, Unattended *LG* 1867.

### A CLEAR MIDNIGHT

Appeared in *LG* 1881.

### *Songs of Parting*

A group title for seventeen poems in *LG* 1881, two of which are new; *Songs Before Parting* is a group title of *LG* 1867; the present group title appeared in *LG* 1871.

### AS THE TIME DRAWS NIGH

*title* ] *LG* 1871; To My Soul *LG* 1860; As Nearing Departure *LG* 1867.

### YEARS OF THE MODERN

Appeared in 1865 and *LG* 1867. Transferred to *Songs of Parting* in *LG* 1871. Holloway notes that lines 11-24 are taken from Whitman's unpublished political tract *The Eighteenth Presidency!* which dates from the campaign of 1856; the tract was published in C J. Furness's *Walt Whitman's Workshop*

00.28).

*title ] LG 1871; Years of the Unperformed 1865, LG 1867.*

## ASHES OF SOLDIERS

Appeared in 1865; then *LG 1867* and *LG 1871 Second Issue*, where it served as the title poem for a group of the same name.

*title ] LG 1871 Second Issue; Hymn of Dead Soldiers 1865, LG 1867.*

## THOUGHTS

This was originally two separate poems: stanza one appeared in *LG 1860* as *Chants Democratic, No. 0*; and stanza two as *Chants Democratic, No. 11* in *LG 1860*; they were combined in *LG 1867* with the present title.

20 *Sitka* in the nineteenth century Sitka was a post village and capital of Alaska and, according to *Lippincott's Gazeteer*, 'one of the principal places in the territory, situated on the west coast of Baranoff Island'.

*Aliaska* sometimes written *Aliashka*, a peninsula of Alaska, 'extending some four-hundred and fifty miles into the Pacific, with an average breadth of twenty-five miles' (*Lippincott's Gazeteer*).

21 *feuillage* scenery. See *Our Old Feuillage*.

## NOTES FOR PP. 503–10

30 *Anahuacs* Anahuac is an Aztec name meaning 'near the water' and commonly refers to that part of the central plateau of Mexico which includes the valleys of the P'nuco and Lerma river systems. Whitman seems to be referring to the mountain ranges known as the 'Cordillera de Anahuac'.



## SONG AT SUNSET

*title ] LG 1867; Chants Democratic, No. 8 LG 1860.*

## AS AT THY PORTALS ALSO DEATH

Appeared in *LG 1881*. The poem is an elegy to Whitman's mother, Louisa Van Velsor Whitman, who died 23 May 1873.

## MY LEGACY

First published as an epigraph entitled *Souvenirs of Democracy* in *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free*, 1872; then *LG 1876* and, with its present title, *LG 1881*.

## PENSIVE ON HER DEAD GAZING

First appeared in 1865.

*title ]LG 1881; first line as title in 1865 and LG 1867.*

## CAMPS OF GREEN

Appeared in 1865; then *LG 1867* and *LG 1871 Second Issue* as part of the *Ashes to Soldiers* group.

## THE SOBBING OF THE BELLS

First printed *Boston Daily Globe*, 27 September 1881; then *LG 1881*.

Whitman was in Boston overseeing the publication of the 1881 edition when the news of President Garfield's death on 19 September was announced. Garfield had been shot on 2 July.

## AS THEY DRAW TO A CLOSE

*title ] LG 1881; Thought LG 1871 Second Issue*. Lines 7-10 are from the *LG 1871* poem *Shut Not Your Doors*, added to 'Inscriptions' in *LG 1881*.

JOY, SHIPMATE, JOY!

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

THE UNTOLD WANT

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

NOTES FOR PP. 510–17

PORTALS

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

THESE CAROLS

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*.

NOW FINALÉ TO THE SHORE

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*, in a group with the same title.

1 *finali* properly: finale. It appears without an accent in *LG 1871 Second Issue*. Webster 1841: ‘the last performance in any act of an opera, or that which closes a concert’.

SO LONG!

Appeared in *LG 1860*.

22 *adhesiveness* OED: in phrenology ‘the faculty of forming and maintaining attachments to persons’. The OED cites an example from Chambers’s *Encyclopedia* in 1879: ‘Adhesiveness is strongest and its organ largest in woman’.

67 *avatar* as Webster 1841: ‘avatar: a Hindoo word denoting incarnation,

or descent of a deity in a visible form'.

## ***First Annex: Sands at Seventy***

In 1888 Whitman published a collection of poems and prose pieces entitled *November Boughs*. *Sands at Seventy* was the group title for the poems collected in this volume. These were appended as an annex in *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

### **MANNAHATTA**

First printed New York *Herald*, 22 February 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

### **PAUMANOK**

First printed New York *Herald*, 29 February 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

### **FROM MONTAUK POINT**

First printed New York *Herald*, 1 March 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*. Montauk Point is a headland at the eastern end of Long Island, New York.

### **NOTES FOR PP. [517-21](#)**

### **TO THOSE WHO'VE FAILED**

First printed New York *Herald*, 27 January 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

### **A CAROL CLOSING SIXTY-NINE**

First printed New York *Herald*, 21 May 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

#### THE BRAVEST SOLDIERS

First printed New York *Herald*, 18 March 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

#### A FONT OF TYPE

Appeared in *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

3 *nonpareil*... *primer* names of printing type ranging from six to ten points.

#### AS I SIT WRITING HERE

First printed New York *Herald*, 14 May 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

2 *querilities* properly ‘querulities’, complaints.

#### MY CANARY BIRD

First printed New York *Herald*, 2 March 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

#### QUERIES TO MY SEVENTIETH YEAR

First published New York *Herald*, 2 May 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

#### THE WALLABOUT MARTYRS

First printed New York *Herald*, 16 March 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*. Wallabout Bay is the present site of the Brooklyn Navy

Yard.

#### THE FIRST DANDELION

First printed New York *Herald*, 12 March 1888; then 1888, 1888  
*Complete* and LG 1889.

#### AMERICA

First printed New York *Herald*, 11 February 1888; then 1888, 1888  
*Complete* and LG 1889.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 521–4

#### MEMORIES

Appeared in 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

#### TO-DAY AND THEE

First printed New York *Herald*, 23 April 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete*  
and LG 1889.

#### AFTER THE DAZZLE OF DAY

First printed New York *Herald*, 3 February 1888; then 1888, 1888  
*Complete* and LG 1889.

#### ABRAHAM LINCOLN, BORN FEB. 12, 1809

First printed New York *Herald*, 12 February 1888; then 1888, 1888  
*Complete* and LG 1889.

#### OUT OF MAY'S SHOWS SELECTED

First printed New York *Herald*, 10 May 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete*

and *LG* 1889.

#### HALCYON DAYS

First printed New York *Herald*, 29 January 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

#### *Fancies at Navesink*

A group title for eight poems first printed *Nineteenth Century*, August 1885; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

#### THE PILOT IN THE MIST

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

#### HAD I THE CHOICE

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

#### YOU TIDES WITH CEASELESS SWELL

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

4 *Sirius* the Dog Star, the brightest star.

*Capella* a star of the first magnitude in Auriga.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 524–9

#### LAST OF EBB, AND DAYLIGHT WANING

See *Fancies at Navcsink n.*, above.

12 *dcbouchi* more commonly a verb and without an accent. See *Starting from Paumanok* 27.

#### AND YET NOT YOU ALONE

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

PROUDLY THE FLOOD COMES IN

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

BY THAT LONG SCAN OF WAVES

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

THEN LAST OF ALL

See *Fancies at Navesink n.*, above.

ELECTION DAY, NOVEMBER, 1884

First printed *Philadelphia Press*, 26 October 1884; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*. The candidates involved were James Blaine and Grover Cleveland.

WITH HUSKY-HAUGHTY LIPS, O SEA!

First printed *Harper's Monthly*, March 1884; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

DEATH OF GENERAL GRANT

First printed *Harper's Weekly*, 16 May 1885; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*. The poem was published while Grant was still alive; he died on 23 July 1885.

RED JACKET (FROM ALOFT)

First printed *Philadelphia Press*, 10 October 1884; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*. Red Jacket was the grand sachem of the Iroquois.

8 *Ossian* a legendary Gaelic bard of the third century.

WASHINGTON'S MONUMENT, FEBRUARY, 1885



## WASHINGTON'S MONUMENT, FEBRUARY, 1885

First printed *Philadelphia Press*, 22 February 1885, entitled *Ah, Not This Granite Dead and Cold*. It appeared, with its present title, in 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

## NOTES FOR PP. 530–34

### OF THAT BLITHE THROAT OF THINE

First printed *Harper's Monthly*, January 1885; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

### BROADWAY

First printed *New York Herald*, 10 April 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 188g.

### TO GET THE FINAL LILT OF SONGS

First printed *New York Herald*, 16 April 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

### OLD SALT KOSSABONE

First printed *New York Herald*, 25 February 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889. Kossabone was Louisa Van Velsor Whitman's great-grandfather.

### THE DEAD TENOR

First printed *Critic*, 8 November 1884; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889. The singer referred to is Pasquale Brignole.

8 *Fernando's...German's* characters from operas by Donizetti and Verdi.

CONTINUING

## CONTINUITIES

First printed New York *Herald*, 20 March 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

## YONNONDIO

First printed *Critic*, 26 November 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

## LIFE

First printed New York *Herald*, 15 April 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

## ‘GOING SOMEWHERE’

First printed *Lippincott’s Magazine*, November 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

1 *science-friend* Anne Gilchrist, who died in 1885; she came from England as an enthusiast of *Leaves of Grass* and wished to marry Whitman.

## NOTES FOR PP. 535–9

## SMALL THE THEME OF MY CHANT

Appeared in LG 1867 on the flyleaf; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG1889. See *One’s Self I Sing* n.

## TRUE CONQUERORS

First printed New York *Herald*, 15 February 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

## THE UNITED STATES TO OLD WORLD CRITICS

First printed New York *Herald*, 8 May 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

## THE CALMING THOUGHT OF ALL

First printed New York *Herald*, 27 May 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

## THANKS IN OLD AGE

First printed Philadelphia *Press*, 24 November 1887; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

## LIFE AND DEATH

First printed New York *Herald*, 23 May 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG1889*.

## THE VOICE OF THE RAIN

First printed *Outing*, August 1885; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

## SOON SHALL THE WINTER'S FOIL BE HERE

First printed New York *Herald*, 21 February 1888; then *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

## WHILE NOT THE PAST FORGETTING

*Blodgett and Bradley* note that the date of publication (30 May 1888) provided by Whitman has 'not been substantiated'. The poem appeared in *1888*, *1888 Complete* and *LG 1889*.

## THE DYING VETERAN

First printed *McClure's Magazine*, June 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG1889.

## NOTES FOR PP. 540–43

### STRONGER LESSONS

Appeared in LG 1860 as part of *Debris*; then as a separate poem, with the present title, in LG 1867. It was then dropped from further editions until 1888; and appeared in 1888 *Complete* and LG 188g.

### A PRAIRIE SUNSET

First printed New York *Herald*, 9 March 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 188g.

### TWENTY YEARS

First printed New York *Magazine of Art*, July 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

ORANGE BUDS BY MAIL FROM FLORIDA First printed New York *Herald*, 19 March 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

### TWILIGHT

First printed *Century*, December 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and LG 1889.

3 *nirvana* more commonly 'nirvana', but Whitman's spelling is acceptable; OEO: 'in Buddhist theology the extinction of individual existence and absorption into the supreme spirit, or the extinction of all desires and passions and attainment of perfect beatitude'.

YOU I LINGERING SPARSE LEAVES OF ME

FOUR LINGERING STARCHED LEAVES OF ME

First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, November 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

NOT MEAGRE, LATENT BOUGHS ALONE

First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, November 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

THE DEAD EMPEROR

First printed *New York Herald*, 10 March 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889. Wilhelm I of Germany died in Berlin on 9 March.

AS THE GREEK'S SIGNAL FLAME

First printed *New York Herald*, 15 December 1887; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

NOTES FOR PP. [543–51](#)

THE DISMANTLED SHIP

First printed *New York Herald*, 23 February 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

NOW PRECEDENT SONGS, FAREWELL

Appeared in 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 188g.

AN EVENING LULL

Appeared in 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG* 1889.

OLD AGE'S LAMBENT PEAKS

First printed *Century*, September 1888; then 1888, 1888 *Complete* and *LG*

1889.

AFTER THE SUPPER AND TALK

First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, November 1887; then 1888, 1888  
*Complete* and *LG* 1889.

## ***Second Annex: Good-Bye My Fancy***

Like *November Boughs*, *Good-Bye My Fancy*, a miscellany, was published separately in 1891; it consisted of thirty-one poems annexed to *LG 1892*.

### **PREFACE NOTE TO SECOND ANNEX**

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

### **SAIL OUT FOR GOOD, EIDÓLON YACHT!**

First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, March 1891, with three other poems in a group entitled *Old Age Echoes*; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

9 *eidólon* OED: 'image, spectre, phantom', citing examples by Carlyle, Scott, and Mrs Browning. Poe, in *Dreamland*, writes: 'Where an Eidolon, named Night,/On a black throne reigns upright'. See Whitman's comment on the word in *Eidólon*.

### **LINGERING LAST DROPS**

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

### **GOOD-BYE MY FANCY**

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

### **NOTES FOR PP. 552–7**

### **ON, ON THE SAME, YE JOCUND TWAIN!**

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

MY FIRST YEAR

#### MY /IS/ YEAR

First printed *Century*, November 1889; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### APPARITIONS

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### THE PALLID WREATH

First printed *Critic*, 10 January 1891; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### AN ENDED DAY

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### OLD AGE'S SHIP AND CRAFTY DEATH'S

First printed *Century*, February 1890; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### TO THE PENDING YEAR

First printed *Critic*, 5 January 1889, entitled *To the Year 1889*; appeared with its present title in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### SHAKSPERE-BACON'S CIPHER

First printed *Cosmopolitan*, October 1887; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

Francis Bacon (1561-1626) is sometimes proposed as the true author of Shakespeare's plays.

#### LONG, LONG HENCE

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### BRAVO, PARIS EXPOSITION!

First printed *Harper's Weekly*, 28 September 1889; then *1891* and *LG 1891*.

#### INTERPOLATION SOUNDS



#### INTERPOLATION SOUNDS

First printed New York *Herald*, 12 August 1888; then 1891 and LG 1891.

#### TO THE SUN-SET BREEZE

First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, December 1890; then 1891 and LG 1892.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 558–65

#### OLD CHANTS

First printed New York *Truth*, 19 March 1891, then 1891 and LG 1892.

#### A CHRISTMAS GREETING

Appeared in 1891 and LG 1892.

8 *the Cross... the Crown* constellations in the Southern Hemisphere.

#### SOUNDS OF THE WINTER

First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, March 1891; then 1891 and LG 1892.

#### A TWILIGHT SONG

First printed *Century*, May 1890; then 1891 and LG 1892.

#### WHEN THE FULL-GROWN POET CAME

First printed New York *Tribune*, 19 February 1876. In LG 1876 it was pasted on blank end-pages, and then appeared as the final poem in the group *Bathed in War's Perfume* in the second issue of LG 1876. It was not included in LG 1881; it appeared in 1891 and LG 1892.

#### OSCEOLA

First printed *Munson's Illustrated World*, April 1890; then *1891* and *LG 1892*. Osceola died on 30 January 1838.

#### A VOICE FROM DEATH

First printed *New York World*, 7 June 1889; then *1891* and *LG 1892*. The Johnstown flood caused the death of more than two thousand persons.

#### A PERSIAN LESSON

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

1 *sufi* OED: 'one of a sect of Mohammadan ascetic mystics who in later times embraced pantheistic views'; the 1875 edition of the *Encyclopaedia Britannica* observes that 'the Persian Sufis especially distinguished themselves by the practice of abstinence and solitary meditation'.

#### THE COMMONPLACE

First printed in manuscript facsimile in *Monson's Magazine*, March 1891; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### 'THE ROUNDED CATALOGUE DIVINE COMPLETE'

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### NOTES FOR PP. [565–88](#)

#### MIRAGES

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### L. OF G.'S PURPORT

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

#### THE UNEXPRESS'D

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First printed *Lippincott's Magazine*, March 1891, as a part of the group  
*Old Age Echoes*; then *1891* and *LG 1892*.

GRAND IS THE SEEN

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

UNSEEN BUDS

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

GOOD-BYE MY FANCY!

Appeared in *1891* and *LG 1892*.

## A BACKWARD GLANCE O'ER TRAVEL'D ROADS

First published as the introduction to *1888*; then *LG 1892*.

*Appendix I: Old Age Echoes*

A group title for thirteen poems added to *LG 1897*.

AN EXECUTOR'S DIARY NOTE, 1891

Horace Traubel was Walt Whitman's executor; he is the author of *With Walt Whitman in Camden*, a record of his conversations with Whitman which first took place in 1888.

TO SOAR IN FREEDOM AND IN FULLNESS OF POWER

Appeared in *LG 1897*.

THEN SHALL PERCEIVE

Appeared in *LG 1897*.

THE FEW DROPS KNOWN

Appeared in *LG 1897*.

NOTES FOR PP. [588–93](#)

ONE THOUGHT EVER AT THE FORE

Appeared in *LG 1897*.

WHILE BEHIND ALL, FIRM AND ERECT

Appeared in LG 1897.

#### A KISS TO THE BRIDE

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 21 May 1874; then LG 1897.

#### NAY, TELL ME NOT TODAY THE PUBLISH'D SHAME

First printed New York *Daily Graphic*, 5 March 1873; then LG 1897. The events referred to surround the scandals of the Credit Mobilier and bribery accusations directed at Congressmen who favored passage of a bill to reorganize this company to finance the Union Pacific Railway and the 'Salary Grab' act which would greatly increase the salary of the President and other government officials.

#### SUPPLEMENT HOURS

Appeared in LG 1897.

#### OF MANY A SMUTCH'D DEED REMINISCENT

Appeared in LG 1897.

#### TO BE AT ALL

Appeared in LG 1897. As the subtitle indicates, however, the poem is a draft of the twenty-seventh section of *Song of Myself*, LG 1855.

#### DEATH'S VALLEY

First printed *Harper's New Monthly Magazine*, April 1892; then LG 1897. George Inness (1824-94) was one of the greatest American landscape painters in the nineteenth century. This particular picture, however, is not typical: a single figure in a mountainous valley looks toward a distant illuminated cross.

#### ON THE SAME DICTURE

#### ON THE SAME PICTURE

Appeared in LG 1897, with the title supplied by Traubel.

#### A THOUGHT OF COLUMBUS

Printed as a manuscript facsimile in *Once a Week*, 9 July 1892; then LG 1897. According to Horace Traubel this is the last poem Whitman wrote and was given to Traubel on 16 March 1892.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 597–610

##### *Appendix 2: Poems Excluded from Leaves of Grass*

#### GREAT ARE THE MYTHS

Appeared first untitled in LG 1855 and finally in LG 1876. The text printed here is from LG 1860.

*title* ] LG 1867; Poem of a Few Greatnesses LG 1856; Leaves of Grass, No. 2 LG 1860.

#### POEM OF REMEMBRANCES FOR A GIRL OR A BOY OF THESE STATES

Appeared in LG 1856 with its present title; then LG 1860 as a poem of forty-four lines, entitled *Chants Democratic*, No. 6, of which the first part is printed here. In LG 1867 Whitman published the second half of this poem separately as *Leaves of Grass*, No. 1, retitled *Think of the Soul* in LG 1871.

10 *habitan* see *To a Historian* 4.

#### THINK OF THE SOUL

Appeared in LG 1856 as the last nine stanzas of *Poem of Remembrances*...;

and made its last appearance in *LG 1876*, the text being that printed here.

*title*] *LG 1871*; Leaves of Grass, No. 1 *LG 1867*.

RESPONDEZ!

Made its last appearance in *LG 1876*, the text being that printed here.

*title*] *LG 1867*; Poem of the Propositions of Nakedness *LG 1856*; Chants Democratic, No. 5 *LG 1860*.

[IN THE NEW GARDEN]

*title*] *Enfans d'Adam*, No. n *LG 1860*.

[WHO IS NOW READING THIS?]

*title*] *Calamus*, No. 16 *LG 1860*.

[I THOUGHT THAT KNOWLEDGE ALONE WOULD SUFFICE]

*title*] *Calamus*, No. 8 *LG 1860*.

[HOURS CONTINUING LONG] *title*] *Calamus*, No. 9 *LG 1860*.

[SO FAR, AND SO FAR, AND ON TOWARD THE END]

*title*] *Leaves of Grass*, No. 20 *LG 1860*.

## NOTES FOR PP. [611-16](#)

### THOUGHTS-I: VISAGES

Appeared finally in *LG 1867*. *title*] *Thoughts*, No. 1 *LG 1860*.

### LEAFLETS

Appeared once only as a separate poem, in *LG 1867*. In *LG 1860* these

two lines were 11. 4-5 of *Debris*.

#### THOUGHTS – 6: OF WHAT I WRITE

Appeared in *LG 1860* as the sixth of a cluster of poems entitled *Thoughts*; made its last appearance in *LG 1876*, the text being that used here.

#### SAYS

Appeared in *LG 1860* with the present title and with the text used here; in *L G1867* stanzas 1,5,7 and 8 were retained; retitled as *Suggestions* in *LG 1871*; and made its last appearance in *LG 1876*.

#### APOSTROPH

Appeared in *LG 1860* with the present title as the introductory poem to *Chants Democratic and Native American*; the last nineteen lines became *Leaves of Grass, No. 1* in *LG 1867*.

#### O SUN OF REAL PEACE

Appeared in *LG 1867*, entitled *Leaves of Grass, No. 1*, with the first line ‘O hastening light!’; derived from *LG 1860, Apostroph*; got its present title in *LG 1871* and made its last appearance in *LG 1876*, the text being that used here.

#### TO YOU

Appeared in *LG 1860* in the *Messenger Leaves* group; made its last appearance in *LG 1876*, the text being that used here.

#### NOW LIFT ME CLOSE

Made its last appearance in *LG 1867*. First collected by *Blodgett and Bradley*, 1965.



*title ] Leaves of Grass, No. 24 LG 1860.*

#### TO THE READER AT PARTING

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*, but derived from *Nom Lift Me Close* in *LG 1860*; made its last appearance in *LG 1876*. First collected by *Blodgett and Bradley*, 1965.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 617–23

##### DEBRIS

Made its first and only appearance in *LG 1860*. Seven passages, however, survive in *LG 1802*:

H. 7-8 : cf. *Stronger Lessons*

11. 10-18 : cf. *Yet, Yet, Ye Downcast Hours*

11. 19-20 : cf. *Offerings*

11. 21-4 : cf. *Visor'd*

11. 33-4 : cf. *Beautiful Women*

11. 52-6 : cf. *Not the Pilot*

11. 57-60 : cf. *As if a Phantom Caress'd Me*

[STATES!]

Appeared in *LG 1860* as *Calamus, No. 5*, its first and only appearance. Passages from the poem survive, however, in *Over the Carnage Rose Prophetic a Voice* and *For You O Democracy*.

##### BATHED IN WAR'S PERFUME

Appeared in 1865 and *LG 1867*; then in *LG 1871* (with the second line added) , as the title poem of a cluster of seven poems; made its last appearance in *LG 1876*.

SOLID, IRONICAL, ROLLING ORB

Appeared in 1865 and *LG 1867*; made its last appearance in *LG 1876*.

NOT MY ENEMIES EVER INVADE ME

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel* and *LG 1867*.

THIS DAY, O SOUL

Appeared in 1865 *Sequel* and *LG 1867*: made its last appearance in *LG 1876*.

ASHES OF SOLDIERS: EPIGRAPH

Appeared in *LG 1871 Second Issue*; made its final appearance in *LG 1876*.

ONE SONG, AMERICA, BEFORE I GO

Appeared in one of two prefatory poems in *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free* (1872) , a supplement to *LG 1876*. In *LG 1881* this poem was revised to form the opening section of *Thou Mother with Thy Equal Brood*.

**NOTES FOR PP. 624–8**

SOUVENIRS OF DEMOCRACY

Appeared as the second prefatory poem of *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free* (1872) , a supplement to *LG1876*. In *LG1881* the poem was revised to become *My Legacy*.

FROM MY LAST YEARS

Made its first and only appearance in *LG 1876*.

#### IN FORMER SONGS

Made its first and only appearance in *LG 1876*.

#### THE BEAUTY OF THE SHIP

First printed New York *Daily Tribune*, 19 February 1876; then *LG 1876*, as an 'intercalation' pasted on the end-pages of some editions.

#### AFTER AN INTERVAL

First printed New York *Daily Tribune*, 19 February 1876; then *LG 1876*, its first and only appearance.

2-3 *Orion ... Mars* Orion, the hunter, was slain by Artemis, and he is represented in the constellations as a hunter with belt and sword. The Pleiades were seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, one of whom hid in shame for loving a mortal, and are represented in the constellation Taurus as a group of stars, six visible and one hidden. Saturn, in Roman mythology, is a god of seed-sowing and is the name for a planet next in magnitude to Jupiter. Mars is the Roman god of war and protector of fields as well as a planet conspicuous for its red light.

#### TWO RIVULETS

Made its first and only appearance in *LG 1876*; but 11. 10-12 appear in a revised form in *As Consequent* in *LG 1881*.

#### OR, FROM THAT SEA OF TIME

Made its first and only appearance in *LG 1876*; but then revised to become part of *As Consequent* in *LG 1881*.

2 *windrow-drift* ] winrow-drift LG 1876.

AS IN A SWOON

Appeared in LG 1876; then 1891 and *Complete Prose Works* (1892).

## NOTES FOR PP. 628–34

LESSONS

Appeared in the volume *Passage to India* (1871) , but did not appear in *LG1871 Second Issue*.

[LAST DROPLETS]

Appeared as the conclusion to the second paragraph of the ‘Preface Note’ to 1891, but did not appear in LG 1891

SHIP AHOY!

First published in 1891, and reprinted in *Complete Prose Works* (1892) ; it did not appear in LG 1892.

FOR QUEEN VICTORIA’S BIRTHDAY

First printed Philadelphia *Public Ledger*, 22 May 1890; it appeared in 1891 and was reprinted in *Complete Prose Works* (1892) ; it did not appear in LG 1892.

L OF G

First published in 1891 and reprinted in *Complete Prose Works* (1892) ; it did not appear in LG 1892.

AFTER THE ARGUMENT

First published in 1891 and reprinted in *Complete Prose Works* (1892) ; it

did not appear in *LG* 1892.

FOR US TWO, READER DEAR

First published in 1891 and reprinted in *Complete Prose Works* (1892) ; it did not appear in *LG* 1892.

### *Appendix 3: Early Poems*

OUR FUTURE LOT

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 31 October 1838, and reprinted in *UP* *P*. It would seem to be Whitman's earliest known published poem. See *Time to Come*, p. 653.

YOUNG GRIMES

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 1 January 1840. Thomas L. Brasher, editor of the New York University edition of *The Early Poems and the Fiction of Walt Whitman* (1963) , notes that the poem is a direct imitation of Albert Gorton Greene's *Old Grimes*, a popular poem first published in 1822. Brasher reprints two stanzas for comparison; one of them reads:

### NOTES FOR PP. 634–45

He lived at peace with all mankind, In friendship he was true; His coat had pocket-holes behind, His pantaloons were blue.

FAME'S VANITY

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 23 October 1839, and reprinted in *UPP*.

MY DEPARTURE

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 27 November 1839, and reprinted in *UPP*.

#### THE DEATH OF THE NATURE-LOVER

First printed *Brother Jonathan*, 11 March 1843, and reprinted in *UPP*. It is a later version of *My Departure*.

#### THE INCA'S DAUGHTER

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 5 May 1840, and reprinted in *UPP*.

#### THE LOVE THAT IS HEREAFTER

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 19 May 1840, and reprinted in *UPP*.

#### WE ALL SHALL REST AT LAST

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 14 July 1840, and reprinted in *UPP*. Whitman revised this poem in 1841 when it appeared redrafted as *Each Has His Grief* in *New York New World*, 20 November.

#### THE SPANISH LADY

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 4 August 1840, and reprinted in *UPP*.

4 A Spanish maiden lay Inez de Castro (c. 1320-55) was murdered by King Alfonso after her marriage to a man who was not of the royal family.

#### THE END OF ALL

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 22 September 1840, and reprinted in *UPP*. On 22 June 1841 Whitman revised and retitled this poem, calling it *The Winding-Up*.

13 *The statesman's* *UPP* notes that Daniel Webster was scheduled 'to

deliver an address at Jamaica, Long Island, two days after the appearance of this poem’.

## NOTES FOR PP. 646–56

### THE COLUMBIAN’S SONG

First printed *Long Island Democrat*, 27 October 1840, and reprinted in *UP P*.

### THE PUNISHMENT OF PRIDE

First printed New York *New World*, 18 December 1841. The poem seems to have been composed in 1839 when Whitman was teaching at Little Bay Side, Long Island, and was referred to by one of Whitman’s former students when interviewed by Traubel.

### AMBITION

First printed *Brother Jonathan*, New York, 29 January 1842, and reprinted in *UP P*. The poem is an extensive revision of *Fame’s Vanity*, reprinted on p. 635.

### THE DEATH AND BURIAL OF MCDONALD CLARKE

First printed New York *Aurora*, 18 March 1842, and reprinted in J. J. Rubin and Charles H. Brown (eds), *Walt Whitman of the New York Aurora* (1950). The poem is an imitation of Charles Wolfe’s *The Burial of Sir John Moore at Corunna*, first published in 1817. The final stanza can serve as an example: Slowly and sadly we laid him down, From the field of his fame fresh and gory; We carved not a line, and we raised not a stone, But we left him alone with his glory.

## TIME TO COME

First printed New York *Aurora*, 9 April 1842, and reprinted in J. J. Rubin and Charles H. Brown (eds.) , *Walt Whitman of the New York Aurora* (1950) . The poem is a revision of *Our Future Lot*, reprinted on p. 633.

## THE PLAY-GROUND

First printed *Brooklyn Daily Eagle*, 1 June 1846, and reprinted in *UPP*.

## ODE

First printed *Brooklyn Daily Eagle*, 2 July 1846, and reprinted in *UPP*.  
Fort Greene was near Brooklyn. See *The Wallabout Martyrs*.

## NEW YEAR'S DAY, 1848

First printed New York *Home Journal*, 30 March 1892, and reprinted in *UPP*.

## NOTES FOR PP. 657–8

### THE HOUSE OF FRIENDS

First printed New York *Tribune*, 14 June 1850; then *Collect* (1892) ,as *Wounded in the House of Friends*; and reprinted in *UPP*, the text being that reproduced here. Holloway notes that the editor of the *Advertiser*, Henry A. Lees, quoted parts of the poem to ‘play Whitman off against the conservative Democrats... He may have known the author’s own reasons for the composition of this poem. Perhaps Whitman had in mind the turn of fortune which soon transferred the Freesoil paper which he had started (the *Freeman*) into a Hunker journal. But the poem itself seems to imply a somewhat broader view of the whole slavery situation’ (p. 26).



## RESURGEMUS

First printed New York *Daily Tribune*, 21 June 1850, and published untitled in *LG 1855*, the only poem in that volume to have been published previously. The *LG 1855* version is as follows: Suddenly out of its stale and drowsy lair, the lair of slaves,

Like lightning Europe le'pt forth... half startled at itself,

Its feet upon the ashes and the rags... Its hands tight to the throats of kings.

O hope and faith! O aching close of lives! O many a sickened heart!

Turn back unto this day, and make yourselves afresh.

And you, paid to defile the People... you liars mark:

Not for numberless agonies, murders, lusts,

For court thieving in its manifold mean forms,

Worming from his simplicity the poor man's wages;

10 For many a promise sworn by royal lips, and broken, and laughed at in the breaking, Then in their power not for all these did the blows strike of personal revenge... or the heads of the nobles fall; The People scorned the ferocity of kings.

But the sweetness of mercy brewed bitter destruction, and the frightened rulers come back: Each comes in state with his traina hangman, priest and tax-gatherer

...soldier, lawyer, jailer and sycophant.

Yet behind all, lo, a Shape,

Vague as the night, draped interminably, head front and form in  
scarlet folds, Whose face and eyes none may see,  
Out of its robes only this... the red robes, lifted by the arm,  
One finger pointed high over the top, like the head of a snake appears.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 658–60

20 Meanwhile corpses lie in new-made graves... bloody corpses of  
young men:

The rope of the gibbet hangs heavily... the bullets of princes are  
flying... the creatures of power laugh aloud; And all these things  
bear fruits... and they are good.

Those corpses of young men,

Those martyrs that hang from the gibbets ... those hearts pierced by  
the gray lead, Cold and motionless as they seem... live elsewhere  
with unslaughter'd vitality.

They live in other young men, O kings,

They live in brothers, again ready to defy you:

They were purified by death... they were taught and exalted.

Not a grave of the murdered for freedom but grows seed for  
freedom... in its turn to bear seed, 30 Which the winds carry afar  
and re-sow, and the rains and the snows nourish.

Not a disembodied spirit can the weapons of tyrants let loose, But it  
stalks invisibly over the earth. whispering counseling cautioning  
Liberty let others despair of you... I never despair of you.

Is the house shut? Is the master away?

Nevertheless be ready... but not weary of watching,

He will soon return... his messengers come anon.

*title]* Poem of the Dead Young Men of Europe, the 72d and 73d Years  
of These States *LG 1856*; Europe, the 72d and 73d Years of These  
States *LG 1860*.

I *suddenly, out of... slaves* this line contains three typographical errors:  
*LG 1855* reads: 'Suddenly out of its stale and drowsy lair, the lair  
of slaves'.

#### THE MISSISSIPPI AT MIDNIGHT

First printed New Orleans *Crescent*, 6 March 1848, where Whitman  
was employed as an editor; reprinted in R. M. Bucke (ed.) , *Notes  
and Fragments* (1899). In *Collect* (1892) , the poem appeared  
revised as *Sailing the Mississippi at Midnight*, with the text as  
follows: *Sailing the Mississippi at Midnight*

Vast and starless, the pall of heaven

Laps on the trailing pall below;

And forward, forward, in solemn darkness,

As if to the sea of the lost we go.

#### NOTES FOR PP. 660–63

Now drawn nigh the edge of the river,

Weird-like creatures suddenly rise;

Shapes that fade, dissolving outlines

Baffle the gazer's straining eyes.

Towering upward and bending forward,

Wild and wide their arms are thrown, Ready to pierce with forked  
fingers

Him who touches their realm upon.

Tide of youth, thus thickly planted,

While in the eddies onward you swim, Thus on the shore stands a  
phantom army, Lining forever the channel's rim.

Steady, helmsman! you guide the immortal;

Many a wreck is beneath you piled, Many a brave yet unwary sailor  
Over these waters has been beguiled.

Nor is it the storm or the scowling midnight,

Cold, or sickness, or fire's dismay -Nor is it the reef, or treacherous  
quicksand, Will peril you most on your twisted way.

But when there comes a voluptuous languor,

Soft the sunshine, silent the air, Bewitching your craft with safety  
and sweetness, Then, young pilot of life, beware.

#### SONG FOR CERTAIN CONGRESSMEN

First printed New York *Evening Post*, 2 March 1850, signed *Paumanok*; it was published in *Collect* (1892) , as *Dough-Face Song*, where after the title Whitman noted: 'Like Dough; soft; yielding to pressure; pale. –

*Webster's Dictionary*". The poem protests the sentiment in Congress for an easy resolution to the question of slavery.

56 *chase* ] race *Collect* (1892).

71 *subterfuge* ] compromise *Collect* (1892).

## BLOOD-MONEY

First printed New York *Tribune Supplement*, 22 March 1850, and reprinted in the *Evening Post*, 30 April. Whitman included the poem among his early poems in *Collect* (1892) , with some minor changes. The poem was occasioned by Webster's speech in Congress on 7 March 1850 and his support of the Fugitive Slave Law. The poem was signed *Paumanok*. Thomas L. Brasher tells us that the date of the poem as it appears in *Collect*, 'April 1843', is wrong.

## NOTES FOR PP. 664–791

6 *a Son*] the like *Collect* (1892) . 12 *Again* ] And still *Collect* (1892).

## PICTURES

First published in Emory Holloway's 'Whitman's Embryonic Verse\' *Southwest Review*, X (July 1925) , 28-40. The poem was written before 1855 'n a notebook of some twenty-nine pages. Holloway edited an edition of the poem in *Pictures: An Unpublished Poem by Walt Whitman* (1928).

1 H the paragraph symbol is Whitman's own. 4 *cicerone* a tourist's guide. 24 *elenchus* a syllogistic refutation; a disproof. 98 *Lascar* an East Indian native sailor. 117 *llanos* an extensive plain.

#### *Appendix 4: Song of Myself*

First published in *LG* 1855, untitled.

1334 the repetition of 'me' was corrected in *LG* 1856. 1336 punctuation was provided in *LG* 1856.

#### *Appendix 5: Prefaces*

LEAVES OF GRASS,. 1855

This essay served without a title as the Preface to *LG* 1888

EMERSON TO WHITMAN, AND WHITMAN'S LETTER TO EMERSON,  
1856

Both Emerson's letter and Whitman's response were printed in *Leaves-Droppings*, an appendix to the second edition of *Leaves of Grass*, which also included selected reviews of *LG* 1855.

PREFACE, 1872

In addition to the Preface this 1872 volume contained seven poems, including the title poem *As a Strong Bird on Pinions Free (Thou Mother with Thy Equal Brood)*.

PREFACE, 1876

This essay served as the Preface to volume 2, *Two Rivulets*, of the Centennial Edition of *Leaves of Grass*.

#### *Appendix 6: A Sketch*

This poem was first published in *The New World* on 10 December 1842, and was identified by Jerome Loving in 'A Newly Discovered Whitman Poem', *Walt Whitman Quarterly Review*, no. 11. Winter 1994.

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Not in a gorgeous hall of pride [638](#)

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Years of the modern! years of the unperform'd! [498](#)  
Yet, yet, ye downcast hours, I know ye also [460](#)  
You felons on trial in courts [406](#)  
You just maturing youth! You male or female! [601](#)  
You lingering sparse leaves of me on winter-nearing boughs [542](#)  
You tides with ceaseless swell! you power that does this work! [523](#)  
You who celebrate bygones [39](#)  
Youth, large, lusty, loving – youth full of grace, force, fascination [254](#)

1. Behind a Good-bye there lurks much of the salutation of another beginning – to me, Development, Continuity, Immortality, Transformation, are the chiefest life-meanings of Nature and Humanity, and are the *sine qua non* of all facts, and each fact.

Why do folks dwell so fondly on the last words, advice, appearance, of the departing? Those last words are not samples of the best, which involve vitality at its full, and balance, and perfect control and scope. But they are valuable beyond measure to confirm and endorse the varied train, facts, theories and faith of the whole preceding life.

1. NOTE – *Summer country life – Several years* – In my rambles and explorations I found a woody place near the creek, where for some reason the birds in happy mood seem'd to resort in unusual numbers. Especially at the beginning of the day, and again at the ending, I was sure to get there the most copious bird-concerts. I repair'd there frequently at sunrise – and also at sunset, or just before... Once the question arose in me: Which is the best singing, the first or the lattermost? The first always exhilarated, and perhaps seem'd more joyous and stronger; but I always felt the sunset or late afternoon sounds more penetrating and sweeter – seem'd to touch the soul – often the evening thrushes, two or three of them, responding and perhaps blending. Though I miss'd some of the mornings, I found myself getting to be quite strictly punctual at the evening utterances. ANOTHER NOTE – 'He went out with the tide and the sunset' was a phrase I heard from a surgeon describing an old sailor's death under peculiarly gentle conditions.

During the Secession War, 1863 and 1864, visiting the Army Hospitals around Washington, I form'd the habit, and continued it to the end, whenever the ebb or flood tide began the latter part of day, of punctually visiting those at that time populous wards of suffering men. Somehow (or I thought so) the effect of the hour was palpable. The badly wounded would get some ease, and would like to talk a little, or be talk'd to. Intellectual and emotional natures would be at their best: Deaths were always easier; medicines seem'd to have better effect when given then, and a lulling atmosphere would pervade the wards.

Similar influences, similar circumstances and hours, day-close, after great battles, even with all their horrors. I had more than once the same experience on the fields cover'd with fallen or dead.

1. When Champollion, on his death-bed, handed to the printer the revised proof of his *Egyptian Grammar*, he said gayly, 'Be careful of this – it is my *carte de visite* to posterity.'

1. The ferment and germination even of the United States to-day, dating back to, and in my opinion mainly founded on, the Elizabethan age in English history, the age of Francis Bacon and Shakspeare. Indeed, when we pursue it, what growth or advent is there that does not date back, back, until lost-perhaps its most tantalizing clues lost – in the receded horizons of the past?



1. According to Immanuel Kant, the last essential reality, giving shape and significance to all the rest.

1. Sir Walter Scott's *Complete Poems*; especially including *Border Minstrelsy*; then *Sir Tristrem*; *Lay of the last Minstrel*; *Ballads from the German*; *Marmion*; *Lady of the Lake*; *Vision of Don Roderick*; *Lord of the Isles*; *Rokeby*; *Bridal of Triermain*; *Field of Waterloo*; *Harold the Dauntless*; all the Dramas; various Introductions, endless interesting Notes, and Essays on Poetry, Romance, etc. Lockhart's 1833 (or '34) edition with Scott's latest and copious revisions and annotations. (All the poems were thoroughly read by me, but the ballads of the *Border Minstrelsy* over and over again.)

1. *Nineteenth Century*, July, 1883.

1. NOTE : very little, as we Americans stand this day, with our sixty-five or seventy millions of population, an immense surplus in the treasury, and all that actual power or reserve power (land and sea) so dear to nations – very little I say do we realize that curious crawling national shudder when the ‘Trent affair’ promis’d to bring upon us a war with Great Britain – follow’d unquestionably, as that war would have, by recognition of the Southern Confederacy from all the leading European nations. It is now certain that all this then inevitable train of calamity hung on arrogant and peremptory phrases in the prepared and written missive of the British Minister, to America, which the Queen (and Prince Albert latent) positively and promptly cancell’d; and which her firm attitude did alone actually erase and leave out, against all the other official prestige and Court of St James’s. On such minor and personal incidents (so to call them,) often depend the great growths and turns of civilization. This moment of a woman and a queen surely swung the grandest oscillation of modern history’s pendulum. Many sayings and doings of that period, from foreign potentates and powers, might well be dropt in oblivion by America – but never *this*, if I could have my way. w.w.

1. The problems of the achievements of this crowning stage through future first-class National Singers, Orators, Artists, and others – of creating in literature an *imaginative* New World, the correspondent and counterpart of the current Scientific and Political New Worlds – and the perhaps distant, but still delightful prospect (for our children, if not in our own day), of delivering America, and, indeed, all Christian lands everywhere, from the thin, moribund and watery, but appallingly extensive nuisance of conventional poetry – by putting something really alive and substantial in its place – I have undertaken to grapple with, and argue, in *Democratic Vistas*.

1. This Preface is not only for the present collection, but, in a sort, for all my writings, both Volumes.

2. *Passage to India* – As in some ancient legend-play, to close the plot and the hero's career, there is a farewell gathering on ship's deck and on shore, a loosing of hawsers and ties, a spreading of sails to the wind – a starting out on unknown seas, to fetch up no one knows whither – to return no more – And the curtain falls, and there is the end of it – So I have reserv'd that Poem, with its cluster, to finish and explain much that, without them, would not be explain'd, and to take leave and escape for good, from all that has preceded them. (Then probably *Passage to India*, and its cluster, are but freer vent and fuller expression of what, from the first, and so on throughout, more or less lurks in my writings, underneath every page, every line, everywhere.)

1. *Leaves of Grass* – Namely, a character, making most of common and normal elements, to the superstructure of which not only the precious accumulations of the learning and experiences of the Old World, and the settled social and municipal necessities and current requirements, so long a-building, shall still faithfully contribute, but which, at its foundations and carried up thence, and receiving its impetus from the Democratic spirit, and accepting its gauge, in all departments, from the Democratic formulas, shall again directly be vitalized by the perennial influences of Nature at first hand, and the old heroic stamina of Nature, the strong air of prairie and mountain, the dash of the briny sea, the primary antiseptics – of the passions, in all their fullest heat and potency, of courage, rankness, amativeness, and of immense pride... Not to lose at all, therefore, the benefits of artificial progress and civilization, but to re-occupy for Western tenancy the oldest though ever-fresh fields, and reap from them savage and sane nourishment indispensable to a hardy nation, and the absence of which, threatening to become worse and worse, is the most serious lack and defect to-day of our New World literature.

Though from no definite plan at the time, I see now that I have unconsciously sought by indirections at least as much as directions, to express the whirls and rapid growth and intensity of the United States, the prevailing tendency and events of the Nineteenth Century, and largely the spirit of the whole current World, my time; for I feel that I have partaken of that spirit, as I have been deeply interested in all those events, the closing of long-stretch'd eras and ages, and, illustrated in the history of the United States, the opening of larger ones. (The death of President Lincoln, for instance, fitly, historically closes', in the Civilization of Feudalism, many old influences – drops on them, suddenly, a vast, gloomy, as it were, separating curtain. The world's entire dramas afford none more indicative – none with folds more tragic, or more sombre or far spreading.)

Since I have been ill (1873-'74-'75), mostly without serious pain, and with plenty of time and frequent inclination to judge my poems (never composed with eye on the book-market, nor for fame, nor for any pecuniary profit), I have felt temporary depression more than once, for fear that in *Leaves of Grass* the *moral* parts were not sufficiently pronounc'd. But in my clearest and calmest moods I have realized that as those *Leaves*, all and several, surely prepare the way for, and necessitate Morals, and are adjusted to them, just the same as Nature does and is, they are what, consistently with my plan, they must and probably should be....(In a certain sense, while the Moral is the purport and last intelligence of all Nature, there is absolutely nothing of the moral in the works, or laws, or shows of Nature. Those only lead inevitably to it – begin and necessitate it.)

Something more may be added – for, while I am about it, I would make a full confession. I also

sent out *Leaves of Grass* to arouse and set flowering in men's and women's hearts, young and old, (my present and future readers), endless streams of living, pulsating love and friendship, directly from them to myself, now and ever. To this terrible, irrepressible yearning (surely more or less down underneath in most human souls) – this never-satisfied appetite for sympathy, and this boundless offering of sympathy – this universal democratic comradeship – this old, eternal, yet ever-new interchange of adhesiveness, so fitly emblematic of America -1 have given in that book, undisguisedly, declaredly, the openest expression....Poetic literature has long been the formal and conventional tender of art and beauty merely, and of a narrow, constipated, special amativeness. I say, the subtlest, sweetest, surest tie between me and Him or Her, who, in the pages of *Calamus* and other pieces realizes me -though we never see each other or through ages and ages hence – must, in this way, be personal affection. And those – be they few, or be they many – are at any rate *my readers* in a sense that belongs not, and can never belong, to better, prouder poems.

Besides, important as they are in my purpose as emotional expressions for humanity, the special meaning of the *Calamus* cluster of *Leaves of Grass* (and more or less running through that book, and cropping out in *Drum-Taps*,) mainly resides in its Political significance. In my opinion it is by a fervent, accepted development of Comradeship, the beautiful and sane affection of man for man, latent in all the young fellows, North and South, East and West – it is by this, I say, and by what goes directly and indirectly along with it, that the United States of the future, (I cannot too often repeat) are to be most effectually welded together, intercalated, anneal'd into a Living Union.

Then, for enclosing clue of all, it is imperatively and ever to be borne in mind that *Leaves of Grass* entire is not to be construed as an intellectual or scholastic effort or Poem mainly, but more as a radical utterance out of the abysses of the Soul, the Emotions and the Physique – an utterance adjusted to, perhaps born of, Democracy and Modern Science, and in its very nature regardless of the old conventions, and under the great Laws, following only its own impulses.

Not but what the brawn of *Leaves of Grass*, I think, thoroughly spiritualized everywhere, for final estimate, but, from the very subjects, the direct effect is a sense of the Life, as it should be, of flesh and blood, and physical urge, and animalism....While there are other themes, and plenty of abstract thoughts and poems in the Volume – While I have put in it (supplemented in the present Work by my prose *Memoranda*,) passing and rapid but actual glimpses of the great struggle between the Nation and the Slavepower (1861-'65), as the fierce and bloody panorama of that contest unroll'd itself-While the whole Book, indeed, revolves around that Four Years' War, which, as I was in the midst of it, becomes, in *Drum-Taps*, pivotal to the rest entire – follow'd by *Marches now the War is Over* – and here and there, before and afterward, not a few



episodes and speculations – *that* – namely, to make a type-portrait for living, active, worldly, healthy Personality, objective as well as subjective, joyful and potent, and modern and free, distinctively for the use of the United States, male and female, through the long future – has been, I say, my general object. (Probably, indeed, the whole of these varied songs, and all my writings, both Volumes, only ring changes in some sort, on the ejaculation, How vast, how eligible, how joyful, how real, is a Human Being, himself or herself.)

Then I meant *Leaves of Grass*, as publish'd, to be the Poem of Identity, (of *Yours*, whoever you are, now reading these lines.)...For genius must realize that, precious as it may be, there is something far more precious, namely, simple Identity, One's-self. A man is not greatest as victor in war, nor inventor or explorer, nor even in science, or in his intellectual or artistic capacity, or exemplar in some vast benevolence. To the highest Democratic view, man is most acceptable in living well the average, practical life and lot which happens to him as ordinary farmer, sea-farer, mechanic, clerk, laborer, or driver – upon and from which position as a central basis or pedestal, while performing its labors, and his duties as citizen, son, husband, father and employed person, he preserves his physique, ascends, developing, radiating himself in other regions – and especially where and when, (greatest of all, and nobler than the proudest mere genius or magnate in any field), he fully realizes the Conscience, the Spiritual, the divine faculty, cultivated well, exemplified in all his deeds and words, through life, uncompromising to the end – a flight loftier than any of Homer's or Shakspeare's – broader than all poems and bibles – namely, Nature's own, and in the midst of it, Yourself, your own Identity, body and soul. (All serves, helps – but in the centre of all, absorbing all, giving, for your purpose, the only meaning and vitality to all, 'master or mistress of all, under the law, stands Yourself.)...To sing the Song of that divine law of Identity, and of Yourself, consistently with the Divine Law of the Universal, is a main intention of these *Leaves*.

1. Behind a Good-bye there lurks much of the salutation of another beginning – to me, Development, Continuity, Immortality, Transformation, are the chiefest life-meanings of Nature and Humanity, and are the *sine qua non* of all facts, and each fact.

Why do folks dwell so fondly on the last words, advice, appearance, of the departing? Those last words are not samples of the best, which involve vitality at its full, and balance, and perfect control and scope. But they are valuable beyond measure to confirm and endorse the varied train, facts, theories and faith of the whole preceding life.

I am not sure but the last inclosing sublimation of Race or Poem is, What it thinks of Death... After the rest has been comprehended and said, even the grandest – After those contributions to mightiest Nationality, or to sweetest Song, or to the best Personalism, male or female, have been glean'd from the rich and varied themes of tangible life, and have been fully accepted and sung, and the pervading fact of visible existence, with the duty it devolves, is rounded and apparently completed, it still remains to be really completed by suffusing through the whole and several, that other pervading invisible fact, so large a part, (is it not the largest part?), of life here, combining the rest, and furnishing, for Person or State, the only permanent and unitary meaning to all, even the meanest life, consistently with the dignity of the Universe, in Time....As, from the eligibility to this thought, and the cheerful conquest of this fact, flash forth the first distinctive proofs of the Soul, so to me, (extending it only a little further), the ultimate Democratic purports, the ethereal and spiritual ones, are to concentrate here, and as fixed stars, radiate hence. For, in my opinion, it is no less than this idea of Immortality, above all other ideas, that is to enter into, and vivify, and give crowning religious stamp, to Democracy in the New World.

It was originally my intention, after chanting in *Leaves of Grass* the songs of the Body and Existence, to then compose a further, equally needed Volume, based on those convictions of perpetuity and conservation which, enveloping all precedents, make the unseen Soul absolutely at last. I meant, while in a sort continuing the theme of my first chants, to shift the slides, and exhibit the problem and paradox of the same ardent and fully appointed Personality entering the sphere of the resistless gravitation of Spiritual Law, and with cheerful face estimating Death, not at all as the cessation, but as somehow what I feel it must be, the entrance upon by far the greatest part of existence, and something that Life is at least as much for, as it is for itself.

But the full construction of such a work (even if I lay the foundation, or give impetus to it) is beyond my powers, and must remain for some bard in the future. The physical and the sensuous, in themselves or in their immediate continuations, retain holds upon me which I think are never entirely released; and these holds I have not only not denied, but hardly wish'd

think are never entirely released; and those holds I have not only not denied, but hardly wish to weaken.

Meanwhile, not entirely to give the go-by to my original plan, and far more to avoid a marked hiatus in it, than to entirely fulfil it, I end my books with thoughts, or radiations from thoughts, on Death, Immortality, and a free entrance into the Spiritual world. In those thoughts, in a sort, I make the first steps or studies toward the mighty theme, for the point of view necessitated by foregoing poems, and by Modern Science. In them I also seek to set the keystone to my Democracy's enduring arch. I re-collate them now, for the press, (much the same, I transcribe my *Memoranda* following, of gloomy times out of the War, and Hospitals) in order to partially occupy and off-set days of strange sickness, and the heaviest affliction and bereavement of my life; and I fondly please myself with the notion of leaving that cluster to you, O unknown Reader of the future, as 'something to remember me by,' more especially than all else. Written in former days of perfect health, little did I think the pieces had the purport that now, under present circumstances, opens to me.

(As I write these lines, May 31, 1875, it is again early summer – again my birthday – now my fifty-sixth. Amid the outside beauty and freshness, the sunlight and verdure of the delightful season, O how different the moral atmosphere amid which I now revise this Volume, from the jocund influence surrounding the growth and advent of *Leaves of Grass*. I occupy myself, arranging these pages for publication, still enveloped in thoughts of the death two years since of my dear Mother, the most perfect and magnetic character, the rarest combination of practical, moral and spiritual, and the least selfish, of all and any I have ever known – and by me O so much the most deeply loved – and also under the physical affliction of a tedious attack of paralysis, obstinately lingering and keeping its hold upon me, and quite suspending all bodily activity and comfort... I see now, much clearer than ever – perhaps these experiences were needed to show – how much my former poems, the bulk of them, are indeed the expression of health and strength, the sanest, joyfullest life.)

Under these influences, therefore, I still feel to keep *Passage to India* for last words even to this Centennial dithyramb. Not as, in antiquity, at highest festival of Egypt, the noisome skeleton of Death was also sent on exhibition to the revelers, for zest and shadow to the occasion's joy and light – but as the perfect marble statue of the normal Greeks at Elis, suggesting death in the form of a beautiful and perfect young man, with closed eyes, leaning on an inverted torch – emblem of rest and aspiration after action-of crown and point which all lives and poems should steadily have reference to, namely, the justified and noble termination of our identity, this grade of it, and outlet-preparation to another grade.